authorized to be filed in the proceeding must be filed with the ALJ.

(2) Submissions are considered filed when they are filed with the DAB according to the DAB's filing guidance.

(b) *Format.* (1) The ALJ may designate the format for copies of nondocumentary materials such as videotapes, computer disks, or physical evidence. This provision does not apply to the charge letter or other written notice provided under § 93.405.

(2) Every submission filed in the proceeding must include the title of the case, the docket number, and a designation of the nature of the submission.

(3) Every submission filed in the proceeding must be signed by and contain the address and telephone number of the party on whose behalf the document or paper was filed, or the attorney of record for the party.

(c) *Service*. Service of a submission on other parties is accomplished by filing the submission with the ALJ through the DAB electronic filing system.

§93.509 Filing motions.

(a) Parties must file all motions and requests for an order or ruling with the ALJ, serve them on the other party, state the nature of the relief requested, provide the legal authority relied upon, and state the facts alleged in support of the motion or request.

(b) All motions must be in writing except for those made during a prehearing conference or at a hearing.

(c) Within 10 days after being served with a motion, or other time as set by the ALJ, a party may file a response to the motion. The moving party may not file a reply to the response unless allowed by the ALJ.

(d) The ALJ may not grant a motion before the time for filing a response has expired, except with the parties' consent or after a hearing on the motion. However, the ALJ may overrule or deny any motion without awaiting a response.

(e) The ALJ must make a reasonable effort to dispose of all motions promptly, and, whenever possible, dispose of all outstanding motions before the hearing.

§93.510 Conferences.

(a) The ALJ must schedule an initial conference with the parties within 30 days of the DAB Chair's assignment of the case.

(b) The ALJ may use the initial conference to discuss:

(1) Identification and simplification of the issues, specification of genuine disputes of fact and their materiality to the ORI findings of research misconduct and any administrative actions; (2) Identification of material legal issues and any need for briefing;

(3) Scheduling dates for the filing of briefs based on the administrative record or the hearing, if applicable; and

(4) Other matters that may encourage the fair, just, and prompt disposition of the proceedings.

(c) The ALJ may schedule additional conferences as appropriate, upon reasonable notice to or request of the parties.

(d) All conferences will be recorded with copies provided to the parties upon request.

(e) The ALJ shall memorialize in writing any oral rulings within 10 days after a conference is held.

(f) By 15 days before the scheduled hearing date, if applicable, the ALJ must hold a prehearing conference to resolve to the maximum extent possible all outstanding issues about evidence, witnesses, motions and all other matters that may encourage the fair, just, and prompt resolution of genuine factual disputes.

§ 93.511 Hearing to resolve genuine factual dispute.

(a) The ALJ may hold a virtual or inperson hearing that is limited to resolving a genuine factual dispute.

(b) The ALJ shall permit the parties to call witnesses and to question witnesses. The ALJ may also question witnesses.

(c) The parties are not required to submit prehearing briefs.

(d) The parties are not required to give opening or closing statements at the hearing.

(e) The hearing will be transcribed, and the parties will have an opportunity to review the transcript and submit proposed corrections to the ALJ.

(f) Following receipt of the transcript and proposed corrections to the transcript, the ALJ may permit the parties to file briefs with suggested factual findings based on the transcript.

(g) The ALJ will issue findings of fact to the parties that resolves the genuine factual dispute.

§93.512 The Administrative Law Judge's ruling.

(a) Based on the administrative record and any findings of fact as a result of a hearing, if applicable, the ALJ shall issue a ruling in writing setting forth whether ORI's findings and HHS's proposed administrative actions, other than suspension and debarment, reflected in the charge letter are reasonable and not based on a material error of law or fact within 60 days after the last submission by the parties in the case. If unable to meet the 60-day deadline, the ALJ must set a new deadline and promptly notify the parties and the SDO if a suspension or proposed debarment is contested. The ALJ shall serve a copy of the ruling upon the parties. If a suspension or proposed debarment is contested, the ALJ shall provide a copy of the ruling to the SDO to be included in the official record under 2 CFR part 180.

(b) The ruling of the ALJ constitutes the final HHS action on the findings of research misconduct and administrative actions other than suspension or debarment. The decision of the SDO constitutes the final HHS action regarding suspension or debarment under 2 CFR part 180.

Dated: September 27, 2023.

Xavier Becerra,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2023–21746 Filed 10–5–23; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4150–31–P

CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICE

45 CFR Parts 2520, 2521 and 2522

RIN 3045-AA84

AmeriCorps State and National Updates

AGENCY: Corporation for National and Community Service.

