

ground stone objects, modified bone, and shell beads and ornaments. Based on the information available, human remains were recovered from CA–NAP–74 prior to 1956 by another institution. The one associated funerary object is a ground stone mortar. Based on the information available, human remains representing, at least, one individual has been reasonably identified from CA–NAP–87. The 75 associated funerary objects include faunal remains, flaked and ground stone objects, modified bone, and unmodified stone. Based on the information available, human remains representing, at least, nine individuals have been reasonably identified from CA–NAP–94. The 5,710 associated funerary objects include faunal and floral remains; flaked and ground stone objects; modified bone, shell, and stone objects; pigments; soils; thermally-altered rock; quartz crystals; unmodified stone; and historic objects. Based on the information available, human remains representing, at least, nine individuals have been reasonably identified from CA–NAP–97. The 69 associated funerary objects include faunal remains, flaked and ground stone objects, modified bone, shell beads, unmodified stone, and soils. Based on the information available, human remains representing, at least, 19 individuals have been reasonably identified from CA–NAP–98. The 4,079 associated funerary objects include baked clay objects; faunal and floral remains; flaked and ground stone objects; modified bone, shell and stone; pigment; ash; soils; thermally-altered rock; quartz crystals; unmodified stone; and historic objects. An unknown number of objects may be missing from the collection, and California State University, Sacramento continues to look for them.

Based on the information available, human remains representing, at least, one individual has been reasonably identified from an unknown location(s) in Napa County. The 346 associated funerary objects include faunal and floral remains, flaked stone, and ground stone objects. These objects and human remains were found within Napa County collections (accession 81–183) without site provenience and are reasonably believed to derive from Napa County.

Based on the information available, human remains were recovered from CA–NAP–26 in by another institution in the 1950s. In 1960, a student of Sacramento State College surface collected objects from the location (accession 81–392). The 72 associated funerary objects include faunal remains and flaked stone objects. An unknown

number of objects may be missing from the collection, and California State University, Sacramento continues to look for them.

Based on the information available, human remains representing, at least, one individual has been reasonably identified from an unknown location in Green Valley, Solano County. The five associated funerary objects include faunal remains, floral remains, and unmodified stone. The remains and objects were donated to California State University, Sacramento by a private individual under accession 1980–5. An unknown number of objects may be missing from the collection, and California State University, Sacramento continues to look for them.

Cultural Affiliation

Based on the information available and the results of consultation, cultural affiliation is clearly identified by the information available about the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice.

Determinations

The California State University, Sacramento has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of 42 individuals of Native American ancestry.
- The 10,484 objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- There is a reasonable connection between the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice and the Cachil DeHe Band of Wintun Indians of the Colusa Indian Community of the Colusa Rancheria, California; Kletsel Dehe Wintun Nation of the Cortina Rancheria (*previously* listed as Kletsel Dehe Band of Wintun Indians); and the Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation, California.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.
2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or

a culturally affiliated Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after July 3, 2024. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the California State University, Sacramento must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The California State University, Sacramento is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: May 22, 2024.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2024–12074 Filed 5–31–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312–52–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Reclamation

[RR040U2000, XXXR4081G3,
RX.05940913.FY19400]

Public Meeting of the Glen Canyon Dam Adaptive Management Work Group

AGENCY: Bureau of Reclamation, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act of 1972, the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation) is publishing this notice to announce that a Federal Advisory Committee meeting of the Glen Canyon Dam Adaptive Management Work Group (AMWG) will take place. The meeting is open to the public.

DATES: The meeting will be held in-person and virtually on Wednesday, August 21, 2024, from 9:30 a.m. to approximately 5:00 p.m. (PDT); and Thursday, August 22, 2024, from 8:30 a.m. to approximately 3:30 p.m. (PDT).

ADDRESSES: The in-person meeting will be held at the Shrine of the Ages, Grand Canyon South Rim.

The virtual meeting held on Wednesday, August 21, 2024, may be accessed at <https://rec.webex.com/rec/j.php?MTID=m7b1f0953a3691a239cb8fd17a1bc612b>; Meeting Number: 2826 064 1335, Password: AMP21.

