is a confirmation of all drivers of that State who should be listed in the NDR file. NHTSA estimates that an average of 31 clean files will be submitted annually by States. States use SFTP to submit this information, and NHTSA estimates it takes an IT specialist 8 hours to prepare and run the data. NHTSA estimates the cost for IT

personnel burden hours using the Bureau of Labor Statistics' mean wage estimate for Software and Web Developers, Programmers, and Testers (Standard Occupational Classification #15-1250, May 2024) of \$59.02.1 The Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates that for State and local government workers, wages represent 61.9% of total

compensation.² Therefore, the total hourly cost associated with the IT burden hours is estimated to be \$95.35 (\$59.02 ÷ 61.9%) per hour. The total annual burden hours to prepare and submit clean files is 248 hours (8×31) . The total annual clean file labor cost per year is estimated to be \$23,647 (\$95.35 ×248).

Submission type	Annual responses	Annual respondents	Estimated burden per respondent	Average hourly labor cost	Labor cost per respondent	Total burden hours	Total labor costs
Adding, Updating, or Deleting Records Clean Files	9,369,197 N/A	51 31	265 248	N/A 95.35	\$8,700 762.80	13,515 248	\$443,700 23,647
Total		51	513			13,763	467,347

Public Comments Invited: You are invited to comment on any aspect of this information collection, including whether (a) the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Department, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Department's estimated burden of the proposed information collection; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. The agency will summarize and/or include your comments in the request for OMB's clearance of this information collection.

Authority: The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995; 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35, as amended; 49 CFR 1.49; and DOT Order 1351.29.

Chou-Lin Chen,

Associate Administrator for the National Center for Statistics and Analysis. [FR Doc. 2025-05342 Filed 3-27-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-59-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Financial Crimes Enforcement Network

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Renewal; **Comment Request; Renewal Without** Change of Reporting Obligations on Foreign Bank Relationships With **Iranian-Linked Financial Institutions Designated Under IEEPA and IRGC-**Linked Persons Designated Under **IEEPA**

AGENCY: Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN), Treasury.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: As part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, FinCEN invites comments on the proposed renewal, without change, of certain existing information collection requirements found in Bank Secrecy Act (BSA) regulations. Specifically, the regulations require that upon receiving a written request from FinCEN, a bank located within the United States that maintains a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank must ask the foreign bank, and report to FinCEN, about transactions or other financial services provided by that foreign bank to Iranianlinked financial institutions designated under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (IEEPA) and Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC)-linked persons designated under IEEPA. This request for comments is made pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

DATES: Written comments are welcome and must be received on or before May 27, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

• Federal E-rulemaking Portal: https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments. Refer to Docket Number FINCEN-2025-0002 and the specific Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number 1506-0066.

• Mail: Policy Division, Financial Crimes Enforcement Network, P.O. Box 39, Vienna, VA 22183. Refer to Docket Number FINCEN-2025-0002 and OMB control number 1506-0066.

Please submit comments by one method only. Comments will be reviewed consistent with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 and applicable OMB regulations and guidance. All comments submitted in response to this notice will become a matter of public record. Therefore, you should submit only information that you wish to make publicly available.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: FinCEN's Regulatory Support Section by submitting an inquiry at www.fincen.gov/contact. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Statutory and Regulatory Provisions

The legislative framework generally referred to as the BSA consists of the **Currency and Financial Transactions** Reporting Act of 1970, as amended by the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001 (USA PATRIOT Act),¹ and other legislation, including

¹ May 2020 National Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates United States, Occupational Employment Statistics, Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, https://www.bls.gov/oes/

current/oes_nat.htm#15-0000, last accessed July 23, 2021.

² Employer Costs for Employee Compensation by ownership (Dec. 2020), available at https://

www.bls.gov/news.release/ecec.t01.htm (accessed July 23, 2021).

¹Public Law 107-56, 115 Stat. 272 (Oct. 26, 2001).

the Anti-Money Laundering of 2020 (AML Act).² The BSA is codified at 12 U.S.C. 1829b, 12 U.S.C. 1951–1960, 31 U.S.C. 5311–5314 and 5316–5336, including notes thereto, with implementing regulations at 31 CFR chapter X.

The BSA authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury (Secretary) to, inter alia, require financial institutions to keep records and file reports that are determined to have a high degree of usefulness in criminal, tax, or regulatory investigations, risk assessments or proceedings, or in intelligence or counter-intelligence activities, including analysis, to protect against terrorism, and to implement anti-money laundering/countering the financing of terrorism (AML/CFT) programs and compliance procedures.³ The Secretary has delegated to the Director of FinCEN (Director) the authority to administer the BSA.⁴

The Comprehensive Iran Sanctions, Accountability, and Divestment Act of 2010⁵ (CISADA) amended the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996⁶ by expanding economic sanctions against Iran, and required the Secretary to prescribe regulations to establish one or more specific requirements for U.S. financial institutions maintaining correspondent accounts for foreign financial institutions, in connection with certain statutory sanctionable activities.7 On October 11, 2011, pursuant to section 104(e) of CISADA, FinCEN issued a final rule⁸ requiring a bank⁹ operating within the United States (U.S. bank) that maintains a correspondent account 10 for a specified foreign bank ¹¹ to make

⁴Treasury Order 180–01 (*Reaffirmed* Jan. 14, 2020); *see also* 31 U.S.C. 310(b)(2)(I) (providing that the Director of FinCEN "[a]dminister the requirements of subchapter II of chapter 53 of this title, chapter 2 of title I of Public Law 91–508, and section 21 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, to the extent delegated such authority by the Secretary.").

