

**270.X02 Policy.**

(a) The contracting officer may only award one sole-source, follow-on contract to the incumbent contractor if—

(1) The contractor has represented that it is a qualified business; and

(2) The contract is for the continued development, production, or provision of products or services that are the same or substantially similar to those procured under the prior contract awarded to the contractor by or for DoD.

(b) The contracting officer shall not begin negotiations for a sole-source, follow-on contract unless the contracting officer justifies the use of a sole-source contract in accordance with FAR 6.303 and 6.304, citing FAR 6.302–5, Authorized or required by statute, as the exception to full and open competition.

**270.X03 Limitations.**

(a) Participation in the pilot program is subject to approval by the Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition and Sustainment), Office of the Principal Director, Defense Pricing and Contracting (Contract Policy). Only a contracting officer may submit an application to participate in the pilot program. See PGI 270.7X04(a).

(b) Contracting officers shall only award—

(1) One sole-source, follow-on contract per predecessor contract to the incumbent contractor unless waived by the head of the contracting activity, delegable to a level no lower than one level above the contracting officer;

(2) Contracts to qualified businesses that have a minimum performance rating of satisfactory for the predecessor contract in the Contractor Performance Assessment Reporting System (see FAR subpart 42.15); and

(3) Contracts to qualified businesses that have certified they will not pay more than 50 percent of the amount paid by the Government for contract performance to subcontractors that are not qualified businesses, except for subcontracts for materials not available from another qualified business when the contract is for products, unless waived by the head of the contracting activity, delegable to a level no lower than one level above the contracting officer.

**270.X04 Procedures.**

See PGI 270.X04 for procedures and information concerning the pilot program.

**270.X05 Solicitation provision and contract clause.**

(a) Use the provision at 252.270–70WW, Pilot Program to Incentivize

Contracting with Employee-Owned Businesses—Representation, in solicitations, including solicitations using FAR part 12 procedures for the acquisition of commercial products and commercial services, that include the clause at 252.270–70YY, Pilot Program to Incentivize Contracting with Employee-Owned Businesses.

(b) Unless waived in accordance with 270.7X03(b)(3), use the provision at 252.270–70XX, Pilot Program to Incentivize Contracting with Employee-Owned Businesses—Subcontracting Certification, in solicitations, including solicitations using FAR part 12 procedures for the acquisition of commercial products and commercial services that include the clause at 252.270–70YY, Pilot Program to Incentivize Contracting with Employee-Owned Businesses.

(c) Use the clause at 252.270–70YY, Pilot Program to Incentivize Contracting with Employee-Owned Businesses, in solicitations and contracts, including solicitations and contracts using FAR part 12 procedures for the acquisition of commercial products and commercial services, for approved pilot program acquisitions.

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**DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE****Defense Acquisition Regulations System****48 CFR Part 252**

[Docket DARS–2024–0018]

RIN 0750–AM03

**Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement: Procurement Technical Assistance Program (DFARS Case 2024–D006)**

**AGENCY:** Defense Acquisition Regulations System, Department of Defense (DoD).

**ACTION:** Proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** DoD is proposing to amend the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) to implement a section of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 that modifies certain definitions associated with the Procurement Technical Assistance Program.

**DATES:** Comments on the proposed rule should be submitted in writing to the address shown below on or before July 29, 2024, to be considered in the formation of a final rule.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit comments identified by DFARS Case 2024–D006, using either of the following methods:

○ *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* <https://www.regulations.gov>. Search for DFARS Case 2024–D006. Select “Comment” and follow the instructions to submit a comment. Please include “DFARS Case 2024–D006” on any attached documents.

○ *Email:* [osd.dfars@mail.mil](mailto:osd.dfars@mail.mil). Include DFARS Case 2024–D006 in the subject line of the message.

