

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

[CMS-3450-N]

#### Medicare Program; Announcement of the Re-Approval of the Joint Commission as an Accreditation Organization Under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988

**AGENCY:** Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces the application of the Joint Commission for re-approval as an accreditation organization for clinical laboratories under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA) program for the following specialty and subspecialty areas under CLIA: Microbiology, including Bacteriology, Mycobacteriology, Mycology, Parasitology, and Virology; Diagnostic Immunology, including Syphilis Serology, and General Immunology; Chemistry, including Routine Chemistry, Toxicology, and Endocrinology; Hematology, including routine hematology and coagulation; Immunohematology, including ABO Group, D (Rho) typing, Unexpected Antibody Detection, Compatibility Testing, and Antibody Identification; Pathology, including Histopathology, Oral Pathology, and Cytology. We have determined that the Joint Commission meets or exceeds the applicable CLIA requirements. We are announcing the re-approval and grant the Joint Commission deeming authority for a period of 6 years.

**DATES:** *Applicable Date:* This notice is applicable from May 24, 2024 to May 24, 2030.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Raymond Castillo, 312-886-3595.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### I. Background and Legislative Authority

On October 31, 1988, the Congress enacted the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (Pub. L. 100-578) (CLIA). CLIA amended section 353 of the Public Health Service Act. We issued a final rule implementing the accreditation provisions of CLIA on July 31, 1992 (57 FR 33992). Under those provisions, we may grant deeming authority to an accreditation organization if its requirements for laboratories accredited

under its program are equal to or more stringent than the applicable CLIA program requirements in 42 CFR part 493 (Laboratory Requirements). Subpart E of part 493 (Accreditation by a Private, Nonprofit Accreditation Organization or Exemption Under an Approved State Laboratory Program) specifies the requirements an accreditation organization must meet to be approved by CMS as an accreditation organization under CLIA.

##### II. Notice of Re-Approval of the Joint Commission as an Accreditation Organization

In this notice, we approve the Joint Commission as an organization that may accredit laboratories for purposes of establishing their compliance with CLIA requirements for the following specialty and subspecialty areas under CLIA:

- Microbiology, including Bacteriology, Mycobacteriology, Mycology, Parasitology, and Virology.
- Diagnostic Immunology, including Syphilis Serology, and General Immunology.
- Chemistry, including Routine Chemistry, Toxicology, and Endocrinology.
- Hematology, including routine Hematology and Coagulation.
- Immunohematology, including ABO Group, D (Rho) typing, Unexpected Antibody Detection, Compatibility Testing, and Antibody Identification.
- Pathology, including Histopathology, and Oral Pathology, and Cytology.

We have examined the initial Joint Commission application and all subsequent submissions to determine its accreditation program's equivalency with the requirements for re-approval of an accreditation organization under subpart E of part 493. We have determined that the Joint Commission meets or exceeds the applicable CLIA requirements. We have also determined that the Joint Commission will ensure that its accredited laboratories will meet or exceed the applicable requirements in subparts H, I, J, K, M, Q, and the applicable sections of R. Therefore, we grant the Joint Commission re-approval as an accreditation organization under subpart E of part 493, for the period stated in the **DATES** section of this notice for all specialty and subspecialty areas under CLIA. As a result of this determination, any laboratory that is accredited by the Joint Commission during the time period stated in the **DATES** section of this notice will be deemed to meet the CLIA requirements for the listed subspecialties and specialties, and therefore, will generally

not be subject to routine inspections by a state survey agency to determine its compliance with CLIA requirements. The accredited laboratory, however, is subject to validation and complaint investigation surveys performed by CMS, or its agent(s).

##### III. Evaluation of the Joint Commission Request for Re-Approval as an Accreditation Organization Under CLIA

The following describes the process we used to determine that the Joint Commission accreditation program meets the necessary requirements to be approved by CMS and that, as such, we may approve the Joint Commission as an accreditation program with deeming authority under the CLIA program. The Joint Commission formally applied to CMS for re-approval as an accreditation organization under CLIA for the following specialties and subspecialties under CLIA on August 31, 2023.

- Microbiology, including Bacteriology, Mycobacteriology, Mycology, Parasitology, and Virology.
- Diagnostic Immunology, including Syphilis Serology, and General Immunology.
- Chemistry, including Routine Chemistry, Toxicology, and Endocrinology.
- Hematology, including routine Hematology and Coagulation.
- Immunohematology, including ABO Group, D (Rho) typing, Unexpected Antibody Detection, Compatibility Testing, and Antibody Identification.
- Pathology, including Histopathology, and Oral Pathology, and Cytology.

