

	Department contact
Countervailing Duty Proceedings	
Pasta from Italy, C-475-819 (5th Review)	Mary Kolberg, C-489-806 (5th Review).
Pasta From Turkey, (202) 482-1785	Mary Kolberg, (202) 482-1785.

Suspended Investigations

No Sunset Review of suspended investigations is scheduled for initiation in March 2024.

Commerce's procedures for the conduct of Sunset Review are set forth in 19 CFR 351.218. The *Notice of Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Review* provides further information regarding what is required of all parties to participate in Sunset Review.

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.103(c), Commerce will maintain and make available a service list for these proceedings. To facilitate the timely preparation of the service list(s), it is requested that those seeking recognition as interested parties to a proceeding contact Commerce in writing within 10 days of the publication of the Notice of Initiation.

Please note that if Commerce receives a Notice of Intent to Participate from a member of the domestic industry within 15 days of the date of initiation, the review will continue.

Thereafter, any interested party wishing to participate in the Sunset Review must provide substantive comments in response to the notice of initiation no later than 30 days after the date of initiation. Note that Commerce has amended certain of its requirements pertaining to the service of documents in 19 CFR 351.303(f).¹

This notice is not required by statute but is published as a service to the international trading community.

Dated: January 18, 2024.

James Maeder,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.

[FR Doc. 2024-01993 Filed 1-31-24; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[C-580-879]

Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products From the Republic of Korea: Final Results and Partial Rescission of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review; 2021

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that countervailable subsidies are being provided to producers and exporters of certain corrosion-resistant steel products from the Republic of Korea. The period of review (POR) is January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2021.

DATES: Applicable February 1, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert Palmer, AD/CVD Operations, Office VIII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-9068.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Background

Commerce published the preliminary results of this administrative review on July 31, 2023.¹ For a description of the events that occurred since the *Preliminary Results*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.²

*Scope of the Order*³

The products covered by this *Order* are certain corrosion-resistant steel

¹ See *Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from the Republic of Korea: Preliminary Results and Partial Rescission of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review*; 2021, 88 FR 49440 (July 31, 2023) (*Preliminary Results*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

² See Memorandum, "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results and Partial Rescission of the 2021 Administrative Review of the Countervailing Duty Order on Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from the Republic of Korea," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

³ See *Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from India, Italy, the People's Republic of China, the Republic of Korea and Taiwan: Amended Final Affirmative Antidumping Determination for India*

products. For a complete description of the scope of this *Order*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in interested parties' case briefs are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum accompanying this notice. A list of the issues raised by parties, and to which Commerce responded in the Issues and Decision Memorandum, is provided in the appendix to this notice. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

Changes Since the Preliminary Results

Based on a review of the record and comments received from interested parties regarding our *Preliminary Results*, and for the reasons explained in the Issues and Decision Memorandum, we made certain revisions to the subsidy calculations for KG Dongbu Steel Co., Ltd. (KG Dongbu). As a result of the changes to KG Dongbu's final subsidy rate, the final subsidy rate for the three non-selected companies under review also changed.⁴

Methodology

Commerce conducted this review in accordance with section 751(a)(1)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). For each of the subsidy programs found countervailable, we find that there is a subsidy, *i.e.*, a government-provided financial contribution that gives rise to a benefit to the recipient, and that the subsidy is specific.⁵ For a description of the methodology underlying all of Commerce's

and Taiwan, and Antidumping Duty Orders, 81 FR 48390 (July 25, 2016) (*Order*).

⁴ For details on the changes made since the *Preliminary Results*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

⁵ See sections 771(5)(B) and (D) of the Act regarding financial contribution; section 771(5)(E) of the Act regarding benefit; and section 771(5A) of the Act regarding specificity.

¹ *Administrative Protective Order, Service, and Other Procedures in Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Final Rule*, 88 FR 67069 (September 29, 2023).

conclusions, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Partial Rescission of Review

Commerce’s practice is to rescind an administrative review of a countervailing duty order, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.213(d)(3), when there are no reviewable entries of subject merchandise during the POR for which liquidation is suspended.⁶ Normally, upon completion of an administrative review, the suspended entries are liquidated at the countervailing duty assessment rate calculated for the review period.⁷ Therefore, for an administrative review of a company to be conducted, there must be a reviewable, suspended entry that Commerce can instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to liquidate at the countervailing duty assessment rate calculated for the review period.

