DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[S-49-2024]

Approval of Subzone Status; Bentex Group Inc.; Piscataway, New Jersey

On March 18, 2024, the Executive Secretary of the Foreign-Trade Zones (FTZ) Board docketed an application submitted by the State of New Jersey, Department of State, grantee of FTZ 44, requesting subzone status subject to the existing activation limit of FTZ 44, on behalf of Bentex Group Inc., in Piscataway, New Jersey.

The application was processed in accordance with the FTZ Act and Regulations, including notice in the Federal Register inviting public comment (89 FR 20162, March 21, 2024). The FTZ staff examiner reviewed the application and determined that it meets the criteria for approval. Pursuant to the authority delegated to the FTZ Board Executive Secretary (15 CFR 400.36(f)), the application to establish Subzone 44Q was approved on May 3, 2024, subject to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations, including section 400.13, and further subject to FTZ 44's 407.5-acre activation limit.

Dated: May 3, 2024.

Elizabeth Whiteman,

Executive Secretary. [FR Doc. 2024–10049 Filed 5–7–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-823-815]

Oil Country Tubular Goods From Ukraine: Notice of Amended Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review Pursuant to Settlement

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) is issuing these amended final results pursuant to a settlement agreement with Interpipe Ukraine LLC and North American Interpipe Inc. with respect to the final results of the administrative review of oil country tubular goods (OCTG) from Ukraine during the period of review (POR) July 10, 2019, through June 30, 2020.

DATES: Applicable May 8, 2024. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Toni Page, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–1398. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On February 10, 2022, the Department of Commerce (Commerce) published the final results of its administrative review of the antidumping duty order on OCTG from Ukraine.¹ The POR is July 10, 2019 through June 30, 2020.

The administrative review covers Interpipe,² a producer and exporter of OCTG from Ukraine to the United States. In the *Final Results*, Commerce assigned to Interpipe a weighted-average dumping margin of 27.80 percent for the POR.³

Following the publication of the *Final Results,* Interpipe filed a lawsuit with the U.S. Court of International Trade (CIT) challenging certain aspects of Commerce's *Final Results* including Commerce's decision not to grant a constructed export price offset to Interpipe and Commerce's decision to include Section 232 duties in the U.S. price when calculating the margin.

On April 30, 2024, the United States and Interpipe entered into an agreement to settle this dispute. Pursuant to the terms of settlement and the stipulation for entry of judgment, the amended final weighted-average dumping margin for Interpipe is 0.01 percent. The CIT issued its order of judgment by stipulation on May 2, 2024.⁴

Assessment Rates

Consistent with the settlement agreement and May 2, 2024, order of judgment by stipulation, Commerce will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to liquidate all unliquidated entries of OCTG from Ukraine produced and exported by Interpipe, and entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption in the United States during the POR at the importer-specific per-unit assessment rates determined by setting Interpipe's weighted-average dumping margin at 0.01 percent (*de minimis*). Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Tariff Act of

⁴ See Interpipe Ukraine LLC and North America Interpipe, Inc. v. United States, Court No. 22– 00066, Doc. No. 36 (May 2, 2024).

1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), Commerce has determined, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise in accordance with these revised final results of review.⁵ For Interpipe, we will calculate importer-specific assessment rates on the basis of the ratio of the total amount of antidumping duties calculated for each importer's examined sales and the total entered value of the sales, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1). Because Interpipe's weighted average dumping margin is zero or *de minimis* within the meaning of 19 CFR 351.106(c)(1), we will instruct CBP to liquidate the appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.

Consistent with Commerce's assessment practice, for entries of subject merchandise during the POR produced by Interpipe for which it did not know that the merchandise was destined for the United States, we will instruct CBP to liquidate unreviewed entries at the all-others rate if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction.⁶

Cash Deposit Requirements

Because Interpipe has a superseding cash deposit rate, *i.e.*, there have been final results published in a subsequent administrative review, we will not issue revised cash deposit instructions to CBP. This notice will not affect the current cash deposit rate for Interpipe.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing this determination and publishing these amended final results and notice in accordance with section 516a(e) of the Act.