The virtual meeting held on Thursday, August 22, 2024, may be

accessed at <https://rec.webex.com/rec/j.php?MTID=ma6065cbb933a2eb2552007c42c71b531>; Meeting Number: 2827 908 6068, Password: AMP22.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. William Stewart, Bureau of Reclamation, telephone (385) 622-2179, email at wstewart@usbr.gov. Individuals who are deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or TeleBraille) to access telecommunications relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-of-contact in the United States.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Glen Canyon Dam Adaptive Management Program (GCDAMP) was implemented as a result of the Record of Decision on the Operation of Glen Canyon Dam Final Environmental Impact Statement to comply with consultation requirements of the Grand Canyon Protection Act (Pub. L. 102-575) of 1992. The AMWG makes recommendations to the Secretary of the Interior concerning Glen Canyon Dam operations and other management actions to protect resources downstream of Glen Canyon Dam, consistent with the Grand Canyon Protection Act. The AMWG meets two to three times a year.

Agenda: The AMWG will meet to receive updates on: (1) current basin hydrology and water year 2024 operations; (2) experiments considered for implementation in 2024; (3) the status of threatened and endangered species; and (4) the new Triennial Work Plan recommendation to the Secretary. The AMWG will also discuss other administrative and resource issues pertaining to the GCDAMP. To view a copy of the agenda and documents related to the above meeting, please visit Reclamation's website at <https://www.usbr.gov/uc/progact/amp/amwg.html>.

Meeting Accessibility/Special Accommodations: The meeting is open to the public. Please make requests in advance for sign language interpreter services, assistive listening devices, or other reasonable accommodations. We ask that you contact Mr. William Stewart (see **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section of this notice) at least seven (7) business days prior to the meeting to give the Department of the Interior sufficient time to process your request. All reasonable accommodation requests are managed on a case-by-case basis.

Public Disclosure of Comments: Time will be allowed on both days for any individual or organization wishing to

make extemporaneous and/or formal oral comments. Depending on the number of persons wishing to speak, and the time available, the time for individual comments may be limited. Interested parties should contact Mr. William Stewart (see **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**) for placement on the public speaker list for this meeting. Members of the public may also choose to submit written comments by emailing them to wstewart@usbr.gov. Due to time constraints during the meeting, the AMWG is not able to read written public comments. All written comments will be made part of the public record and will be provided to the AMWG members.

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. ch. 10.

William Stewart,

Adaptive Management Group Chief, Upper Colorado Basin—Interior Region 7.

[FR Doc. 2024-12082 Filed 5-31-24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4332-90-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337-TA-1325]

Certain Soft Projectile Launching Devices, Components Thereof, Ammunition, and Products Containing Same; Notice of Commission Determination To Review in Part a Final Initial Determination of Violation of Section 337; Schedule for Filing Written Submissions on Remedy, the Public Interest, and Bonding; Extension of the Target Date

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission has determined to review in part a final initial determination (“Final ID”) issued by the presiding administrative law judge (“ALJ”) finding a violation of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930. The Commission requests briefing from the parties on the issues under review and from the parties, interested government agencies,

and interested persons on remedy, the public interest, and bonding based on the schedule set forth below. The target date is extended to April 15, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert Needham, Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 708-5468. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation may be viewed on the Commission’s electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>. For help accessing EDIS, please email EDIS3Help@usitc.gov. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server at <https://www.usitc.gov>. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission’s TDD terminal on (202) 205-1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Commission instituted this investigation on August 26, 2022, based on a complaint filed by complainants Hasbro, Inc. of Pawtucket, Rhode Island (“Hasbro”), and Spin Master, Inc. of Los Angeles, California (“Spin Master”) (together, “Complainants”). 87 FR 52595-96 (Aug. 26, 2022). The complaint, as supplemented, alleges a violation of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, 19 U.S.C. 1337 (“section 337”), based upon the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, and the sale within the United States after importation of certain soft projectile launching devices, components thereof, ammunition, and products containing same by reason of the infringement of one or more of claims 1-15 and 17-21 of U.S. Patent No. 8,371,282 (“the ‘282 patent”) and claims 1-6 and 10-15 of U.S. Patent No. 8,640,683 (“the ‘683 patent”). *Id.* at 52595. The complaint further alleges that an industry in the United States exists or is in the process of being established. *Id.* The notice of investigation names as respondents Shenzhen Yi Jin Electronics Science of Shenzhen City, China, Guangdong Yu Lee Technology Corp. of Dongguan City, China, Yu Lee Company Ltd. of Tsuen Wan, Hong Kong, and Gel Blaster Inc. f/ k/a Gel Blaster, LLC of Austin, Texas (together, “the Gel Blaster Respondents”); S-Beam Precision Products Ltd. of Zhongshan City, China, Splat-R-Ball, LLC of Rogers, Arkansas, and Daisy Manufacturing Company of Rogers, Arkansas (together, “the Splat-R-Ball Respondents”); and Prime Time Toys Ltd. of Kwun Tong, Hong Kong, Prime Time Toys LLC of Pompton