TABLE 2—REGISTRANTS REQUESTING VOLUNTARY CANCELLATION

EPA company No.	Company name and address
10163	Gowan Company, LLC, 370 S Main St., Yuma, AZ 85366.
69117	ArborSystems, Inc. D/B/A ArborSystems, Agent Name: RegWest Company, LLC, 9017 18th Street, Greeley, CO 80634–4756.

III. What is the Agency's authority for taking this action?

Section 6(f)(1) of FIFRA (7 U.S.C. 136d(f)(1)) provides that a registrant of a pesticide product may at any time request that any of its pesticide registrations be canceled. FIFRA further provides that, before acting on the request, EPA must publish a notice of receipt of any such request in the **Federal Register**.

Section 6(f)(1)(B) of FIFRA (7 U.S.C. 136d(f)(1)(B)) requires that before acting on a request for voluntary cancellation, EPA must provide a 30-day public comment period on the request for voluntary cancellation or use termination. In addition, FIFRA section 6(f)(1)(C) (7 U.S.C. 136d(f)(1)(C)) requires that EPA provide a 180-day comment period on a request for voluntary cancellation or termination of any minor agricultural use before granting the request, unless:

1. The registrants request a waiver of the comment period, or
2. The EPA Administrator determines that continued use of the pesticide would pose an unreasonable adverse effect on the environment.

The registrants in Table 2 of Unit II have not requested that EPA waive the 180-day comment period. Accordingly, EPA will provide a 180-day comment period on the proposed requests.

IV. Procedures for Withdrawal of Request

Registrants who choose to withdraw a request for cancellation should submit such withdrawal in writing to the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**. If the product has been subject to a previous cancellation action, the effective date of cancellation and all other provisions of any earlier cancellation action are controlling.

V. Provisions for Disposition of Existing Stocks

Existing stocks are those stocks of registered pesticide products that are currently in the United States and that were packaged, labeled, and released for shipment prior to the effective date of the cancellation action. Because the Agency has identified no significant potential risk concerns associated with the pesticide product 69117–2, upon cancellation of the product 69117–2 identified in Table 1 of Unit II, EPA anticipates allowing the registrant to sell and distribute existing stocks of this product for 1 year after publication of the Cancellation Order in the **Federal Register**.

Thereafter, the registrant will be prohibited from selling or distributing the pesticide 69117–2, identified in Table 1 of Unit II, except for export consistent with FIFRA section 17 (7 U.S.C. 136o) or for proper disposal. Persons other than the registrant will generally be allowed to sell, distribute, or use existing stocks until such stocks are exhausted, provided that such sale, distribution, or use is consistent with the terms of the previously approved labeling on, or that accompanied, the canceled product.

For 10163–195

The registrant of 10163–195, has requested to sell and distribute existing stocks for 18-months after publication of the Cancellation Order in the **Federal Register**. Persons other than the registrant will generally be allowed to sell, distribute, or use existing stocks until such stocks are exhausted, provided that such sale, distribution, or use is consistent with the terms of the previously approved labeling on, or that accompanied, the canceled product.

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 136 *et seq.*

Dated: December 11, 2024.

Daniel Rosenblatt,

Acting Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 2024–29828 Filed 12–17–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA–HQ–OPPT–2024–0057; FRL–11683–11–OCSPP]

Certain New Chemicals; Receipt and Status Information for November 2024

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: EPA is required under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), as amended by the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act, to make information publicly available and to publish information in the **Federal Register** pertaining to submissions under TSCA Section 5, including notice of receipt of a Premanufacture notice (PMN), Significant New Use Notice (SNUN) or Microbial Commercial Activity Notice (MCAN), including an amended notice or test information; an exemption application (Biotech exemption); an application for a test marketing exemption (TME), both pending and/or concluded; a notice of commencement (NOC) of manufacture (including import) for new chemical substances; and a periodic status report on new chemical substances that are currently under EPA review or have recently concluded review. This document covers the period from 11/01/2024 to 11/30/2024.

