and Analysis, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce at (202) 482–6083; email: *Cora.Dickson@trade.gov.* 

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Cora Dickson, DFO, Office of Energy and Environmental Industries, Industry and Analysis, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce at (202) 482–6083; email: *Cora.Dickson@trade.gov.* Registered participants joining virtually will be emailed the login information for the meeting, which will be accessible as a livestream via Teams Webinar.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background: The Secretary of Commerce established the REEEAC pursuant to discretionary authority and in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act. as amended (5 U.S.C. 1001 et seq), on July 14, 2010. The REEEAC was re-chartered most recently for a two-year term on May 24, 2024. The REEEAC provides the Secretary of Commerce with advice from the private sector on the development and administration of programs and policies to expand the export competitiveness of U.S. renewable energy and energy efficiency products and services. More information about the REEEAC, including the list of appointed members for this charter, is published online at http://trade.gov/ reeeac

On December 3, 2024, the REEEAC will hold the first meeting of its current charter term. The Committee will conduct organizational activities and hold initial discussions on topics of interest. The agenda will be made available by November 27, 2024 upon request to Cora Dickson, and the most current version of the agenda will also be made available on the REEEAC website.

The meeting will be open to the public and will be accessible to people with disabilities. All guests are required to register in advance by the deadline identified under the **DATES** caption. Requests for auxiliary aids must be submitted by the registration deadline. Last minute requests will be accepted but may not be possible to fill.

A limited amount of time before the close of the meeting will be available for oral comments from members of the public attending the meeting. Members of the public attending virtually who wish to speak during the public comment period must give the DFO advance notice in order to facilitate their access. To accommodate as many speakers as possible, the time for public comments will be limited to two to five minutes per person (depending on

number of public participants). Individuals wishing to reserve speaking time during the meeting must contact Cora Dickson using the contact information above and submit a brief statement of the general nature of the comments, as well as the name and address of the proposed participant, by 5 p.m. EST on Monday, December 2, 2024. If the number of registrants requesting to make statements is greater than can be reasonably accommodated during the meeting, the International Trade Administration may conduct a lottery to determine the speakers. Speakers are requested to submit a copy of their oral comments by email to Cora Dickson for distribution to the participants in advance of the meeting.

Any member of the public may submit written comments concerning the REEEAC's affairs at any time before or after the meeting. Comments may be submitted via email to the Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Advisory Committee, c/o: Cora Dickson, Designated Federal Officer, Office of Energy and Environmental Industries, U.S. Department of Commerce; Cora.Dickson@trade.gov. To be considered during the meeting, public comments must be transmitted to the REEEAC prior to the meeting. As such, written comments must be received no later than 5 p.m. EST on Monday, December 2, 2024. Comments received after that date will be distributed to the members but may not be considered at the meeting.

Copies of REEEAC meeting minutes will be available within 30 days following the meeting.

#### Man K. Cho,

Deputy Director, Office of Energy and Environmental Industries. [FR Doc. 2024–26808 Filed 11–15–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DR–P

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### **International Trade Administration**

[A-570-079, C-570-080]

## Cast Iron Soil Pipe From the People's Republic of China: Continuation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. SUMMARY: As a result of the determinations by the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) and the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) that revocation of the antidumping duty (AD) and countervailing duty (CVD) orders on cast iron soil pipe from the People's Republic of China (China) would likely lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping, countervailable subsidies, and material injury to an industry in the United States, Commerce is publishing a notice of continuation of these AD and CVD orders.

DATES: Applicable October 24, 2024.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Javier Barrientos, AD/CVD Operations, Office V, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–2243.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### Background

On May 3, 2019, Commerce published in the Federal Register the AD and CVD orders on cast iron soil pipe from China.<sup>1</sup> On April 1, 2024, the ITC instituted,<sup>2</sup> and Commerce initiated,<sup>3</sup> the first sunset reviews of the AD Order and the CVD Order, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). As a result of its reviews, Commerce determined that revocation of the AD Order and CVD Order would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and countervailable subsidies and, therefore, notified the ITC of the magnitude of the margins of dumping and net countervailable subsidy rates likely to prevail should the AD Order<sup>4</sup> and CVD Order<sup>5</sup> be revoked.

On October 24, 2024, the ITC published its determinations, pursuant to sections 751(c) and 752(a) of the Act, that revocation of the *AD Order* and *CVD Order* would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time.<sup>6</sup>

<sup>4</sup> See Cast Iron Soil Pipe from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of the Expedited First Sunset Review of the Antidumping Duty Order, 89 FR 64871 (August 8, 2024).

<sup>5</sup> See Cast Iron Soil Pipe from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of the Expedited First Sunset Review of the Countervailing Duty Order, 89 FR 64874 (August 8, 2024).

<sup>6</sup> See Cast Iron Soil Pipe from China Determinations, 89 FR 84933 (October 24, 2024).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Cast Iron Soil Pipe from the People's Republic of China: Antidumping Duty Order, 84 FR 19035 (May 3, 2019) (AD Order); see also Cast Iron Soil Pipe from the People's Republic of China: Countervailing Duty Order, 84 FR 19039 (May 3, 2019) (CVD Order) (collectively, Orders).

