

monitoring. Support and involvement by the city government is required.

- *Implementation Plan*—The required implementation plan should contain the following (see the UBT Program Guidebook at <https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/urban-bird-reaty-v3.pdf> for full descriptions of requirements):

- Detailed description of the importance of the city to migrating, nesting, and overwintering birds and bird habitats; human population size of the city; and socioeconomic profile of the human communities present and those targeted for education and engagement programs.
- Map of the geographic area that is being nominated for designation.
- List of individuals and organizations, and their contact information, that are active in the partnership.
- The mission, goals, and objectives of the partnership applying for designation, organized by the three UBT goal categories.
- Description of accomplishments (e.g., activities, products, outcomes) that have been completed over the last 2–3 years, the audiences and communities reached/engaged through those activities, and the partner organizations that have achieved them, organized by UBT goal categories.
- Description of goals, objectives, activities, actions, and tools/products that are being planned for the next 3–5 years under the UBT designation, the objectives to be accomplished, the audiences and communities targeted for engagement, and the partners who will complete the work, organized by UBT goal categories.

- *Ad Hoc Reports*—The Service will also request information updates on an ongoing basis, on UBT city points of contact, activities and events, and other information about urban bird conservation in the city, as needed by the Service for storytelling, promotion, and internal programmatic communications, education, and outreach.

- *Biennial Reporting*—For each goal category, the Service requires city partners to provide biennial metrics, as well as written and photographic descriptions of activities. To maintain their city's designation by ensuring that they are actively working to achieve the goals of the UBT Program, city partners are required to submit this information.

We will use the information collected for storytelling purposes to promote the urban bird conservation work of city partners, and to enable the Migratory Bird Program to develop UBT Program

accomplishment reports and other communications tools to share with the public and the conservation community at large. The reporting requirement ensures that the UBT city designation is meaningful and that city partners are accountable for the efforts that they agreed to undertake to earn their designation. Additionally, we will use the information to promote the UBT Program to other interested city partners and the benefits of urban bird conservation generally. For more information, please see the UBT Program Guidebook at the following link: <https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/urban-bird-reaty-v3.pdf>.

The public may request copies of documents referenced in this information collection by sending a request to the Service Information Collection Clearance Officer in **ADDRESSES**, above.

Title of Collection: Urban Bird Treaty Program Requirements.

OMB Control Number: 1018–0183.

Form Number: None.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Respondents/Affected Public: Nonprofits; colleges, universities, and schools; museums, zoos, and aquaria; local community groups; private businesses; and municipal, State, and Tribal governments involved in urban bird conservation in UBT cities.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Respondents: 39.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses: 39.

Estimated Completion Time per Response: Varies from 3 hours to 80 hours, depending on activity.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours: 1,256.

Respondent's Obligation: Required to obtain or retain a benefit.

Frequency of Collection: One-time submission of nomination letter; one-time submission of implementation plan; on occasion for information updates; and biennial reporting.

Total Estimated Annual Nonhour Burden Cost: None.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The authority for this action is the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

Madonna Baucum,

Information Collection Clearance Officer, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

[FR Doc. 2024–01542 Filed 1–25–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4333–15–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[NMMN–103686]

Public Land Order No. 7935; Extension of Public Land Order No. 7593 for Davenport Electronic Site; New Mexico

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Public Land Order.

SUMMARY: This order extends the duration of the withdrawal created by Public Land Order (PLO) No. 7593 for an additional 20-year period. On January 28, 2004, PLO No. 7593 withdrew 80 acres of National Forest System lands in Catron County, New Mexico, from location and entry under the United States mining laws, subject to valid existing rights, for a 20-year period. The purpose of this withdrawal is to protect the Davenport Electronic Site managed by the United States Forest Service (USFS), which supports emergency service communication infrastructure.

DATES: This PLO takes effect on January 28, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Carol Harris, BLM Socorro Field Office Realty Specialist by phone at 575–838–1298 or email at caharris@blm.gov or Richard Wilhelm, USFS Lands Special Uses Program Manager, by phone at (505) 346–3842 or by email at richard.wilhelm@usda.gov.