DATES: Comments identified by the specific case number provided in this document must be received on or before January 17, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA–HQ–OPPT–2024–0057, through the *Federal eRulemaking Portal* at *https://www.regulations.gov.* Follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Additional instructions on commenting and visiting the docket, along with more information about dockets generally, is available at *https://www.epa.gov/dockets.*

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

For technical information contact: Jim Rahai, Project Management and Operations Division (MC 7407M), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460–0001; telephone number: (202) 564–8593; email address: *rahai.jim@epa.gov.*

For general information contact: The TSCA-Hotline, ABVI-Goodwill, 422 South Clinton Ave., Rochester, NY 14620; telephone number: (202) 554–1404; email address: *TSCA-Hotline@epa.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Executive Summary

A. What action is the Agency taking?

This document provides the receipt and status reports for the period from 11/01/2024 to 11/30/2024. The Agency is providing notice of receipt of PMNs, SNUNs, and MCANs (including amended notices and test information); an exemption application under 40 CFR part 725 (Biotech exemption); TMEs, both pending and/or concluded; NOCs to manufacture a new chemical substance; and a periodic status report on new chemical substances that are currently under EPA review or have recently concluded review.

EPA is also providing information on its website about cases reviewed under the amended TSCA, including the section 5 PMN/SNUN/MCAN and exemption notices received, the date of receipt, the final EPA determination on the notice, and the effective date of EPA's determination for PMN/SNUN/MCAN notices on its website at: *https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new-chemicals-under-toxic-substances-control-act-tsca/status-pre-manufacture-notices.* This information is updated on a weekly basis.

B. What is the Agency's authority for taking this action?

Under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), 15 U.S.C. 2601 *et seq.,* a chemical substance may be either an ''existing'' chemical substance or a ''new'' chemical substance. Any chemical substance that is not on EPA's TSCA Inventory of Chemical Substances (TSCA Inventory) is classified as a ''new chemical substance,'' while a chemical substance that is listed on the TSCA Inventory is classified as an ''existing chemical substance.'' (See TSCA section 3(11).) For more information about the TSCA Inventory please go to: *https://www.epa.gov/tsca-inventory.*

Any person who intends to manufacture (including import) a new chemical substance for a non-exempt commercial purpose, or to manufacture or process a chemical substance in a non-exempt manner for a use that EPA has determined is a significant new use, is required by TSCA section 5 to provide EPA with a PMN, MCAN, or SNUN, as appropriate, before initiating the activity. EPA will review the notice, make a risk determination on the chemical substance or significant new use, and take appropriate action as described in TSCA section 5(a)(3).

TSCA section 5(h)(1) authorizes EPA to allow persons, upon application and under appropriate restrictions, to manufacture or process a new chemical substance, or a chemical substance subject to a significant new use rule (SNUR) issued under TSCA section 5(a)(2), for ''test marketing'' purposes, upon a showing that the manufacture, processing, distribution in commerce, use, and disposal of the chemical will not present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. This is referred to as a test marketing exemption, or TME. For more information about the requirements applicable to a new chemical go to: *https://www.epa.gov/chemicals-under-tsca.*

Under TSCA sections 5 and 8 and EPA regulations, EPA is required to publish in the **Federal Register** certain information, including notice of receipt of a PMN/SNUN/MCAN (including amended notices and test information); an exemption application under 40 CFR part 725 (biotech exemption); an application for a TME, both pending and concluded; NOCs to manufacture a new chemical substance; and a periodic status report on the new chemical substances that are currently under EPA review or have recently concluded review.

C. Does this action apply to me?

This action provides information that is directed to the public in general.

D. Does this action have any incremental economic impacts or paperwork burdens?

No.

E. What should I consider as I prepare my comments for EPA?

1. *Submitting confidential business information (CBI).* Do not submit this information to EPA through regulations.gov or email. Clearly mark the part or all of the information that you claim to be CBI. For CBI information in a disk or CD–ROM that you mail to EPA, mark the outside of the disk or CD–ROM as CBI and then identify electronically within the disk or CD–ROM the specific information that is claimed as CBI. In addition to one complete version of the comment that includes information claimed as CBI, a copy of the comment that does not contain the information claimed as CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public docket. Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2.

