no substantive responses from respondent interested parties.

On October 31, 2024, Commerce notified the U.S. International Trade Commission that it did not receive substantive responses from respondent interested parties.⁵ Pursuant to section 751(c)(3)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(C)(2), Commerce is conducting expedited (120-day) sunset reviews of the *Orders*.

Scope of the Orders

The products covered by the *Orders* are innersprings from China, South Africa, and Vietnam. For a full description of the scope of the *Orders*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.⁶

Analysis of Comments Received

A complete discussion of all issues raised in these sunset reviews is contained in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.⁷ A list of topics discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is included as an appendix to this notice. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at http:// access.trade.gov. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be directly accessed at http://access.trade.gov/public/ FRNoticesListLayout.aspx.

Final Results of Sunset Reviews

Pursuant to sections 751(c)(1), and 752(c)(1) and (3) of the Act, Commerce determines that revocation of the *Orders* would likely lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping and that the magnitude of the dumping margins likely to prevail would be weighted-average dumping margins up to 234.51 percent for China, 121.39 percent for South Africa, and 116.31 percent for Vietnam.⁸

October 3, 2024; "Uncovered Innersprings from China: Substantive Response," dated October 3, 2024; and "Uncovered Innersprings from South Africa: Substantive Response," dated October 3, 2024.

Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice serves as the only reminder to interested parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the return/destruction or conversion to judicial protective order of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing these final results and notice in accordance with sections 751(c), 752(c), and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(C)(2) and 351.221(c)(5)(ii).

Dated: December 31, 2024.

Abdelali Elouaradia,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

I. Summary

II. Background

III. Scope of the Orders

IV. History of the *Orders*

V. Legal Framework

VI. Discussion of the Issues

1. Likelihood of Continuation or Recurrence of Dumping

2. Magnitude of the Margins of Dumping Likely to Prevail

VII. Final Results of Sunset Reviews VIII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2025-00016 Filed 1-6-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Establishing an Advisory Council Pursuant to the National Marine Sanctuaries Act and Solicitation for Applications for the Chumash Heritage National Marine Sanctuary Advisory Council

AGENCY: Office of National Marine Sanctuaries (ONMS), National Ocean Service, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of solicitation.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that NOAA is establishing a national marine sanctuary advisory council for the Chumash Heritage National Marine

Sanctuary (CHNMS), the designation of which became effective on November 30, 2024. The council will provide guidance to ONMS and will serve as liaisons with constituents and community groups. As a result, ONMS is adding the new council to the list of established national marine sanctuary advisory councils. ONMS solicits applications to fill council seats on an as needed basis and is seeking applicants for seats on the CHNMS Advisory Council. This notice contains web page links and contact information for CHNMS and application materials to apply for the newly established advisory

DATES: Applications for membership on the CHNMS Advisory Council need to be postmarked or received by Friday March 7, 2025.

ADDRESSES: For further information contact: Nicole Capps, NOAA ONMS West Coast Region Program Analyst, 99 Pacific Street, Building 100F, Monterey, CA 93940; 831–647–6451; nicole.capps@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Section 315 of the National Marine Sanctuaries Act (NMSA) (16 U.S.C. 1445a) authorizes the Secretary of Commerce to establish advisory councils to advise and make recommendations regarding the designation and management of national marine sanctuaries. ONMS is establishing a new sanctuary advisory council for CHNMS to serve as a liaison with the local community and to provide guidance and advice to ONMS regarding the sanctuary management plan. The advisory council for CHNMS was not established when ONMS published its annual announcement on May 24, 2024 that was advertising to fill vacant seats on the other 18 councils (89 FR 45854). Therefore, ONMS is adding the new advisory council to the list of sites with open vacancies and announcing that it is soliciting applications to fill the seats of this council. Applications are due Friday March 7, 2025.

In the following **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section, NOAA provides details regarding ONMS, the role of advisory councils, and contact information for CHNMS.

II. Office of National Marine Sanctuaries (ONMS)

ONMS serves as the trustee for a network of underwater parks encompassing more than 629,000 square miles of marine and Great Lakes waters from Washington State to the Florida

 $^{^5\,}See$ Commerce's Letter, "Sunset Reviews Initiated on September 3, 2024," dated October 31, 2024.

⁶ See Memorandum, "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the Expedited Third Sunset Reviews of the Antidumping Duty Orders on Uncovered Innerspring Units from the People's Republic of China, the Socialist Republic of Vietnam, and South Africa," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum) at 2–3.

⁷ Id.

⁸ Id. at 12.

Keys, and from Lake Huron to American Samoa. The network includes a system of 17 national marine sanctuaries and the Papahānaumokuākea and Rose Atoll marine national monuments. National marine sanctuaries protect our nation's most vital coastal and marine natural and cultural resources, and through active research, management, and public engagement, sustain healthy environments that are the foundation for thriving communities and stable economies.

