I. Executive Order 12898: Federal Actions To Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations and Executive Order 14096: Revitalizing Our Nation's Commitment to Environmental Justice for All

Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629. February 16, 1994) directs Federal agencies, to the greatest extent practicable and permitted by law, to make environmental justice part of their mission by identifying and addressing, as appropriate, disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects of their programs, policies, and activities on communities with environmental justice concerns.

The EPA believes that this action does not concern human health or environmental conditions and therefore cannot be evaluated with respect to potentially disproportionate and adverse effects on communities with environmental justice concerns. This action does not change the underlying standards that have an impact on human health and the environment.

K. Congressional Review Act (CRA)

This action is subject to the CRA, and the EPA will submit a rule report to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

## List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 63

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Hazardous substances, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

## Michael S. Regan,

Administrator.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) amends Title 40, chapter I, of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) as follows:

## **PART 63—NATIONAL EMISSION** STANDARDS FOR HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS FOR SOURCE CATEGORIES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 63 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

#### Subpart HH—National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Oil and Natural Gas Production Facilities

■ 2. Section 63.760 is amended by adding paragraph (i) to read as follows:

## §63.760 Applicability and designation of affected source.

(i) Emissions standards in this subpart apply at all times.

#### §63.761 [Amended]

■ 3. Section 63.761 is amended by removing the definition "Affirmative defense".

#### §63.762 [Removed and Reserved]

■ 4. Section 63.762 is removed and reserved.

#### Subpart HHH—National Emission **Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants** From Natural Gas Transmission and **Storage Facilities**

■ 5. Section 63.1270 is amended by adding paragraph (g) to read as follows.

#### §63.1270 Applicability and designation of affected source.

\* (g) Emissions standards in this subpart apply at all times.

#### §63.1271 [Amended]

\*

■ 6. Section 63.1271 is amended by removing the definition "Affirmative defense".

#### §63.1272 [Removed and Reserved]

■ 7. Section 63.1272 is removed and reserved.

[FR Doc. 2024-24288 Filed 10-21-24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

#### 50 CFR Part 660

[Docket No. 221206-0261]

RIN 0648-BN32

#### Magnuson-Stevens Act Provisions; Fisheries Off West Coast States; Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery; 2023–2024 Biennial Specifications and Management Measures; Inseason Adjustments

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Final rule; inseason adjustments to biennial groundfish management measures.

**SUMMARY:** This final rule announces routine inseason adjustments to management measures in commercial groundfish fisheries. This action is

intended to allow fishing vessels to access more abundant groundfish stocks while protecting rebuilding stocks. **DATES:** This final rule is effective October 22, 2024.

**ADDRESSES:** *Electronic Access:* This rule is accessible via the internet at the Office of the Federal Register website at https://www.federalregister.gov. Background information and documents are available at the Pacific Fishery Management Council's website at https://www.pcouncil.org/.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Sean Matson, phone: 206-526-6187 or email: sean.matson@noaa.gov.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Background

The Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery Management Plan (PCGFMP) and its implementing regulations at title 50 in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), part 660, subparts C through G, regulate fishing for over 90 species of groundfish seaward of Washington, Oregon, and California. The Pacific Fisherv Management Council (Council) develops groundfish harvest specifications and management measures for 2-year periods (biennia). NMFS published the final rule to implement harvest specifications and management measures for the 2023-2024 biennium for most species managed under the PCGFMP on December 16, 2022 (87 FR 77007). The management measures set at the start of the biennial harvest specifications cycle help the various sectors of the fishery attain, but not exceed, the catch limits for each stock. The Council, in coordination with Pacific Coast Treaty Indian Tribes and the States of Washington, Oregon, and California, recommends adjustments to the management measures during the fishing year to achieve this goal.

At its September 2024 meeting, the Council recommended an assortment of modifications that included corrections and adjustments, to commercial fixed gear trip limits and incidental catch limits, for limited entry (LE) and open access (OA) fisheries for the remainder of 2024. Stocks and complexes with recommended changes included the other fish complex south of 40°10' N lat., minor nearshore rockfish south of 40°10′ N lat., and cabezon in California. Potential changes were analyzed and ultimately recommended after updated information regarding projected catch and attainment became available, as well as requests from industry.

Pacific Coast groundfish fisheries are managed using harvest specifications or limits (e.g., overfishing limits,

acceptable biological catch, annual catch limits and harvest guidelines) recommended biennially by the Council and based on the best scientific information available at that time (50 CFR 660.60(b)). During development of the harvest specifications, the Council also recommends management measures (*e.g.*, trip limits, area closures, and bag limits) that are meant to control catch so as not to exceed the harvest specifications. The harvest specifications and management measures developed for the 2023–2024 biennium used data through the 2021 fishing year. Each of the adjustments to management measures discussed below are based on updated fisheries information that was unavailable when the analysis for the current harvest specifications was completed. As new fisheries data becomes available, adjustments to management measures are projected so as to help harvesters achieve but not exceed the harvest limits.