2. *Tips for preparing your comments.* When preparing and submitting your comments, see the commenting tips at *https://www.epa.gov/dockets/commenting-epa-dockets.*

II. Status Reports

In the past, EPA has published individual notices reflecting the status of TSCA section 5 filings received, pending or concluded. In 1995, the Agency modified its approach and streamlined the information published in the **Federal Register** after providing notice of such changes to the public and an opportunity to comment (see the **Federal Register** of May 12, 1995 (60 FR 25798) (FRL–4942–7)). Since the passage of the Lautenberg amendments to TSCA in 2016, public interest in information on the status of section 5 cases under EPA review, and particularly the final determination of such cases, has increased. In an effort to be responsive to the regulated community, the users of this information, and the general public, to comply with the requirements of TSCA, to conserve EPA resources and to streamline the process and make it more timely, EPA is providing information on its website about cases reviewed under the amended TSCA, including the section 5 PMN/SNUN/MCAN and exemption notices received, the date of receipt, the final EPA determination on the notice, and the effective date of EPA's determination for PMN/SNUN/MCAN notices on its website at: *https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new-chemicals-under-toxic-substances-control-act-tsca/status-pre-manufacture-notices.* This information is updated on a weekly basis.

III. Receipt Reports

For the PMN/SNUN/MCANs that have passed an initial screening by EPA during this period, Table I provides the following information (to the extent that such information is not subject to a CBI claim) on the notices screened by EPA during this period: The EPA case number assigned to the notice that indicates whether the submission is an initial submission, or an amendment, a notation of which version was received, the date the notice was received by EPA, the submitting manufacturer (*i.e.,* domestic producer or importer), the potential uses identified by the manufacturer in the notice, and the chemical substance identity.

As used in each of the tables in this unit, (S) indicates that the information in the table is the specific information provided by the submitter, and (G) indicates that this information in the table is generic information because the specific information provided by the submitter was claimed as CBI. Submissions which are initial submissions will not have a letter following the case number. Submissions

which are amendments to previous submissions will have a case number followed by the letter ''A'' (*e.g.* P–18–1234A). The version column designates submissions in sequence as ''1'', ''2'', ''3'', etc. Note that in some cases, an initial submission is not numbered as version 1; this is because earlier version(s) were rejected as incomplete or invalid submissions. Note also that future versions of the following tables may adjust slightly as the Agency works to automate population of the data in the tables.

