FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Stephannie Oriabure, Chief of Staff, Civil Rights Cold Case Records Review Board, 1800 F Street NW, Washington, DC 20405, (771) 221–0014, *info@ coldcaserecords.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

| Agency | Number of pages |
|--------|---|
| NARA | 60 |
| FBI | 1 |
| NARA | 3 |
| NARA | 174 |
| NARA | 23 |
| NARA | 34 |
| NARA | 3 |
| NARA | 106 |
| | NARA FBI NARA NARA NARA NARA NARA |

Authority: Public Law 115–426, 132 Stat. 5489 (44 U.S.C. 2107)

Dated: October 17, 2024.

Stephannie Oriabure,

Chief of Staff.

[FR Doc. 2024–24636 Filed 10–23–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6820–SY–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 2169]

Activation Limit Increase Under Alternative Site Framework; Foreign-Trade Zone 75; Phoenix, Arizona

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, the Foreign-Trade Zones (FTZ) Act provides for ". . . the establishment . . . of foreign-trade zones in ports of entry of the United States, to expedite and encourage foreign commerce, and for other purposes," and authorizes the Board to grant to qualified corporations the privilege of establishing foreign-trade zones in or adjacent to U.S. Customs and Border Protection ports of entry;

Whereas, the Board adopted the alternative site framework (ASF) (15 CFR 400.2(c)) as an option for the establishment or reorganization of zones;

Whereas, the City of Phoenix, grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone 75, submitted an application to the Board (FTZ Docket B– 25–2024, docketed April 19, 2024) for authority to increase the activation limit of the zone under the ASF to 3,000 acres;

Whereas, the application has been processed pursuant to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations; and,

Whereas, the Board adopts the findings and recommendations of the examiners' report, and finds that the requirements of the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations are satisfied;

Now, therefore, the Board hereby orders:

The application to increase the activation limit of the zone under the ASF to 3,000 acres is approved, subject to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations, including section 400.13.

Dated: October 18, 2024.

Dawn Shackleford,

Executive Director of Trade Agreements Policy & Negotiations, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

[FR Doc. 2024–24752 Filed 10–23–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[B-43-2024]

Foreign-Trade Zone 3; Application for Production Authority; Phillips 66 Company; (Renewable Fuels and By-Products); Rodeo, California; Correction

SUMMARY: The **Federal Register** notice published on August 14, 2024 regarding the application submitted to the Foreign-Trade Zones (FTZ) Board by the San Francisco Port Commission, grantee of FTZ 3, on behalf of Phillips 66 Company (Phillips) is being corrected.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Juanita Chen at *juanita.chen@trade.gov* or 202–482–1378.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Correction

In the **Federal Register** of August 14, 2024, in FR Doc. 2024–18105, on page 66033, in the second column, the sentence "Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period to October 28, 2024." is corrected to read as "Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period to October 30, 2024.".

Dated: August 8, 2024.

Elizabeth Whiteman,

Executive Secretary. [FR Doc. 2024–23988 Filed 10–23–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-117]

Wood Mouldings and Millwork Products From the People's Republic of China: Amended Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2022–2023

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) is amending the final results of the administrative review of the antidumping duty order on wood mouldings and millwork products (WMMP) from the People's Republic of China (China) to correct a ministerial error. The period of review (POR) is February 1, 2022, through January 31, 2023.

DATES: Applicable October 24, 2024. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Brian Smith or Hannah Lee, AD/CVD Operations, Office VIII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–1766 or (202) 482–1216, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On September 17, 2024, Commerce received timely submitted ministerial error allegations from the Coalition of American Millwork Producers (the petitioner)¹ with respect to the margin calculations for Jinquan/Baiyuan,² one of the two mandatory respondents.³ No other parties submitted comments. On September 18, 2024, Commerce published the *Final Results* in the **Federal Register**.⁴ We are amending the *Final Results* to correct one of the petitioner's alleged ministerial errors while finding the other allegation to be

³ The other mandatory respondent in this administrative review is Fujian Yinfeng Imp & Exp Trading Co., Ltd./Fujian Province Youxi City Mangrove Wood Machining Co., Ltd.

⁴ See Wood Mouldings and Millwork Products from the People's Republic of China: Final Results and Partial Rescission in Part, of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2022–2023, 89 FR 76452 (September 18, 2024) (Final Results), and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum (IDM).

¹ See Petitioner's Letter, "Ministerial Error Allegations," dated September 17, 2024 (Ministerial Error Comments).

