disclosures to agencies for law enforcement purposes include disclosures of information relating to money orders, stored-value cards, financial instruments, products, and services as required or permitted by BSA, OFAC and anti-money laundering statutes, regulations and requirements.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORAGE OF RECORDS:

Automated database, computer storage media, microfiche, and paper.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETRIEVAL OF RECORDS:

For online payment, information is retrieved by customer name, customer ID(s), transaction number, or address.

Claim information is retrieved by name of purchaser or payee, claim number, serial number, transaction number, check number, customer ID(s), or ZIP Code.

Information related to BSA, OFAC and AML is retrieved by customer name; SSN; alien registration, passport, or driver's license number; serial number; transaction number; ZIP Code; transaction date; data entry operator number; and employee comments, and individuals that appear on the Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List (SDNs) as defined and mandated by the OFAC.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETENTION AND DISPOSAL OF RECORDS:

1. Summary records, including bill due date, bill amount, biller information, biller representation of account number, and the various status indicators, are retained 2 years from the date of processing.

2. Records related to claims are retained up to 3 years from date of final action on the claim.

3. Forms related to fulfillment of BSA, anti-money laundering requirements are retained for a 5-year and one-month period.

4. Related automated records are retained the same 5-year and one-month period and purged from the system quarterly after the date of creation.

5. Enrollment records related to online payment services are retained 7 years after the subscriber's account ceases to be active or the service is cancelled.

6. Account banking records, including payment history, Demand Deposit Account (DDA) number, and routing number, are retained 7 years from the date of processing.

7. Online user information may be retained for 6 months.

Records existing on paper are destroyed by burning, pulping, or shredding. Records existing on computer storage media are destroyed according to the applicable USPS media sanitization practice.

ADMINISTRATIVE, TECHNICAL, AND PHYSICAL SAFEGUARDS:

Paper records, computers, and computer storage media are located in controlled-access areas under supervision of program personnel. Access to these areas is limited to authorized personnel, who must be identified with a badge.

Access to records is limited to individuals whose official duties require such access. Contractors and licensees are subject to contract controls and unannounced on-site audits and inspections. Computers are protected by mechanical locks, card key systems, or other physical access control methods. The use of computer systems is regulated with installed security software, computer logon identifications, and operating system controls including access controls, terminal and transaction logging, and file management software. Online data transmissions are protected by encryption.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Requests for access must be made in accordance with the Notification Procedure above and USPS Privacy Act regulations regarding access to records and verification of identity under 39 CFR 266.5.

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

See Notification Procedure below and Record Access Procedures above.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES:

For online payment services, and stored-value cards, individuals wanting to know if information about them is maintained in this system must address inquiries in writing to the Chief Marketing Officer and Executive Vice President. Inquiries must contain name, address, and other identifying information.

For money order claims and claims related to other financial instruments, products, or services, or BSA, OFAC and anti-money laundering documentation, inquiries should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer and Executive Vice President. Inquiries must include name, address, or other identifying information of the purchaser (such as driver's license, Alien Registration Number, Passport Number, etc.), and serial or transaction number. Information collected for anti-money laundering purposes will only be provided in accordance with Federal BSA, OFAC, anti-money laundering laws, regulations and requirements.

EXEMPTIONS PROMULGATED FOR THE SYSTEM:

Systems Exempted From Certain Provisions of the Act: USPS has established regulations at 39 CFR 266.9 that exempt information contained in this system of records from various provisions of the Privacy Act in order to conform to the prohibition in the Bank Secrecy Act, 31 U.S.C. 5318(g)(2), against notification of the individual that a suspicious transaction has been reported.

HISTORY:

July 26, 2024, 89 FR 60666, January 4, 2023, 88 FR 374, December 15, 2021, 86 FR 71294; May 8, 2008, 73 FR 26155; April 29, 2005, 70 FR 22516.