In the *Preliminary Results*, we found the following four companies subject to this review did not have reviewable

entries during the POR for which liquidation is suspended: (1) SeAH Steel Corporation; (2) POSCO International; (3) POSCO Steeleon; and (4) Hyundai Steel Co., Ltd. Accordingly, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.213(d)(3), we stated our intention to rescind the review with respect to these companies in the final results.⁸ Because there is no evidence on the record that these four companies had entries, exports, or sales of subject merchandise during the POR, and no party filed comments with respect to our preliminary determination regarding these companies, we are rescinding this review with respect to these four companies consistent with 19 CFR 351.213(d)(3).

Companies Not Selected for Individual Review

There are three companies for which a review was requested, but which were not selected as mandatory respondents or found to be cross-owned with a

mandatory respondent. These companies are: (1) POSCO; (2) POSCO Coated & Color Steel Co., Ltd.; and (3) SeAH Coated Metal. For these three companies, because the rates calculated for mandatory respondents KG Dongbu and Hyundai Steel Company were above *de minimis* and not based entirely on facts available, we applied a final subsidy rate based on a weighted average of the rates calculated for the two mandatory respondents using the publicly ranged sales data they submitted on the record. This methodology for establishing the subsidy rate for the non-selected companies is consistent with our practice and with section 705(c)(5)(A) of the Act.

Final Results of Review

We determine that, for the period January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2021, the following total net countervailable subsidy rates exist:

Producer/exporter	Subsidy rate (percent <i>ad valorem</i>)
KG Dongbu Steel Co., Ltd	6.48
Hyundai Steel Company	0.82
Review-Specific Rate Applicable to Non-Selected Companies:	
POSCO	1.60
POSCO Coated & Color Steel Co., Ltd	1.60
SeAH Coated Metal	1.60

Disclosure

Commerce intends to disclose the calculations performed for these final results of review within five days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Assessment Rate

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(2), Commerce has determined, and CBP shall assess, countervailing duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise in accordance with the final results of this review, for the above-listed companies at the applicable *ad valorem* assessment rates listed. Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International

Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.*, within 90 days of publication).

Cash Deposit Rates

In accordance with section 751(a)(1) of the Act, Commerce intends to instruct CBP to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties in the amounts shown for each of the respective companies listed above on shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of the final results of this administrative review. For all non-reviewed firms, we will instruct CBP to continue to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties at the most recent company-specific or all-others rate applicable to the company, as appropriate. These cash deposits,

effective upon the publication of the final results of this review, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Administrative Protective Order

This notice also serves as a final reminder to parties subject to an administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

Notification to Interested Parties

These final results are issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5).

⁶ See, e.g., *Lightweight Thermal Paper from the People’s Republic of China: Notice of Rescission of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review*; 2015, 82 FR 14349 (March 20, 2017); and *Circular Welded*

Carbon Quality Steel Pipe from the People’s Republic of China: Rescission of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review; 2017, 84 FR 14650 (April 11, 2019).

⁷ See 19 CFR 351.212(b)(2).

⁸ See *Preliminary Results*, 88 FR at 49440.

Dated: January 25, 2024.

Abdelali Elouaradia,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the *Order*
- IV. Subsidies Valuation Information
- V. Analysis of Programs
- VI. Discussion of the Issues
 - Comment 1: Whether Electricity Is Subsidized by the Government of Korea (GOK)
 - Comment 2: Whether the Korea Emissions Trading System (K-ETS) Is Countervailable
 - Comment 3: Whether Hyundai Steel Company (Hyundai Steel) and Hyundai Green Power (HGP) Are Cross-Owned
 - Comment 4: Whether KG Dongbu Steel Co., Ltd. (KG Dongbu) Is Equityworthy and the 2015–2018 Debt-to-Equity Swaps Should Be Countervailed
 - Comment 5: Whether Subsidies Prior to Dongbu Steel Co., Ltd.'s (Dongbu Steel) Change in Ownership (CIO) Pass Through to KG Dongbu
 - Comment 6: Whether Commerce Incorrectly Calculated the Uncreditworthy Benchmark Rate and Unequityworthy Discount Rate
 - Comment 7: Whether Commerce Used the Correct Uncreditworthy Rate in the Benefit Calculation for the Long-Term Loan and Bond Restructured in 2019
 - Comment 8: Whether Commerce Incorrectly Included Long-Term Bonds Received From a Private Bank in its Calculation of Benefit for Restructured Loans
- VIII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2024–02019 Filed 1–31–24; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–583–854]