Comments received generally will be posted without change to <https://www.regulations.gov>, including any personal information provided. To confirm receipt of your comment(s), please check <https://www.regulations.gov>, approximately two to three days after submission to verify posting.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Jeanette Snyder, telephone 703–508–7524.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:****I. Background**

DoD is proposing to revise the DFARS to implement section 853 of the National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2024 (Pub. L. 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 4951). Section 853 amends the definitions of nonprofit organization and business entities at 10 U.S.C. 4951 for the Procurement Technical Assistance Program. DoD implements the requirements at 10 U.S.C. 4951 through its APEX Accelerators (formerly known as Procurement Technical Assistance Centers), which are managed by the DoD Office of Small Business Programs.

**II. Discussion and Analysis**

DoD is proposing to modify the contract clause at DFARS 252.205–7000, Provision of Information to Cooperative Agreement Holders, to implement section 853 of the NDAA for FY 2024. The clause requires contractors to provide cooperative agreement holders, upon request, with a list of the contractor’s employees or offices responsible for entering into subcontracts under defense contracts. This proposed rule amends the definition of cooperative agreement holder in the clause by removing “private” from “a private, nonprofit organization” and adding a reference to 10 U.S.C. 4951 to update the definition of business entities. Minor edits are made to align the clause with DFARS drafting conventions.

### III. Applicability to Contracts at or Below the Simplified Acquisition Threshold (SAT), for Commercial Products (Including Commercially Available Off-the-Shelf (COTS) Items), and for Commercial Services

This proposed rule amends the clause at DFARS 252.205–7000, Provision of Information to Cooperative Agreement Holders. However, this proposed rule does not impose any new requirements on contracts at or below the SAT, for commercial products including COTS items, or for commercial services. The clause will continue to not apply to acquisitions at or below the SAT, and will continue to apply to acquisitions of commercial products excluding COTS items, and to acquisitions of commercial services.

### IV. Expected Impact of the Rule

This proposed rule, when finalized, is expected to impact DoD contractors whose contracts include the clause at DFARS 252.205–7000. The clause requires contractors to provide cooperative agreement holders under the Procurement Technical Assistance Program, upon request, with a list of the contractor's employees or offices responsible for entering into subcontracts under defense contracts. As a result of the proposed changes, these contractors may be required to provide the list to different entities that are cooperative agreement holders under the Procurement Technical Assistance Program.

The changes in section 853 allow any type of nonprofit organization to be a cooperative agreement holder under the Procurement Technical Assistance Program. In addition, business entities, including corporations, associations, partnerships, limited liability companies, limited liability partnerships, consortia, not-for-profit, or other legal entities will also be able to be a cooperative agreement holder. These changes are reflected in the proposed revisions to the clause at DFARS 252.205–7000. As a result of the section 853 changes to the Procurement Technical Assistance Program, there may be an increase in the number of entities able to become cooperative agreement holders under the Procurement Technical Assistance Program.

### V. Executive Orders 12866 and 13563

Executive Orders (E.O.s) 12866 and 13563 direct agencies to assess all costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits

(including potential economic, environmental, public health and safety effects, distributive impacts, and equity). E.O. 13563 emphasizes the importance of quantifying both costs and benefits, of reducing costs, of harmonizing rules, and of promoting flexibility. This is not a significant regulatory action and, therefore, was not subject to review under section 6(b) of E.O. 12866, Regulatory Planning and Review, as amended.

### VI. Regulatory Flexibility Act

DoD does not expect this proposed rule, when finalized, to have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities within the meaning of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601, *et seq.*, because this rule merely updates definitions for the cooperative agreement holders under the Procurement Technical Assistance Program. However, an initial regulatory flexibility analysis has been performed and is summarized as follows:

This proposed rule is necessary to implement section 853 of the National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2024 (Pub. L. 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 4951). Section 853 modifies the definitions of nonprofit organization and business entities at 10 U.S.C. 4951 for the Procurement Technical Assistance Program. This proposed rule implements the revised definitions in the contract clause at DFARS 252.205–7000, Provision of Information to Cooperative Agreement Holders. The clause requires contractors to provide cooperative agreement holders under the Procurement Technical Assistance Program, upon request, with a list of the contractor's employees or offices responsible for entering into subcontracts under defense contracts.