TABLE I—PMN/SNUN/MCANS APPROVED* FROM 11/01/2024 TO 11/30/2024

Case No.	Version	Received date	Manufacturer	Use	Chemical substance
J–25–0001	1	11/13/2024	CBI	(G) Ethanol production	(G) Biofuel producing Saccharomyces cerevisiae modified, genetically stable.
P–21–0007A	3	11/06/2024	CBI	(G) Catalyst	(G) Reaction products of Aluminoxanes, Me, Me group-terminated and (alkylcycloalkylene) dialkylzirconium.
P–21–0008A	3	11/06/2024	CBI	(G) Catalyst	(G) Reaction products of Aluminoxanes, Me, Me group-terminated and cycloalkylene dialkyl tetrahydro indenyl zirconium.
P–22–0158A	5	11/19/2024	Aqdot	(G) Additive used in consumer, commercial, and industrial applications.	(S) 1H,4H,14H,17H–2,16:3,15-Dimethano-5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,10H,11H,12H,13H,18H,19H,20H,21H,22H,23H,24H,25H,26H–2,3,4a,5a,6a,7a,8a,9a,10a,11a,12a,13a,15,16,17a,18a,19a,20a,21a,22a,23a,24a,25a,26a-tetracosaazabispentaleno[1‴,6‴:5″,6″,7″]cycloocta[1″,2″,3″:3′,4′]pentaleno[1′,6′:5,6,7]cycloocta[1,2,3-gh:1′,2′,3′-g′h′]cycloocta[1,2,3-cd:5,6,7-c′d′]dipentalene-1,4,6,8,10,12,14,17,19,21,23,25-dodecone, dodecahydro-, stereoisomer;2,18:3,17-Dimethano-2,3,4a,5a,6a,7a,8a,9a,10a,11a,12a,13a,14a,15a,17,18,19a,20a,21a,22a,23a,24a,25a,26a,27a,28a,29a,30aoctacosaaza bispentaleno[1⁗,6⁗:5‴,6‴,7‴]cycloocta[1‴,2‴,3‴:3″,4″]pentaleno[1″,6″:5″,6″,7″]cycloocta[1″,2″,3″:3′,4′]pentaleno[1′,6′:5,6,7]cycloocta[1,2,3-cd:1′,2′,3′-gh]pentalene-1,4,6,8,10,12,14,16,19,21,23,25,27,29-tetradecone, tetradecahydro-, stereoisomer;2,20:3,19-Dimethano-2,3,4a,5a,6a,7a,8a,9a,10a,11a,12a,13a,14a,15a,16a,17a,19,20,21a,22a,23a,24a,25a,26a,27a,28a,29a,30a,31a,32a,33a,34 adotriacontaazabispentaleno[1⁗,6⁗:5‴,6‴,7‴]cycloocta[1‴,2‴,3‴:3″,4″]pentaleno[1‴,6‴:5″,6″,7″]cycloocta[1″,2″,3″:3′,4′]pentaleno[1′,6′:5,6,7]cycloocta[1,2,3-gh:1′,2′,3′-g′h′]cycloocta[1,2,3-cd:5,6,7-c′d′]dipentalene-1,4,6,8,10,12,14,16,18,21,23,25,27,29,31,33-hexadecone, hexadecahydro-, stereoisomer.
P–23–0141A	2	11/21/2024	Hach Company	(G) Buffer solution for free chlorine determination.	(S) 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, potassium salt (1:?).
P–24–0046A	2	11/20/2024	The Euclid Chemical Company.	(S) Grinding aid used in cement manufacture.	(G) Alkanol, alkoxyalkyl imino, salt.
P–24–0047A	2	11/20/2024	The Euclid Chemical Company.	(S) Grinding aid used in cement manufacture.	(G) Alkanol, nitrilo, salt.
P–24–0116A	4	11/20/2024	CBI	(G) For use in coatings for metal parts.	(G) Phenol, 4,4-(1-alkylidene) bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl) oxirane, 4-alkylphenyl ether, reaction products with alkylpolyamine and 2-(alkylamino)alkanol, hydrolyzed, alkanesulfonates (salts).
P–24–0117A	4	11/20/2024	CBI	(G) For use in coatings for metal parts.	(G) Alkanoic acid, compds. with hydrolyzed bisphenol-epichlorohydrin polymer 4-alkylphenyl ether- alkylpolyamine and 2-(alkylamino)alkanol reaction products.
P–24–0118A	4	11/20/2024	CBI	(G) For use in coatings for metal parts.	(G) Alkanoic acid, compds. with [(aminoalkyl)imino] bis[alkanol]-bisphenol-epichlorohydrin polymer 4-alkylphenyl ether—2-(alkylamino)alkanol reaction products.
P–24–0119A	4	11/20/2024	CBI	(G) For use in coatings for metal parts.	(G) Amidosulfonic acid, compds. With [(aminoalkyl)imino] bis[alkanol]-bisphenol-epichlorohydrin polymer 4-alkylphenyl ether—2-(alkylamino)alkanol reaction products.