One of the many ways ONMS ensures public participation in the designation and management of national marine sanctuaries is through the formation of advisory councils. Advisory councils are community-based groups established to provide advice and recommendations to ONMS on issues including management, science, service, and stewardship, as well as to serve as liaisons between their constituents in the community and the site. Pursuant to section 315(a) of the NMSA, advisory councils are exempt from the requirements of the Federal Advisory Committee Act. Additional information on ONMS and its advisory councils can be found at https:// sanctuaries.noaa.gov.

III. Advisory Council Membership

Under section 315 of the NMSA, advisory council members may be appointed from among: (1) Persons employed by Federal or State agencies with expertise in natural resources management; (2) members of relevant regional fishery management councils; and (3) representatives of local user groups, conservation and other public interest organizations, scientific organizations, educational organizations, or others interested in the protection and multiple use management of sanctuary resources (16 U.S.C. 1455a(b)).

The charter for each advisory council defines the number and type of seats and positions on the council. The advisory council charter for CHNMS identifies the following nongovernmental voting seat types: Indigenous Cultural Knowledge; Publicat-Large (San Luis Obispo County, Santa Barbara County); Conservation; Education; Research; Tourism and Recreation; Ports, Harbors, and Maritime Transportation; Offshore Energy and Telecommunications; Commercial Fishing; and Recreational Fishing. Additionally, the charter identifies the following governmental voting seat types: Santa Ynez Band of Chumash Indians; local San Luis Obispo County; and Santa Barbara County representatives; State representative.

Additionally, the council will have non-voting seats for: Bureau of Ocean Energy Management; Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement; NOAA's National Marine Fisheries Service; U.S. Coast Guard; Department of Defense; U.S. Forest Service; California Department of Fish and Wildlife; California Coastal Commission; California State Lands Commission; Central Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board; California State Parks. The council will also have a non-voting Student Leadership seat for students over the age of 18.

To the extent more representation is needed, NOAA intends to work with the advisory council to establish an Indigenous Cultures Advisory Panel as a working group of the advisory council with adequate space for Indigenous community members and others. NOAA would respectfully expect this group to create unique and essential advice and guidance that is informed by knowledge of local Indigenous culture. More information about the working group and its establishment will be available after the advisory council is appointed. NOAA encourages interested individuals to attend advisory council meetings and review the council's website and posted meeting notes to learn more about the planned Indigenous Cultures Advisory Panel. NOAA also encourages interested individuals to apply to the advisory council's Indigenous Cultural Knowledge seats, once applications are made available.

For the CHNMS advisory council, applicants will be chosen based upon their particular expertise and experience in relation to the seat for which they are applying; community and professional affiliations; views regarding the protection and management of marine or Great Lakes resources; and possibly (though not required) the length of residence in the area affected by the site. Council members and alternates for CHNMS serve two and half or three-year terms, as reflected in the signed charter.

More information on advisory council membership and processes, and materials related to the purpose, policies, and operational requirements for advisory councils can be found in the charter for a particular advisory council (https://sanctuaries.noaa.gov/ management/ac/council charters.html) and the National Marine Sanctuary Advisory Council Implementation Handbook (https:// nmssanctuaries.blob.core.windows.net/ sanctuaries-prod/media/docs/2022sanctuary-advisory-councilhandbook.pdf). For more information about the new advisory council for

CHNMS, including seat descriptions and application materials, please visit https://sanctuaries.noaa.gov/chumash-heritage/advisory/.

Privacy Act Statement

Authority. The collection of information concerning the solicitation for applications for sanctuary advisory councils is authorized under the NMSA, 16 U.S.C. 1445a, and Executive Order 13178, and in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, (Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. 552a).

Purposes. The collection of names, contact information, professional information, qualifications, and answers to the application questions is required in order for ONMS to evaluate and appoint members to the sanctuary advisory councils. The information collected will be reviewed by NOAA employees, and may also be reviewed by current sanctuary advisory council members as part of the evaluation process.

Routine Uses. NOAA will use the application information for the purposes set forth above. The Privacy Act authorizes disclosure of the collected information for the following purposes: to NOAA staff for work-related purposes; for other purposes as set forth in the Privacy Act; and for routine uses published in one or more of the following Privacy Act System of Records Notices, as applicable: COMMERCE/DEPT-11, Candidates for Membership, Members, and Former Members of Department of Commerce Advisory Committees, available at https://www.commerce.gov/opog/ privacy/SORN/SORN-DEPT-11; COMMERCE/DEPT-18, Employees Personnel Files Not Covered by Notices of Other Agencies, available at https:// www.commerce.gov/opog/privacy/ SORN/SORN-DEPT-18; and OPM/ GOVT-1, General Personnel Records, available at https://www.opm.gov/ information-management/privacypolicy/sorn/opm-sorn-govt-1-generalpersonnel-records.pdf, which cover certain records regarding Federal employees and may also cover records of individuals who are not Federal employees who, through their service on a sanctuary advisory council, may be considered as volunteers providing gratuitous services to the agency without compensation; and, for individuals who are also members of a Regional Fishery Management Council, COMMERCE/NOAA-13, Personnel, Payroll, Travel, and Attendance Records of the Regional Fishery Management Councils.