ACTION: Proposed rule with request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Corporation for National and Community Service (operating as AmeriCorps) proposes to revise its regulations governing the AmeriCorps State and National program. This proposed rule would make four substantive changes to the regulations governing the AmeriCorps State and National program to provide programmatic and grantmaking flexibilities. Specifically, this proposed rule would: limit AmeriCorps State and National grantees' required share of program costs (known as "match" or "cost share") to a scale that starts at 24 percent for the first three-year grant cycle and increases more incrementally with each successive three-year grant cycle, until it reaches 50 percent in the sixth three-year grant cycle (that is, the sixteenth year of the grant) and beyond; simplify the criteria that allow AmeriCorps to waive match for AmeriCorps State and National grantees; allow AmeriCorps to grant waivers of education hour limitations under certain circumstances to permit AmeriCorps State and National AmeriCorps members to spend an

increased number of hours on education and training activities; and remove the four-term limit on service in AmeriCorps State and National programs, instead referring to the limitation on total value of the Segal Education Awards (education awards) a member may earn. The main nonsubstantive change in this proposed rule updates nomenclature to reflect that the Corporation for National and Community Service operates as AmeriCorps.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted by December 5, 2023. ADDRESSES: Please send your comments electronically through the Federal government's one-stop rulemaking website at *www.regulations.gov*. Alternatively, you may send your comments to Elizabeth Appel, Associate General Counsel, at *eappel@cns.gov* or by mail to AmeriCorps (ATTN: Elizabeth Appel), 250 E Street SW, Washington DC 20525.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Elizabeth Appel, Associate General Counsel, at *eappel@cns.gov*, (202) 967– 5070.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

AmeriCorps is proposing changes to its AmeriCorps State and National program regulations based on its desire to address stakeholder feedback on match requirements, be more consistent with other grant programs within the agency, and reduce barriers to grantee organizations specifically designed to provide education and training to members as part of their national service program. AmeriCorps State and National provides grants to states, territories, Indian tribes, public and private nonprofit organizations, local governments, and institutions of higher education to carry out national service programs, offering a wide range of service opportunities. AmeriCorps State and National also provides general operating funding for state service commissions. AmeriCorps is proposing these changes under the authority of the National and Community Service Act, as amended, at 42 U.S.C. 12651c(c).

II. Overview of Proposed Rule

This proposed rule would make four substantive changes to the AmeriCorps State and National regulations, as described below. In addition, this proposed rule would make nomenclature changes to add a definition for "AmeriCorps" and change "the Corporation" to "AmeriCorps" throughout these regulations to reflect that the Corporation for National and Community Service now operates as AmeriCorps.

A. Waiver of the Current 20 Percent Limit on Education and Training Activities—§ 2520.50

The current regulation sets a 20 percent limit to the aggregate total of all AmeriCorps member service hours in a program that may be spent in education and training activities. As a result, each program must have at least 80 percent of the aggregate of all AmeriCorps member hours in service. The proposed rule would allow AmeriCorps to waive this limit under certain circumstances, to allow up to 50 percent of the aggregate AmeriCorps member hours in a program to be spent in education and training activities. The criteria AmeriCorps will consider when deciding whether a waiver is appropriate are whether the AmeriCorps program:

• is a Registered Apprenticeship program, or

• is a job training or job readiness program, or

• includes activities to support member attainment of a GED or high school diploma or occupational, technical, or safety credentials, or

• the AmeriCorps program primarily enrolls economically disadvantaged AmeriCorps members and is designed to provide soft skills or life skills development for those members.

This proposed rule would allow individuals who might benefit from additional education and training, such as those reentering society after incarceration, to participate in national service while acquiring skills and knowledge to ease their transition.

The current regulation creates a significant barrier to entry for workforce development/Registered Apprenticeship programs and results in their participants being unable to get credit for a large portion of their hours. Programs with full-time participants are only able to offer "less than full-time" AmeriCorps member slots, which limits the amount of the education award available to their participants and could limit their participants' access to health care, childcare, and other benefits afforded to members enrolled in fulltime slots.

AmeriCorps expects to grant waivers to new and existing Registered Apprenticeship programs, job training or job readiness programs, programs that include activities to support member attainment of a GED or high school diploma or other credentials, or programs that primarily enroll economically disadvantaged AmeriCorps members and are designed

to provide soft skills or life skills development for those members. Grantees would request waivers in writing as part of their grant application. Decisions about the waivers would be provided prior to grant award. As most of the programs that would benefit from this waiver have participants who are serving in the program full time but may only serve part-time as AmeriCorps members because of the current limits on in-service educational time, there is no expectation that the level of service provided to communities would decline. While the level of service provided to communities is expected to remain constant under this proposal, participants would benefit because they could count the majority of their existing training hours toward earning a larger education award.