⁵ Public Law 111–195, 124 Stat. 1312 (July 1, 2010), codified at 22 U.S.C. 8501–8551. Implementing regulations are at 31 CFR part 1060.

⁶Public Law 104–172, 110 Stat. 1541 (Aug. 5, 1996) (as amended), codified at 50 U.S.C. 1701 note.

⁷ See CISADA, sections 104(e) and 104(c)(2) (describing sanctionable activities).

⁸ See FinCEN, Comprehensive Iran Sanctions, Accountability, and Divestment Reporting Requirements, 76 FR 62607 (Oct. 11, 2011).

⁹ "Bank" is defined in the regulation (31 CFR 1060.300(a)(1)) by way of 31 CFR 1010.100(d).

¹⁰ "Correspondent account" is defined in the regulation (31 CFR 1060.300(a)(1)) by way of 31 CFR 1010.605(c)(1)(ii).

¹¹ "Foreign bank" is defined in the regulation (31 CFR 1060.300(a)(1)) by way of 31 CFR 1010.100(u).

certain inquiries and report certain information about transactions or other financial services provided by that foreign bank. U.S. banks are only required to report this information upon receiving a specific written request from FinCEN (CISADA Request).

(a) General CISADA Requirements for a U.S. Bank ¹²

Upon receiving a CISADA Request, a U.S. bank that maintains a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank is required to make certain inquiries and provide a report to FinCEN (CISADA Report) of: (i) any correspondent account maintained by such foreign bank for an Iranian-linked financial institution designated under IEEPA (Iranian-linked financial institution); ¹³ (ii) any direct or indirect transfer of funds for or on behalf of an Iranian-linked financial institution processed by such foreign bank within the preceding 90 calendar days, other than through a correspondent account; (iii) and any direct or indirect transfer of funds for or on behalf of an IRGClinked person designated under IEEPA (IRGC-linked person)¹⁴ processed by such foreign bank within the preceding 90 calendar days.

(b) Specific CISADA Requirements for a U.S. Bank: Duty To Inquire¹⁵

Upon receiving a CISADA Request, a U.S. bank that maintains a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank has a duty to inquire and request that a specified foreign bank certify whether the foreign bank: (i) maintains a correspondent account for an Iranian-linked financial institution; (ii) has processed one or more transfers of funds within the preceding 90 calendar days, for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, an Iranian-linked financial institution, other than through a correspondent account; (iii) has processed one or more transfer of funds within the preceding 90 calendar days,

¹⁴ For purposes of 31 CFR 1060.300, an "IRGC linked person designated under IEEPA" means the IRGC or any of its agents or affiliates designated by the U.S. Government pursuant to IEEPA (or listed in an annex to an Executive order issued pursuant to IEEPA). for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, an IRGC-linked person. Upon such inquiry, a U.S. bank shall request that the foreign bank agree to notify the U.S. bank if the foreign bank subsequently establishes a new correspondent account for an Iranian-linked financial institution at any time within 365 calendar days from the date of the foreign bank's initial response to the U.S. bank.

There is an optional CISADA certification form U.S. banks may use to obtain the necessary information from specified foreign banks.¹⁶

(c) Specific CISADA Requirements for a U.S. Bank: CISADA Reporting Requirements ¹⁷

Upon receiving a CISADA Request, a U.S. bank is required to report to FinCEN certain information for any specified foreign bank for which the U.S. bank maintains correspondent accounts:

1. Certain U.S. bank CISADA reporting requirements when a foreign bank maintains a correspondent account for, or has processed one or more transfers of funds for, an Iranianlinked financial institution.

a. The name of any foreign bank that certifies to the U.S. bank that the foreign bank maintains a correspondent account for an Iranian-linked financial institution, and the following related information: (i) the name of the Iranianlinked financial institution; (ii) the full name(s) on the correspondent account and the correspondent account number(s); (iii) any information regarding whether the correspondent account has been blocked or restricted; (iv) other applicable identifying information for the correspondent account; and (v) the approximate value in U.S. dollars of transactions processed through the correspondent account within the preceding 90 calendar days; 18

b. The name of any foreign bank that certifies to the U.S. bank that the foreign bank has processed one or more transfers of funds within the preceding 90 calendar days for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, an Iranian-linked financial institution, other than through a correspondent account, and the following related information: (i) the name of the Iranian-linked financial institution; (ii) the identity of the system or means by which such transfer(s) of funds was processed; (iii) the full name

² The AML Act was enacted as Division F, sections 6001–6511, of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021, Public Law 116–283, 134 Stat. 3388 (Jan. 1, 2021).