Effects of Not Providing Information. Providing the application information is

voluntary; however, if the information is not provided, the individual will not be considered for appointment as a member of a sanctuary advisory council.

Consent. By submitting an application to ONMS for appointment to a sanctuary advisory council, you are consenting to the use and disclosure of the information for the purposes and routine uses described above. However, if you prefer that your application be reviewed by NOAA employees only and not disclosed to current council members as part of the evaluation process, please contact the sanctuary advisory council coordinator to request internal review only, which will not result in any disadvantage or impact regarding your candidacy, or for any questions regarding this Privacy Act Statement.

Paperwork Reduction Act

ONMS has a valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number (0648-0397) for the collection of public information related to the processing of ONMS national marine sanctuary advisory council applications across the National Marine Sanctuary System. Establishing a sanctuary advisory council for CHNMS fits within the estimated reporting burden under that control number. See https:// www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRASearch (Enter Control Number 0648-0397). Therefore, ONMS will not request an update to the reporting burden certified for OMB control number 0648-0397.

Send comments regarding this burden estimate, or any other aspect of this data collection, including suggestions for reducing the burden, to: Office of National Marine Sanctuaries, 1305 East West Highway, N/NMS, Silver Spring, Maryland 20910.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall any person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq., unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB control number is #0648–0397.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.

John Armor,

Director, Office of National Marine Sanctuaries, National Ocean Service, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[RTID 0648-XE519]

Magnuson-Stevens Act Provisions; Fisheries Off West Coast States; Pacific Highly Migratory Species; Opening of Tier 9 Application Period

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice; permit application period opening.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces the opening of the permit application period for initial issuance of limited entry deep-set buoy gear permits under qualification tier 9. Authorized through implementation of Amendment 6 to the Fishery Management Plan (FMP) for U.S. West Coast Fisheries for Highly Migratory Species (HMS) and its implementing regulations, tier 9 was established as the final tier in a ranking system for issuance of limited entry deep-set buoy gear permits. Tier 9 permits for deep-set buoy gear will be available through the National Permits System.

DATES: The application period for initial issuance of deep-set buoy gear permits issued under tier 9 is February 1 through March 31, 2025.

ADDRESSES: This notice is accessible via the internet at the Office of the Federal Register website at https://www.federalregister.gov. Background information on Amendment 6 to the HMS FMP and supporting documents are available at the NOAA Fisheries West Coast Region website at https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/region/west-coast.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Karen Palmigiano, *karen.palmigiano@* noaa.gov or 206–526–4491.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The FMP for U.S. West Coast Fisheries for HMS and its implementing regulations at title 50 in the Code of Federal Regulations, part 660, subpart K, regulate commercial and recreational fishing for HMS in the U.S. exclusive economic zone off the coasts of Washington, Oregon, and California and in adjacent high seas waters. NMFS published Amendment 6 and its implementing regulations on May 8, 2023 (88 FR 29545). Amendment 6 authorizes deep-set buoy gear (DSBG) as an additional gear type for catching

swordfish and other HMS in Federal waters off of California and Oregon. The Pacific Fishery Management Council recommended that NOAA Fisheries authorize DSBG as an additional commercial gear type to improve the economic viability of the West Coast-based swordfish fishery while minimizing bycatch to the extent practicable. The regulations also established a limited entry (LE) regime for "phased-in" permitting of DSBG fishing within Federal waters of the Southern California Bight (see 50 CFR 660.707(g)). Tier 9 is the final phase of that LE permit regime.

Tier 9 Permits

As required by the regulations at § 660.707(g)(12), once the list of initial approved qualifiers for tiers 1 through 8 is exhausted, NMFS may begin accepting applications under tier 9. Additionally, as required by regulations, NMFS must announce the opening of tier 9 in the **Federal Register**. This notice serves as that announcement.

Therefore, beginning on February 1, 2025, and ending on March 31, 2025, NMFS will accept applications for initial issuance of LE DSBG permits under tier 9. NMFS will continue to accept applications for tier 9 permits on an annual basis and issue up to 25 permits per year until a total of 300 LE DSBG permits are issued, unless NMFS determines that the maximum number of permits should be fewer than 300 and publishes a subsequent rulemaking. The process for initial issuance of LE DSBG permits to applicant that qualify under tier 9, which can be found at $\S 660.707(g)(12)$, is summarized below.

To qualify for a LE DSBG permit under tier 9, an applicant must be a "person" as defined at § 660.702 and must not already own a LE DSBG permit either individually or as a shareholder in a business which owns a LE DSBG permit.

To apply for a LE DSBG permit under tier 9 in 2025, a person must submit a complete application to NMFS through the National Permits System website no later than 11:59 p.m. Pacific daylight time on March 31, 2025. A complete initial issuance application package consists of the following: a completed initial issuance application form, which may include ownership interest for businesses, and as required under § 660.707(g)(3)(ii); a current copy of the U.S. Coast Guard Documentation Form or State registration form for the vessel that will be registered to the permit; and payment of required fees. NMFS may require additional documentation as it deems necessary to make a determination on the application. The