information collection. These comments will help us:

- (1) Evaluate whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- (2) Evaluate the accuracy of our estimate of the burden of the collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- (3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
- (4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, through use, as appropriate, of automated, electronic, mechanical, and other collection technologies; *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses.

Estimate of burden: The public burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.164 hours per response.

Respondents: Livestock producers who have received predator damage management services from WS Nonlethal Initiative programs and are located in one of the 12 States (Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, New Mexico, Oregon, Washington, Wisconsin, or Wyoming).

Estimated annual number of respondents: 200.

Estimated annual number of responses per respondent: 8.

Estimated annual number of responses: 1,608.

Estimated total annual burden on respondents: 265 hours. (Due to averaging, the total annual burden hours may not equal the product of the annual number of responses multiplied by the reporting burden per response.)

All responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will also become a matter of public record.

Done in Washington, DC, this 15th day of October 2024.

Michael Watson,

Administrator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.

[FR Doc. 2024–24215 Filed 10–18–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-34-P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

[Docket No. APHIS-2021-0076]

Importation of Acer spp. (Acer buergerianum, A. palmatum, and A. pseudosieboldianum) Dwarf Plants From the Republic of Korea Into the Continental United States

AGENCY: Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, USDA.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: We are notifying the public that we are removing three Acer spp. (Acer buergerianum, A. palmatum, and A. pseudosieboldianum) dwarf plants from the Republic of Korea from our lists of taxa of plants for planting whose importation into the United States is not authorized pending pest risk analysis, thereby allowing the importation of such Acer spp. into the continental United States, subject to certain conditions. We are taking this action in response to a request from this country and after determining that the plants can be imported, under certain conditions, without resulting in the introduction into, or the dissemination within, the United States of a plant pest.

DATES: Imports may be authorized beginning October 21, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Narasimha Chary Samboju, Senior Regulatory Policy Specialist, PPQ, APHIS, 4700 River Road, Unit 133, Riverdale, MD 20737–1236; (301) 851–2038.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Under the regulations in "Subpart H-Plants for Planting" (7 CFR 319.37-1 through 319.37–23, referred to below as the regulations), the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) of the U.S. Department of Agriculture prohibits or restricts the importation of plants for planting (including living plants, plant parts, seeds, and plant cuttings) to prevent the introduction of quarantine pests into the United States. Quarantine pest is defined in § 319.37-2 of the regulations as a plant pest or noxious weed that is of potential economic importance to the United States and not yet present in the United States, or present but not widely distributed and being officially controlled. Section 319.37-4 of the regulations provides that certain taxa of plants for planting are not authorized for importation into the United States pending pest risk analysis (NAPPRA) to

prevent the introduction of quarantine pests into the United States.

Paragraph (e) of § 319.37–4 describes the process for removing taxa from the NAPPRA lists.¹ After receiving a request to remove taxa from the NAPPRA lists, APHIS will conduct a pest risk analysis (PRA) in response to such a request and make the PRA available for public review and comment. Following the close of the comment period, we will review all comments received and announce our decision regarding the request in a subsequent notice.

On January 31, 2022, we published in the Federal Register (87 FR 4832-4833, Docket No. APHIS-2021-0076) a notice 2 in which we proposed to revise the NAPPRA lists to allow the importation of three Acer spp. (Acer buergerianum, A. palmatum, and A. pseudosieboldianum) dwarf plants from the Republic of Korea (South Korea) into the continental United States, subject to the conditions required for all approved dwarf plants imported under the APHIS Artificially Dwarfed Plants program 3 as well as additional conditions outlined in a risk management document (RMD) accompanying the notice.

We solicited comments on the notice for 60 days ending on April 1, 2022. We received three comments by that date, all from private citizens. The issues raised by the commenters are addressed below.

All three commenters expressed concern that importing non-native plants, or plants from regions with plant pests, may introduce foreign pests, or otherwise endanger plants native to the United States.

We understand the commenters' concerns but find no basis for changing our recommendations based on the comments. As the documentation associated with the initial notice for comment shows, APHIS thoroughly and sufficiently assessed potential risks from this importation and proposed conditions adequate to mitigate the possible risks. Our methodology for the pest risk assessment that accompanied the initial notice included careful examination of scientific literature, portof-entry pest interception data, and information provided by the Government of the Republic of Korea.

¹To view the NAPPRA lists, go to: https://www.aphis.usda.gov/aphis/ourfocus/planthealth/import-information/permits/plants-and-plant-products-permits/plants-for-planting/ct_nappra.

²To view the notice, supporting documents, and the comments we received, go to https://www.regulations.gov/document/APHIS-2021-0076-0001.

³ To view the requirements of the APHIS Artificially Dwarfed Plants program, go to: https:// www.aphis.usda.gov/import_export/plants/ manuals/ports/downloads/plants for planting.pdf.

From these sources, we developed a list of pests with quarantine significance for the continental United States that occur in the Republic of Korea (on any host) and are associated with the three *Acer* spp. (anywhere in the world). We are therefore confident the pest risk assessment is thorough and accurate.