In reviewing these materials, we reached the following determinations for each applicable part of the CLIA regulations:

##### *A. Subpart E—Accreditation by a Private, Nonprofit Accreditation Organization or Exemption Under an Approved State Laboratory Program*

The Joint Commission submitted a description of its mechanisms for monitoring compliance with all requirements equivalent to condition-level requirements, a list of all its client laboratories and the expiration date of their accreditations, and a detailed comparison of the Joint Commission's individual accreditation requirements with the comparable condition-level requirements. We determined that the Joint Commission's policies and procedures for oversight of laboratory testing for all CLIA specialties and subspecialties with respect to inspection, monitoring proficiency

testing (PT) performance, investigating complaints, and making PT information available, are equivalent to those of CLIA. The Joint Commission also submitted descriptions of its infrastructure and procedures for monitoring and inspecting laboratories in the areas of data management, the inspection process, procedures for removal or withdrawal of accreditation, notification requirements, and accreditation organization resources. We have determined that the requirements of the Joint Commission accreditation program are equal to or more stringent than the requirements of the CLIA regulations.

Our evaluation determined that the Joint Commission requirements regarding waived testing are more stringent than the CLIA requirements set out at § 493.15(e) that require eligible laboratories to follow the manufacturer's instructions for performing tests and obtain a certificate of waiver as outlined in CMS regulations at 42 CFR part 493, subpart B, Certificate of Waiver. The Joint Commission waived testing requirements include the following:

- Defining the extent that waived test results are used in patient care.
- Identifying the personnel responsible for performing and supervising waived testing.
- Assuring that personnel performing waived testing have adequate, specific training and orientation to perform the testing and can demonstrate satisfactory levels of performance.
- Making certain that policies and procedures governing waived testing-related procedures are current and readily available.
- Conducting defined quality control checks.
- Maintaining quality control and test records.

#### *B. Subpart H—Participation in Proficiency Testing for Laboratories Performing Nonwaived Testing*

The Joint Commission's requirements are equal to the CLIA requirements at §§ 493.801 through 493.865.

#### *C. Subpart J—Facility Administration for Nonwaived Testing*

The Joint Commission's requirements are equal to the CLIA requirements at §§ 493.1100 through 493.1105.

#### *D. Subpart K—Quality System for Nonwaived Testing*

The Joint Commission requirements are equal to or more stringent than the CLIA requirements at §§ 493.1200

through 493.1299. For instance, the Joint Commission has control procedure requirements for all waived complexity testing performed.

#### *E. Subpart M—Personnel for Nonwaived Testing*

We have determined that the Joint Commission requirements are equal to the CLIA requirements at §§ 493.1403 through 493.1495 for laboratories that perform moderate and high complexity testing.

#### *F. Subpart Q—Inspections*

We have determined that the Joint Commission requirements are equal to the CLIA requirements at §§ 493.1771 through 493.1780.

#### *G. Subpart R—Enforcement Procedures*

We have determined that the Joint Commission laboratory enforcement and appeal policies are equal to or more stringent than the requirements of part 493 subpart R as they apply to accreditation organizations. The Joint Commission policy sets forth the actions the organization takes when laboratories it accredits do not comply with its requirements and standards for accreditation. When appropriate, the Joint Commission will deny, suspend, or revoke accreditation in a laboratory accredited by the Joint Commission and report that action to us within 30 days. The Joint Commission also provides an appeals process for laboratories that have had accreditation denied, suspended, or revoked.

#### **IV. Federal Validation Inspections and Continuing Oversight**

The Federal validation inspections of laboratories accredited by the Joint Commission may be conducted on a representative sample basis or in response to substantial allegations of noncompliance (that is, complaint inspections). The outcome of those validation inspections, performed by CMS or our agents, or the state survey agencies, will be our principal means for verifying that the laboratories accredited by the Joint Commission remain in compliance with CLIA requirements. This federal monitoring is an ongoing process.

#### **V. Removal of Deeming Authority as an Accrediting Organization**

CLIA regulations provide that we may withdraw the approval of an accreditation organization, such as that of the Joint Commission, for cause, before the end of the effective date of

approval in certain circumstances, in accordance with § 493.575. If we determine that the Joint Commission has failed to adopt, maintain and enforce requirements that are equal to, or more stringent than, the CLIA requirements, or that systemic problems exist in its monitoring, inspection or enforcement processes, we may impose a probationary period 30 days following the date of CMS' determination, not to exceed 1 year, in which the Joint Commission would be allowed to address any identified issues. Should the Joint Commission be unable to address the identified issues, we may, in accordance with the applicable regulations, revoke the Joint Commission's deeming authority under CLIA.

Should circumstances result in our withdrawal of the Joint Commission's re-approval, we will publish a notice in the **Federal Register** explaining the basis for removing its re-approval.

#### **VI. Collection of Information Requirements**

The information collection requirements associated with the accreditation process for clinical laboratories under the CLIA program are currently OMB-approved under OMB control number 0938-0686 and expires May 31, 2025. Additionally, this notice does not impose any new or revised information collection requirements, that is, reporting, recordkeeping, or third-party disclosure requirements. Consequently, it does not need to be reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the authority of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq).

#### **VII. Executive Order 12866 Statement**

In accordance with the provisions of Executive Order 12866, this notice was not reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget.

The Administrator of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), Chiquita Brooks-LaSure, having reviewed and approved this document, authorizes Trenesha Fultz-Mimms, who is the Federal Register Liaison, to electronically sign this document for purposes of publication in the **Federal Register**.

**Trenesha Fultz-Mimms,**  
*Federal Register Liaison, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services.*

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**BILLING CODE 4120-01-P**