B. Revising Match Requirements— § 2521.60

This proposed rule would revise the scale that sets out grantees' program costs not provided by AmeriCorps (known as "match" or "cost share"). The current regulations require a graduated match that incrementally increases each year to a total of 50 percent overall share by the tenth year and for each year afterward without a break in funding of five years or more. The proposed rule would establish a match that gradually increases at the end of each three-year grant period (rather than annually) over a longer period of time to reach a total of 50 percent overall share by the sixteenth year (rather than by the tenth year) and for each year afterward without a break in funding of five years or more.

This proposed change is intended to address the increased difficulty many grantees experience in raising match funds, as evidenced by the increase in waiver requests AmeriCorps receives, and address many of the comments AmeriCorps received in response to the Request for Information from Non-Federal Stakeholders: Grantee Match Requirements (RFI) it published in 2022. See 87 FR 26740 (May 5, 2022). Waiver requests have increased significantly since 2017 and 2018. From March 2022 to March 2023, AmeriCorps received more than 60 requests for full or partial waivers of AmeriCorps State and National match requirements, meaning that requests have been submitted for more than 7 percent of AmeriCorps State and National costreimbursement grants. Many of the respondents to the RFI stated that they have difficulty securing match and that current match requirements are a barrier to equity and limit people's ability to serve. These respondents specifically

proposed a return to "original Congressional intent" as evidenced by language in the National and Community Service Act of 1990 providing that AmeriCorps' share may not exceed 75 percent. For several years, Congress has, through appropriations laws, provided that AmeriCorps programs receiving grants under the National Service Trust program must meet an overall minimum match of 24 percent for the first three years of receiving funding, and then must meet the overall match requirements in section 2521.60 of the current regulations. See, e.g., Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022, Public Law 117-103, Section 402. The current regulations at section 2521.60 set out a graduated match schedule in which the required match increases from 26 percent as of the fourth consecutive year they receive a grant to 50 percent as of year 10 and beyond for the total budget. This requires grantees to match the AmeriCorps' investment one-to-one once they reach year 10 and beyond.

AmeriCorps proposes a match that increases more gradually until it reaches 50 percent of the overall program cost by the sixteenth year to replace the current regulations' more abrupt and steep match scale. A match that increases less often (by grant period, rather than annually) would reduce the burden on grantees of raising, tracking, and reporting increasing annual percentages. While some grantees can raise the currently required additional match for years five and beyond (ranging from 30 percent to 50 percent), it is a barrier for other existing grantees that are smaller or in geographic areas where there is not a philanthropic community. It is also a barrier to entry for new applicants that have less capacity and less access to matching funds. Lowering the match amount does not change the cost to run a strong AmeriCorps program. Thus, grantees will continue to have to raise additional funds beyond the required match generally, for the sustainability of their organization, but they will no longer be in danger of having to return AmeriCorps funds at the end of their grants if they fail to raise match that is so far in excess of the 25 percent indicated by statutory text. To the extent they are able, grantees are strongly encouraged to raise funding beyond the required match amount to extend the reach of national service as much as possible.

C. Criteria for Waiving Match Requirements—§ 2521.70

This proposed rule would revise the criteria that grantees must demonstrate

when they request a waiver of the matching requirements. Currently, the regulation requires grantees to demonstrate: (1) a lack of resources at the local level; (2) that the lack of resources is unique or unusual; (3) the efforts the grantee has made to raise matching resources; and (4) the amount of matching resources the grantee has raised or reasonably expects to raise. The proposed rule would instead specify four criteria and require grantees to demonstrate only one of them, and in addition provide supporting documentation and a description of the efforts made to raise match. The proposed waiver criteria mirror the waiver criteria required in AmeriCorps Seniors programs, with one additional criterion to allow waivers for organizations with revenue of less than \$500,000. Specifically, under the proposed rule, grantees would have to demonstrate one of the following: initial difficulties in developing local funding sources during the first three years of operations; an economic downturn, natural disaster, or similar event in the grantee's service area that severely restricts or reduces sources of local funding support; the unexpected discontinuation of local support from one or more sources that a project has relied on for a period of years; or an organizational revenue of less than \$500,000.