#### Other Fish Limited Entry Trip Limit South of 40°10' N Lat. (Correction)

In the September 2024 meeting, the Council recommended that the trip limit for the "other fish" complex be changed from zero pounds (lb) per 2 months, to unlimited for the limited entry fixed gear (LEFG) fishery south of 40°10' N lat. during November and December of 2024 (table 1), to correct an inadvertent change made in the inseason action from November 2023, which became effective in January 2024.

# TABLE 1—TRIP LIMIT STRUCTURE FOR LE FG "OTHER FISH" COMPLEX SOUTH OF 40°10' N LAT., IN CURRENT REGULATION AND RECOMMENDED BY COUNCIL IN SEPTEMBER 2024

Option	January-October	November-December

#### LEFG and OA Minor Nearshore Rockfish South of 40°10' N Lat., and Cabezon in California

The Council recommended at their September 2024 meeting, in agreement with analyses by the Council's Groundfish Management Team (GMT) and the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW), discussion with the Groundfish Advisory Subpanel and enforcement consultants, to change the management lines on LEFG and open access (OA) trip limits in Federal regulation for cabezon in California, as well as shallow and deeper nearshore rockfish (within the minor nearshore rockfish south of 40°10' N lat. complex) from 36° N lat. to 37°07' N lat. (tables 2 and 3). This was done to align trip limits with current non-trawl rockfish conservation area boundaries (implemented April 1, 2024), align State and Federal regulations, prevent regulatory and enforcement confusion, and to better serve conservation needs of quillback rockfish (recently designated as overfished), while minimizing corresponding constraints to fishery participants by utilizing more spatially precise management measures. Similar changes were recommended in March 2024 (implemented April 2024) for lingcod, shelf rockfish, and other flatfish, to allow more spatially precise management measures, for both better quillback conservation, and better concurrent access to other target species. CDFW has taken State action to move their latitude line for quillback related closures from 36° to 37°07' N lat. for the same reasons (State/Federal coordination, and benefits of spatially precise management).

# TABLE 2—TRIP LIMIT STRUCTURE FOR LEFG AND OA MINOR NEARSHORE ROCKFISH SOUTH OF 40°10' N LAT., IN CURRENT REGULATION AND RECOMMENDED BY COUNCIL IN SEPTEMBER 2024

Option	Habitat	Management area	Trip limits
Current regula- tion.	Shallow nearshore	40°10′ N lat.–36° N lat South of 36° N lat	0 lb (0 kg)/2 months. 2,000 lb (907 kg)/2 months.
	Deeper nearshore	40°10′ N lat.–36° N lat South of 36° N lat	
Council rec- ommended.	Shallow nearshore	40°10′ N lat.–37°07′ N lat South of 37°07′ N lat	,
	Deeper nearshore	40°10' N lat37°07' N lat South of 37°07' N lat	

# TABLE 3—TRIP LIMIT STRUCTURE FOR LE FG AND OA CABEZON IN CALIFORNIA, SOUTH OF 40°10' N LAT., IN CURRENT REGULATION AND RECOMMENDED BY COUNCIL IN SEPTEMBER 2024

Option	Management area	Trip limits
Council recommended		0 lb (0 kg)/2 months. Unlimited. 0 lb (0 kg)/2 months. Unlimited.

Therefore, the Council recommended and NMFS is implementing, by modifying table 2 South to part 660, subpart E, and table 3 South to part 660, subpart F, changes to the management lines on LEFG and OA trip limits in Federal regulation for cabezon in California, as well as shallow and deeper nearshore rockfish (both part of the minor nearshore rockfish south of 40°10' N lat. complex) from 36° N lat. to 37°07' N lat. (tables 2 and 3). These changes will start with Period 5 (November and December) and remain in place through the end of 2024 and beyond, unless otherwise modified.

#### Retention Limits for Incidental Catch of Pacific Halibut North of Pt. Chehalis

Pacific halibut is internationally managed by the International Pacific Halibut Commission and NMFS. A catch sharing plan is published each year by NMFS; the 2024 plan (89 FR 19275, March 18, 2024) states that the non-treaty incidental catch in sablefish fishery (north of Pt. Chehalis) is 50,000 lb (22.7 metric tons). At the September 2024 meeting, the Council recommended to increase retention limits for the remainder of 2024, for incidental catch of Pacific halibut in the primary sablefish fishery north of Pt. Chehalis. This would represent an increase from the current limit in regulation of 130 lb (59 kg) of halibut per 1,000 lb (454 kg) of dressed sablefish plus two halibut, to 150 lb (68 kg) of halibut per 1,000 lb (454 kg) of dressed sablefish plus two halibut. This action was requested in order to help sablefish fishers north of Pt. Chehalis increase the utilization of their sablefish allocation without exceeding the halibut allocation. The GMT projected an inconsequential increase in already low attainment of the incidental halibut limit, from 52 to 55 percent, if the measure were implemented (table 4).

