- (3) Defense counsel.
- (A) *Detailed counsel*. Military counsel certified in accordance with Article 27(b) shall be detailed to represent the accused.
- (B) *Individual military counsel*. The accused may request to be represented by individual military counsel. Such requests shall be acted on in accordance with R.C.M. 506(b).
- (C) Civilian counsel. The accused may be represented by civilian counsel at no expense to the Government. Upon request, the accused is entitled to a reasonable time to obtain civilian counsel and to have such counsel present for the preliminary hearing. However, the preliminary hearing shall not be unduly delayed for this purpose. Representation by civilian counsel shall not limit the rights to military counsel under R.C.M. 405(e)(3)(A) or (B).
- (4) *Others*. The convening authority who directed the preliminary hearing may also detail or request an appropriate authority to detail a reporter, an interpreter, or both.
- (f) Scope of preliminary hearing.
- (1) The preliminary hearing officer shall limit the inquiry to the examination of evidence, including witnesses, relevant to the issues for determination under R.C.M. 405(a).
- (2) If evidence adduced during the preliminary hearing indicates that the accused committed any uncharged offense, the preliminary hearing officer may examine evidence and hear witnesses presented by the parties relating to the subject matter of such offense and make the determination specified in R.C.M. 405(a) regarding such offense without the accused first having been charged with the offense. The rights of the accused under R.C.M. 405(g), and, where it would not cause undue delay to the proceedings, the procedure applicable for production of witnesses and other evidence under R.C.M. 405(i), are the same with regard to both charged and uncharged offenses. When considering uncharged offenses identified during

the preliminary hearing, the preliminary hearing officers shall inform the accused of the general nature of each offense considered and otherwise afford the accused the same opportunity for representation, cross-examination, and presentation afforded during the preliminary hearing of any charged offense.

- (3) If evidence adduced during the preliminary hearing indicates that the accused committed any uncharged covered offense and the preliminary hearing was not requested by special trial counsel, the preliminary hearing officer shall provide prompt notice to the convening authority and a special trial counsel and shall submit a copy of the preliminary hearing report to a special trial counsel.
- (g) *Rights of the accused.* At any preliminary hearing under this rule the accused shall have the right to:
 - (1) Be advised of the charges and uncharged misconduct under consideration;
 - (2) Be represented by counsel;
 - (3) Be informed of the purpose of the preliminary hearing;
 - (4) Be informed of the right against self-incrimination under Article 31;
- (5) In accordance with the terms of R.C.M. 405(k)(4), be present throughout the taking of evidence;
- (6) Cross-examine witnesses on matters relevant to the issues for determination under R.C.M. 405(a);
 - (7) Present matters relevant to the issues for determination under R.C.M. 405(a); and
- (8) Make a sworn or unsworn statement relevant to the issues for determination under R.C.M. 405(a).
- (h) Notice to and presence of victim.