Helen E. Vecchione,

Attorney, Ethics & Legal Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2025–08214 Filed 5–8–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7710–12–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34–102993; File No. SR–DTC–2025–008]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; The Depository Trust Company; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change To Amend the Capital Policy and the Capital Replenishment Plan

May 5, 2025.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (''Act'')[1] and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,[2] notice is hereby given that on April 25, 2025, The Depository Trust Company (''DTC'') filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (''Commission'') the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II and III below, which Items have been prepared by the clearing agency. DTC filed the proposed rule change pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act[3] and Rule 19b–4(f)(3) thereunder.[4] The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Clearing Agency's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The proposed rule change consists of amendments to (i) the Clearing Agency Policy on Capital Requirements (''Capital Policy'' or ''Policy'') of DTC and its affiliates, National Securities

[1] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

[2] 17 CFR 240.19b–4.

[3] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

[4] 17 CFR 240.19b–4(f)(3).

Clearing Corporation (''NSCC'') and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation (''FICC,'' and together with DTC and NSCC, the ''Clearing Agencies''); and (ii) the Clearing Agency Capital Replenishment Plan (''Capital Replenishment Plan'' or ''Plan'') of the Clearing Agencies. In particular, the proposed revisions to the Capital Policy and Capital Replenishment Plan would (1) make technical revisions to update, simplify, and clarify statements in the Policy and Plan; and (2) update the Plan to document alternate authorizations in case an authorizing officer is not available.

II. Clearing Agency's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the clearing agency included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The clearing agency has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

(A) Clearing Agency's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Clearing Agencies are proposing to revise the Capital Policy and Capital Replenishment Plan, which were adopted by the Clearing Agencies in July 2017 [5] and are maintained by the Clearing Agencies in compliance with Rule 17ad–22(e)(15) under the Act [6]

Overview of the Capital Policy and Capital Replenishment Plan

The Capital Policy sets forth the manner in which each Clearing Agency identifies, monitors, and manages its general business risk with respect to the requirement to hold sufficient liquid net assets (''LNA'') funded by equity to cover potential general business losses so the Clearing Agency can continue operations and services as a going concern if such losses materialize.[7] The amount of LNA funded by equity to be held by each of the Clearing Agencies for this purpose is defined in the Policy as the General Business Risk Capital Requirement. The Policy provides that the General Business Risk Requirement is calculated for each Clearing Agency as the greatest of three separate calculations—(1) an amount based on that Clearing Agency's general business risk profile (''Risk-Based Capital Requirement''), (2) an amount based on the time estimated to execute a recovery or orderly wind-down of the critical operations of that Clearing Agency (''Recovery/Wind-down Capital Requirement''), and (3) an amount based on an analysis of that Clearing Agency's estimated operating expenses for a six-month period (''Operating Expense Capital Requirement''). On an annual basis, each of these three capital requirements are measured, and the General Business Risk Capital Requirement for each Clearing Agency are determined as the greatest of these calculations.

Currently, the Capital Policy also addresses how each Clearing Agency maintains a portion of retained earnings as LNA funded by equity as its Corporate Contribution, as a part of its management of credit risk [8] and pursuant to its respective rules.[9] These resources are maintained to address losses due to a participant default, and are held in addition to the LNA funded by equity held by each of the Clearing Agencies as its General Business Risk Capital Requirement. The Capital Policy describes how each Clearing Agency's General Business Risk Capital Requirement and Corporate Contribution fit within the Clearing Agencies' Capital Framework, where the Total Capital Requirement of each Clearing Agency is calculated as the sum of its General Business Risk Capital Requirement and Corporate Contribution.

The Policy also provides a plan for the replenishment of capital through the Capital Replenishment Plan. The Capital Replenishment Plan was adopted by the Clearing Agencies as a plan for the replenishment of capital by each Clearing Agency should its equity fall close to or below the amount being held as its Total Capital Requirement pursuant to the Capital Policy. The Capital Replenishment Plan identifies the circumstances that would trigger implementation of the Plan; the roles, responsibilities, and guiding principles for implementation of the Plan; and an overview and description of each of the tools that may be used to replenish capital.