Dated: May 2, 2024.

Ryan Majerus,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance. [FR Doc. 2024–10052 Filed 5–7–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

¹ See Oil Country Tubular Goods from Ukraine: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2019–2020, 87 FR 7801 (February 10, 2022) (Final Results).

²Commerce has previously determined that Interpipe Europe S.A.; Interpipe Ukraine LLC; PJSC Interpipe Niznedneprovsky Tube Rolling Plant; and LLC Interpipe Niko Tube are affiliated and treated as a single entity (*i.e.*, Interpipe).

³ See Final Results at 87 FR 7801.

⁵ See Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Assessment of Antidumping Duties, 68 FR 23954 (May 6, 2003).

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) has received requests to conduct administrative reviews of various antidumping duty (AD) and countervailing duty (CVD) orders with March anniversary dates. In accordance with Commerce's regulations, we are initiating those administrative reviews.

DATES: Applicable May 8, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Brenda E. Brown, AD/CVD Operations, Customs Liaison Unit, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230, telephone: (202) 482–4735.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Commerce has received timely requests, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.213(b), for administrative reviews of various AD and CVD orders with March anniversary dates.

All deadlines for the submission of various types of information, certifications, or comments or actions by Commerce discussed below refer to the number of calendar days from the applicable starting time.

Respondent Selection

In the event that Commerce limits the number of respondents for individual examination for administrative reviews initiated pursuant to requests made for the orders identified below, Commerce intends to select respondents based on U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) data for U.S. imports during the period of review (POR). We intend to place the CBP data on the record within five days of publication of the initiation notice and to make our decision regarding respondent selection within 35 days of publication of the initiation Federal Register notice. Comments regarding the CBP data and respondent selection should be submitted within seven days after the placement of the CBP data on the record of this review. Parties wishing to submit rebuttal comments should submit those comments within five days after the deadline for the initial comments.

In the event that Commerce decides it is necessary to limit individual examination of respondents and conduct respondent selection under section 777A(c)(2) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), the following guidelines regarding collapsing of companies for purposes of respondent selection will apply. In general, Commerce has found that determinations concerning whether

particular companies should be 'collapsed'' (*e.g.,* treated as a single entity for purposes of calculating AD rates) require a substantial amount of detailed information and analysis, which often require follow-up questions and analysis. Accordingly, Commerce will not conduct collapsing analyses at the respondent selection phase of this review and will not collapse companies at the respondent selection phase unless there has been a determination to collapse certain companies in a previous segment of this AD proceeding (e.g., investigation, administrative review, new shipper review, or changed circumstances review). For any company subject to this review, if Commerce determined, or continued to treat, that company as collapsed with others, Commerce will assume that such companies continue to operate in the same manner and will collapse them for respondent selection purposes. Otherwise, Commerce will not collapse companies for purposes of respondent selection.

Parties are requested to (a) identify which companies subject to review previously were collapsed, and (b) provide a citation to the proceeding in which they were collapsed. Further, if companies are requested to complete the Quantity and Value (Q&V) Questionnaire for purposes of respondent selection, in general, each company must report volume and value data separately for itself. Parties should not include data for any other party, even if they believe they should be treated as a single entity with that other party. If a company was collapsed with another company or companies in the most recently completed segment of this proceeding where Commerce considered collapsing that entity, complete Q&V data for that collapsed entity must be submitted.

Notice of No Sales

With respect to AD administrative reviews, we intend to rescind the review where there are no suspended entries for a company or entity under review and/or where there are no suspended entries under the company-specific case number for that company or entity. Where there may be suspended entries, if a producer or exporter named in this notice of initiation had no exports, sales, or entries during the POR, it may notify Commerce of this fact within 30 days of publication of this notice in the Federal Register for Commerce to consider how to treat suspended entries under that producer's or exporter's company-specific case number.

Deadline for Withdrawal of Request for Administrative Review

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1), a party that has requested a review may withdraw that request within 90 days of the date of publication of the notice of initiation of the requested review. The regulation provides that Commerce may extend this time if it is reasonable to do so. Determinations by Commerce to extend the 90-day deadline will be made on a case-by-case basis.

