

**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE****Bureau of Industry and Security****In the Matter of: Niloufar Bahadorifar, 6417 Spectrum, Irvine, CA 92618; Order Denying Export Privileges**

On April 7, 2023, in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York, Niloufar Bahadorifar (“Bahadorifar”), was convicted of violating the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C 1701, *et seq.*) (“IEEPA”). Specifically, Bahadorifar was convicted of conspiring to provide services to Iran and the Government of Iran from the United States without first obtaining the required approval from U.S. Department of Treasury, Office of Foreign Assets Control. As a result of her conviction, the Court sentenced Bahadorifar to 48 months of imprisonment, three years of supervised release, and a \$200 assessment.

Pursuant to section 1760(e) of the Export Control Reform Act (“ECRA”),<sup>1</sup> the export privileges of any person who has been convicted of certain offenses, including, but not limited to, IEEPA, may be denied for a period of up to ten (10) years from the date of his/her conviction. 50 U.S.C. 4819(e) (Prior Convictions). In addition, any Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) licenses or other authorizations issued under ECRA, in which the person had an interest at the time of the conviction, may be revoked. *Id.*

BIS received notice of Bahadorifar’s conviction for violating IEEPA, and has provided notice and opportunity for Bahadorifar to make a written submission to BIS, as provided in section 766.25 of the Export Administration Regulations (“EAR” or the “Regulations”). 15 CFR 766.25.<sup>2</sup> BIS has not received a written submission from Bahadorifar.

Based upon my review of the record and consultations with BIS’s Office of Exporter Services, including its Director, and the facts available to BIS, I have decided to deny Bahadorifar’s export privileges under the Regulations for a period of 10 years from the date of Bahadorifar’s conviction. The Office of Exporter Services has also decided to revoke any BIS-issued licenses in which

<sup>1</sup> ECRA was enacted on August 13, 2018, as part of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 and, as amended, is codified at 50 U.S.C. 4801–4852.

<sup>2</sup> The Regulations are currently codified in the Code of Federal Regulations at 15 CFR parts 730–774 (2023).

Bahadorifar had an interest at the time of her conviction.<sup>3</sup>

Accordingly, it is hereby *ordered*:  
*First*, from the date of this Order until April 7, 2033, Niloufar Bahadorifar, with a last known address of 6417 Spectrum, Irvine, CA 92618, and when acting for or on her behalf, her successors, assigns, employees, agents or representatives (“the Denied Person”), may not directly or indirectly participate in any way in any transaction involving any commodity, software or technology (hereinafter collectively referred to as “item”) exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, including, but not limited to:

A. Applying for, obtaining, or using any license, license exception, or export control document;

B. Carrying on negotiations concerning, or ordering, buying, receiving, using, selling, delivering, storing, disposing of, forwarding, transporting, financing, or otherwise servicing in any way, any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or engaging in any other activity subject to the Regulations; or

C. Benefitting in any way from any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or from any other activity subject to the Regulations.

*Second*, no person may, directly or indirectly, do any of the following:

A. Export, reexport, or transfer (in-country) to or on behalf of the Denied Person any item subject to the Regulations;

B. Take any action that facilitates the acquisition or attempted acquisition by the Denied Person of the ownership, possession, or control of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States, including financing or other support activities related to a transaction whereby the Denied Person acquires or attempts to acquire such ownership, possession or control;

C. Take any action to acquire from or to facilitate the acquisition or attempted acquisition from the Denied Person of any item subject to the Regulations that has been exported from the United States;

D. Obtain from the Denied Person in the United States any item subject to the

<sup>3</sup> The Director, Office of Export Enforcement, is the authorizing official for issuance of denial orders, pursuant to amendments to the Regulations (85 FR 73411, November 18, 2020).

Regulations with knowledge or reason to know that the item will be, or is intended to be, exported from the United States; or

E. Engage in any transaction to service any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States and which is owned, possessed or controlled by the Denied Person, or service any item, of whatever origin, that is owned, possessed or controlled by the Denied Person if such service involves the use of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States. For purposes of this paragraph, servicing means installation, maintenance, repair, modification or testing.

*Third*, pursuant to section 1760(e) of the Export Control Reform Act (50 U.S.C. 4819(e)) and sections 766.23 and 766.25 of the Regulations, any other person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to Bahadorifar by ownership, control, position of responsibility, affiliation, or other connection in the conduct of trade or business may also be made subject to the provisions of this Order in order to prevent evasion of this Order.

*Fourth*, in accordance with part 756 of the Regulations, Bahadorifar may file an appeal of this Order with the Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security. The appeal must be filed within 45 days from the date of this Order and must comply with the provisions of part 756 of the Regulations.

*Fifth*, a copy of this Order shall be delivered to Bahadorifar and shall be published in the **Federal Register**.

*Sixth*, this Order is effective immediately and shall remain in effect until April 7, 2033.

**John Sonderman,**

*Director, Office of Export Enforcement.*

[FR Doc. 2024–06268 Filed 3–25–24; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510-DT-P**

**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE****Bureau of Industry and Security****In the Matter of: Juan Jose Roque, Inmate Number: 74029–509, FMC Fort Worth, P.O. Box 15330, Fort Worth, TX 76119; Order Denying Export Privileges**

On August 29, 2022, in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Texas, Juan Jose Roque (“Roque”) was convicted of violating 18 U.S.C. 554. Specifically, Roque was convicted of smuggling from the United States to Mexico, 12,800 rounds of 7.62 x 39mm

ammunition, 150 rounds of 38 Special ammunition 60 rounds of .223 caliber ammunition and one Stoeger Cougar 9mm pistol, without a license or written approval from the U.S. Department of Commerce. As a result of his conviction, the Court sentenced him to 46 months in prison, and a \$100 special assessment.