Proposed Revisions to the Capital Policy and Capital Replenishment Plan

As described in greater detail herein, the Clearing Agencies are proposing to make certain revisions to the Capital Policy and Capital Replenishment Plan. First, the proposal would make technical revisions to update, simplify, and clarify statements in the Policy and Plan. Second, the proposed revisions would update the Plan to document alternate authorizations in case an authorizing officer is not available. These proposed revisions are designed to enhance the clarity of the Policy and Plan and help ensure that they continue to operate as intended.

1. Technical Revisions

The Clearing Agencies are proposing technical revisions to the descriptions within the Capital Policy and Capital Replenishment Plan that would update, simplify, and clarify statements, including, for example, removing in the Policy the unnecessary reference to the Plan as an Addendum to the Policy, rephrasing certain sentences for clarity without changing the meaning, and relocating language from one sentence or section to another.

Such revisions would also update the documents. For example, in the Policy, the proposed changes would more accurately refer to the Policy as a policy instead of a framework, and refer to the senior most management committee, which reflects the term now used by the Clearing Agencies to refer to the highest-level committee of the Clearing Agencies. In the Plan, these revisions would include removing references to credit risk from the risk scenarios that may trigger the Plan to reflect the Clearing Agencies' current rules and procedures allowing the Corporate Contribution to be used for both participant default as well as non-participant default losses.

2. Alternate Authorizations

Section 3.2 of the Plan describes the role and responsibilities of the Treasury group (''Treasury'') in the implementation of the Plan in the event the Plan is triggered pursuant to the Policy. This section lists the steps to be taken by Treasury in implementing the plan as well as the relevant internal

[5] *See* Securities Exchange Act Release No. 81105 (July 7, 2017), 82 FR 32399 (July 13, 2017) (SR–DTC–2017–003, SR–FICC–2017–007, SR–NSCC–2017–004).

[6] 17 CFR 240.17ad–22(e)(15).

[7] *Id.*

[8] LNA funded by equity held as the Clearing Agencies' Corporate Contribution is held in addition to resources held by the Clearing Agencies for credit risk in compliance with Rule 17ad–22(e)(4) under the Act and in addition to resources held by the Clearing Agencies for liquidity risk in compliance with Rule 17ad–22(e)(7). 17 CFR 240.17ad–22(e)(4), (7).

[9] The Rules, By-laws and Organization Certificate of DTC (''DTC Rules''), the Rulebook of the Government Securities Division of FICC (''GSD Rules''), the Clearing Rules of the Mortgage-Backed Securities Division of FICC (''MBSD Rules''), or the Rules & Procedures of NSCC (''NSCC Rules,'' and together with the DTC Rules, GSD Rules and MBSD Rules, the ''Clearing Agencies' Rules''), *available at www.dtcc.com/legal/rules-and-procedures.*

parties within Treasury tasked with providing any required authorizations. The proposed changes would provide alternate stakeholders that may provide any required authorizations in the absence of those already outlined in the steps referenced above. This change would allow for business continuity and timely implementation of the plan in the absence of any specific authorizing party.

2. Statutory Basis

The Clearing Agencies believe that the proposed rule change is consistent with the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to a registered clearing agency. In particular, the Clearing Agencies believe that the proposed changes to the Capital Policy and Capital Replenishment Plan are both consistent with Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act [10] and Rule 17ad–22(e)(15) under the Act,[11] for the reasons described below.

Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act requires, in part, that the rules of the Clearing Agencies be designed to promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions, and to assure the safeguarding of securities and funds which are in the custody or control of the Clearing Agency or for which it is responsible.[12] Together, the Capital Policy and Capital Replenishment Plan are designed to ensure that each of the Clearing Agencies hold sufficient LNA funded by equity to cover potential general business losses so that it can continue the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions, and can continue to assure the safeguarding of securities and funds which are in its custody or control or for which it is responsible if those losses materialize. By making technical revisions to update, simplify, and clarify statements in the Policy and Plan, and updating the Plan to document alternate authorizing parties, the proposed revisions would allow the Clearing Agencies to maintain these documents to operate in the way they were intended. Therefore, such proposed revisions would be consistent with the requirements of Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act.[13]