Deadline for Particular Market Situation Allegation

Section 504 of the Trade Preferences Extension Act of 2015 amended the Act by adding the concept of a particular market situation (PMS) for purposes of constructed value under section 773(e) of the Act.¹ Section 773(e) of the Act states that "if a particular market situation exists such that the cost of materials and fabrication or other processing of any kind does not accurately reflect the cost of production in the ordinary course of trade, the administering authority may use another calculation methodology under this subtitle or any other calculation methodology." When an interested party submits a PMS allegation pursuant to section 773(e) of the Act, Commerce will respond to such a submission consistent with 19 CFR 351.301(c)(2)(v). If Commerce finds that a PMS exists under section 773(e) of the Act, then it will modify its dumping calculations appropriately.

Neither section 773(e) of the Act nor 19 CFR 351.301(c)(2)(v) set a deadline for the submission of PMS allegations and supporting factual information. However, in order to administer section 773(e) of the Act, Commerce must receive PMS allegations and supporting factual information with enough time to consider the submission. Thus, should an interested party wish to submit a PMS allegation and supporting new factual information pursuant to section 773(e) of the Act, it must do so no later than 20 days after submission of initial responses to section D of the questionnaire.

Separate Rates

In proceedings involving non-market economy (NME) countries, Commerce begins with a rebuttable presumption that all companies within the country are subject to government control and, thus, should be assigned a single AD deposit rate. It is Commerce's policy to assign all exporters of merchandise subject to an administrative review in

¹ See Trade Preferences Extension Act of 2015, Public Law 114–27, 129 Stat. 362 (2015).

an NME country this single rate unless an exporter can demonstrate that it is sufficiently independent so as to be entitled to a separate rate.

To establish whether a firm is sufficiently independent from government control of its export activities to be entitled to a separate rate, Commerce analyzes each entity exporting the subject merchandise. In accordance with the separate rates criteria, Commerce assigns separate rates to companies in NME cases only if respondents can demonstrate the absence of both *de jure* and *de facto* government control over export activities.

All firms listed below that wish to qualify for separate rate status in the administrative reviews involving NME countries must complete, as appropriate, either a Separate Rate Application or Certification, as described below.

For these administrative reviews, in order to demonstrate separate rate eligibility, Commerce requires entities for whom a review was requested, that were assigned a separate rate in the most recent segment of this proceeding in which they participated, to certify that they continue to meet the criteria for obtaining a separate rate. The Separate Rate Certification form will be available on Commerce's website at https://access.trade.gov/Resources/nme/

nme-sep-rate.html on the date of publication of this Federal Register notice. In responding to the certification, please follow the "Instructions for Filing the Certification" in the Separate Rate Certification. Separate Rate Certifications are due to Commerce no later than 30 calendar days after publication of this Federal Register notice. The deadline and requirement for submitting a Separate Rate Certification applies equally to NMEowned firms, wholly foreign-owned firms, and foreign sellers who purchase and export subject merchandise to the United States.

Entities that currently do not have a separate rate from a completed segment of the proceeding ² should timely file a Separate Rate Application to demonstrate eligibility for a separate rate in this proceeding. In addition, companies that received a separate rate in a completed segment of the proceeding that have subsequently made changes, including, but not limited to, changes to corporate structure, acquisitions of new companies or facilities, or changes to their official company name,³ should timely file a Separate Rate Application to demonstrate eligibility for a separate rate in this proceeding. The Separate Rate Application will be available on Commerce's website at https://

access.trade.gov/Resources/nme/nme*sep-rate.html* on the date of publication of this Federal Register notice. In responding to the Separate Rate Application, refer to the instructions contained in the application. Separate Rate Applications are due to Commerce no later than 30 calendar days after publication of this Federal Register notice. The deadline and requirement for submitting a Separate Rate Application applies equally to NMEowned firms, wholly foreign-owned firms, and foreign sellers that purchase and export subject merchandise to the United States.

Exporters and producers must file a timely Separate Rate Application or Certification if they want to be considered for individual examination. Furthermore, exporters and producers who submit a Separate Rate Application or Certification and subsequently are selected as mandatory respondents will no longer be eligible for separate rate status unless they respond to all parts of the questionnaire as mandatory respondents.