² The full names for the companies included in this collapsed entity are Fujian Jinquan Trade Co., Ltd./Baiyuan Wood Machining Co., Ltd. (Jinquan/ Baiyuan).

methodological in nature rather than a clerical error.⁵

Legal Framework

Section 751(h) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), defines a "ministerial error" as including "errors in addition, subtraction, or other arithmetic function, clerical errors resulting from inaccurate copying, duplication, or the like, and any other unintentional error which the administering authority considers ministerial."⁶ With respect to final results of administrative reviews. 19 CFR 351.224(e) provides that Commerce "will analyze any comments received and, if appropriate, correct any . . . ministerial error by amending the final results of review. . . ."

Ministerial Error

In the Final Results, we stated that we recalculated the freight revenue cap for

Jinquan/Baiyuan.⁷ In its Ministerial Error Comments, the petitioner alleged that while Commerce correctly calculated the freight revenue cap, Commerce incorrectly applied it to the original gross unit price by: (a) failing to remove the freight expenses from the price; and (b) incorrectly subtracting, rather than adding, the freight revenue cap to the price.⁸

We agree with the petitioner that we made a ministerial error pursuant to section 751(h) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.224(f). Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.224(e), we are amending the Final Results to correct this ministerial error in the calculation of the weightedaverage dumping margin for Jinquan/ Baiyuan. As a result, the margin changes from 4.25 percent to 4.68 percent. Furthermore, based on the revised weighted-average dumping margin calculated for Jinguan/Baiyuan, we are

also amending the rate for the companies not selected for individual examination in this review, which changes from 4.25 percent to 4.68 percent.

For a complete discussion of the ministerial error allegation, as well as Commerce's analysis, see the Ministerial Error Memorandum.⁹ The Ministerial Error Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via ACCESS. ACCESS is available to registered users at https://access. trade.gov.

Amended Final Results of Review

As a result of correcting the ministerial error described above, we determine the following estimated amended weighted-average dumping margins for the period February 1, 2022, through January 31, 2023:

| Exporters | Weighted-average dumping margin (percent) |
|---|---|
| Fujian Jinquan Trade Co., Ltd./Baiyuan Wood Machining Co., Ltd | 4.68 |
| Non-Selected Companies Under Review Receiving a Separate Rate ¹⁰ | 4.68 |

Disclosure

We intend to disclose the calculations performed in connection with these amended final results of review to interested parties within five days of the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Assessment Rates

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.212(b), Commerce has determined, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise in accordance with the amended final results of review. Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP for Jinguan/Baiyuan and the non-selected companies under review receiving a separate rate no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the amended final results in the Federal **Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request

for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.*, within 90 days of publication).

Because Jinguan/Baiyuan's ad valorem weighted-average final dumping margin is not zero or de *minimis* (*i.e.*, less than 0.50 percent), we have calculated importer-specific assessment rates for this respondent, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1).11 For sales for which Jinquan/Baiyuan reported entered value, we have calculated importer-specific ad valorem assessment rates based on the ratio of the total amount of dumping calculated for each importer's examined sales to the total entered value of those sales. in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1). For sales for which Jinguan/Baiyuan did not report entered value, we have calculated importer-specific per-unit duty assessment rates based on the ratio of the total amount of antidumping duties calculated for the examined sales to the total quantity of those sales. To determine whether an importer-specific, per-unit assessment rate is *de minimis*, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.106(c)(2), we also calculated an

⁸ See Ministerial Error Comments at 1-2.

importer-specific ad valorem ratio based on estimated entered values.

For entries that were not reported in the U.S. sales databases submitted by Jinquan/Baiyuan during this review, Commerce will instruct CBP to liquidate such entries at the China-wide rate (i.e., 220.87 percent).

For the respondents not selected for individual examination in this administrative review that qualified for a separate rate, the assessment rate will be equal to Jinguan/Baiyuan's amended cash deposit rate (*i.e.*, 4.68 percent).

Cash Deposit Requirements

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of the amended final results of this administrative review for all shipments of the subject merchandise from China entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: for Jinguan/Baiyuan and the other companies which were found eligible for a separate rate, the cash deposit rate will be 4.68 percent.

⁵ See Memorandum, "Analysis of Ministerial Error Allegations," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Ministerial Error Memorandum).

⁶ See 19 CFR 351.224(f).

⁷ See Final Results IDM at Comment 6.

⁹ See also Memorandum, "Amended Final Results Margin Calculation for Jinquan/Baiyuan," dated concurrently with this memorandum. ¹⁰ See Appendix.

¹¹ In these amended final results, Commerce applied the assessment rate calculation method adopted in Antidumping Proceedings: Calculation of the Weighted-Average Dumping Margin and Assessment Rate in Certain Antidumping Proceedings: Final Modification, 77 FR 8101 (February 14, 2012).

Notification to Importers Regarding the Reimbursement of Duties

This notice also serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this POR. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties has occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties, and/or increase in the amount of antidumping duties by the amount of the countervailing duties.

Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials, or conversion to judicial protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing these amended final results of administrative review and notice in accordance with sections 751(h) and 777(i) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.224(e).

Dated: October 18, 2024.

Ryan Majerus,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

Non-Selected Companies Under Review Receiving a Separate Rate

- 1. Anji Huaxin Bamboo & Wood Products Co., Ltd.
- 2. Composite Technology International, Limited
- Fujian Hongjia Craft Products Co., Ltd.
 Fujian Sanming City Donglai Wood Co.,
- Ltd. 5. Fujian Wangbin Decorative Material Co., Ltd.
- 6. Fujian Youxi Best Arts & Crafts Co. Ltd.
- 7. Huaan Longda Wood Industry Co., Ltd.
- 8. Jiangsu Wenfeng Wood Co., Ltd.
- 9. Longquan Jiefeng Trade Co., Ltd.
- 10. Nanping Huatai Wood & Bamboo Co., Ltd.
- 11. Nicer Window Fashions Co., Ltd.
- 12. Putian Yihong Wood Industry Co., Ltd.
- 13. Qimen Jianxing Bamboo and Wood Goods

- Co., Ltd.
- 14. Rui Xing Wooden Products Co., Ltd.
- 15. Shandong Miting Household Co., Ltd.
- 16. Shaxian Hengtong Wood Industry Co., Ltd.
- 17. Shaxian Shiyiwood, Ltd.
- 18. Shuyang Kevin International Co., Ltd.
- 19. Sun Valley Shade Co., Ltd.
- Suqian Sulu Import & Export Trading Co., Ltd.
- 21. Zhangzhou Wangjiamei Industry & Trade Co., Ltd.
- 22. Zhangzhou Yihong Industrial Co., Ltd.

[FR Doc. 2024-24750 Filed 10-23-24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-075, C-570-076]

Certain Plastic Decorative Ribbons From China: Continuation of Antidumping Duty Order and Countervailing Duty Order

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: As a result of the determinations by the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) and the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) that revocation of the antidumping duty (AD) order and countervailing duty (CVD) order on certain plastic decorative ribbon (plastic ribbon) from China would likely lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping, and countervailable subsidies, and material injury to an industry in the United States, Commerce is publishing a notice of continuation of these AD and CVD orders.

DATES: Applicable September 11, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sarah Keith, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0264.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On March 22, 2019, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the AD and CVD orders on plastic ribbon from China.¹ On February 1, 2024, the ITC instituted,² and Commerce initiated,³ the first sunset review of the *Orders*, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). As a result of its review, Commerce determined that revocation of the *Orders* would likely lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping and countervailable subsidies, and therefore, notified the ITC of the magnitude of the margins of dumping and subsidy rates likely to prevail should the *Orders* be revoked.⁴

On September 11, 2024, the ITC published its determination, pursuant to sections 751(c) and 752(a) of the Act, that revocation of the *Orders* would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time.⁵

Scope of the Orders

The merchandise covered by the *Orders* is certain plastic decorative ribbon from China. For a complete description of the scope of the *Orders, see* the appendix to this notice.

Continuation of the Orders

As a result of the determinations by Commerce and the ITC that revocation of the *Orders* would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping, countervailable subsidies, and material injury to an industry in the United States, pursuant to section 751(d)(2) of the Act, Commerce hereby orders the continuation of the *Orders*. U.S. Customs and Border Protection will continue to collect AD and CVD cash deposits at the rates in effect at the time of entry for all imports of subject merchandise.

The effective date of the continuation of the *Orders* will be September 11, 2024.⁶ Pursuant to section 751(c)(2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(c)(2), Commerce intends to initiate the next five-year reviews of the *Orders* not later than 30 days prior to fifth anniversary of the date of the last determination by the ITC.

Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice also serves as a final reminder to parties subject to an APO of

¹ See Certain Plastic Decorative Ribbon from the People's Republic of China: Amended Final Affirmative Antidumping Duty Determination and Antidumping Duty Order; and Countervailing Duty Order, 84 FR 10786 (March 22, 2019).

² See Plastic Decorative Ribbon from China; Institution of Five-Year Reviews, 89 FR 6540 (February 1, 2024).

³ See Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Reviews, 89 FR 6499 (February 1, 2024).

⁴ See Certain Plastic Decorative Ribbon from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Expedited Sunset Review of the Antidumping Duty Order, 89 FR 48376 (June 6, 2024), and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum (IDM); see also Certain Plastic Decorative Ribbon From the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Expedited First Sunset Reviews of the Countervailing Duty Order, 89 FR 48554 (June 7, 2024), and accompanying IDM.

⁵ See Plastic Decorative Ribbon from China, 89 FR 73719 (September 11, 2024). ⁶ Id.