

U.S. The EPA relies on a single set of updated, 2016-base year photochemical grid modeling results for the year 2023 as the primary basis for its assessment of air quality conditions and contributions at steps 1 and 2 of the EPA’s 4-step framework for assessing good neighbor obligations. The EPA has selected nationally uniform analytic years for its analysis under the 4-step framework and is applying a nationally uniform approach to nonattainment and maintenance receptors and a nationally uniform approach to contribution threshold analysis.¹¹

Specifically, the Administrator finds that this action on the State of Wyoming’s SIP submission is based on several determinations of nationwide scope or effect, including his determination: (1) that use of the same 2023 analytical year air quality modeling (2016v3) and monitoring data that were used to define all other states’ good neighbor obligations for the 2015 ozone NAAQS is appropriate for evaluating Wyoming’s contribution in this action; (2) that it is appropriate to use the EPA’s nationwide methodology for identifying nonattainment and maintenance receptors, including “violating monitor” maintenance-only receptors, using the 2016v3 modeling

and recent monitoring data; (3) that it is appropriate to use the EPA’s nationwide methodology for calculating states’ contribution levels to out of state receptors in calculating Wyoming’s impact; and (4) that a conclusion that a state’s impact on all out of state receptors is less than 1 percent of the NAAQS (using the data and methodologies described in items (1) through (3)) is sufficient to approve the state’s good neighbor SIP submission for the 2015 ozone NAAQS, without further analysis.

These determinations lie at the core of this final action and ensure consistency and equity in the treatment of all states in addressing the multistate problem of interstate ozone pollution under the good neighbor provision for the 2015 ozone NAAQS. These determinations are not related to the particularities of the emissions sources in Wyoming or any specific state.

For these reasons, the Administrator is exercising the complete discretion afforded to him under the CAA and hereby makes and publishes a finding that this action is based on multiple determinations of nationwide scope or effect for purposes of CAA section 307(b)(1). Therefore, any petitions for review of this action must be filed in the D.C. Circuit Court of Appeals.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Incorporation by reference, Ozone.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*

Michael S. Regan,
Administrator.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Environmental Protection Agency amends 40 CFR part 52 as follows:

PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

- 1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*

Subpart ZZ—Wyoming

- 2. In § 52.2620, the table in paragraph (e) is amended by adding the entry “(35) XXXV” in numerical order to read as follows:

§ 52.2620 Identification of plan.

* * * * *
(e) * * *

Rule No.	Rule title	State effective date	EPA effective date	Final rule citation/ date	Comments
(35) XXXV	Interstate transport SIP for section 110(a)(2)(D)(i)(I) prongs 1 and 2 for the 2015 Ozone NAAQS.	1/3/2019	1/18/2024	[insert Federal Register citation], 12/19/2024.	

[FR Doc. 2023–27754 Filed 12–18–23; 8:45 am]
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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 302

Designation, Reportable Quantities, and Notification

CFR Correction

This rule is being published by the Office of the Federal Register to correct an editorial or technical error that appeared in the most recent annual revision of the Code of Federal Regulations.

- In Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 300 to 399, revised as

of July 1, 2023, Appendix B to § 302.4 as published in the July 1, 2021, revision of title 40, parts 300 to 399, is reinstated.

[FR Doc. 2023–27993 Filed 12–18–23; 8:45 am]
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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 25

[**IB Docket Nos. 22–411; 22–271; FCC 23–73; FR ID 190672**]

Expediting Initial Processing of Satellite and Earth Station Applications; Correction

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

¹¹ In the report on the 1977 Amendments that revised section 307(b)(1) of the CAA, Congress noted that the Administrator’s determination that the “nationwide scope or effect” exception applies would be appropriate for any action that has a scope or effect beyond a single judicial circuit. *See*

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: This document corrects the preamble to a final rule published in the **Federal Register** of December 6, 2023, regarding Expediting the Initial Processing of Satellite and Earth Station Applications. This correction removes a sentence that erroneously stated that a proposed rule relating to further expediting satellite and earth station application processing was published elsewhere in the same issue of the **Federal Register**. The proposed rule published in the **Federal Register** of December 8, 2023.

DATES: The correction is effective January 5, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Julia Malette, Attorney Advisor, Satellite Programs and Policy Division, Space

H.R. Rep. No. 95–294 at 323, 324, reprinted in 1977 U.S.C.C.A.N. 1402–03.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Correction

In final rule FR Doc. 2023–26699, in the issue of December 6, 2023, on page

84737 in the 3rd column, remove the sentence: “A proposed rule relating to further expediting satellite and earth station application processing is published elsewhere in this issue of the **Federal Register.**”

Dated: December 12, 2023.
Federal Communications Commission

Marlene Dortch,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2023–27812 Filed 12–18–23; 8:45 am]

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