Pursuant to section 1760(e) of the Export Control Reform Act (“ECRA”),<sup>1</sup> the export privileges of any person who has been convicted of certain offenses, including, but not limited to, 18 U.S.C. 554, may be denied for a period of up to ten (10) years from the date of his/her conviction. 50 U.S.C. 4819(e). In addition, any Bureau of Industry and Security (“BIS”) licenses or other authorizations issued under ECRA, in which the person had an interest at the time of the conviction, may be revoked. *Id.*

BIS received notice of Roque’s conviction for violating 18 U.S.C. 554. As provided in section 766.25 of the Export Administration Regulations (“EAR” or the “Regulations”), BIS provided notice and opportunity for Juan Jose Roque to make a written submission to BIS. 15 CFR 766.25.<sup>2</sup> BIS has not received a written submission from Roque.

Based upon my review of the record and consultations with BIS’s Office of Exporter Services, including its Director, and the facts available to BIS, I have decided to deny Roque’s export privileges under the Regulations for a period of 10 years from the date of Roque’s conviction. The Office of Exporter Services has also decided to revoke any BIS-issued licenses in which Roque had an interest at the time of his conviction.<sup>3</sup>

Accordingly, it is hereby *ordered*:

*First*, from the date of this Order until August 29, 2032, Juan Jose Roque, with a last known address of Inmate Number: 74029–509, FMC Fort Worth, P.O. Box 15330, Fort Worth, TX 76119, and when acting for or on his behalf, his successors, assigns, employees, agents or representatives (“the Denied Person”), may not directly or indirectly participate in any way in any transaction involving any commodity, software or technology (hereinafter collectively referred to as “item”)

<sup>1</sup> ECRA was enacted on August 13, 2018, as part of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019, and as amended is codified at 50 U.S.C. 4801–4852.

<sup>2</sup> The Regulations are currently codified in the Code of Federal Regulations at 15 CFR parts 730–774 (2022).

<sup>3</sup> The Director, Office of Export Enforcement, is the authorizing official for issuance of denial orders pursuant to amendments to the Regulations (85 FR 73411, November 18, 2020).

exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, including, but not limited to:

A. Applying for, obtaining, or using any license, license exception, or export control document;

B. Carrying on negotiations concerning, or ordering, buying, receiving, using, selling, delivering, storing, disposing of, forwarding, transporting, financing, or otherwise servicing in any way, any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or engaging in any other activity subject to the Regulations; or

C. Benefitting in any way from any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or from any other activity subject to the Regulations.

*Second*, no person may, directly or indirectly, do any of the following:

A. Export, reexport, or transfer (in-country) to or on behalf of the Denied Person any item subject to the Regulations;

B. Take any action that facilitates the acquisition or attempted acquisition by the Denied Person of the ownership, possession, or control of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States, including financing or other support activities related to a transaction whereby the Denied Person acquires or attempts to acquire such ownership, possession or control;

C. Take any action to acquire from or to facilitate the acquisition or attempted acquisition from the Denied Person of any item subject to the Regulations that has been exported from the United States;

D. Obtain from the Denied Person in the United States any item subject to the Regulations with knowledge or reason to know that the item will be, or is intended to be, exported from the United States; or

E. Engage in any transaction to service any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States and which is owned, possessed or controlled by the Denied Person, or service any item, of whatever origin, that is owned, possessed or controlled by the Denied Person if such service involves the use of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States. For purposes of this paragraph, servicing means installation, maintenance, repair, modification or testing.

*Third*, pursuant to section 1760(e) of ECRA and sections 766.23 and 766.25 of the Regulations, any other person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to Juan Jose Roque by ownership, control, position of responsibility, affiliation, or other connection in the conduct of trade or business may also be made subject to the provisions of this Order in order to prevent evasion of this Order.

*Fourth*, in accordance with part 756 of the Regulations, Roque may file an appeal of this Order with the Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security. The appeal must be filed within 45 days from the date of this Order and must comply with the provisions of part 756 of the Regulations.

*Fifth*, a copy of this Order shall be delivered to Roque and shall be published in the **Federal Register**.

*Sixth*, this Order is effective immediately and shall remain in effect until August 29, 2032.

**John Sonderman**,

*Director, Office of Export Enforcement.*

[FR Doc. 2024–06266 Filed 3–25–24; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510–DT–P**

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A–557–816]

#### **Certain Steel Nails From Malaysia: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2021–2022; Correction**

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice; correction.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) published notice in the **Federal Register** of February 6, 2024, in which Commerce published the final results of the 2021–2022 antidumping duty administrative review of certain steel nails (nails) from Malaysia. This notice omitted the name of one non-selected respondent, RM Wire Industries Sdn., Bhd., from Appendix II (“List of Non-Selected Respondents”).

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** John Drury or Tyler Weinhold, AD/CVD Operations, Office VI, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0195 or (202) 482–1121, respectively.