³ See 31 U.S.C. 5311(1)-(2).

^{12 31} CFR 1060.300(a).

¹³ The International Emergency Economic Powers Act of 1977 (IEEPA), Pubic Law 95–223, 91 Stat. 1626 (Dec. 28, 1977), codified at 50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq*. For purposes of 31 CFR 1060.300, "Iranianlinked financial institution designated under IEEPA" means a financial institution designated by the U.S. Government pursuant to IEEPA (or listed in an annex to an Executive order issued pursuant to IEEPA) in connection with Iran's proliferation of weapons of mass destruction, or in connection with Iran's support for international terrorism.

^{15 31} CFR 1060.300(b).

¹⁶ See Optional CISADA Certification Form, available at https://www.fincen.gov/sites/default/ files/federal_register_notice/CISADA_ Certification.pdf.

¹⁷ 31 CFR 1060.300(c).

^{18 31} CFR 1060.300(c)(1)(i).

on the account(s) and the account number(s), if applicable; (iv) other applicable identifying information for such transfer(s) of funds; and (v) the approximate value in U.S. dollars of such transfer(s) of funds processed within the preceding 90 calendar days; ¹⁹

2. Certain U.S. bank CISADA reporting requirements when a specified foreign bank has processed one or more transfers of funds for an IRGC-linked person.

a. The name of any foreign bank that certifies to the U.S. bank that the foreign bank has processed one or more transfers of funds within the preceding 90 calendar days for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, an IRGC-linked person, and the following related information: (i) the name of the IRGClinked person; (ii) the identity of the system or means by which such transfer(s) of funds was processed; (iii) the full name on the account(s) and the account number(s), if applicable; (iv) other applicable identifying information for such transfer(s) of funds; and (v) the approximate value in U.S. dollars of such transfer(s) of funds processed within the preceding 90 calendar davs: 20

3. Certain U.S. bank CISADA reporting requirements when a specified foreign bank does not maintain a correspondent account for and has not processed one more transfers of funds for, an Iranian-linked financial institution or an IRGC-linked person.

a. The name of any specified foreign bank that certifies to the U.S. bank that: (i) the foreign bank does not maintain a correspondent account for an Iranianlinked financial institution; (ii) to the knowledge of the foreign bank, the foreign bank has not processed one or more transfers of funds within the preceding 90 calendar days for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, an Iranian-linked financial institution, other than through a correspondent account; and/or (ii) to the knowledge of the foreign bank, the foreign bank has not processed one or more transfers of funds within the preceding 90 calendar days for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, an IRGC-linked person; ²¹

4. Certain U.S. bank CISADA reporting requirements when a U.S. bank cannot determine whether a specified foreign bank maintains a correspondent account for, or has processed one or more transfers of funds for, an Iranian-linked financial institution or an IRGC-linked person.

a. The name of any specified foreign bank for which the U.S. bank is unable to determine if the foreign bank: (i) does not maintain a correspondent account for an Iranian-linked financial institution; (ii) has not processed one or more transfers of funds within the preceding 90 calendar days for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, an Iranian-linked financial institution, other than through a correspondent account; and/or (iii) has not processed one or more transfers of funds within the preceding 90 calendar days for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly an IRGClinked person.²²

b. The U.S. bank must also include the reason(s) the U.S. bank cannot make these determinations, such as the failure of the foreign bank to respond, or the U.S. bank has information inconsistent with the foreign bank's certification; ²³

5. Certain Ū.S. bank CISADA reporting requirements when a specified foreign bank establishes a new correspondent account for an Iranianlinked financial institution.

a. The name of any specified foreign bank that notifies the U.S. bank that the foreign bank has established a new correspondent account for an Iranianlinked financial institution at any time within 365 calendar days from the date of the foreign bank's initial response to the U.S. bank's request for the foreign bank's certification; ²⁴ and the following related information:

b. (i) the name of the Iranian-linked financial institution; (ii) the full name(s) on the correspondent account and the correspondent account number(s); (iii) applicable information regarding whether the correspondent account has been blocked or restricted; and (iv) other applicable identifying information for the correspondent account; ²⁵

6. Certain U.S. bank CISADA reporting requirements when a U.S. bank does not maintain a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank in a CISADA Request.

a. If applicable, confirmation that the U.S. bank does not maintain a correspondent account for the foreign bank(s) specified in the CISADA Request, but only in instances in which FinCEN specifically requests that the U.S. bank report such information; ²⁶ and

7. U.S. bank CISADA reporting requirements when foreign bank certification is received after the 45calendar day reporting window in the CISADA Request.