Initiation of Reviews

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i), we are initiating administrative reviews of the following AD and CVD orders and findings. We intend to issue the final results of these reviews not later than March 31, 2025.

Period to be

	Reviewed
AD Proceedings	
BRAZIL: Certain Uncoated Paper A-351-842	3/1/23-2/29/24
Suzano S.A. ⁴	
Sylvamo do Brasil Ltda. and Sylvamo Exports Ltda.	
INDIA: Granular Polytetrafluoroethylene Resin A-533-899	3/1/23-2/29/24
Gujarat Fluorochemicals Limited	
INDIA: Certain New Pneumatic Off-The-Road Tires A–533–869	3/1/23-2/29/24
Aakriti Manufacturing Pvt. Ltd.	
Apollo Tyres Ltd.	
Asian Tire Factory Ltd.	
ATC Tires Private Ltd.	
Balkrishna Industries Ltd. ⁵	
Carrier Wheels Private Limited	
Cavendish Industries Ltd.	
CEAT Ltd.	
Celite Tyre Corporation	
Emerald Resilient Tyre Manufacturer	
HRI Tires India	
JK Tyres and Industries Ltd.	
John Deere India Pvt. Ltd.	
K.R.M. Tyres	
Mahansaria Tyres Private Limited	
MRF Limited	
MRL Tyres Limited	
OTR Laminated Tyres (I) Pvt. Ltd.	
Ralson Tyres Limited	

² Such entities include entities that have not participated in the proceeding, entities that were preliminarily granted a separate rate in any currently incomplete segment of the proceeding (e.g., an ongoing administrative review, new

shipper review, *etc.*) and entities that lost their separate rate in the most recently completed segment of the proceeding in which they participated. ³ Only changes to the official company name, rather than trade names, need to be addressed via a Separate Rate Application. Information regarding new trade names may be submitted via a Separate Rate Certification. -

	Period to be Reviewed
Royal Tyres Private Limited	
Speedways Rubber Company	
Sun Tyres & Wheel Systems	
Sundaram Industries Private Limited TVS Srichakra Limited	
Tyre Experts LLP	
Ultra Mile	
PORTUGAL: Certain Uncoated Paper A-471-807	3/1/23-2/29/24
The Navigator Company, S.A. THAILAND: Circular Welded Carbon Steel Pipes and Tubes A–549–502 Apex International Logistics	3/1/23–2/29/24
Aquatec Maxcon Asia	
Asian Unity Part Co., Ltd.	
Better Steel Pipe Company Limited	
Bis Pipe Fitting Industry Co., Ltd.	
Blue Pipe Steel Center Co. Ltd. Chuhatsu (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	
CSE Technologies Co., Ltd.	
Expeditors International (Bangkok)	
Expeditors Ltd.	
FS International (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	
Kerry-Apex (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	
K Line Logistics Oil Steel Tube (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	
Otto Ender Steel Structure Co., Ltd.	
Pacific Pipe and Pump	
Pacific Pipe Public Company Limited	
Panalpina World Transport Ltd.	
Polypipe Engineering Co., Ltd.	
Saha Thai Steel Pipe Public Co., Ltd. Schlumberger Overseas S.A.	
Siam Fittings Co., Ltd.	
Siam Steel Pipe Co., Ltd	
Sino Connections Logistics (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	
Thai Malleable Iron and Steel	
Thai Oil Group Thai Oil Pipe Co., Ltd.	
Thai Premium Pipe Co. Ltd.	
Vatana Phaisal Engineering Company	
Visavakit Patana Corp., Ltd	
REPUBLIC OF KOREA: Acetone A-580-899	3/1/23-2/29/24
Kumho P&B Chemicals, Inc. LG Chem, Ltd.	
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Certain Corrosion Inhibitors A–570–122	3/1/23–2/29/24
Anhui Trust Chem Co., Ltd.; Nanjing Trust Chem Co., Ltd.;	
Jiangsu Trust Chem. Co., Ltd.	
Connect Chemicals China Co. Ltd.	
Connect Chemicals GMBH	
Gold Chemical Limited Jiangyin Delian Chemical Co., Ltd.	
Kanghua Chemical Co., Ltd. (formerly known as Nantong Kanghua Chemical Co., Ltd.)	
Nantong Botao Chemical Co., Ltd.	
Nantong Botao Chemical Co., Ltd.	
Relic Chemicals	
Sagar Speciality Chemicals Pvt., Ltd. Vcare Medicines	
Yasho Industries Pvt. Ltd.	
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Certain Vertical Shaft Engines Between 225CC and 999CC, and Parts Thereof A-	
570–119	3/1/23-2/29/24
Changzhou Kawasaki Engine Co., Ltd.	
Chongqing Dajiang Power Equipment Co., Ltd.	
Chongqing Rato Technology Co., Ltd. Chongqing Zongshen General Power Machine Co., Ltd.	
Honda Power Products (China) Co., Ltd.	
Jialing-Honda Motors Co., Ltd.	
Kawasaki Motors Shanghai, Ltd.	
Liquid Combustion Technology, LLC	
Loncin Motor Co., Ltd	
Longwin Power Technology Yamaha Motor (China) Co., Ltd.	
Yamaha Motor Corporation	
Yamaha Motor Powered Products Jiangsu Co., Ltd.	