Rule 17ad–22(e)(15) under the Act requires, in part, that the Clearing Agencies establish, implement, maintain and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to identify, monitor, and manage their respective general business risk and hold sufficient liquid net assets funded by equity to cover potential general business losses so that the Clearing Agencies can continue operations and services as a going concern if those losses materialize.[14] As originally implemented, the Capital Policy and Capital Replenishment Plan were designed to meet the requirements of Rule 17ad–22(e)(15).[15] As stated above, the proposal would make technical revisions to update, simplify, and clarify statements in the Policy and Plan, and would update the Plan to document alternate authorizing parties. In this way, the proposed changes would allow the Clearing Agencies to maintain these documents in a way that meets these requirements. Therefore, such proposed revisions would be consistent with the requirements of Rule 17ad–22(e)(15) under the Act.[16]

(B) Clearing Agency's Statement on Burden on Competition

The Clearing Agencies believe that the proposed revisions to the Capital Policy and the Capital Replenishment Plan would not have any impact, or impose any burden, on competition. The Policy and the Plan are maintained by the Clearing Agencies in order to satisfy their regulatory requirements and generally reflect internal tools and procedures. Tools and procedures that have a direct impact on the rights, responsibilities or obligations of members or participants of the Clearing Agencies are reflected in the Clearing Agencies' Rules. Accordingly, the Capital Policy and Capital Replenishment Plan themselves are documents that enhance the Clearing Agencies' regulatory compliance and internal management and do not have any impact, or impose any burden, on competition.

The proposed revisions to update the Capital Policy and Capital Replenishment Plan would not effect any changes on the fundamental purpose or operation of these documents and, as such, would also not have any impact, or impose any burden, on competition.

(C) Clearing Agency's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

The Clearing Agencies have not received or solicited any written comments relating to this proposed rule change. If any written comments are received, the Clearing Agencies will amend their respective filings to publicly file such comments as an Exhibit 2 to the filing, as required by Form 19b–4 and the General Instructions thereto.

Persons submitting written comments are cautioned that, according to Section IV (Solicitation of Comments) of the Exhibit 1A in the General Instructions to Form 19b–4, the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. Commenters should submit only information that they wish to make available publicly, including their name, email address, and any other identifying information.

All prospective commenters should follow the Commission's instructions on How to Submit Comments, available at *www.sec.gov/regulatory-actions/how-to-submit-comments.* General questions regarding the rule filing process or logistical questions regarding this filing should be directed to the Main Office of the Commission's Division of Trading and Markets at *tradingandmarkets@sec.gov* or 202–551–5777.

The Clearing Agencies reserve the right to not respond to any comments received.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change, and Timing for Commission Action

The foregoing rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) [17] of the Act and paragraph (f) [18] of Rule 19b–4 thereunder. At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (*https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml*); or

[10] 15 U.S.C. 78q–1(b)(3)(F).

[11] 17 CFR 240.17ad–22(e)(15).

[12] 15 U.S.C. 78q–1(b)(3)(F).

[13] *Id.*

[14] 17 CFR 240.17ad–22(e)(15).

[15] *See supra* note 5.

[16] 17 CFR 240.17ad–22(e)(15).

[17] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

[18] 17 CFR 240.19b–4(f).

• Send an email to *rule-comments@sec.gov.* Please include File Number SR–DTC–2025–008 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

• Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR–DTC–2025–008. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (*https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml*). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549 on official business days between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of DTC and on DTCC's website (*www.dtcc.com/legal/sec-rule-filings*). Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–DTC–2025–008 and should be submitted on or before May 30, 2025.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.[19]

Sherry R. Haywood,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025–08117 Filed 5–8–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

[19] 17 CFR 200.30–3(a)(12).