The current regulations' waiver requirements are overly burdensome to grantees and enhance the risk that AmeriCorps funds will not be fully expended because grantees must return AmeriCorps funds at closeout if they do not meet the match requirement or receive a waiver. The proposed waiver criteria reduce this burden. Furthermore, the agency desires to have more consistency between its programs, and the proposed change aligns AmeriCorps State and National's match waiver criteria with AmeriCorps Seniors' match waiver criteria, with one additional criterion. The additional criterion, for organizations with less than \$500,000 in revenue (as shown on an IRS Form 990, for example) is intended to encourage new, small organizations and those with programs in underserved communities. The proposed rule would still require a description of efforts made to raise matching resources but clarifies that this description must be provided with the waiver request.

D. Limit on Number of Terms an Individual May Serve in AmeriCorps State and National—§ 2522.235

The current regulation provides that individuals who serve in AmeriCorps

State and National may receive the benefits offered by AmeriCorps for serving up to, but not more than, four terms. It also includes information on how terms are calculated if an individual is released early under various circumstances. The benefits offered to AmeriCorps members include the AmeriCorps Segal Education Award from the National Service Trust upon successful completion of their terms of service. Benefits during service include a living allowance, financial benefits during an extended term of disasterrelated service, childcare, and health care

Separate regulations at 45 CFR 2525.50 limit participants to receiving no more than the value of two full-time education awards. The proposed rule would remove the four term limit, thus allowing any individual to serve as many terms as necessary to earn the value of two full-time education awards, regardless of whether those terms are served on a full-time, part-time, or reduced part-time basis. This revision removes an artificial barrier on individuals' ability to continue to serve.

In 2010, AmeriČorps established the four-term limit in the current regulations to ensure that there would be opportunities for all interested Americans to serve because, at the time, applications for AmeriCorps far exceeded available positions. See 75 FR 51395, 51406–07 (August 20, 2010). An excess demand for AmeriCorps positions no longer exists to justify this term limit. Even accounting for the possibility that demand will at some point exceed the number of AmeriCorps positions available, the current regulation's term limit is too broad a prohibition. Service terms vary considerably, encompassing full-time, part-time, reduced part-time, quartertime, and minimum-time terms, as well as any term from which one exits after serving 15 percent of the agreed term of service. Treating each of these terms of service as equivalent for the purposes of a term limit is unfair to those who may have served shorter terms of service but would like to serve more. Individuals should be encouraged, rather than discouraged, from participating in national service. AmeriCorps believes a term limit is unnecessary, as there is already an existing limit to education awards—a significant incentive for participation in national service.

III. Regulatory Analyses

A. Executive Orders 12866 and 13563

Executive Orders 12866 and 13563 direct agencies to assess all costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits (including potential economic, environmental, public health and safety effects, distributive impacts, and equity). Executive Order 13563 emphasizes the importance of quantifying both costs and benefits, of reducing costs, of harmonizing rules, and of promoting flexibility. The Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs in the Office of Management and Budget has determined that this proposed rule is not a significant regulatory action.

B. Regulatory Flexibility Act

As required by the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), AmeriCorps certifies that this rule, if adopted, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Most AmeriCorps State and National grantees are State Commissions and organizations that do not meet the definition of a small entity. Therefore, AmeriCorps has not performed the initial regulatory flexibility analysis that is required under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*) for rules that are expected to have such results.

C. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995

For purposes of Title II of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995, 2 U.S.C. 1531–1538, as well as Executive Order 12875, this regulatory action does not contain any Federal mandate that may result in increased expenditures in Federal, State, local, or Tribal Governments in the aggregate, or impose an annual burden exceeding \$100 million on the private sector.

D. Paperwork Reduction Act

Under the PRA, an agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless the collections of information display valid control numbers. The application for AmeriCorps State and National grants are authorized under OMB Control Number 3045–0047, which expires September 30, 2026. Applicants for grants who would like to request a waiver under this proposed rule would do so as part of the application process, but the request is exempted from the definition of "information" subject to PRA requirements because it is a simple acknowledgment that the applicant is requesting a waiver based on one of the criteria. See 5 CFR 1320.3(h)(1). Therefore, this proposed rule does not affect require submission of a revision of this information collection.

E. Executive Order 13132, Federalism

Executive Order 13132, Federalism, prohibits an agency from publishing any rule that has federalism implications if the rule imposes substantial direct compliance costs on State and local Governments and is not required by statute, or the rule preempts State law, unless the agency meets the consultation and funding requirements of section 6 of the Executive Order. This rulemaking does not have any federalism implications, as described above.