a. If applicable, the name of any foreign bank that provides a certification to the U.S. bank more than 45 calendar days after the date of the CISADA Request, along with all applicable related information associated with that certification.²⁷

(d) Specific CISADA Reporting Requirements for a U.S. Bank: CISADA Reporting Deadlines²⁸

A U.S. bank must report the requested CISADA information within 45 calendar days of receipt of a CISADA Request.²⁹ A U.S. bank must also report within 10 calendar days of receipt of any subsequent notification received from a foreign bank regarding the establishment of a new correspondent account for an Iranian-linked financial institution.³⁰ For any foreign bank certifications received after the 45calendar day deadline, a U.S. bank is required to report within 10 calendar days of receipt of the foreign bank certification.³¹

(e) U.S. Bank Record Retention Requirements ³²

A U.S. bank must maintain a copy of any CISADA Report and the original or any business record equivalent of any supporting documentation for a CISADA Report, including a foreign bank certification or other responses to an inquiry for a period five years.³³

(f) A U.S. Bank Remains Subject to Applicable BSA Requirements³⁴

Nothing under 31 CFR 1060.300 shall be construed to require a U.S. bank to take any action, or to decline to take any action, other than the requirements identified in 31 CFR 1060.300, with respect to an account established for, or a transaction engaged in with, a foreign bank. A U.S. bank subject to a CISADA Request remains subject to any applicable program, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements under the BSA and FinCEN's implementing regulations in 31 CFR chapter X.³⁵

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<sup>35</sup> Id.
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¹⁹31 CFR 1060.300(c)(1)(ii).

^{20 31} CFR 1060.300(c)(1)(iii).

²¹31 CFR 1060.300(c)(1)(iv).

^{22 31} CFR 1060.300(c)(1)(v).

²³ Id.

^{24 31} CFR 1060.300(c)(1)(vi).

²⁵ Id.

^{26 31} CFR 1060.300(c)(1)(vii).

²⁷ 31 CFR 1060.300(c)(1)(viii).

²⁸31 CFR 1060.300(c)(2).

²⁹ 31 CFR 1060.300(c)(2)(i).

³⁰ 31 CFR 1060.300(c)(2)(ii).

³¹31 CFR 1060.300(c)(2)(iii).

^{32 31} CFR 1060.300(d).

³³ Id.

³⁴ 31 CFR 1060.300(e).

II. Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA)³⁶

Title: Reporting obligations on foreign bank relationships with Iranian-linked financial institutions designated under IEEPA and IRGC-linked persons designated under IEEPA (31 CFR 1060.300).

OMB Control Number: 1506–0066. Form Number: Optional form certification for purposes of section 104(e) of CISADA and 31 CFR 1060.300.

Abstract: FinCEN is issuing this notice to renew the OMB control number for the CISADA regulations that require, upon receiving a CISADA Request, a U.S. bank that maintains a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank to inquire with the foreign bank and report to FinCEN with respect to transactions or other financial services provided by that foreign bank to Iranian-linked financial institutions and IRGC-linked persons.

Affected Public: Businesses or other for-profit institutions, and non-profit institutions.

Type of Review: Renewal without change of a currently approved information collection.

Frequency: As required.

Estimated Number of Potential Respondents: 9,384 banks.³⁷

The types of banks covered by this notice are "banks" as defined in 31 CFR 1010.100(d), which includes each agent, agency, branch or office within the United States of any person doing business in one or more of the capacities listed below:

(1) a commercial bank or trust company organized under the laws of any State or of the United States;

(2) a private bank;

(3) a savings and loan association or a building and loan association organized under the laws of any State or of the United States;

(4) an insured institution as defined in section 401 of the National Housing Act;

(6) A credit union organized under the law of any State or of the United States; (7) any other organization (except a money services business) chartered under the banking laws of any state and subject to the supervision of the bank supervisory authorities of a State;

(8) a bank organized under foreign law;

(9) any national banking association or corporation acting under the provisions of section 25(a) of the Federal Reserve Act of Dec. 23, 1913, as added by the Edge Act of Dec. 24, 1919, ch. 18, 41 Stat. 378, as amended (12 U.S.C. 611–32).

FinCEN notes that these banks, as defined in 31 CFR 1010.100(d), are subject to the Anti-money Laundering (AML) Program Requirements for Banks at 31 CFR 1020.210,38 which includes two broad subcategories of banks: banks regulated by a Federal functional regulator ³⁹ and banks lacking a Federal functional regulator.⁴⁰ For purposes of consistency and comparability across FinCEN rulemaking activities,⁴¹ and to enhance the parsimony and readability of data, the population of potential respondents is therefore presented using the subcategories as delineated in 31 CFR 1020.210 in table 1 below. Table 1 presents an estimate of the total population of entities that could each individually incur the recordkeeping and reporting burdens associated with receiving a CISADA Request. However, because making such requests is discretionary and occurs at low frequency, FinCEN anticipates that the estimated number of potential respondents will continue to vastly exceed the estimated number of expected respondents, as it has historically based on FinCEN's experience with CISADA Requests.