Individuals in the United States who are deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or Tele Braille) to access telecommunications relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-of-contact in the United States.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The purpose of the withdrawal extended by this PLO is to protect the Davenport Electronic Site, as originally authorized under PLO No. 7593 (69 FR 4172), which is incorporated herein by reference. PLO No. 7593 withdrew 80 acres of National Forest System lands from location and entry under the United States mining laws. The withdrawal extension is necessary to continue protection of these lands that are utilized to support emergency service communication for an additional 20-year term.

Order

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior by Section

204 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1714, it is ordered as follows:

1. Subject to valid existing rights, PLO No. 7593 (69 FR 4172), which withdrew 80 acres of National Forest System lands from location and entry under the United States mining laws to protect the USFS-managed Davenport Electronic Site, is hereby extended for an additional 20-year period and the legal description reads as follows:

New Mexico Principal Meridian, New Mexico

T. 1 N., R. 10 W.,
Sec. 29, S½NW¼.

The areas described aggregate 80 acres.

2. This withdrawal will expire 20 years from the effective date of this order unless, as a result of a review conducted prior to the expiration date pursuant to Section 204(f) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act, 43 U.S.C. 1714(f), the Secretary determines that the withdrawal shall be further extended.

(Authority: 43 U.S.C. 1714(f))

Robert T. Anderson,
Solicitor.

[FR Doc. 2024-01551 Filed 1-25-24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3411-15-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0037280;
PPWOCRADNO-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: Robert S. Peabody Institute of Archaeology, Andover, MA

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Robert S. Peabody Institute of Archaeology has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice. The human remains and associated funerary objects were removed from Okaloosa County, FL.

DATES: Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after February 26, 2024.

ADDRESSES: Ryan J. Wheeler, Robert S. Peabody Institute of Archaeology, 180

Main Street, Andover, MA 01810, telephone (978) 749-4490, email rwheeler@andover.edu.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the Robert S. Peabody Institute of Archaeology. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice. Additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the inventory or related records held by the Robert S. Peabody Institute of Archaeology.

Description

Human remains representing, at minimum, one individual were removed from Okaloosa County, FL. Clarence B. Moore disturbed and removed burials from the site that he called Mound at Walton Camp, also known as Fort Walton Temple Mound (8OK6). Moore transferred the human remains, representing one adult of indeterminate age and sex, to the Robert S. Peabody Institute of Archaeology (then called the Department of Archaeology, Phillips Academy) in 1901. The 13 associated funerary objects are four lots of stone celts; one stone disk; one lot of shell ornaments; one lot of bone perforators; three lots of chipped stone points; one hematite bar; one ceramic vessel; and one lot of medium sized shell beads and fragments.

Cultural Affiliation

The human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice are connected to one or more identifiable earlier groups, tribes, peoples, or cultures. There is a relationship of shared group identity between the identifiable earlier groups, tribes, peoples, or cultures and one or more Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations. The following types of information were used to reasonably trace the relationship: archeological information, geographical information, historical information, oral tradition, and the expert opinion of Tribal representatives.

Determinations

Pursuant to NAGPRA and its implementing regulations, and after consultation with the appropriate Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations, the Robert S. Peabody Institute of Archaeology has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical

remains of one individual of Native American ancestry.

- The 13 objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.

- There is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice and the Jena Band of Choctaw Indians; Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians; Seminole Tribe of Florida; and The Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the Responsible Official identified in **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or a culturally affiliated Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after February 26, 2024. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the Robert S. Peabody Institute of Archaeology must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The Robert S. Peabody Institute of Archaeology is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

This notice was submitted before the effective date of the revised regulations (88 FR 86452, December 13, 2023, effective January 12, 2024). As the notice conforms to the mandatory format of the **Federal Register** and includes the required information, the National Park Service is publishing this notice as submitted.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.