TABLE I—PMN/SNUN/MCANS APPROVED* FROM 11/01/2024 TO 11/30/2024—Continued

Case No.	Version	Received date	Manufacturer	Use	Chemical substance
P–24–0120A	4	11/20/2024	CBI	(G) For use in coatings for metal parts.	(G) Alkanoic acid, compds. with hydrolyzed bisphenol-monoalkylamine-epichlorohydrin polymer 4-alkylphenyl ether- alkylpolyamine and 2-(alkylamino)alkanol reaction products.
P–24–0121A	4	11/20/2024	CBI	(G) For use in coatings for metal parts.	(G) Phenol, 4,4-(1-alkylidene) bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl) oxirane and monoalkanamine, 4-alkylphenyl ether, reaction products with alkylpolyamine and 2-(alkylamino)alkanol, hydrolyzed, alkanesulfonates (salts).
P–25–0005A	2	11/20/2024	CBI	(G) For use in coatings for metal parts.	(G) Cashew, nutshell liq., polymer with [(aminoalkyl)imino] bis[alkanol], bisphenol and epichlorohydrin, reaction products with dialkanolamine, alkyl carboxylates (salts) alkanesulfonates (salts).
P–25–0006A	2	11/20/2024	CBI	(G) For use in coatings for metal parts.	(G) Phenol, 4,4-(1-alkylidene) bis-, polymer with [(aminoalkyl)imino] bis[alkanol] and 2-(chloromethyl) oxirane, 3-alkyloxy-2-hydroxypropyl ethers, reaction products with dialkanolamine, alkyl carboxylates (salts) alkanesulfonates (salts).
P–25–0007A	2	11/20/2024	CBI	(G) For use in coatings for metal parts.	(G) Phenol, 4,4-(1-alkylidene) bis-, polymer with [(aminoalkyl)imino] bis[alkanol] and 2-(chloromethyl) oxirane, 4-alkylphenyl ethers, reaction products with dialkanolamine, alkyl carboxylates (salts) alkanesulfonates (salts).
P–25–0008A	2	11/20/2024	CBI	(G) For use in coatings for metal parts.	(G) Benzenediol, polymer with [(aminoalkyl)imino] bis[alkanol], 2- (chloromethyl)oxirane and 4,4-(1-alkylidene) bis[phenol], 4-alkylphenyl ethers, reaction products with dialkanolamine, alkyl carboxylates (salts) alkanesulfonates (salts).
P–25–0009A	2	11/20/2024	CBI	(G) For use in coatings for metal parts.	(G) Cashew, nutshell liq., polymer with [(aminoalkyl)imino] bis[alkanol], bisphenol, epichlorohydrin and benzenediol, reaction products with dialkanolamine, alkyl carboxylates (salts) alkanesulfonates (salts).
P–25–0010A	2	11/20/2024	CBI	(G) For use in coatings for metal parts.	(G) Benzenediol, polymer with [(aminoalkyl)imino] bis[alkanol], 2- (chloromethyl)oxirane and 4,4-(1-alkylidene) bis[phenol], 3-alkyloxy-2-hydroxypropyl ethers, reaction products with dialkanolamine, alkyl carboxylates (salts) alkanesulfonates (salts).
P–25–0011A	3	11/01/2024	CBI	G (Surface Modifier)	(G) Phosphonic acid, P- [polyfluoro- oxygen-substituted-poly(trifluoromethyl)-heteroatom-substituted-alkan-1-yl]-.
P–25–0011A	4	11/20/2024	CBI	(G) Surface Modifier	(G) Phosphonic acid, P- [polyfluoro- oxygen-substituted-poly(trifluoromethyl)-heteroatom-substituted-alkan-1-yl]-.
P–25–0015	1	11/12/2024	CBI	(G) Additive in paving applications.	(G) Modified tall oil fatty acid polyamine condensate.
P–25–0016	1	11/15/2024	CBI	(G) Photoacid generator use at customer sites.	(G) Tri haloaromatic iodonium dicyclo salt with polyhaloalkyl carbomonocycle hetero acid.
P–25–0017	2	11/26/2024	US Polymers Accurez, LLC.	(S) Binder for Thermoplastic Coatings; Binder for Ink/Adhesive.	(G) Reaction product of aromatic acid with trifunctional polyol and pelargonic acid.
P–25–0020	1	11/21/2024	CBI	(G) Contained use for microlithography for electronic device manufacturing.	(G) Sulfonium, triphenyl-, salt with heterosubstituteddifluorosubstitutedalkyl substitutedalkyl trihalosubstitutedcarbomonocycle carboxylate (1:1).
P–25–0021	1	11/22/2024	CBI	(G) Contained use for microlithography for electronic device manufacturing.	(G) Sulfonium, tri (halosubstituted henyl)-, salt with heterosubstituteddifluorosubstitutedalkyl substitutedalkyl trihalosubstitutedcarbomonocycle carboxylate (1:1).
SN–23–0024A	2	11/21/2024	CBI	(G) Component in batteries.	(S) Phosphoric acid, iron (2+) lithium salt (1:1:1).
SN–25–0002	1	11/20/2024	CBI	(G) Additive used in plastic panels.	(S) Cesium tungsten oxide.
SN–25–0003	1	11/25/2024	CBI	(S) Cathode Active Material in Batteries.	(S) Phosphoric acid, iron (2+) lithium salt (1:1:1).