# TABLE 4—PROJECTED INCIDENTAL PACIFIC HALIBUT LANDINGS IN THE PRIMARY SABLEFISH FISHERY NORTH OF POINT CHEHALIS UNDER CURRENT REGULATION AND COUNCIL RECOMMENDED INCIDENTAL TRIP LIMITS

Option	Landing ratio	Projected landings (net wt. lb) through December 7	Allocation (net wt. lb)	Attainment (%)
Status Quo	130 lb (59 kg) halibut per 1,000 lb sablefish landed and up to 2 halibut in excess of limit.	25,871 (11,735 kg)	50,000 lb (22,680 kg).	52
Alternative 1	150 lb (68 kg) halibut per 1,000 lb sablefish landed and up to 2 halibut in excess of limit.	27,609 (12,523 kg)		55

Therefore, the Council recommended and NMFS is implementing, by modifying regulation text in §660.60, paragraph (b)(3)(iv) to read as follows: "Incidental Pacific halibut retention north of Pt. Chehalis, WA (46°53.30' N lat.). From April 1 through the closure date set by the International Pacific Halibut Commission for Pacific halibut in all commercial fisheries, vessels authorized to participate in the sablefish primary fishery, licensed by the International Pacific Halibut Commission for commercial fishing in Area 2A (waters off Washington, Oregon, California), and fishing with longline gear north of Pt. Chehalis, WA (46°53.30' N lat.) may possess and land up to 150 lb (68 kg) dressed weight of Pacific halibut for every 1,000 lb (454 kg) dressed weight of sablefish landed, and up to two additional Pacific halibut in excess of the 150-lb-per-1,000-lb limit per landing. NMFS publishes the International Pacific Halibut Commission's regulations setting forth annual management measures, including the closure date for Pacific halibut in all commercial fisheries, in the Federal Register by March 15 each year, 50 CFR 300.62. "Dressed" Pacific halibut in this area means halibut landed eviscerated with their heads on. Pacific halibut taken and retained in the sablefish primary fishery north of Pt. Chehalis may only be landed north of Pt. Chehalis and may not be possessed or landed south of Pt. Chehalis."

# Classification

This final rule makes routine inseason adjustments to groundfish fishery management measures, based on the best scientific information available, consistent with the PCGFMP and its implementing regulations.

This action is taken under the authority of 50 CFR 660.60(c) and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

The aggregate data upon which these actions are based, are available for public inspection by contacting Dr. Sean Matson in NMFS West Coast Region (see **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**, above), or view at the NMFS West Coast Groundfish website: https:// www.fisheries.noaa.gov/species/westcoast-groundfish.

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(b), NMFS finds good cause to waive prior public notice and an opportunity for public comment on this action, as notice and comment would be impracticable and contrary to the public interest. The adjustments to management measures in this document update management line designations on trip limits for cabezon in California. and minor nearshore rockfish south of 40°10' N lat., and allow additional incidental retention of bycaught Pacific halibut north of Pt. Chehalis to allow additional economic opportunity while keeping catch within allocations established by the 2023-2024 harvest specifications, and the 2024 halibut catch sharing plan, respectively.

The latitude line changes on trip limits in the LE and OA sectors are

necessary to enable and spatially precise management for adequate conservation, and to minimize catch of quillback rockfish, which was recently determined to be overfished (NMFS notified the Council of the overfished status determination for quillback rockfish on December 14, 2023), while allowing fishing for other species to continue in areas where it may otherwise need to be closed if the changes were not made. The changes also are necessary to enable effective enforcement by aligning spatial management for these species across State and Federal waters boundaries. Increases to retention of incidentally caught halibut are necessary to enable more effective attainment of the sablefish allocation without exceeding the halibut allocation.

Delaying implementation to allow for public comment would likely reduce the economic benefits to the commercial fishing industry and the businesses that rely on that industry, because it is unlikely the new regulations would publish and could be implemented in time to realize the projected benefits to fishing communities and the resource. A delay in implementation could also contribute to unnecessarily discarded and largely wasted fish, which could otherwise be landed to provide food and revenue, and responsible use of the resource. Therefore, providing a comment period for this action could significantly limit the economic benefits to the fishery, and would hamper the achievement of optimum yield from the affected fisheries.

Therefore, the NMFS finds reason to waive the 30-day delay in effectiveness pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(1) so that this final rule may become effective upon publication in the Federal Register. The adjustments to management measures in this document affect fisheries by increasing opportunity and allowing greater economic benefit. These adjustments were requested by the Council's advisory bodies, as well as members of industry during the Council's September 2024 meeting, and recommended unanimously by the Council. No aspect of this action is controversial, and changes of this nature were anticipated in the biennial harvest specifications and management measures established through a notice and comment rulemaking for 2023-2024 (87 FR 77007).

## List of Subjects in 50 CFR Part 660

Fisheries, Fishing, Indian fisheries.

Dated: October 16, 2024. Karen H. Abrams,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, NMFS amends 50 CFR part 660 as follows:

## PART 660—FISHERIES OFF WEST COAST STATES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 660 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*, 16 U.S.C. 773 *et seq.*, and 16 U.S.C. 7001 *et seq.* 

■ 2. In § 660.231, revise paragraph (b)(3)(iv) to read as follows:

- \* \* \* \* \*
  - (b) \* \* \*
  - (3) \* \* \*

(iv) Incidental Pacific halibut retention north of Pt. Chehalis, WA (46°53.30' N lat.). From April 1 through the closure date set by the International Pacific Halibut Commission for Pacific halibut in all commercial fisheries, vessels authorized to participate in the sablefish primary fishery, licensed by the International Pacific Halibut