F. Takings (Executive Order 12630)

This proposed rule does not affect a taking of private property or otherwise have taking implications under Executive Order 12630 because this proposed rule does not affect individual property rights protected by the Fifth Amendment or involve a compensable "taking." A takings implication assessment is not required.

G. Civil Justice Reform (Executive Order 12988)

This proposed rule complies with the requirements of Executive Order 12988. Specifically, this rulemaking: (a) meets the criteria of section 3(a) requiring that all regulations be reviewed to eliminate errors and ambiguity and be written to minimize litigation; and (b) meets the criteria of section 3(b)(2) requiring that all regulations be written in clear language and contain clear legal standards.

H. Consultation With Indian Tribes (Executive Order 13175)

AmeriCorps recognizes the inherent sovereignty of Indian tribes and their right to self-governance. We have evaluated this rulemaking under our consultation policy and the criteria in Executive Order 13175 and determined that this proposed rule does not impose substantial direct effects on federally recognized Tribes.

I. Clarity of This Regulation

We are required by Executive Orders 12866 (section 1(b)(12)), and 12988 (section 3(b)(1)(B)), and 13563 (section 1(a)), and by the Presidential Memorandum of June 1, 1998, to write all rules in plain language. This means that each proposed rule we publish must: (a) be logically organized; (b) use the active voice to address readers directly; (c) use clear language rather than jargon; (d) be divided into short sections and sentences; and (e) use lists and tables wherever possible. If you feel that we have not met these requirements, please send us comments by one of the methods listed in the

ADDRESSES section. To help us revise the rule, your comments should be as specific as possible.

List of Subjects

45 CFR Part 2520

Grant programs—social programs, Volunteers.

45 CFR Part 2521

Grant programs—social programs, Volunteers.

45 CFR Part 2522

Grant programs—social programs, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Volunteers.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, under the authority of 42 U.S.C. 12651c(c), the Corporation for National and Community Service is proposing to amend Chapter XXV, title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations as follows:

PART 2520—GENERAL PROVISIONS: AMERICORPS SUBTITLE C PROGRAMS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 2520 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 12571-12595.

■ 2. Amend § 2520.5 by adding in alphabetical order the definition "AmeriCorps" to read as follows:

§ 2520.5 What definitions apply to this part?

AmeriCorps means the Corporation for National and Community Service, established pursuant to section 191 of the National and Community Service Act of 1990, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 12651, which operates as AmeriCorps.

* * *

§§ 2520.10 through 2520.65 [Amended]

■ 3. In §§ 2520.10 through 2520.65, remove the words "the Corporation" wherever they appear and add in their place the word "AmeriCorps".

■ 4. In §§ 2520.10 through 2520.65, remove the word "Corporation" and add in its place the word "AmeriCorps".

■ 5. Amend § 2520.50 by, revising paragraph (a) and adding new paragraph (c) to read as follows:

§ 2520.50 How much time may AmeriCorps members in my program spend in education and training activities?

(a) No more than 20 percent of the aggregate of all AmeriCorps member service hours in your program, as reflected in the member enrollments in the National Service Trust, may be spent in education and training activities, unless AmeriCorps grants a waiver under paragraph (c) of this section.

(c) AmeriCorps may waive the limit in paragraph (a) of this section to allow up to 50 percent of the aggregate of all AmeriCorps member service hours in your program to be spent in education and training activities if your program:

(1) Is a Registered Apprenticeship program;

(2) Is a job training or job readiness program;

(3) Includes activities to support member attainment of a GED or high school diploma or occupational, technical, or safety credentials; or

(4) Primarily enrolls economically disadvantaged AmeriCorps members and employs a program design that also includes soft skills or life skills development.

PART 2521—ELIGIBLE AMERICORPS SUBTITLE C PROGRAM APPLICANTS AND TYPES OF GRANTS AVAILABLE FOR AWARD

■ 6. The authority for part 2521 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 12571–12595

■ 7. Amend § 2521.5 by adding in alphabetical order the definition "AmeriCorps" to read as follows:

§2521.5 What definitions apply to this part?

AmeriCorps means the Corporation for National and Community Service, established pursuant to section 191 of the National and Community Service Act of 1990, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 12651, which operates as AmeriCorps.

§§ 2521.10 through 2521.95 [Amended]

■ 8. In §§ 2521.10 through 2521.95, remove the words "the Corporation" and add in their place the word "AmeriCorps".