	Period to be Reviewed
Taizhou Qingsong Refrigerant New Material Co., Ltd.; Taixing Meilan New Materials Co., Ltd.	
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Pentafluoroethane (R–125) A–570–137	3/1/23-2/29/24
Shandong Dongyue Chemical Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Sanmei Chemical Ind. Co., Ltd.	
Zhejiang Yonghe Refrigerant Co., Ltd.	
UKRAINE: Carbon and Certain Alloy Steel Wire Rod A-823-816	3/1/23 -2/29/24
ArcelorMittal Steel Kryvyi Rih	
Public Joint Stock Company Yenakiieve Iron and Steel Works PrJSC Electrometallurgical Works Dneprospetsstal	•••••
PJSC Dneprovsky Iron & Steel Integrated Works	
Metinvest Holding LLC	
Variant Agro Build Ltd.	
CVD Proceedings	
INDIA: Barium Chloride C-533-909	6/17/22-12/31/23
Chaitanya Chemicals INDIA: Granular Polytetrafluoroethylene Resin C–533–900 Gujarat Fluorochemicals Limited	1/1/23–12/31/23
INDIA: Certain New Pneumatic Off-The-Road Tires C–533–870	1/1/23–12/31/23
A.M. Pinard & Fils Inc	
Aakriti Manufacturing Pvt. Ltd.	
Ammann India Private Limited	••••••
Apollo Tyres Ltd. Asian Tire Factory Limited	
Asiatic Tradelinks Private Limited	
ATC Tires Private Limited; ATC Tires AP Private Ltd.; Yokohama India Private Limited	
Balkrishna Industries Ltd.	
Carrier Wheels Private Limited Cavendish Industries Ltd	••••••
Ceat Ltd.	
Celite Tyre Corporation	
Emerald Resilient Tyre Manufacturer	
Forech India Private Limited	
HRI Tires India Innovative Tyres & Tubes Limited	
JCB Service Ltd.	
JK Tyre & Industries Ltd	
John Deere India Pvt. Ltd.	
K.R.M. Tyres Mahansaria Tyres Private Limited	•••••
MRF Limited	
MRL Tyres Limited (Malhotra Rubbers Ltd.)	
Neosym Industry Limited	
OTR Laminated Tyres (I) Pvt. Ltd. Ralson Tyres Limited	•••••
Royal Tyres Private Limited	
Rubberman Enterprises Pvt. Ltd	
Speedways Rubber Company	
Sun Tyre And Wheel Systems	••••••
Sundaram Industries Private Limited Superking Manufacturers (Tyre) Pvt., Ltd.	
TVS Srichakra Limited	
Tyre Experts LLP	
Ultra Mile	1/1/00 10/01/00
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Certain Corrosion Inhibitors C–570–123 Anhui Trust Chem Co., Ltd; Nanjing Trust Chem Co., Ltd.; Jiangsu Trust Chem Co., Ltd. ⁶	1/1/23–12/31/23
Connect Chemicals China Co. Ltd.	
Connect Chemicals GMBH	
Gold Chemical Limited	
Jiangyin Delian Chemical Co., Ltd. Kanghua Chemical Co., Ltd.	
Nantong Botao Chemical Co., Ltd; Nantong Yutu Group Co., Ltd.; Rugao Connect Chemical Co., Ltd.; Rugao Jinling Chemical Co., Ltd. ⁷	
Nantong Kanghua Chemical Co., Ltd.	
Relic Chemicals	
Sagar Speciality Chemicals Pvt., Ltd.	
Vcare Medicines Yasho Industries Pvt. Ltd.	
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Certain Vertical Shaft Engines Between 225CC and 999CC, and Parts Thereof C-	
570–120	1/1/23-12/31/23
Changzhou Kawasaki Engine Co., Ltd.	
Chongqing Dajiang Power Equipment Co., Ltd.	
Chongqing Rato Technology Co., Ltd.	