Commission for commercial fishing in Area 2A (waters off Washington, Oregon, California), and fishing with longline gear north of Pt. Chehalis, WA (46°53.30' N lat.) may possess and land up to 150 lb (68 kg) dressed weight of Pacific halibut for every 1,000 lb (454 kg) dressed weight of sablefish landed, and up to two additional Pacific halibut in excess of the 150-lb-per-1,000-lb limit per landing. NMFS publishes the International Pacific Halibut Commission's regulations setting forth annual management measures, including the closure date for Pacific halibut in all commercial fisheries, in the Federal Register by March 15 each year, 50 CFR 300.62. "Dressed" Pacific halibut in this area means halibut landed eviscerated with their heads on. Pacific halibut taken and retained in the sablefish primary fishery north of Pt. Chehalis may only be landed north of Pt. Chehalis and may not be possessed or landed south of Pt. Chehalis.

■ 3. Revise table 2 (South) to part 660, subpart E, to read as follows: BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

ackfich Concernation Area (DCA) <sup>1/.</sup>	JAN-FEB MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC				
ockfish Conservation Area (RCA) <sup>1/</sup> : 40°10' N lat 37°07' N lat.		Shoreward EEZ	1/ 75 fm line <sup>1/</sup>						
37°07' N lat 34°27' N lat.		50 fm line <sup>1/</sup> -							
South of 34°27' N lat.	100 fm lino <sup>1/</sup>	- 150 fm line <sup>1/</sup> (also ap		de and banks)					
					20.70.000.70.60				
ee §§660.60 and 660.230 for additional gear, trip conservation area descriptions a	nd coordinates (including RCAs,				560.76-660.7910				
Minor Slope rockfish <sup>2/</sup> & Darkblotched rockfish	40,000 lb/ 2 month	ns, of which no more t		be blackgill rockfish					
Splitnose rockfish		40,000 lb/ 2	2 months						
Sablefish									
	40°10' N lat 36°00' N lat. 4,500 lb/ week, not to exceed 9,000 lb /2 months 7,000 lb/ week, not to exceed 14,000 lb /2 months South of 36°00' N lat 2,500 lb/ week								
South of 36°00' N lat.		2,500 lb/ 2							
Shortspine thornyhead		10,000 lb/ 2	2 11011018						
40°10' N lat 34°27' N lat.	2,000 lb/ 2 months			2,500 lb/ 2 months					
South of 34°27' N lat.	;	3,000 lb/ 2	months						
Dover sole, arrowtooth flounder, petrale sole,		10,000 lb/	/ month						
English sole, starry flounder		10,000		· · · · ·	1				
Other Flatfish <sup>3/</sup>									
40°10' N lat 37°07' N lat.	10,000 lb/ month seav			side the non-trawl R	CA				
South of 37°07' N lat.		10,000 lb. 10,000 l							
Minor Shelf Rockfish <sup>2/</sup>		10,000	ior uip						
40°10' N lat 37°07' N lat.	6.000 lb/ 2 month	hs, of which no more t	than 500 lb mav be	e vermilion/sunset					
37°07' N lat 34°27' N lat.		eriod, of which no mo			:				
South of 34°27' N lat.	5,000 lb/ 2 month	s, of which no more th	nan 3,000 lb may b	e vermilion/sunset					
Widow rockfish									
40°10' N lat 34°27' N lat. South of 34°27' N lat.		10,000 lb/ 2							
Chilipepper rockfish		8,000 lb/ 2	monuns						
40°10' N lat 34°27' N lat.		40.000 # /	0						
South of 34°27' N lat.		10,000 lb. /							
Canary rockfish	8,000 lb. / 2 months 3,500 lb/ 2 months								
Yelloweye rockfish	CLOSED								
Quillback rockfish	0 lb/ 2 months								
Cowcod		CLOS							
Bronzespotted rockfish Bocaccio		CLOS							
Minor Nearshore Rockfish		8,000 lb/ 2	monuns						
40°10' N lat 37°07' N lat. Shallow nearshore <sup>4/</sup>		0 lb/ 2 m	onths						
South of 37°07' N lat. Shallow nearshore <sup>4/</sup>	2,000 lb/ 2 months								
40°10' N lat 37°07' N lat. Deeper nearshore <sup>5/</sup>	0 lb/ 2 months								
South of 37°07' N lat. Deeper nearshore <sup>5/</sup>	2,000 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 75 lb may be copper rockfish								
California Scorpionfish		3,500 lb/ 2							
Lingcod <sup>6/</sup>									
40°10' N lat 37°07' N lat.	1,600 lb / 2 months seawa			ns inside the non-trav	MRCA				
South of 37°07' N lat.		1,600 lb / 2							
		1,000 lb/ 2 150,000 lb/ 2							
<sup>4</sup> Spiny dogfish	200,000 lb/ 2 months	months		100,000 lb/ 2 months	3				
Longnose skate		Unlim	ited						
Other Fish <sup>7/</sup>		0 lb / 2 months			Unlimited				
7 Cabezon in California 40°10' N lat 37°07' N lat.		0 lb/ 2 m	onths						
South of 37°07' N lat.	·	Unlimi							
Big Skate		Unlimi							