40 31 CFR 1020.210(b).

⁴¹ See, e.g., FinCEN, Anti-Money Laundering and Countering the Financing of Terrorism Programs Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, 89 FR 55428 (Jul. 3, 2024); FinCEN, Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Renewal; Comment Request: Renewal Without Change of Transactions of Exempt Persons Regulations, and FinCEN Form 110, Designation of Exempt Person Report, 89 FR 65012 (Aug. 8, 2024); and FinCEN, Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Renewal; Comment Request: Renewal Without Change of Purchases of Bank Checks and Drafts, Cashier's Checks, Money Orders, and Traveler's Checks, 89 FR 76187 (Sept. 17, 2024).

TABLE 1—DISTRIBUTION OF U.S. BANKS REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH THIS NOTICE

Type of U.S. bank	Number of U.S. banks
Banks with a Federal func- tional regulator (FFR) Banks lacking an FFR	ª 8,989 ^b 395
Total	9,384

^a This includes 4,490 Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)-insured depository institutions (*i.e.*, federally regulated banks) according to the FDIC's quarterly data summary for Q4 2024, and 4,499 National Credit Union Administration (NCUA)-chartered credit unions (i.e. federally regulated credit unions) according to NCUA's quarterly credit union data summary for Q4 2024.

^b The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System Master Account and Services Database contains data on financial institutions that utilize Federal Reserve Bank financial services, including those with no Federal functional regulator. FinCEN used this data to identify 395 banks and credit unions utilizing Reserve Bank financial services with no federal regulator.

Estimated Number of Expected Respondents: 24 U.S. banks, annually.

FinCEN intends to continue to send CISADA Requests directly to U.S. banks that, based on all available information, it has reason to believe may maintain correspondent accounts for a specified foreign bank. Therefore, while the regulation applies to all U.S. banks, a CISADA request should, in practice, only impose reporting and recordkeeping costs on select U.S. banks with indicia of past, ongoing, or foreseeable future relationships with a specified foreign bank. For purposes of assessing potential PRA burden, FinCEN, in the agency's view, is making a conservative estimate with respect to the number of U.S. banks that may maintain a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank in a CISADA Request by assuming that any U.S. bank that maintains a correspondent account for any foreign bank could be an affected bank under the rule. Table 2 presents an estimate of this subpopulation of U.S. banks below based on available data from the third quarter of the most recently ended calendar year (2024).

TABLE 2—DISTRIBUTION OF POTEN-TIALLY AFFECTED FINANCIAL INSTI-TUTIONS THAT MAINTAIN COR-RESPONDENT ACCOUNTS FOR FOR-EIGN BANKS

Type of financial institution	Number of financial institutions	
Banks with an FFR	^a 60	

⁽⁵⁾ a savings bank, industrial bank or other thrift institution;

³⁶ Public Law 104–13, 109 Stat. 163 (May 22, 1995), codified at 44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A).

³⁷ Table 1 below sets forth a breakdown of the number of U.S. banks, as defined in 31 CFR 1010.100 and as grouped in 31 CFR 1020.210, that are required to comply with 31 CFR 1060.300. However, note that not all U.S. banks maintain correspondent accounts for foreign banks. As a result, in practice, the regulations are not likely to require responses from U.S. banks that do not maintain correspondent accounts for foreign banks. For that reason, FinCEN also estimates the number of U.S. banks that maintain correspondent accounts for foreign banks in table 2 below.

³⁸ 31 CFR 1020.210 is titled "Anti-Money Laundering Program Requirements for Banks." *See* 31 CFR 1010.100(d) (defining "banks").

³⁹ 31 CFR 1020.210(a). See also 31 CFR 1010.100(r) for list of Federal functional regulators (as defined in section 509 of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (12 U.S.C. 6809)).

TABLE 2—DISTRIBUTION OF POTEN-TIALLY AFFECTED FINANCIAL INSTI-TUTIONS THAT MAINTAIN COR-RESPONDENT ACCOUNTS FOR FOR-EIGN BANKS—Continued

Type of financial institution	Number of financial institutions		
Banks lacking an FFR	^b 12		
Total	72		

^a Data are from the Federal Financial Institution Examination Council Central Data Reposi-tory for Reports of Condition and Income (Call Reports) and Uniform Bank Performance Reports (ÚBPRs), available for most FDIC-insured institutions. Using this source of data, FinCEN determines that as of third quarter (Q3) in 2024, approximately 60 banking organizations (national and state banks, trusts, thrifts and savings and loans, branches and agencies of foreign banking organizations, representative offices, Edge Act corporations, and agreement corporations) will be affected by this rule on any given year. Specifically, we determine that there are approximately 60 entities (U.S. banks; national and state chartered, trusts, savings and loans, thrifts; branches and agencies of foreign banks; Edge Act corporations; and agreement corporations) that report values for deposit liabilities of banks in foreign countries. Deposit liabilities in a foreign country is an indication that a bank maintains correspondent accounts with a foreign financial institution. Credit unions, due to chartering restrictions, do not typically main-

tain foreign correspondent accounts. ^b The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System Master Account and Services Database contains data on financial institutions that utilize Reserve Bank financial services, including those with no federal regulator. FinCEN used this data to identify an additional 12 international banking entities with no federal regulator and who do not file Call Reports, but who are also likely to maintain correspondent accounts with a foreign financial institution.