	Period to be Reviewed
Chongging Zongshen General Power Machine Co., Ltd.	
Honda Power Products (China) Co., Ltd.	
Jialing-Honda Motors Co., Ltd.	••••••
Kawasaki Motors Shanghai, Ltd.	••••••
Liguid Combustion Technology, LLC	••••••
Loncin Motor Co., Ltd.	••••••
Longwin Power Technology	
Yamaha Motor (China) Co., Ltd.	
Yamaha Motor Corporation	
Yamaha Motor Powered Products Jiangsu Co., Ltd.	
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Pentafluoroethane (R–125) C–570–138	1/1/23-12/31/23
Zhejiang Sanmei Chemical Ind. Co., Ltd.	
Zhejiang Yonghe Refrigerant Co., Ltd.	
Suspension Agreements	
None.	

Duty Absorption Reviews

During any administrative review covering all or part of a period falling between the first and second or third and fourth anniversary of the publication of an AD order under 19 CFR 351.211 or a determination under 19 CFR 351.218(f)(4) to continue an order or suspended investigation (after sunset review), Commerce, if requested by a domestic interested party within 30 days of the date of publication of the notice of initiation of the review, will

⁵ Subject merchandise produced and exported by Balkrishna Industries Ltd. (BKT) was excluded from the order. See Certain New Pneumatic Off-the-Road Tires from India: Notice of Correction to Antidumping Duty Order, 82 FR 25598 (June 2, 2017). Accordingly, Commerce is initiating this administrative review with respect to BKT only for subject merchandise produced in India where BKT acted as either the manufacturer or exporter (but not both).

⁶Commerce previously found Anhui Trust Chem Co., Ltd; Nanjing Trust Čhem Co., Ltd.; and Jiangsu Trust Chem Co., Ltd. to be cross-owned. See Certain Corrosion Inhibitors from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review and Rescission of Review, in Part; 2020-2021, 88 FR 20475 (April 6, 2023) (Corrosion Inhibitors from China 2020-2021 Preliminary Results), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM) at 10, unchanged in Certain Corrosion Inhibitors from the People's Republic of China: Final Results and Partial Recission of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review: 2020–2021 (Corrosion Inhibitors from China 2020–2021 Final Results), 88 FR 69122 (October 5, 2023).

⁷ Commerce previously found Nantong Botao Chemical Co., Ltd; Nantong Yutu Group Co., Ltd.; Rugao Connect Chemical Co., Ltd.; and Rugao Jinling Chemical Co., Ltd. to be cross-owned. *See Corrosion Inhibitors from China 2020–2021 Preliminary Results*, and accompanying PDM at 10, unchanged in *Corrosion Inhibitors from China 2020–2021 Final Results*. determine whether ADs have been absorbed by an exporter or producer subject to the review if the subject merchandise is sold in the United States through an importer that is affiliated with such exporter or producer. The request must include the name(s) of the exporter or producer for which the inquiry is requested.

