legacy/companysearch.html. You may also call the SEC's Public Reference Room at (202) 551–8090.

For the Commission, by the Division of Investment Management, under delegated authority.

Sherry R. Haywood,

Assistant Secretary. [FR Doc. 2024–06541 Filed 3–27–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[SEC File No. 270–614, OMB Control No. 3235–0682]

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; Extension: Rule 13h–1 and Form 13H

Upon Written Request, Copies Available From: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of FOIA Services, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–2736

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 ("PRA") (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") a request for approval of extension of the existing collection of information provided for in Rule 13h– 1 (17 CFR 240.13h–1) and Form 13H registration of large traders ¹ submitted pursuant to section 13(h) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a *et seg.*) ("Exchange Act").

U.S.C. 78a *et seq.*) ("Exchange Act"). Rule 13h–1 and Form 13H under section 13(h) of the Exchange Act established a large trader reporting framework.² The framework assists the Commission in identifying and obtaining certain baseline information about traders that conduct a substantial amount of trading activity, as measured by volume or market value, in the U.S. securities markets.

The identification, recordkeeping, and reporting framework provides the Commission with a mechanism to identify large traders and obtain additional information on their trading activity. Specifically, the rule requires large traders to identify themselves to

² See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 64976 (July 27, 2011), 76 FR 46959 (August 3, 2011).

the Commission and file certain interim updates with the Commission on Form 13H. Upon receipt of Form 13H, the Commission issues a unique identification number to the large trader, which the large trader then provides to its registered broker-dealers. Certain registered broker-dealers are required to maintain transaction records for each large trader and are required to report that information to the Commission upon request.³ In addition, certain registered broker-dealers are required to adopt procedures to monitor their customers for activity that would trigger the identification requirements of the rule.

The respondents to the collection of information required by Rule 13h–1 and Form 13H are large traders and registered broker-dealers. The Commission estimates that the total annual time burden associated with Rule 13h–1 and Form 13H is approximately 131,415 hours per year. This burden is comprised of 31,140 hours for initial filings by large traders on Form 13H, 75,300 hours for updates by large traders, 22,200 hours for brokerdealer reporting, and 2,775 hours for broker-dealer monitoring.

Compliance with Rule 13h–1 is mandatory. The information collection under Rule 13h–1 is considered confidential subject to the limited exceptions provided by the Freedom of Information Act.⁴

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information under the PRA unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The public may view background documentation for this information collection at the following website: *www.reginfo.gov.* Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent by April 29, 2024 to (i) *www.reginfo.gov/ public/do/PRAMain;* and (ii) David Bottom, Director/Chief Information Officer, Securities and Exchange Commission, c/o John Pezzullo, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, or by sending an email to: *PRA_Mailbox@ sec.gov.*

Dated: March 25, 2024.

Sherry R. Haywood,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2024–06631 Filed 3–27–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34–99850; File No. SR– NYSEARCA–2024–28]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; NYSE Arca, Inc.; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change To Amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule

March 22, 2024.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) ¹ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act") ² and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,³ notice is hereby given that, on March 14, 2024, NYSE Arca, Inc. ("NYSE Arca" or the "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the self-regulatory organization. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule ("Fee Schedule") regarding colocation services and fees to update the list of included data products. The proposed rule change is available on the Exchange's website at *www.nyse.com*, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission's Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change

¹Rule 13h–1(a)(1) defines "large trader" as any person that directly or indirectly, including through other persons controlled by such person, exercises investment discretion over one or more accounts and effects transactions for the purchase or sale of any NMS security for or on behalf of such accounts, by or through one or more registered broker-dealers, in an aggregate amount equal to or greater than the identifying activity level or voluntarily registers as a large trader by filing electronically with the Commission Form 13H.

³ The Commission, pursuant to Rule 17a–25 (17 CFR 240.17a-25), currently collects transaction data from registered broker-dealers through the Electronic Blue Sheets ("EBS") system to support its regulatory and enforcement activities. The large trader framework added two new fields, the time of the trade and the identity of the trader, to the EBS system. Additionally, pursuant to Rule 613 (17 CFR 242.613), the Commission requires each national securities exchange and national securities association to collect transaction data from registered broker-dealers through the consolidated audit trail, to which the agency has access, to support regulatory and enforcement activities. This data includes the time of each trade and the LTID number of the person exercising investment discretion over the trade, the latter of which is assigned by the Commission pursuant to Rule 13h-

⁴ See 5 U.S.C. 552 and 15 U.S.C. 78m(h)(7).

¹15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 15 U.S.C. 78a.

³17 CFR 240.19b–4.