Historically, since the CISADA regulations were implemented in 2011, FinCEN has used this authority in limited circumstances for a variety of reasons that has, in turn, limited the number of U.S. banks that have received a CISADA Request. Moreover, prior to issuing a CISADA Request, FinCEN evaluates and relies on, to the extent possible, information available to the Department of the Treasury (Treasury), or publicly available, to further identify and narrow the list of U.S. banks likely to maintain a correspondent account with a specified foreign bank. Both low historical volumes of CISADA Requests and other practices that limit the number of U.S. banks receiving a CISADA Request support FinCEN conservative estimates of a lower number of affected U.S. banks. For those reasons, FinCEN finds it unlikely that many of the 72 banks identified in table 2 would receive a CISADA Request. Thus, FinCEN assumes that each of the

maximum number of U.S. banks estimated to receive a CISADA Request (expected respondents) would not receive more than one CISADA Request every three years, which is a time frame based on the PRA requirement to renew this OMB control number (1506–0066) every three years. This approach equates to an average maximum of 24 expected respondents per year.⁴²

Éstimated Number of Responses: 72 CISADA Reports.

As described above, a CISADA Request issued by FinCEN may pertain to one or more specified foreign bank(s), thereby engendering the need for a U.S. bank to provide one or more CISADA Report(s), responsively. Additionally, CISADA Reports associated with the same CISADA Request may vary in length and detail. For example, in certain instances, FinCEN may request that if a U.S. bank receives a CISADA Request, and the U.S. bank does not maintain a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank, the U.S. bank may still be required to report this information to FinCEN.43 Such a CISADA Report may be considerably shorter than if the U.S. bank did maintain a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank. Similarly, if a U.S. bank does maintain a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank, but that specified foreign bank is able to certify that the foreign bank does not provide any financial services to Iranian-linked financial institutions and IRGC-linked persons, the associated CISADA Report would be shorter than if such financial services had been provided.

Because FinCEN has used its authority to make CISADA Requests in limited circumstances and given its data from previous CISADA Requests, FinCEN estimates that it will make CISADA Requests to U.S. banks that include no more than approximately three foreign banks per year, on average, in each CISADA Request. Thus, if up to 24 U.S. banks, which may maintain correspondent accounts for specified foreign banks are required to respond to CISADA Requests that identify on average three specified foreign banks annually, FinCEN would expect to receive up to 72 CISADA Reports per year, on average.

Estimated Reporting and Recordkeeping Burden: To estimate the annual PRA burden and cost of complying with 31 CFR 1060.300, the CISADA Reports are divided into two categories: (i) CISADA Reports submitted by U.S. banks that maintain correspondent accounts for specified foreign banks; and (ii) CISADA Reports submitted by U.S. banks that do not maintain correspondent accounts for specified foreign banks.

(i) CISADA Řeports submitted by U.S. banks that maintain correspondent accounts for specified foreign banks.

Each time a U.S. bank receives a CISADA Request for which the U.S. bank maintains a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank, FinCEN has historically estimated that the U.S. bank ⁴⁴ will incur the following burden per request:

• 31 CFR 1060.300(b)—one hour per U.S. bank to inquire of a foreign bank, because the U.S. bank can send the optional certification form to the foreign bank;

• 31 CFR 1060.300(c)—one hour per U.S. bank to report to FinCEN the foreign bank's response to the U.S. bank's inquiry, because the U.S. bank can submit the response from the foreign bank to FinCEN electronically; and

• 31 CFR 1060.300(d)—one hour per U.S. bank to maintain a record of its report to FinCEN and any supporting documentation for the report, including a foreign bank certification or other response to the U.S. bank's inquiry.

These estimates result in a total estimated average burden of three hours for each CISADA Report submitted by a U.S. bank that maintains a correspondent account for a specific foreign bank.⁴⁵

(ii) CISADA Reports submitted by U.S. banks that do not maintain correspondent accounts for specified foreign banks.

FinCEN has historically estimated that the average reporting burden for a U.S. bank that does not maintain a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank will be approximately 30 minutes per report responsive to a CISADA Request. This estimate is based

⁴² If 72 U.S. banks each receive one request over the course of a three-year period, that equates to 24 U.S. banks receiving a CISADA Request each year (72 banks/3 years).

⁴³ See 31 CFR 1060.300(c)(1)(vii).