In Table II. of this unit, EPA provides the following information (to the extent that such information is not subject to a CBI claim) on the TMEs and/or Biotech Exemptions received by EPA during this period: The EPA case number assigned to the TME and/or Biotech Exemption, the submission document type (initial or amended), the version number, the date the TME and/or Biotech Exemption was received by EPA, the submitting manufacturer (*i.e.,* domestic producer or importer), the potential uses identified by the manufacturer in the TME and/or Biotech Exemption, and the chemical substance identity.

TABLE II—TMES AND BIOTECH EXEMPTIONS RECEIVED FROM 11/01/2024 TO 11/30/2024

Case No.	Submission type	Version	Received date	Manufacturer	Use	Chemical substance
T–24–0001A	Test Marketing Exemption Application (TMEA)Test Marketing Exemption Application (TMEA).	4	11/18/2024	Zschimmer & Schwarz	(S) Raw material in ester manufacturing, to be fully consumed.	(G) Isomerized alkane derivs.

In Table III of this unit, EPA provides the following information (to the extent that such information is not claimed as CBI) on the NOCs that have passed an initial screening by EPA during this period: The EPA case number assigned to the NOC including whether the submission was an initial or amended submission, the date the NOC was received by EPA, the date of commencement provided by the submitter in the NOC, a notation of the type of amendment (*e.g.,* amendment to generic name, specific name, technical contact information, etc.) and chemical substance identity.

TABLE III—NOCS APPROVED* FROM 11/01/2024 TO 11/30/2024

Case No.	Received date	Commencement date	If amendment, type of amendment	Chemical substance
J–20–0013	11/08/2024	12/21/2023	N	(G) Strain of Escherichia coli modified with genetically stable, plasmid-borne DNA to produce enzymes.
J–20–0014	11/13/2024	12/21/2023	N	(G) Strains of Escherichia coli modified with genetically stable, plasmid-borne DNA to produce enzymes.
J–20–0015	11/13/2024	12/21/2023	N	(G) Strain of Escherichia coli modified with genetically stable, plasmid-borne DNA to produce enzymes.
J–20–0016	11/13/2024	12/21/2023	N	(G) Strain of Escherichia coli modified with genetically stable, plasmid-borne DNA to produce enzymes.
J–20–0017	11/13/2024	12/21/2023	N	(G) Strain of Escherichia coli modified with genetically stable, plasmid-borne DNA to produce enzymes.
J–20–0018	11/13/2024	12/21/2023	N	(G) Strain of Escherichia coli modified with genetically stable, plasmid-borne DNA to produce enzymes.
J–21–0019	11/13/2024	12/21/2023	N	(G) Strain of Escherichia coli modified with genetically stable, plasmid-borne DNA to produce plasmid-borne DNA.
P–13–0143	11/15/2024	03/10/2013	N	(G) Polyalkylene acid, alkanol amine derivative.
P–15–0680A	11/19/2024	05/14/2018	N	(S) 2-propenoic acid, butylester, polymer with 1,3-cyclohexan edimethanamine, reaction products with Bu glycidyl ether.
P–18–0226A	11/01/2024	03/04/2024	N	(G) Trialkylammonioethyl fatty-alkylate, alkyl sulfate.
P–20–0156	11/11/2024	10/16/2024	N	(G) Substituted, triaryl-, Tri cycloalkane alkyl disubstituted.
P–21–0055A	11/25/2024	07/07/2022	Amended generic chemical name ..	(G) Fatty acids, reaction products with dialkenyltriamine-aromatic dicarboxylic acid polymer and polycyclic acids.
P–21–0066	11/12/2024	10/23/2024	N	(G) 1,2-Alkanediol, 3-aryloxy, mono phosphate ester.
P–22–0154	11/19/2024	11/15/2024	N	(S) 2-tridecenoic acid, 2-acetyl-4-methyl-, ethyl ester.
P–22–0175A	11/26/2024	05/22/2024	Relinquished chemical identity confidentiality claim.	(S) Silsesquioxanes, Me vinyl, hydroxy and methoxy and [(trimethylsilyl)oxy]- terminated.
P–23–0069	11/01/2024	10/21/2024	N	(S) Oils, Pisum sativum, polymers with 1, 6-diisocyanatohexane, 1,5 diisocyanato pentane, glycerol, and maltodextrin.
P–23–0101	11/19/2024	10/31/2024	N	(G) Glycerides from fermentation of genetically modified microorganism, epoxidized.
P–23–0103	11/19/2024	10/31/2024	N	(G) Glycerides from fermentation of genetically modified microorganism, epoxidized, reaction products with ethanol.
P–23–0152	11/11/2024	10/17/2024	N	(G) 1-Alkanethiol, 3-(trialkoxysilyl)- hydrolysis products with silica, oxidized.
P–23–0174	11/15/2024	11/07/2024	N	(G) Mixed metal oxide.
P–23–0188	11/25/2024	11/15/2024	N	(G) Alkenoic acid, 3-methyl-, 1,1-dimethyl-2-propen-1-yl ester.
P–24–0088	11/04/2024	10/07/2024	N	(G) Mixed metal oxide.