The Rockfish Conservation Area is an area closed to fishing b									
and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This	ry lines that define the RCA may close are								
and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This depth contour boundary south of $42^{\circ}$ N lat.), and the boundar									
and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This depth contour boundary south of 42° N lat.), and the bounda than the depth contour. Vessels that are subject to RCA res	trictions may not fish in the RCA, or operat		and line only						
and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This depth contour boundary south of $42^{\circ}$ N lat.), and the boundar	trictions may not fish in the RCA, or operat		and line only.						
and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This depth contour boundary south of 42° N lat ), and the boundar than the depth contour. Vessels that are subject to RCA resother than transiting. LEFG vessels may be allowed to fish in	trictions may not fish in the RCA, or operat nside groundfish conservation areas using r	non-bottom contact hook		ill rockfish have a					
and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This depth contour boundary south of 42° N lat.), and the boundar than the depth contour. Vessels that are subject to RCA resother than transiting. LEFG vessels may be allowed to fish in See § 660.230 (d) of the regulations for more information. Minor Shelf and Slope Rockfish complexes are defined at § 6 species specific trip sub-limit within the Minor Slope Rockfish	trictions may not fish in the RCA, or operat nside groundfish conservation areas using r 360.11. Pacific ocean perch is included in th	non-bottom contact hook ne trip limits for Minor Slo	ope Rockfish. Blackg						
and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This depth contour boundary south of $42^{\circ}$ N lat.), and the boundar than the depth contour. Vessels that are subject to RCA resorber than transiting. LEFG vessels may be allowed to fish in See § 660.230 (d) of the regulations for more information. Minor Shelf and Slope Rockfish complexes are defined at § 6 species specific trip sub-limit within the Minor Slope Rockfish rockfish have a species specific trip limit.	trictions may not fish in the RCA, or operat nside groundfish conservation areas using r 60.11. Pacific ocean perch is included in th h cumulative limit. Yellowtail rockfish are inc	non-bottom contact hook ne trip limits for Minor Sk cluded in the trip limits fo	ope Rockfish. Blackg r Minor Shelf Rockfi						
and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This depth contour boundary south of 42° N lat.), and the boundar than the depth contour. Vessels that are subject to RCA res other than transitting. LEFG vessels may be allowed to fish in See § 660.230 (d) of the regulations for more information. Minor Shelf and Slope Rockfish complexes are defined at § 6 species specific trip sub-limit within the Minor Slope Rockfish rockfish have a species specific trip limit. "Other Flatfish" are defined at § 660.11 and include butter sol	trictions may not fish in the RCA, or operat nside groundfish conservation areas using r 60.11. Pacific ocean perch is included in th h cumulative limit. Yellowtail rockfish are inc e, curlfin sole, flathead sole, Pacific sandda	non-bottom contact hook ne trip limits for Minor Sk cluded in the trip limits fo	ope Rockfish. Blackg r Minor Shelf Rockfi						
and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This depth contour boundary south of $42^{\circ}$ N lat.), and the boundar than the depth contour. Vessels that are subject to RCA resorber than transiting. LEFG vessels may be allowed to fish in See § 660.230 (d) of the regulations for more information. Minor Shelf and Slope Rockfish complexes are defined at § 6 species specific trip sub-limit within the Minor Slope Rockfish rockfish have a species specific trip limit.	trictions may not fish in the RCA, or operat nside groundfish conservation areas using r i60.11. Pacific ocean perch is included in th h cumulative limit. Yellowtail rockfish are inc e, curlfin sole, flathead sole, Pacific sandda sh" (7)(i)(B)(1).	non-bottom contact hook ne trip limits for Minor Sk cluded in the trip limits fo	ope Rockfish. Blackg r Minor Shelf Rockfi						

To convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.

# ■ 4. Revise table 3 (South) to part 660, subpart F, to read as follows:

# Table 3 (South) to Part 660, Subpart F -- Non-Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Trip Limits for Open Access Gears South of 40°10' N lat.

Ia	ble 3 (South) to Part 660, Subpart F Non-Trawl Ro Other limits and requirements apply Read §§660.10 th				imits for Open Acce	ess Gears South o	of 40°10' N lat.	11/1/2	0024
	Other limits and requirements apply Read \$3000.10 ti	JAN-FEB		R-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC	024
Ro	ckfish Conservation Area (RCA) <sup>1/</sup> :			1					1
1	40°10' N lat 37°07' N lat.			*******	Shoreward EEZ	1/ - 75 fm line <sup>1/</sup>	·		7
2	37°07' N lat 34°27' N lat.				50 fm line <sup>1/</sup> -				1
3	South of 34°27' N lat.		10	0 fm line <sup>1/</sup>	- 150 fm line <sup>1/</sup> (also a		ds and banks)		-
	See §§660.60 and 660.230 for additional gear, trip	p limit and conservation area requirements and restrictions. See §§660.70-660.74 and §§660.76-660.79 for							
	conservation area descriptions	and coordinates	s (including	RCAs, YF	CAs, Farallon Islan	ds, Cordell Bank,	and EFHCAs).		
4	Minor Slope Rockfish <sup>2/</sup> & Darkblotched rockfish		10,000	lb/ 2 month	is, of which no more		be blackgill rockfish		
5	Splitnose rockfish				200 lb/	month			_
6	Sablefish								-
7	40°10' N lat 36°00' N lat.	3,000 lb/ we	eek, not to e	·····	00 lb/ 2 months	,	k, not to exceed 7,00	00 lb/ 2 months	_
8	South of 36 00' N lat.			2,0	00 lb/ week, not to exe	ceed 6,000 lb/ 2 m	onths		_
9	Shortpine thornyheads				50				-
10	40°10' N lat 34°27' N lat.				50 lb/ i	nonth			-
11 12	Longspine thornyheads 40°10' N lat 34°27' N lat.				50 lb/ i	nonth			-
	Shortpine thornyheads and longspine				30 10/ 1	nonui			-
13	thornyheads								
14	South of 34 27' N lat.			1(	0 lb/ day, no more th	an 1,000 lb/ 2 mor	nths		
	Dover sole, arrowtooth flounder, petrale sole,								
15	English sole, starry flounder <sup>3/8/</sup>				5,000 lb	/ month			
16	Other Flatfish <sup>3/</sup>								Þ
17	40°10' N lat 37°07' N lat.		5,000 lb/ m	onth seawa	ard of the Non-Trawl F	RCA; 0 lb/month ins	side the Non-Trawl R	CA	-
18	South of 37°07' N lat.				5,000 lb	/ month			σ
19	Whiting				300 lb/	month			
20	Minor Shelf Rockfish <sup>2/</sup>								
21	40°10' N lat 37°07' N lat.				hs, of which no more				-
22	37°07' N lat 34°27' N lat.				th, of which no more				ω
23 24	South of 34°27' N lat.		3,000	ID/ 2 mont	hs, of which no more	than 900 ib may b	e vermilion/sunset		-
24					6,000 lb/ 3	months			
26	40 10' N lat 34 27' N lat.				4,000 lb/				0
	South of 34 27' N lat.				4,000 lb/	z monuis			0
27 28	Chilipepper rockfish 40°10' N lat 34°27' N lat.				6,000 lb/ 2	menthe			Ē
20	40°10 N lat 34°27 N lat. South of 34°27' N lat.				4,000 lb/ 2				
-	Canary rockfish				1,500 lb/ 1				5
31	Yelloweye rockfish				CLOS				
32	Cowcod				CLOS	SED			-
33	Bronzespotted rockfish				CLOS				
34	Quillback rockfish				0 lb/ 2 r				
35	Bocaccio				6,000 lb/ 2	2 months			4
36 37	Minor Nearshore Rockfish				0.5/0	aantha			-
37	40°10' N lat 37°07' N lat. Shallow nearshore <sup>4/</sup>				0 lb/ 2 r 2.000 lb/				-
38	South of 37°07' N lat. Shallow nearshore4/				2,000 lb/ 0 lb/ 2 r				-
_	40°10' N lat 37°07' N lat. Deeper nearshore5/		0.00	0.16/0			a conner rI-E-L		-
40 41	South of 37°07' N lat. Deeper nearshore <sup>5/</sup> California Scorpionfish		2,00	u ib/ 2 mor	ths, of which no mor 3,500 lb/ 2		e copper rockrish		-
41	Lingcod <sup>6/</sup>				3,000 10/2	L INUTIONS			-
42	40°10' N lat 37°07' N lat.		700 lb / m	onth seawa	ard of the non-trawl R	CA: () lb/ month ine	ide the non-trawl PC	A	-
44	40 10 N lat 37 07 N lat. South of 37°07' N lat.		100 107 11	onar souwe	/ 700 lb	,	act are non a dwirte	· ·	-
44					1,000 lb/ 2				-
46	Spiny dogfish	200,000	) lb/ 2 month	IS	150,000 lb/ 2		100,000 lb/ 2 month	s	1
47	Longnose skate				months Unlim	ited			-
48					Unlim				1
49	Other Fish <sup>7/</sup>				Unlim				
50	Cabezon in California								
51	40°10' N lat 37°07' N lat.				0 lb/ n				
52	South of 37°07' N lat.				Unlim	ited			