⁴⁴ FinCEN's estimates have, to date, been restricted to the anticipated burden to a given U.S. bank of (1) relaying FinCEN's request for data to the foreign banks for which it maintains correspondent accounts and (2) transmitting the information reported by the foreign bank back to FinCEN. As such, the primary reporting and recordkeeping burdens, which accrue to the foreign bank in preparing and providing reports and certifications to its U.S. bank, are not included in these burden estimates. FinCEN is asking the public for further information, data, and comments with respect this approach in the additional requests for comment below.

⁴⁵ Three burden hours per U.S. bank with respect to each CISADA Report is the summation of one hour each to comply with 31 CFR 1060.300(b), 31 CFR 1060.300(c), and 31 CFR 1060.300(d).

on the ease of electronically filing CISADA Reports with FinCEN.

To determine the total annual PRA burden associated with 24 CISADA Requests,⁴⁶ FinCEN estimated the distribution of CISADA Reports by respective categories that would be submitted by U.S. banks responsive to such requests. This required imposing assumptions about the ratio of reports that are anticipated to come from U.S. banks that maintain correspondent accounts for specified foreign banks (category (i) above), versus CISADA Reports submitted by U.S. banks that do not maintain correspondent accounts for specified foreign banks (category (ii)

above).47 Informed by data from historical requests, FinCEN conservatively assumes that one CISADA Request would inquire about a U.S. bank's maintenance of correspondent accounts for three specified foreign banks. FinCEN further assumes that a U.S. bank would maintain two of the three foreign banks in the CISADA Request as correspondent accounts resulting in two lengthier CISADA Reports, as described in the category (i) burden discussion above. FinCEN also assumes that a U.S. bank would not maintain a correspondent account for one of the

three foreign banks in the CISADA Request but would nevertheless incur the reporting burden as described in category (ii) above. Consequently, of the 72 CISADA Reports estimated to be submitted annually, approximately 48 CISADA Reports would pertain to a U.S. bank that maintains a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank and 24 CISADA Reports would come from a U.S. bank that does not maintain a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank.48

FinCEN's estimate of the annual PRA burden, therefore, is 156 hours, as detailed in table 3 below:

TABLE 3—ESTIMATED HOURLY BURDEN ASSOCIATED WITH THE REPORTING AND RECORDKEEPING ACTIVITIES OF 31 CFR
1060.300

CISADA report type	Annual number of responses	Burden hours per response	Annual burden hours
CISADA Reports submitted by a U.S. bank that maintains a cor- respondent account for a specified foreign bank. CISADA Reports submitted by a U.S. bank that does not maintain a cor- respondent account for a specified foreign bank.	48 24	3 hours 30 minutes	144 12
Total	72		156

To estimate the costs associated with the annual PRA burden hours, FinCEN is utilizing a fully loaded composite

to the nearest dollar, \$120.00.49 The total estimated cost of the annual PRA

hourly wage rate of \$120.07, or, rounded burden is \$18,720, as reflected in table 4 below.

TABLE 4—TOTAL	COST C	F ANNUAL	PRA	Burden
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CISADA report type	Burden hours	Wage rate	Total cost
CISADA Reports submitted by a U.S. bank that maintains a correspondent accounts for a specified foreign bank CISADA Reports submitted by a U.S. bank that does not maintain a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank	∝144 °12	[⊳] 120.00 120.00	\$17,280 1,440
Total	156		18,720

^a See table 3 above. ^b See footnote 48.

^c See table 3 above.

Estimated Total Annual

Recordkeeping and Reporting Burden: The estimated total annual PRA burden is 156 hours, as set out in table 3.

Estimated Total Annual Recordkeeping and Reporting Cost: The

⁴⁶ See footnote 42.

⁴⁸ Two thirds of 72 CISADA Reports equates to 48 CISADA Reports submitted by U.S. banks that maintain a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank. One third of 72 CISADA Reports equates to 24 CISADA Reports submitted by U.S.

estimated total annual PRA cost is \$18,720, as set out in table 4.

Under the PRA, FinCEN as a Federal agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the

collection of information displays a valid OMB control number. Records required to be retained under the BSA must be retained for five years.

Requests for Comment: Comments submitted in response to this notice will

⁴⁷ For purposes of estimation, FinCEN assumes that in all cases when a U.S. bank does not maintain of correspondent account for a specified foreign bank included in a received CISADA Request, the U.S. bank would be required to report this information to FinCEN, though this need not be true in all cases.

banks that do not maintain a correspondent account for a specified foreign bank.