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Cast Iron Soil Pipe from China; Institution of Five-Year Reviews, 89 FR 22448 (April 1, 2024).
<sup>3</sup> See Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Reviews, 89 FR 22373 (April 1, 2024).

# Scope of the Orders

The merchandise covered by the Orders is cast iron soil pipe, whether finished or unfinished, regardless of industry or proprietary specifications, and regardless of wall thickness, length, diameter, surface finish, end finish, or stenciling. The scope of these Orders includes, but is not limited to, both hubless and hub and spigot cast iron soil pipe. Cast iron soil pipe is nonmalleable iron pipe of various designs and sizes. Cast iron soil pipe is generally distinguished from other types of nonmalleable cast iron pipe by the manner in which it is connected to cast iron soil pipe fittings.

Cast iron soil pipe is classified into two major types—hubless and hub and spigot. Hubless cast iron soil pipe is manufactured without a hub, generally in compliance with Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute (CISPI) specification 301 and/ or American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) specification A888, including any revisions to those specifications. Hub and spigot pipe has one or more hubs into which the spigot (plain end) of a fitting is inserted. All pipe meeting the physical description set forth above is covered by the scope of these Orders, whether or not produced according to a particular standard.

The subject imports are currently classified in subheading 7303.00.0030 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS): Cast iron soil pipe. The HTSUS subheading and specifications are provided for convenience and customs purposes only; the written description of the scope of these *Orders* is dispositive.

## **Continuation of the Orders**

As a result of the determinations by Commerce and the ITC that revocation of the *AD Order* and *CVD Order* would likely lead to a continuation or recurrence of dumping, countervailable subsidies, and material injury to an industry in the United States, pursuant to section 751(d)(2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(a), Commerce hereby orders the continuation of the *Orders*. U.S. Customs and Border Protection will continue to collect AD and CVD cash deposits at the rates in effect at the time of entry for all imports of subject merchandise.

The effective date of the continuation of the Orders will be October 24, 2024.<sup>7</sup> Pursuant to section 751(c)(2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(c)(2), Commerce intends to initiate the next five-year review of the Orders not later than 30 days prior to the fifth anniversary of the date of the last determination by the ITC.

# Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the return, destruction, or conversion to judicial protective order of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply is a violation of the APO which may be subject to sanctions.

## **Notification to Interested Parties**

These five-year sunset reviews and this notice are in accordance with sections 751(c) and 751(d)(2) of the Act, and published in accordance with section 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(f)(4).

Dated: November 12, 2024.

### Abdelali Elouaradia,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2024–26767 Filed 11–15–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# International Trade Administration

[A-549-853]

## Large Top Mount Combination Refrigerator-Freezers From Thailand: Postponement of Preliminary Determination in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

DATES: Applicable November 18, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Benito Ballesteros at (202) 482–7425 AD/CVD Operations, Office IX Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Background

On July 9, 2024, the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) initiated a less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation of imports of large top mount combination refrigerator-freezers (refrigerators) from Thailand.<sup>1</sup> On July 22, 2024, Commerce tolled certain deadlines in this administrative proceeding by seven days.<sup>2</sup> Currently, the preliminary determination is due no later than December 3, 2024.

# Postponement of Preliminary Determination

Section 733(b)(1)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), requires Commerce to issue the preliminary determination in a LTFV investigation within 140 days after the date on which Commerce initiated the investigation. However, section 733(c)(1)(A) of the Act permits Commerce to postpone the preliminary determination until no later than 190 days after the date on which Commerce initiated the investigation if: (A) the petitioner makes a timely request for a postponement; or (B) Commerce concludes that the parties concerned are cooperating, that the investigation is extraordinarily complicated, and that additional time is necessary to make a preliminary determination. Under 19 CFR 351.205(e), the petitioner must submit a request for postponement 25 days or more before the scheduled date of the preliminary determination and must state the reasons for the request. Commerce will grant the request unless it finds compelling reasons to deny the request.

On November 1, 2024, Electrolux Consumer Products, Inc. (the petitioner) submitted a timely request that Commerce postpone the preliminary determination in the LTFV investigation.<sup>3</sup> The petitioner stated that it requests postponement, "so that {Commerce} will have sufficient time to collect and analyze information necessary for calculating accurate dumping margins. An extension of the deadline for {Commerce's} preliminary {determination} is necessary and appropriate here given the numerous extensions of time that have been requested by the respondent. An extension of the deadline for the preliminary determination will allow {the p}etitioner sufficient time to comment on these responses and will allow {Commerce} adequate time to issue supplemental questionnaires and to conduct a thorough analysis in this investigation."<sup>4</sup>

Fair-Value Investigation, 89 FR 57860 (July 16, 2024) (Initiation Notice).

<sup>2</sup> See Memorandum, "Tolling of Deadlines for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings," dated July 22, 2024.

<sup>3</sup> See Petitioner's Letter, "Request to Extend Preliminary Determination," dated November 1, 2024. <sup>4</sup> Id.

Freezers from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Large Top Mount Combination Refrigerator-Freezers from Thailand: Initiation of Less-Than-