Certain Steel Nails From Taiwan: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review, Final Determination of No Shipments, and Final Determination of No Reviewable Sales; 2021–2022

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that certain steel nails from Taiwan were sold in the United States at less than normal value during the period of review (POR), July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022. Commerce also determines that certain companies under review

made no shipments of certain steel nails from Taiwan or had no reviewable sales during the POR.

DATES: Applicable February 1, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Faris Montgomery, AD/CVD Operations, Office VIII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–1537.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On August 3, 2023, Commerce published the preliminary results in the 2021–2022 administrative review of the antidumping duty order on certain steel nails from Taiwan and invited interested parties to comment.¹ The review covers 140 companies, including three mandatory respondents, four companies claiming no shipments of subject merchandise during the POR, three companies claiming no reviewable sales during the POR, and 130 companies not selected for individual examination.² A summary of the events that occurred since publication of the *Preliminary Results*, as well as a full discussion of the issues raised by parties for these final results, are included in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.³ Commerce conducted this administrative review in accordance with section 751(a)(1)(B) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

Scope of the Order⁴

The merchandise covered by this *Order* are certain steel nails from Taiwan. The certain steel nails subject to the *Order* are currently classifiable under Harmonized Tariff Schedule of

¹ See *Certain Steel Nails from Taiwan: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review, Preliminary Determination of No Shipments, Preliminary Determination of No Reviewable Sales, and Partial Rescission of Review; 2021–2022*, 88 FR 51291 (August 3, 2023) (*Preliminary Results*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

² *Id.* The mandatory respondents in this review are: Your Standing International, Inc. (YSI); Shang Jeng Nail Co., Ltd. (Shang Jeng); and World Kun Company Limited (World Kun). We note that Concord International Engineering & Trading Co., Ltd. was selected as a mandatory respondent, but claimed to have no reviewable sales in its questionnaire responses.

³ See Memorandum, “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the Antidumping Duty Administrative Review of Certain Steel Nails from Taiwan; 2021–2022,” dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

⁴ See *Certain Steel Nails from the Republic of Korea, Malaysia, the Sultanate of Oman, Taiwan, and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam: Antidumping Duty Orders*, 80 FR 39994 (July 13, 2015) (*Order*).

the United States (HTSUS) subheadings 7317.00.55.02, 7317.00.55.03, 7317.00.55.05, 7317.00.55.07, 7317.00.55.08, 7317.00.55.11, 7317.00.55.18, 7317.00.55.19, 7317.00.55.20, 7317.00.55.30, 7317.00.55.40, 7317.00.55.50, 7317.00.55.60, 7317.00.55.70, 7317.00.55.80, 7317.00.55.90, 7317.00.65.30, 7317.00.65.60 and 7317.00.75.00. Certain steel nails subject to this *Order* also may be classified under HTSUS subheadings 7907.00.60.00, 8206.00.00.00 or other HTSUS subheadings. While the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of this *Order* is dispositive. For a complete description of the scope of the *Order*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in parties’ case and rebuttal briefs are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum and are listed in appendix I to this notice. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

Changes Since the Preliminary Results

Based on our findings at verification, Commerce made certain changes to the margin calculations for YSI. The Issues and Decision Memorandum contains descriptions of these changes.

Final Determination of No Shipments

In the *Preliminary Results*, Commerce determined that the following companies had no shipments of subject merchandise during the POR: Astrotech Steels Private Limited (Astrotech); Region Systems Sdn. Bhd (Region Systems); Region Industries Co., Ltd. (Region Industries); and Region International Co., Ltd (Region International).⁵ As we have not received any information to contradict this determination, consistent with our practice, we will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to liquidate any existing entries of subject merchandise produced by these four companies, but exported by other parties, at the all-others rate if there is

⁵ See *Preliminary Results*, 88 FR at 51292.