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34–102991; File No. SR–CboeBZX–2025–059]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc.; Notice of Filing of a Proposed Rule Change Related to the 2x Long VIX Futures ETF (''UVIX'') and the –1x Short VIX Futures ETF (''SVIX'')

May 5, 2025.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (''Act''),[1] and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,[2] notice is hereby given that on March 21, 2025, Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc. (''Exchange'') filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (''Commission'') the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc. (''BZX'' or the ''Exchange'') is filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission (''Commission'' or ''SEC'') a proposed rule change related to the 2x Long VIX Futures ETF (''UVIX'') and the –1x Short VIX Futures ETF (''SVIX'') (each a ''Fund'' and, collectively, the ''Funds''), shares of which have been approved by the Commission to list and trade on the Exchange as Trust Issued Receipts pursuant to BZX Rule 14.11(f)(4), in order to amend certain representations from the original filings.

The text of the proposed rule change is also available on the Exchange's website (*http://markets.cboe.com/us/equities/regulation/rule_filings/bzx/*), at the Exchange's Office of the Secretary, and at the Commission's Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Commission issued final approval of the rule filings proposing to list and trade shares of SVIX (the ''SVIX Filing'') [3] and UVIX (the ''UVIX Filing,'' [4] and collectively with the SVIX Filing, the ''Filings'') on the Exchange pursuant to Exchange Rule 14.11(f)(4), Trust Issued Receipts, on October 1, 2021.[5]

Both Filings include representations that limit the Funds participation in Cboe Volatility Index (''VIX'') futures contracts traded on the Cboe Futures Exchange, Inc. (''CFE'') (hereinafter referred to as ''VIX Futures Contracts'') to no more than ten percent (10%) during any ''Rebalance Period,'' defined as any fifteen minute period of continuous market trading.[6] The Exchange is not aware of any existing comparable restrictions on market participation for: (i) any other single exchange-traded investment product not registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the ''Investment Company Act'') (''ETP''); (ii) any exchange-traded note (''ETN''); or (iii)

[1] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

[2] 17 CFR 240.19b–4.

[3] *See* Securities Exchange Act Release Nos 91264 (March 5, 2021) 86 FR 13939 (March 11, 2021) (SR–CboeBZX–2020–070) (Notice of Filing of Amendment Nos. 1 and 3 and Order Granting Accelerated Approval of a Proposed Rule Change, as Modified by Amendment Nos. 1 and 3, To List and Trade Shares of the − 1x Short VIX Futures ETF Under BZX Rule 14.11(f)(4) (Trust Issued Receipts)) (the ''SVIX Notice and Approval Order'').

[4] *See* Securities Exchange Act Release Nos 91265 (March 5, 2021) 86 FR 13922 (March 11, 2021) (SR–CboeBZX–2020–053) (Notice of Filing of Amendment Nos. 2 and 4 and Order Granting Accelerated Approval of a Proposed Rule Change, as Modified by Amendment Nos. 2 and 4, To List and Trade Shares of the 2x Long VIX Futures ETF Under BZX Rule 14.11(f)(4) (Trust Issued Receipts)) (the ''UVIX Notice and Approval Order'').

[5] *See* Securities Exchange Act Release Nos. 93230 (October 1, 2021) 89 FR 2387 (January 12, 2024) (SR–CboeBZX–2020–070) (Order Setting Aside Action by Delegated Authority and Approving a Proposed Rule Change, as Modified by Amendment Nos. 1 and 3, To List and Trade Shares of the –1x Short VIX Futures ETF Under BZX Rule 14.11(f)(4) (Trust Issued Receipts)) (the ''SVIX Order Setting Aside Action''); and 93229 (October 1, 2021) 89 FR 3008 (January 17, 2024) (SR–CboeBZX–2020–053) (Order Setting Aside Action by Delegated Authority and Approving a Proposed Rule Change, as Modified by Amendment Nos. 2 and 4, To List and Trade Shares of the 2x Long VIX Futures ETF Under BZX Rule 14.11(f)(4) (Trust Issued Receipts)) (the ''UVIX Order Setting Aside Action'').

[6] This restriction applies ''across all exchange traded products based on VIX Futures Contracts (''VIX ETPs'') that Volatility Shares LLC (the ''Sponsor'') sponsors.'' *See* note 21 and accompanying text of the Approval Orders.