⁴⁹ The wage rate applied here is a general composite hourly wage (\$85.55), scaled by a private-sector benefits factor of 1.42 (\$120.07 = \$85.55 \times 1.42), that incorporates the mean wage data (available for download at https://www.bls.gov/ oes/tables.htm, "May 2023-National industryspecific and by ownership'') associated with the six occupational codes (11–1010: Chief Executives; 11– 3021: Computer and Information Systems Managers; 11-3031: Financial Managers; 13-1041: Compliance Officers; 23-1010: Lawyers and Judicial Law Clerks; 43-3099: Financial Clerks, All Other) for each of the nine groupings of NAICS

industry codes that FinCEN determined are most directly comparable to its eleven categories of covered financial institutions as delineated in 31 CFR chapter X parts 1020 to 1030. The benefit factor is 1 plus the benefit/wages ratio, where, as of June 2023, Total Benefits = 29.4 and Wages and salaries = 70.6 (29.4/70.6 = 0.42) based on the private industry workers series data downloaded from https://www.bls.gov/news.release/archives/ ecec 09122023.pdf, accessed December 22, 2024. Given that many occupations provide benefits beyond cash wages (e.g., insurance, paid leave, etc.), the private sector benefit is applied to reflect the total cost to the employer.

be summarized and/or included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will become a matter of public record.

General Request for Comments— Comments are invited on: (1) whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of FinCEN estimates of the burden of the collection of information; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and (5) estimates of capital or start-up costs and costs of operation. maintenance, and purchase of services to provide information.

Additional Requests for Comment—In connection with a variety of initiatives FinCEN is undertaking to implement the AML Act, FinCEN intends to conduct, in the future, additional assessments of the PRA burden associated with BSA requirements. To assist with those activities, FinCEN is also requesting comments in response to the following additional questions:

(1) To what extent do estimates that exclude the reporting and recordkeeping burdens on foreign banks potentially underestimate the full PRA burden associated with this control number?

(2) Should FinCEN revise its PRA burden estimates to account for the burden on affected foreign banks? Why or why not? If so, please suggest sources or provide data that would facilitate this update.

(3) Please provide comment, preferably including, or with reference to, the data relied upon to make such comments, on FinCEN's estimates of banks that maintain correspondent accounts for foreign banks. In particular, FinCEN invites public feedback on:

(a) The general accuracy of its population estimates.

(b) Further information about the distribution of potentially affected U.S. Banks, such as meaningful differences in size or ability to incur the reporting and recordkeeping requirements associated with FinCEN regulation.

Andrea M. Gacki,

Director, Financial Crimes Enforcement Network.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; Multiple Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Information Collection Requests

AGENCY: Departmental Offices, U.S. Department of the Treasury. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Treasury will submit the following information collection requests to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, on or after the date of publication of this notice. The public is invited to submit comments on these requests.

DATES: Comments should be received on or before April 28, 2025 to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/ PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Copies of the submissions may be obtained from Melody Braswell by emailing *PRA@treasury.gov*, calling (202) 622–1035, or viewing the entire information collection request at *www.reginfo.gov*.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Internal Revenue Service (IRS)

1. Title: Third-Party Disclosure Requirements.

ÔMB Control Number: 1545–1466. Abstract: Taxpayers must obtain third-party certification or documentation to avail themselves of certain credits, deductions or other benefits permitted by the Internal Revenue Code. Taxpayers will use these documents or information to support claims for certain credits, deductions, or tax benefits on their returns. The Internal Revenue Service may review these documents or information during any examination of taxpayers' returns to verify the taxpayers' entitlement to the claimed credits, deductions, or tax benefits. This submission contains third-party disclosure regulations subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

Current Actions: There are no changes being made to this collection at this time. However, updates in the burden estimates will result in a burden increase of 297,453 hours.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Affected Public: Individuals or households, business or other for-profit organizations, and not-for-profit institutions.

Estimated Number of Responses: 130,723,849.

Estimated Average Time per Respondent: 16 min.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 34,228,870.

2. Title: Distributions From an HSA, Archer MSA, or Medicare Advantage MSA.

OMB Control Number: 1545–1517. *Form Number:* 1099–SA.

Abstract: Form 1099–SA is used to report distributions made from a health savings account (HSA), Archer medical savings account (Archer MSA), or Medicare Advantage MSA (MA MSA). The distribution may have been paid directly to a medical service provider or to the account holder. A separate return must be filed for each plan type.

Current Actions: There is no change to the form, however the agency has updated the estimated number of responses based on the most recent filing data. The agency estimates 7,958 less responses, decreasing overall burden by 1,114 hours.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Affected Public: Business or other forprofit.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 10,500.

Estimated Time per Response: 11 min. Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 3,738,643 hours.

3. Title: HSA, Archer MSA, or

Medicare Advantage MSA Information. *OMB Control Number:* 1545–1518. *Form Number:* 5498–SA.

Abstract: This form is used to report contributions to a medical savings account as required by Internal Revenue Code section 220(h).

Current Actions: There are no changes being made to the form at this time.

- *Type of Review:* Extension of a
- currently approved collection. Affected Public: Businesses or other

for-profit organizations.

Estimated Number of Responses: 38,473,400.

Estimated Time per Response: 10 min. *Estimated Total Annual Burden*

Hours: 6,412,233.

4. Title: Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA).

OMB Control Number: 1545–2246. *Form Numbers:* 8957, 8966, 8966–C, 8809–I, and 8508–I.