The objective of this proposed rule is to implement section 853 of the NDAA for FY 2024, which is the legal basis for the rule.

According to data from the Procurement Business Intelligence Service, in the last three fiscal years, DoD awarded contracts that included the clause at 252.205–7000 to unique small entities as follows: 5,652 in fiscal year 2021, 5,127 in fiscal year 2022, and 5,663 in fiscal year 2023. This averages out to approximately 5,480 per fiscal year. Therefore, DoD estimates that the number of small entities to which this rule will apply is approximately 5,480.

This proposed rule does not impose any new reporting, recordkeeping, or other compliance requirements for small entities.

This proposed rule does not duplicate, overlap, or conflict with any other Federal rules.

DoD did not identify any significant alternatives to the proposed rule that would accomplish the stated objectives of the statute. Any impact on small entities is expected to be beneficial.

DoD invites comments from small business concerns and other interested parties on the expected impact of this proposed rule on small entities.

DoD will also consider comments from small entities concerning the existing regulations in subparts affected by this proposed rule in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 610. Interested parties must submit such comments separately and should cite 5 U.S.C. 610 (DFARS Case 2024–D006), in correspondence.

### VII. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35) applies to this proposed rule. However, these changes to the DFARS do not impose additional information collection requirements to the paperwork burden previously approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under OMB Control Number 0704–0286, entitled Defense FAR Supplement (DFARS) Part 205, Publicizing Contract Actions, and DFARS 252.205–7000, Provision of Information to Cooperative Agreement Holders.

### List of Subjects in 48 CFR Part 252

Government procurement.

#### Jennifer D. Johnson,

*Editor/Publisher, Defense Acquisition Regulations System.*

Therefore 48 CFR 252 is proposed to be amended as follows:

### PART 252—SOLICITATION PROVISIONS AND CONTRACT CLAUSES

- 1. The authority citation for 48 CFR part 252 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 41 U.S.C. 1303 and 48 CFR chapter 1.

- 2. Revise and republish section 252.205–7000 to read as follows:

#### 252.205–7000 Provision of Information to Cooperative Agreement Holders.

As prescribed in 205.470, use the following clause:

#### Provision of Information to Cooperative Agreement Holders (Date)

(a) *Definition.* As used in this clause—  
*Cooperative agreement holder* means a State or local government; a nonprofit organization; a tribal organization (as defined in section 4(c) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act

(25 U.S.C. 5304(l)); or an economic enterprise (as defined in section 3(e) of the Indian Financing Act of 1974 (25 U.S.C. 1452(e))) whether such economic enterprise is organized for profit or nonprofit purposes; which has an agreement with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to furnish procurement technical assistance to business entities (as defined in 10 U.S.C. 4951).

(b) The Contractor shall provide cooperative agreement holders, upon their request, with a list of those appropriate employees or offices responsible for entering into subcontracts under defense contracts. The list shall include the business address, telephone number, and area of responsibility of each employee or office.

(c) The Contractor need not provide the listing to a particular cooperative agreement holder more frequently than once a year.

(End of clause)

[FR Doc. 2024-11518 Filed 5-29-24; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### Fish and Wildlife Service

#### 50 CFR Part 17

[Docket No. FWS-R8-ES-2023-0188;  
FXES1111090FEDR-245-FF09E21000]

RIN 1018-BH12

#### Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Designation of Critical Habitat for the Dixie Valley Toad

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), propose to designate critical habitat for the Dixie Valley toad (*Anaxyrus williamsi*) under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act). In total, approximately 930 acres (376 hectares) in Churchill County, Nevada, fall within the boundaries of the proposed critical habitat designation. If we finalize this rule as proposed, it would extend the Act's protections to this species' critical habitat. We also announce the availability of a draft economic analysis of the proposed designation of critical habitat for the Dixie Valley toad.