In Table IV of this unit, EPA provides the following information (to the extent such information is not subject to a CBI claim) on the test information that has been received during this time period: The EPA case number assigned to the test information; the date the test information was received by EPA, the type of test information submitted, and chemical substance identity.

TABLE IV—TEST INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM 11/01/2024 TO 11/30/2024

Case No.	Received date	Type of test information	Chemical substance
P–16–0543	11/19/2024	Exposure Monitoring Report	(G) Halogenophosphoric acid metal salt.
P–22–0056	11/09/2024	*In Vitro* Percutaneous Absorption of Tin in a Sealant Formulation Through Human Skin; In Vitro Percutaneous Absorption of Radiolabeled TIB KAT 223 in Sealant Formulation Through Human Split-Thickness Skin; Supplementary risk assessment for industrial handling of TIB KAT 223 and consumer use of sealants formulated with TIB KAT 223; initial review engineering report; CEM Inhalation and Dermal Exposure Estimates.	(S) Tin, dioctylbis (2,4-pentanedionato-. kappa. O2,. kappa. O4)-.

If you are interested in information that is not included in these tables, you may contact EPA's technical information contact or general information contact as described under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** to access additional non-CBI information that may be available.

Authority: 15 U.S.C. 2601 *et seq.*

Dated: December 12, 2024.

Pamela Myrick,

Director, Project Management and Operations Division, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.

[FR Doc. 2024–29934 Filed 12–17–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA–HQ–OPPT–2023–0601; FRL–11581–07–OCSPP]

High-Priority Substance Designations Under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) and Initiation of Risk Evaluation on High-Priority Substances; Notice of Availability

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) and related implementing regulations, EPA is designating five chemicals as High-Priority Substances for risk evaluation. This document provides the identity of five chemical substances for final designation as High-Priority Substances for risk evaluation, EPA's rationale for final designation as High-Priority Substances, and instructions on how to access the chemical-specific information, analysis, and basis EPA used to support final designations for the chemical substances. A designation of a substance as a High-Priority Substance is not a finding of unreasonable risk. Rather, the designation of these chemical substances as high priority constitutes the initiation of evaluation of associated risk.

DATES: The designations of High-Priority Substances for risk evaluation in this notice are effective December 18, 2024.