	Other limits and requirements apply Read §§660.10 t	JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	11/1/20 NOV-DEC
٦٥	ockfish Conservation Area (RCA) <sup>1/</sup> :						
1	40°10' N lat 36°00' N lat.			Shoreward EEZ	<sup>1/</sup> - 75 fm line <sup>1/</sup>		
2	36°00' N lat 34°27' N lat.			50 fm line <sup>1/</sup> -			
3			100 fm line <sup>1/</sup> -	150 fm line <sup>1/</sup> (also a		ts and banks)	
	See §§660.60 and 660.230 for additional gear, trip conservation area descriptions		ation area requirem	ents and restrictio	ns. See §§660.70-	660.74 and §§660.	76-660.79 for
9	SALMON TROLL (subject to RCAs when retaining al	I species of ground	fish, except for yellow	vtail rockfish, as de	scribed below)		
60		cumulative limit of 2 minor shelf rockfish	y retain and land up to 00 lb/month, both with 1 between 40°10' and access limits, season	in and outside of th 34°27' N lat., and n	e RCA. This limit is ot in addition to that	within the 4,000 lb limit. All groundfish	per 2 month limit for species are
51	RIDGEBACK PRAWN AND, SOUTH OF 38°57.50' N	at., CA HALIBUT A	ND SEA CUCUMBE	R NON-GROUNDF	ISH TRAWL		
52	NON-GROUNDFISH TRAWL Rockfish Conservation	Area (RCA) for CA	A Halibut, Sea Cucur	nber & Ridgeback	Prawn:		
63	40°10' N lat 38°00' N lat.	100 fm line <sup>1/</sup> - 200 fm line <sup>1/</sup>		100 fm line $^{1\prime}$ -	150 fm line $^{1/}$		100 fm line <sup>1/</sup> - 200 fm line <sup>1/</sup>
64	38°00' N lat 34°27' N lat.			100 fm line 1/ -	150 fm line <sup>1/</sup>		
5	South of 34°27' N lat.			100 fm line 1/ -	150 fm line 1/		
56		except that the amo limited by the 300 lb Pt. Conception and Vessels participatin groundfish without th lb/month of flatfish,	ip limit. The amount of unt of spiny dogfish la b/trip overall groundfisi g in the California hal he ratio requirement, no more than 300 lb o curlfin sole, or Califo	anded may exceed the h limit. The daily tri n "per trip" limit may ibut fishery south of provided that at leas of which may be spe	he amount of target p limits for sablefish not be multiplied by 538°57.50' N lat. and st one California hal acces other than Page	t species landed. S n coastwide and tho y the number of day e allowed to (1) land libut is landed and () cific sanddabs, sam	piny dogfish are rnyheads south of is of the trip. I up to 100 lb/day of 2) land up to 3,000 d sole, starry
2000							
57	PINK SHRIMP NON-GROUNDFISH TRAWL GEAR (	not subject to RCAs	5)				
	South	Effective April 1 - C Ib/trip. The followin limits: lingcod 300 yelloweye rockfish 1,500 lb/ trip groun specific sublimits do	b) Cotober 31: Groundfis g sublimits also apply lb/ month (minimum 2 are PROHIBITED. Al dfish limits. Landings escribed here and the d may not exceed the	and are counted to 4 inch size limit); s 1 other groundfish s 5 of all groundfish s 5 species-specific lin	oward the overall 5 ablefish 2,000 lb/ m becies taken are ma pecies count towar nits described in the	00 lb/ day and 1,50 onth; canary rockfi anaged under the ov d the per day, per t	00 lb/ trip groundfish sh, thornyheads and verall 500 lb/day and rip or other species-
59	South	Effective April 1 - C Ib/trip. The followin limits: lingcod 300 yelloweye rockfish 1,500 lb/ trip groun specific sublimits d of groundfish lande	ctober 31: Groundfis g sublimits also apply lb/ month (minimum 2 are PROHIBITED. Al dfish limits. Landings escribed here and the d may not exceed the	and are counted to the size limit); s other groundfish s sof all groundfish s species-specific lin amount of pink shr	oward the overall 5 ablefish 2,000 lb/ m becies taken are ma pecies count towar nits described in the	00 lb/ day and 1,50 onth; canary rockfi anaged under the ov d the per day, per t	00 lb/ trip groundfish sh, thornyheads and verall 500 lb/day and rip or other species-
69	South The Rockfish Conservation Area is an area closed to fishing by pa and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This RG	Effective April 1 - C lb/trip. The followin limits: lingcod 300 yelloweye rockfish 1,500 lb/ trip groun specific sublimits di of groundfish lande tricular gear types, boo cA is not defined by dej	Cotober 31: Groundfis g sublimits also apply lb/ month (minimum 2 are PROHIBITED. Al dfish limits. Landings ascribed here and the d may not exceed the unded by lines specificall pth contours (with the exc	r and are counted to 4 inch size limit); si other groundfish si s of all groundfish si s species-specific lin amount of pink shr y defined by latitude reption of the 20-fm	boward the overall 5 ablefish 2,000 lb/ m becies taken are ma pecies count toware nits described in the mp landed.	00 lb/ day and 1,50 onth; canary rockfi anaged under the ov d the per day, per t	00 lb/ trip groundfish sh, thornyheads and verall 500 lb/day and rip or other species-
69	The Rockfish Conservation Area is an area closed to fishing by pa and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This Rd depth contour boundary south of 42* N lat.), and the boundary I	Effective April 1 - C Ib/trip. The followin limits: lingcod 300 yelloweye rockfish 1,500 lb/ trip groun specific sublimits d of groundfish lande riticular gear types, boo A is not defined by dej nes that define the RC	totober 31: Groundfig g sublimits also apply lb/ month (minimum 2 are PROHIBITED. Al dfish limits. Landings escribed here and the d may not exceed the unded by lines specifical th contours (with the exc A may close areas that a	r and are counted th 44 inch size limit); s 10 other groundfish s 10 species-specific lin 24 amount of pink shr 10 y defined by latitude 10 y	boward the overall 5 ablefish 2,000 lb/ m becies taken are ma pecies count toware nits described in the mp landed.	00 lb/ day and 1,50 onth; canary rockfi anaged under the ov d the per day, per t	00 lb/ trip groundfish sh, thornyheads and verall 500 lb/day and rip or other species-
69	The Rockfish Conservation Area is an area closed to fishing by pa and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This Ro depth contour boundary south of 42° N lat.), and the boundary I than the depth contour. Vessels that are subject to RCA restrict	Effective April 1 - C lb/trip. The followin limits: lingcod 300 yelloweye rockfish 1,500 lb/ trip groun specific sublimits di of groundfish lande utricular gear types, boo CA is not defined by de mes that defined the RC ions may not fish in the	ctober 31: Groundfig g sublimits also apply lb/ month (minimum 2 are PROHIBITED. Al dfish limits. Landingg escribed here and the d may not exceed the unded by lines specifical tot contours (with the ex A may close areas that a RCA, or operate in the l	and are counted to 44 inch size limit); as other groundfish sj s of all groundfish sj species-specific lin amount of pink shr y defined by latitude teption of the 20-fm re deeper or shallower RCA for any purpose	boward the overall 5 ablefish 2,000 lb/ m becies taken are ma pecies count toware nits described in the mp landed.	00 lb/ day and 1,50 onth; canary rockfi anaged under the ov d the per day, per t	00 lb/ trip groundfish sh, thornyheads and verall 500 lb/day and rip or other species-
69	The Rockfish Conservation Area is an area closed to fishing by pa and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This Rd depth contour boundary south of 42* N lat.), and the boundary I	Effective April 1 - C lb/trip. The followin limits: lingcod 300 yelloweye rockfish 1,500 lb/ trip groun specific sublimits di of groundfish lande utricular gear types, boo CA is not defined by de mes that defined the RC ions may not fish in the	ctober 31: Groundfig g sublimits also apply lb/ month (minimum 2 are PROHIBITED. Al dfish limits. Landingg escribed here and the d may not exceed the unded by lines specifical tot contours (with the ex A may close areas that a RCA, or operate in the l	and are counted to 44 inch size limit); as other groundfish sj s of all groundfish sj species-specific lin amount of pink shr y defined by latitude teption of the 20-fm re deeper or shallower RCA for any purpose	boward the overall 5 ablefish 2,000 lb/ m becies taken are ma pecies count toware nits described in the mp landed.	00 lb/ day and 1,50 onth; canary rockfi anaged under the ov d the per day, per t	00 lb/ trip groundfish sh, thornyheads and verall 500 lb/day and rip or other species-