Based on the pest risk assessment, we prepared the RMD to identify phytosanitary measures that could be applied to the three *Acer* spp. to mitigate the risk of introducing these pests into the United States. As the commenters did not raise any specific concerns with the information presented in the RMD, we continue to consider the mitigations in the RMD to be sufficient to ensure that pests are not introduced into the United States through this pathway.

One of the commenters also stated that, while the PRA considers risks associated with known pests, it does not consider pest species that may present a risk in the future.

APHIS continuously monitors foreign countries for quarantine pests. If a new quarantine pest relevant to the importation of these species of *Acer* from the Republic of Korea arises in the future, APHIS will reassess the associated pest risk and may revise the import restrictions accordingly.

Therefore, in accordance with § 319.37-4(e), and based on the reasons outlined in the initial notice, the PRA accompanying the initial notice, and this second notice, we are removing A. buergerianum, A. palmatum, and A. pseudosieboldianum dormant, barerooted dwarf plants from the Republic of Korea from the NAPPRA lists, thereby allowing the importation of such *Acer* spp. into the continental United States, subject to the pest mitigation measures required for all approved dwarf plants imported under the APHIS Artificially Dwarfed Plants program 4 as well as the additional commodity specific risk management measures described in the RMD accompanying the initial notice.5

Paperwork Reduction Act

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), the recordkeeping and burden requirements associated with this action are included under the Office of Management and Budget control number 0579–0049.

E-Government Act Compliance

The Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service is committed to compliance with the E-Government Act to promote the use of the internet and other information technologies, to provide increased opportunities for citizen access to Government information and services, and for other purposes. For information pertinent to E-Government Act compliance related to this notice, please contact Mr. Joseph Moxey, APHIS' Paperwork Reduction Act Coordinator, at (301) 851–2533.

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 1633, 7701–7772, and 7781–7786; 21 U.S.C. 136 and 136a; 7 CFR 2.22, 2.80, and 371.3.

Done in Washington, DC, this 15th day of October 2024.

Michael Watson,

Administrator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.

[FR Doc. 2024–24200 Filed 10–18–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–34–P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

Newspapers Used for Publication of Legal Notices by the Intermountain Region, Utah, Idaho, Nevada, and Wyoming

AGENCY: Forest Service, Agriculture (USDA).

ACTION: Notice of newspapers of record.

SUMMARY: This notice lists the newspapers that will be used by the ranger districts, national forests and regional office of the Intermountain Region to publish legal notices required under Title 36 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The intended effect of this action is to inform interested members of the public which newspapers the Forest Service will use to publish notices of proposed actions and notices of decision. This will provide the public with constructive notice of Forest Service proposals and decisions; provide information on the procedures to comment, object, or appeal; and establish the date that the Forest Service will use to determine if comments or appeals/objection were timely.

DATES: The list of newspapers will remain in effect for one year from the date of publication, when another notice will be published in the **Federal Register**.

ADDRESSES: Jennifer Purvine, Regional Objections Coordinator, Intermountain Region, 324 25th Street, Ogden, UT 84401.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jennifer Purvine, Regional Litigation and Administrative Review Coordinator, Intermountain Region, by phone at 385– 262–5117 or by email at *Jennifer.Purvine@usda.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The administrative procedures at 36 CFR parts 214, 218, and 219 require the Forest Service to publish notices in a newspaper of general circulation. The content of the notices is specified in 36 CFR parts 214, 218, and 219. In general, the notices will identify: the decision or project, by title or subject matter; the name and title of the official making the decision; how to obtain additional information; and where and how to file comments or appeals/objection. The date the notice is published will be used to establish the official date for the beginning of the comment or appeal/ objection period.

The newspapers to be used are as follows:

Regional Forester, Intermountain Region

Regional Forester decisions affecting National Forests in Idaho: *Idaho* Statesman

Regional Forester decisions affecting National Forests in Nevada: *Reno Gazette-Journal*

Regional Forester decisions affecting National Forests in Wyoming: Casper Star-Tribune

Regional Forester decisions affecting National Forests in Utah: Salt Lake Tribune

Regional Forester decisions that affect all National Forests in the Intermountain Region: Salt Lake Tribune

Ashley National Forest

Ashley Forest Supervisor decisions: *Vernal Express*

District Ranger decisions for Duchesne, Roosevelt: *Uintah Basin Standard*

Flaming Gorge District Ranger for decisions affecting Wyoming: *Rocket Miner*

Flaming Gorge and Vernal District Ranger for decisions affecting Utah: Vernal Express

Boise National Forest

Boise Forest Supervisor decisions: *Idaho Statesman*

Cascade District Ranger decisions: *The Star-News*

Emmett District Ranger decisions: Emmett Messenger Index

District Ranger decisions for Idaho City and Mountain Home Districts: *Idaho* Statesman

Lowman District Ranger decisions: *The Idaho World*

Bridger-Teton National Forest

Bridger-Teton Forest Supervisor and District Ranger decisions: *Casper Star-Tribune*

⁴ See footnote 3.

⁵ See footnote 2.