ADDRESSES: The docket for this action, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA–HQ–OPPT–2023–0601, is available online at *https://www.regulations.gov*. In addition, the docket ID numbers for the individual chemical substances designated in Unit IV. are as follows: Acetaldehyde (EPA–HQ–OPPT–2018–0497); Acrylonitrile (EPA–HQ–OPPT–2018–0449); Benzenamine (EPA–HQ–OPPT–2018–0474); Vinyl Chloride (EPA–HQ–OPPT–2018–0448); and 4,4′-Methylene bis (2-chloroaniline) (MBOCA) (EPA–HQ–OPPT–2018–0464). Additional information about dockets generally, along with instructions for visiting the docket in-person, is available at *https://www.epa.gov/dockets*.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

For technical information: Sarah Au, Data Gathering, Management and Policy Division (7406M), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460–0001; telephone number: (202) 564–0398; email address: *au.sarah@epa.gov*.

For general information: The TSCA-Hotline, ABVI-Goodwill, 422 South Clinton Ave., Rochester, NY 14620; telephone number: (202) 554–1404; email address: *TSCA-Hotline@epa.gov*.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Executive Summary

A. Does this action apply to me?

This action is directed to the public in general and may be of interest to entities that currently or may manufacture (including import) a chemical substance regulated under TSCA (*e.g.,* entities identified under North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) codes 325 and 324110). The action may also be of interest to chemical processors, distributors in commerce, and users, non-governmental organizations in the environmental and public health sectors, state and local government agencies, Tribes, and members of the public. Since other entities may also be interested, EPA has not attempted to describe all the specific entities and corresponding NAICS codes for entities that may be interested in or affected by this action.

B. What action is the Agency taking?

EPA is finalizing the designation of five chemical substances as High-Priority Substances for risk evaluation pursuant to section 6(b) of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. 2605(b). This document includes a high-level summary of comments received during the two 90-day comment periods during which the public submitted comments on EPA's initiation of prioritization (Ref. 1) and the proposed designations of those five chemicals as High-Priority Substances for risk evaluation (Ref. 2), as well as a high-level summary of Agency responses to those comments received during both 90-day public comment periods. The comments and EPA's responses are discussed in more depth in the response to comments document (Ref. 3). EPA also considered comments received during and following the prioritization public webinar that occurred in February 2024, during which EPA explained the prioritization process and provided an overview of information that may be used to inform the considerations that ultimately support a High- or Low-Priority Substance designation, such as information on conditions of use and health effects resulting from exposure to the chemicals of interest.

C. Why is the Agency taking this action?

TSCA section 6(b) and implementing regulations at 40 CFR part 702, subpart A require EPA to carry out a prioritization process for chemical substances that may be designated as high priority for risk evaluation. EPA generally expects to complete five risk evaluations per year over the next several years, and TSCA section 6(b)(3)(C) requires EPA to designate at least one High-Priority Substance upon completion of each risk evaluation for a High-Priority Substance. Pursuant to TSCA section 6(b)(2)(B), EPA is finalizing the designation of the five chemical substances as High-Priority Substances for risk evaluation identified as candidates for High-Priority Substance designation when EPA initiated the prioritization process on December 18, 2023 (Ref. 1). As required under TSCA section 6(b)(3)(C), EPA is specifying the designation of: MBOCA to replace the final risk evaluation for 1,1-dichloroethane; acetaldehyde to replace the final risk evaluation for 1,3-butadiene; acrylonitrile to replace the final risk evaluation for dicyclohexyl phthalate; benzenamine to replace the final risk evaluation for formaldehyde; and vinyl chloride to replace the final risk evaluation for tris(2-chloroethyl) phosphate.

D. What is the Agency's authority for taking this action?

This document is issued pursuant to TSCA section 6(b)(1) and 6(b)(3)(C).

E. What are the estimated incremental impacts of this action?

This document identifies the five chemical substances for which EPA is initiating the risk evaluation process and the five chemical substances that have already or will have risk evaluations completed which they will replace. This document does not establish any requirements on persons or entities outside of the Agency. No incremental impacts are therefore anticipated, and consequently EPA did