■ 9. In §§ 2521.10 through 2521.95, remove the word "Corporation" and add in its place the word "AmeriCorps".

■ 10. In § 2521.60, revise the introductory text, paragraph (a)(1), and paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§2521.60 What will my share of program costs be?

Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, if your program continues to receive funding after an initial threeyear grant period, you must continue to meet the minimum requirements in § 2521.45 of this part. In addition, your required share of program costs, including member support and operating costs, will incrementally increase each grant period to a 50 percent overall share by the sixth grant period and beyond (sixteenth year and any year thereafter that you receive a grant), without a break in funding of five years or more. A 50 percent overall match means that you will be required to match \$1 for every \$1 you receive from the Corporation.

(a) * * *

(1) Subject to the requirements of § 2521.45 of this part, and except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, your overall share of program costs will increase as of the fourth consecutive year that you receive a grant, according to the following timetable:

TIMETABLE FOR MINIMUM ORGANIZATION SHARE

	First grant period: years 1–3 (percent)	Second grant period: years 4–6 (percent)	Third grant period: years 7–9 (percent)	Fourth grant period: years 10–12 (percent)	Fifth grant period: years 13–15 (percent)	Sixth grant period and beyond: years 16 and beyond (percent)
Minimum member support	15	15	15	15	15	15
Minimum operating costs	33	33	33	33	33	33
Minimum overall share	24	28	32	38	44	50

* * * *

(b) Alternative match requirements: If your program is unable to meet the match requirements set forth in paragraph (a) of this section and is located in a rural or a severely economically distressed community, you may apply to AmeriCorps for a waiver that would decrease the level of your required match.

* * * * *

■ 11. In § 2521.70 revise paragraphs (b) and (c) to read as follows:

§ 2521.70 To what extent may AmeriCorps waive the matching requirements in §§ 2521.45 and 2521.60 of this part?

- * * * * * *
 (b) If you are requesting a waiver, you must demonstrate:
- (1) Initial difficulties in the development of local funding sources during the first three years of operations; or

(2) An economic downturn, the occurrence of a natural disaster, or

similar events in the service area that severely restrict or reduce sources of local funding support; or

(3) The unexpected discontinuation of local support from one or more sources that a project has relied on for a period of years; or

(4) Organizational revenue of less than \$500,000.

(c) You must provide with your waiver request:

(1) A description of the efforts you have made to raise matching resources; and

(2) A request for the specific amount of match you are asking AmeriCorps to waive; and

(3) A budget and budget narrative that reflect the requested level in matching resources.

PART 2522—AMERICORPS PARTICIPANTS, PROGRAMS, AND APPLICANTS

■ 12. The authority for part 2522 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 12571–12595; 12651b–12651d; E.O. 13331, 69 FR 9911, Sec. 1612, Pub. L. 111–13.

■ 13. Amend § 2522.10 by adding in alphabetical order the definition "AmeriCorps" to read as follows:

§2522.10 What definitions apply to this part?

AmeriCorps means the Corporation for National and Community Service, established pursuant to section 191 of the National and Community Service Act of 1990, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 12651, which operates as AmeriCorps.

* * *

§§2522.100 through 2522.950 [Amended] ■ 14. In §§ 2522.100 through 2522.950, remove the words "the Corporation" and add in their place the word "AmeriCorps".

15. In §§ 2522.100 through 2522.950, remove the word "Corporation" and add in its place the word "AmeriCorps".
16. In §§ 2522.100 through 2522.950, remove the words "the Corporation's" and add in their place the word

"AmeriCorps'". ■ 17. Revise § 2522.235 to read as follows:

§ 2522.235 Is there a limit on the number of terms an individual may serve in an AmeriCorps State and National program?

The terms an individual may serve in an AmeriCorps State and National

program are limited to the number of terms needed to attain the aggregate value of two full-time education awards.

■ 18. In § 2522.240, revise paragraph (a) to read as follows:

§2522.240 What financial benefits do AmeriCorps participants serving in approved AmeriCorps positions receive?

(a) AmeriCorps education awards. An individual serving in an approved AmeriCorps State and National position may receive an education award from the National Service Trust upon successful completion of their terms of service as defined in § 2522.220, consistent with the limitations in \$2525.50.

* * * * *

§2522.510 [Amended]

■ 19. In § 2522.510, remove the words "a Corporation" and add in its place the words "an AmeriCorps".

Fernando Laguarda,

General Counsel. [FR Doc. 2023–22155 Filed 10–5–23; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6050–28–P