Gap Period Liquidation

For the first administrative review of any order, there will be no assessment of antidumping or countervailing duties on entries of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption during the relevant "gap" period of the order (*i.e.*, the period following the expiry of provisional measures and before definitive measures were put into place), if such a gap period is applicable to the POR.

Administrative Protective Orders and Letters of Appearance

Interested parties must submit applications for disclosure under administrative protective orders in accordance with the procedures outlined in Commerce's regulations at 19 CFR 351.305. Those procedures apply to administrative reviews included in this notice of initiation. Parties wishing to participate in any of these administrative reviews should ensure that they meet the requirements of these procedures (*e.g.*, the filing of separate letters of appearance as discussed at 19 CFR 351.103(d)).

Factual Information Requirements

Commerce's regulations identify five categories of factual information in 19 CFR 351.102(b)(21), which are summarized as follows: (i) evidence submitted in response to questionnaires; (ii) evidence submitted in support of allegations; (iii) publicly available information to value factors under 19 CFR 351.408(c) or to measure the adequacy of remuneration under 19 CFR 351.511(a)(2); (iv) evidence placed on the record by Commerce; and (v) evidence other than factual information described in (i)–(iv). These regulations require any party, when submitting factual information, to specify under which subsection of 19 CFR 351.102(b)(21) the information is being submitted and, if the information is submitted to rebut, clarify, or correct factual information already on the record, to provide an explanation identifying the information already on the record that the factual information seeks to rebut, clarify, or correct. The regulations, at 19 CFR 351.301, also provide specific time limits for such factual submissions based on the type of factual information being submitted. Please review the *Final Rule*,⁸ available at https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/ FR-2013-07-17/pdf/2013-17045.pdf, prior to submitting factual information in this segment. Note that Commerce has amended certain of its requirements pertaining to the service of documents in 19 CFR 351.303(f).9

Any party submitting factual information in an AD or CVD proceeding must certify to the accuracy and completeness of that information using the formats provided at the end of the *Final Rule*.¹⁰ Commerce intends to

⁴ Commerce also received a request for review of "Suzano Papel e Celulose S.A." However, prior to the period of review, Commerce determined that Suzano S.A. is the successor-in-interest to Suzano Papel e Celulose S.A. See Certain Uncoated Paper from Brazil: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2019–2020, 86 FR 55820 (October 7, 2021). Therefore, we are initiating this review on Suzano S.A.

⁸ See Certification of Factual Information To Import Administration During Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings, 78 FR 42678 (July 17, 2013) (Final Rule); see also the frequently asked questions regarding the Final Rule, available at https://enforcement.trade.gov/tlei/notices/factual_ info_final_rule_FAQ_07172013.pdf.

⁹ Administrative Protective Order, Service, and Other Procedures in Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings; Final Rule, 88 FR 67069 (September 29, 2023).

¹⁰ See section 782(b) of the Act; see also Final Rule; and the frequently asked questions regarding the Final Rule, available at https://

reject factual submissions in any proceeding segments if the submitting party does not comply with applicable certification requirements.

Extension of Time Limits Regulation

Parties may request an extension of time limits before a time limit established under Part 351 expires, or as otherwise specified by Commerce.¹¹ In general, an extension request will be considered untimely if it is filed after the time limit established under Part 351 expires. For submissions which are due from multiple parties simultaneously, an extension request will be considered untimely if it is filed after 10:00 a.m. on the due date. Examples include, but are not limited to: (1) case and rebuttal briefs, filed pursuant to 19 CFR 351.309; (2) factual information to value factors under 19 CFR 351.408(c), or to measure the adequacy of remuneration under 19 CFR 351.511(a)(2), filed pursuant to 19 CFR 351.301(c)(3) and rebuttal, clarification and correction filed pursuant to 19 CFR 351.301(c)(3)(iv); (3) comments concerning the selection of a surrogate country and surrogate values and rebuttal; (4) comments concerning CBP data; and (5) Q&V questionnaires. Under certain circumstances, Commerce may elect to specify a different time limit by which extension requests will be considered untimely for submissions which are due from multiple parties simultaneously. In such a case, Commerce will inform parties in the letter or memorandum setting forth the deadline (including a specified time) by which extension requests must be filed to be considered timely. This policy also requires that an extension request must be made in a separate, stand-alone submission, and clarifies the circumstances under which Commerce will grant untimely-filed requests for the extension of time limits. Please review the Final Rule, available at https:// www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2013-09-20/ html/2013-22853.htm, prior to submitting factual information in these segments.