2/ Minor Shelf and Slope Rockfish complexes are defined at § 660.11. Pacific ocean perch is included in the trip limits for minor slope rockfish. Blackgill rockfish have a species specific trip sub-limit within the minor slope rockfish cumulative limits. Yellowfall rockfish is included in the trip limits for minor shelf rockfish. Bronzespotted rockfish have a species specific trip limit.

note a species species on the mine. 31 "Other flattish" are defined at 660.11 and include butter sole, curfin sole, flathead sole. Pacific sanddab, rex sole, rock sole, and sand sole

4/ "Shallow Nearshore" are defined at § 660.11 under "Groundfish" (7)(i)(B)(1).

5/ "Deeper Nearshore" are defined at § 660.11 under "Groundfish" (7)(i)(B)(2)

6/ The commercial mimimum size limit for lingcod is 22 inches (56 cm) South of 42° N lat.

7/ "Other fish" are defined at § 660.11 and includes kelp greenling off California and leopard shark.

8/ Open access vessels may be allowed to fish inside groundfish conservation areas using hook and line only. See § 660.330 (d) of the regulations for more information

To convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.

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#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

# 50 CFR Part 660

#### [RTID 0648-XE360]

## Magnuson-Stevens Act Provisions; Fisheries Off West Coast States; Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery; 2024 Tribal Fishery Allocations for Pacific Whiting; Reapportionment Between Tribal and Non-Tribal Sectors

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Inseason reapportionment of tribal Pacific whiting allocation.

**SUMMARY:** This document announces the reapportionment of 45,000 metric tons of Pacific whiting from the tribal allocation to the non-tribal commercial fishery sectors via automatic action on September 26, 2024. This reapportionment is to allow full utilization of the Pacific whiting resource.

**DATES:** The reapportionment of Pacific whiting went into effect at 4:30 p.m. (16:30) local time, September 26, 2024, and is effective through December 31, 2024. Comments will be accepted through November 6, 2024.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit comments, identified by NOAA–NMFS–2024–0120 by the following method:

*Electronic Submission:* Submit all electronic public comments via the Federal e-Rulemaking Portal. Go to *https://www.regulations.gov* and enter NOAA–NMFS–2024–0120 in the Search box. Click on the "Comment" icon, complete the required fields, and enter or attach your comments.

*Instructions:* Comments sent by any other method to any other address or individual, or received after the end of the comment period, may not be considered by NMFS. All comments received are a part of the public record. All personal identifying information (e.g., name, address, etc.), confidential business information, or otherwise sensitive information submitted voluntarily by the sender will be publicly accessible. NMFS will accept anonymous comments (enter "N/A" in the required fields if you wish to remain anonymous). Attachments to electronic comments will be accepted in Microsoft Word, Excel, or Adobe PDF file formats only.

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