**DATES:** We will accept comments received or postmarked on or before July 29, 2024. Comments submitted electronically using the Federal eRulemaking Portal (see **ADDRESSES**, below) must be received by 11:59 p.m. eastern time on the closing date. We must receive requests for a public hearing, in writing, at the address shown in **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** by July 15, 2024.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit comments by one of the following methods:

(1) *Electronically:* Go to the Federal eRulemaking Portal: <https://www.regulations.gov>. In the Search box, enter FWS-R8-ES-2023-0188, which is the docket number for this rulemaking. Then, click on the Search button. On the resulting page, in the panel on the left side of the screen, under the Document Type heading, check the Proposed Rule box to locate this document. You may submit a comment by clicking on "Comment."

(2) *By hard copy:* Submit by U.S. mail to: Public Comments Processing, Attn: FWS-R8-ES-2023-0188, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, MS: PRB/3W, 5275 Leesburg Pike, Falls Church, VA 22041-3803.

We request that you send comments only by the methods described above. We will post all comments on <https://www.regulations.gov>. This generally means that we will post any personal information you provide us (see Information Requested, below, for more information).

*Availability of supporting materials:* Supporting materials, such as the species status assessment (SSA) report and draft economic analysis (DEA), are available at <https://www.regulations.gov> under Docket No. FWS-R8-ES-2023-0188. For the proposed critical habitat designation, the coordinates or plot points or both from which the map is generated are included in the decision file for this critical habitat designation and are available at <https://www.regulations.gov> under Docket No. FWS-R8-ES-2023-0188.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jodie Mamuschia, Field Supervisor, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Reno Fish and Wildlife Office, 1340 Financial Blvd., Suite 234, Reno, NV 89502; telephone 775-861-6300. Individuals in the United States who are deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or TeleBraille) to access telecommunications relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-of-contact in the United States. Please see Docket No. FWS-R8-ES-2023-0188 on <https://www.regulations.gov> for a document that summarizes this proposed rule.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Executive Summary

*Why we need to publish a rule.* Under the Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*), when we determine that any species warrants

listing as an endangered or threatened species, we are required to designate critical habitat, to the maximum extent prudent and determinable. Designations of critical habitat can be completed only by issuing a rule through the Administrative Procedure Act rulemaking process (5 U.S.C. 551 *et seq.*).

*What this document does.* We propose to designate critical habitat for the Dixie Valley toad, which is listed as an endangered species (see 87 FR 73971; December 2, 2022).

*The basis for our action.* Section 4(a)(3) of the Act requires the Secretary of the Interior (Secretary), to the maximum extent prudent and determinable, to designate critical habitat concurrent with listing. Section 3(5)(A) of the Act defines critical habitat as (i) the specific areas within the geographical area occupied by the species, at the time it is listed, on which are found those physical or biological features (I) essential to the conservation of the species and (II) which may require special management considerations or protection; and (ii) specific areas outside the geographical area occupied by the species at the time it is listed, upon a determination by the Secretary that such areas are essential for the conservation of the species. Section 4(b)(2) of the Act states that the Secretary must make the designation on the basis of the best scientific data available and after taking into consideration the economic impact, the impact on national security, and any other relevant impacts of specifying any particular area as critical habitat.

#### Information Requested

We intend that any final action resulting from this proposed rule will be based on the best scientific data available and be as accurate and as effective as possible. Therefore, we request comments or information from other governmental agencies, Native American Tribes, the scientific community, industry, or any other interested parties concerning this proposed rule. We particularly seek comments concerning:

- (1) Specific information on:
  - (a) The amount and distribution of Dixie Valley toad habitat;
  - (b) Any additional areas occurring within the range of the species (Churchill County, Nevada) that should be included in the designation because they (i) are occupied at the time of listing and contain the physical or biological features that are essential to the conservation of the species and that may require special management considerations or protection, or (ii) are