ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS—Continued

Type of respondent	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)	Total burden hours
General Responder	World Trade Center Health Program Responder Application for Enrollment (Other than FDNY).	6,215	1	30/60	3,108
Pentagon/Shanksville Responder.	World Trade Center Health Program Pentagon/Shanksville Responder Application for Enrollment.	742	1	30/60	371
WTC Survivor	World Trade Center Health Program Survivor Application for Enrollment (all languages).	9,240	1	30/60	4,620
General responder	Clinic Selection Postcard for new general responders in NY/NJ to select a clinic.	3,830	1	15/60	958
Interested Party	Petition for the addition of health conditions	35	1	1	35
Program Applicants or Members.	Designated Representative Appointment Form.	1,300	1	15/60	325
Program Applicants or Members.	Designated Representative HIPAA Release Form.	1,300	1	15/60	325
Program Members	Member Satisfaction Survey	6,600	1	30/60	3,300
General Public	WTC Health Program HIPAA Authorization for Deceased Individuals.	30	1	15/60	8
Program Applicants or Members.	WTC Health Program General HIPAA Authorization to Third Parties.	30	1	15/60	8
Program Applicants or Members.	Designated Representative Appointment Form.	15	1	15/60	4
Youth Research Co- hort Enrollees.	Youth Research Cohort Registration Portal	6,000	1	30/60	3,000
Total					16,132

Jeffrey M. Zirger,

Lead, Information Collection Review Office, Office of Public Health Ethics and Regulations, Office of Science, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day-25-0607; Docket No. CDC-2024-0089]

Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of its continuing effort to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of government information, invites the general public and other federal agencies the opportunity to comment on a continuing information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This notice invites

comment on a proposed information collection project titled The National Violent Death Reporting System. (NVDRS). NVDRS is a state-based surveillance system developed to monitor the occurrence of violent deaths, including homicide, suicide, deaths due to legal intervention, deaths of undetermined intent, and unintentional firearm deaths in the U.S. **DATES:** CDC must receive written comments on or before January 3, 2025. ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. CDC-2024-0089 by either of the following methods: • Federal eRulemaking Portal:

 Federal eRulemaking Portal: www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

• Mail: Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS H21–8, Atlanta, Georgia 30329.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket Number. CDC will post, without change, all relevant comments to www.regulations.gov.

Please note: Submit all comments through the Federal eRulemaking portal (www.regulations.gov) or by U.S. mail to the address listed above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of

the information collection plan and instruments, contact Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS—D74, Atlanta, Georgia 30329; phone: 404–639–7570; email: omb@cdc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501-3520), Federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also requires Federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the Federal Register concerning each proposed collection of information, including each new proposed collection, each proposed extension of existing collection of information, and each reinstatement of previously approved information collection before submitting the collection to the OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, we are publishing this notice of a proposed data collection as described below.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments that will help:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

- 2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- 3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected:
- 4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses; and
 - 5. Assess information collection costs.

Proposed Project

The National Violence Death Reporting System (NVDRS) (OMB Control No. 0920–0607, Exp. 9/30/ 2025)—Revision—National Center for Injury Prevention and Control (NCIPC), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

Violence against others or oneself is a major public health problem in the United States and is a particular problem for the young: suicide and homicide were among the top four leading causes of death for Americans 10–44 and 1–34 years of age in 2022. A key to preventing these violent deaths is to understand and target their circumstances. Given the magnitude of

the problem, it is noteworthy that no national surveillance system for violent deaths existed in the U.S. until the National Violent Death Reporting System (NVDRS) was developed. NVDRS is a state-based surveillance system developed to monitor the occurrence of violent deaths (e.g., homicide, suicide, deaths due to legal intervention, deaths of undetermined intent, and unintentional firearm deaths) in the U.S. by collecting comprehensive data from multiple sources (e.g., death certificates, coroner/ medical examiner reports, law enforcement reports) into a useable, anonymous database.

CDC received initial OMB approval for NVDRS in November 2004 and renewals through July 2020. This Revision request includes several minor updates: (1) implement updates to the web-based system to improve performance, functionality, and accessibility; (2) add new data elements to the system; and (3) make minimal revisions to the NVDRS Coding Manual. The School Associated Violent Death (SAVD) module was added in the previous Revision request on July 2020, due to the discontinuation of the SAVD Surveillance System (OMB Control No. 0920–0604). SAVD currently monitors school-associated violent deaths across the U.S. by abstracting data from media reports. These data play an important role in assessing national trends in school-associated violent deaths and

helping inform efforts to prevent fatal school violence. To address duplication, the SAVD was phased out and the SAVD module in NVDRS will capture in depth information about such incidents. The Public Safety Officer Suicide Reporting module was also added to the system to capture more detailed information on suicides among public safety officers. This module includes information specific to first responders and builds upon elements collected as part of current NVDRS. Like the SAVD module, it is a tab in the NVDRS webbased system that only applies to a subset of incidents.

NVDRS is an ongoing surveillance system that captures annual violent death counts, CDC aggregates deidentified data from each state into one national database that is analyzed and released in annual reports and other publications. A restricted access database is available for researchers to request access to NVDRS data for analysis and a web-based query system is open for public use that allows for electronic querying of data. NVDRS generates public health surveillance information at the national, state, and local levels that is more detailed, useful, and timely. The information helps identify where prevention efforts need to be focused. CDC requests OMB approval for an estimated 41,827 annual burden hours. There are no costs to respondents other than their time to participate.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondent	Form name	Number of respondents	Number responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)	Total burden hours
Public Agencies	Web-based Data EntrySchool Associated Violent Death ModulePublic Safety Officer Suicide Reporting Module	56 45 56	1,350 1 429	30/60 30/60 10/60	37,800 23 4,004
Total					41,827

Jeffrey M. Zirger,

Lead, Information Collection Review Office, Office of Public Health Ethics and Regulations, Office of Science, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. FDA-2014-D-0055]

Voluntary Sodium Reduction Goals: Target Mean and Upper Bound Concentrations for Sodium in Commercially Processed, Packaged, and Prepared Foods (Edition 2); Draft Guidance for Industry; Extension of Comment Period

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice of availability; extension of comment period.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA or we) is extending the comment period for a draft guidance for industry entitled "Voluntary Sodium Reduction Goals: Target Mean and Upper Bound Concentrations for Sodium in Commercially Processed, Packaged, and Prepared Foods (Edition 2)." The draft guidance, when finalized, will describe our views on the next voluntary goals (Phase II (3-year)) for sodium reduction in a variety of identified categories of