These initiations and this notice are in accordance with section 751(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)) and 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i).

Dated: May 2, 2024.

James Maeder,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations. [FR Doc. 2024–09970 Filed 5–7–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[RTID 0648-XD937]

Endangered and Threatened Species; Notice of Initiation of a 5-Year Review for the Non-U.S. Distinct Population Segment of Smalltooth Sawfish (Pristis pectinata)

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of initiation; request for information.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces the initiation of a 5-year review for the non-U.S. distinct population segment (DPS) of smalltooth sawfish (Pristis pectinata). NMFS is required by the Endangered Species Act (ESA) to conduct 5-year reviews to ensure that the listing classifications of species are accurate. The 5-year review must be based on the best scientific and commercial data available at the time of the review. We request submission of any such information on the non-U.S. DPS of smalltooth sawfish, particularly information on the status, threats, and recovery of the species, that has become available since it was listed in 2015.

DATES: To allow us adequate time to conduct this review, we must receive your information no later than July 8, 2024.

ADDRESSES: You may submit information on this document, identified by NOAA–NMFS–2024–0062, by the following method:

• *Electronic Submission:* Submit electronic information via the Federal e-Rulemaking Portal. Go to *https://www.regulations.gov* and enter NOAA–NMFS–2024–0062 in the Search box. Click on the "Comment" icon, complete the required fields, and enter or attach your comments.

Instructions: Information sent by any other method, to any other address or individual, or received after the end of the specified period, may not be considered by NMFS. All information received is a part of the public record and will generally be posted for public viewing on https://www.regulations.gov without change. All personal identifying information (e.g., name, address, etc.), confidential business information, or otherwise sensitive or protected information submitted voluntarily by the sender will be publicly accessible. NMFS will accept anonymous submissions (enter "N/A" in the

required fields if you wish to remain anonymous).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Adrienne Lohe, Office of Protected Resources, (301) 427–8442, *Adrienne.Lohe@noaa.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice announces our review of the non-U.S. DPS of smalltooth sawfish (Pristis pectinata) listed as endangered under the ESA. Section 4(c)(2)(A) of the ESA requires that we conduct a review of listed species at least once every 5 years. This will be the first review of this species since it was listed in 2015 under the ESA (79 FR 73977, December 12, 2014). The regulations in 50 CFR 424.21 require that we publish a notice in the Federal Register announcing species currently under active review. On the basis of such reviews under section 4(c)(2)(B), we determine whether any species should be removed from the list (*i.e.*, delisted) or reclassified from endangered to threatened or from threatened to endangered (16 U.S.C. 1533(c)(2)(B)). As described by the regulations in 50 CFR 424.11(e), a species will be delisted if the Secretary determines, based on consideration of the factors and standards set forth in 50 CFR 424.11(c), that the best scientific and commercial data available substantiate that: (1) the species is extinct; (2) the species has recovered to the point at which it no longer meets the definition of an endangered species or a threatened species; (3) new information that has become available since the original listing decision shows the listed entity does not meet the definition of an endangered species or a threatened species; or (4) new information that has become available since the original listing decision shows the listed entity does not meet the definition of a species. Any change in Federal classification would require a separate rulemaking process.

Background information on the species is available on the NMFS website at: https:// www.fisheries.noaa.gov/species/ smalltooth-sawfish.

Public Solicitation of New Information

To ensure that the review is complete and based on the best available scientific and commercial information, we are soliciting new information from the public, governmental agencies, tribes, the scientific community, industry, environmental entities, and any other interested parties concerning the status of the DPS. Categories of requested information include: (1) species biology including, but not limited to, population trends,

enforcement.trade.gov/tlei/notices/factual_info_ final_rule_FAQ_07172013.pdf.

¹¹ See 19 CFR 351.302.