Participation Requirements

All parties interested in participating in the trade mission must complete and submit an application package for consideration by the DOC. All applicants will be evaluated on their ability to meet certain conditions and best satisfy the selection criteria as outlined below. A minimum of 12 companies and maximum of 20 firms and/or trade associations will be selected to participate in the mission from the applicant pool. A minimum of six companies will be recruited for the optional stop to Seoul, South Korea.

Fees and Expenses

After a firm or trade association has been selected to participate on the mission, a payment to the Department of Commerce in the form of a participation fee is required. The participation fee for the Business Development Mission will be $3,900 for small or medium-sized enterprises (SME) 1; and $4,600 for large firms or trade associations. The fee for each additional firm representative (large firm or SME/trade organization) is $750. Companies opting to participate in the optional stop to Seoul, South Korea will pay an additional fee of $1,300 for SMEs and $2,100 for large firms or trade associations. All fees also include access to the SFF in Singapore, where participants will participate in mission planned activities at the show. Expenses for travel, lodging, meals, and incidentals will be the responsibility of each mission participant. Interpreter and driver services can be arranged for additional cost. Delegation members will be able to take advantage of U.S. Embassy rates for hotel rooms.

If an applicant is selected to participate on a particular mission, a payment to the Department of Commerce in the amount of the designated participation fee is required. Upon notification of acceptance to participate, those selected have 5 business days to submit payment or the acceptance may be revoked.

Participants selected for a trade mission will be expected to pay for the cost of personal expenses, including, but not limited to, international travel, lodging, meals, transportation, communication, and incidentals, unless otherwise noted. Participants will, however, be able to take advantage of U.S. Government rates for hotel rooms. In the event that a mission is cancelled, no personal expenses paid in anticipation of a mission will be reimbursed. However, participation fees for a cancelled mission will be reimbursed to the extent they have not already been expended in anticipation of the mission.

If a visa is required to travel on a particular mission, applying for and obtaining such a visa will be the responsibility of the mission participant. Government fees and processing expenses to obtain such a visa are not included in the participation fee. However, the Department of Commerce will provide instructions to each participant on the procedures required to obtain business visas.

Trade mission members participate in trade missions and undertake mission-related travel at their own risk. The nature of the security situation in a given foreign market at a given time cannot be guaranteed. The U.S. Government does not make any representations or guarantees as to the safety or security of participants. The U.S. Department of State issues U.S. Government international travel alerts and warnings for U.S. citizens available at https://travel.state.gov/content/passports/en/alertswarnings.html. Any question regarding insurance coverage must be resolved by the participant and its insurer of choice.

Timeframe for Recruitment and Applications

Mission recruitment will be conducted in an open and public manner, including publication in the Federal Register, posting on the Commerce Department trade mission calendar (https://www.trade.gov/trade-missions) and other internet websites, press releases to general and trade media, direct mail, notices by industry trade associations and other multiplier groups, and publicity at industry meetings, symposia, conferences, and trade shows. Recruitment for the mission will begin immediately and conclude no later than July 21, 2023. The U.S. Department of Commerce will review applications and inform applicants of selection decisions on a rolling basis. Applications received after July 21, 2023, will be considered only if space and scheduling constraints permit.

Contacts

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Christopher Quinlivan, U.S. Commercial Service, U.S. Embassy—Singapore, +65 6476 9037, christopher.quinlivan@trade.gov
Jay Park, U.S. Commercial Service, U.S. Embassy—Seoul, South Korea, +82–2–397–4533, Jay.Park@trade.gov

Gemal Brangman,
Director, Trade Events Management Task Force.

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BILLING CODE 3510–DR–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
International Trade Administration
[A–856–001]
Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet From Slovenia: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2020–2022

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) is conducting an administrative review of the antidumping duty order on common alloy aluminum sheet (CAAS) from Slovenia. The period of review (POR) is October 15, 2020, through March 31, 2022. The review covers one producer/exporter of the subject merchandise, Impol d.o.o./Impo FT, d.o.o. (Impol). We determine that sales of subject merchandise by Impol were made at less than normal value (NV).


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
Background

Commerce published the Preliminary Results on March 2, 2023.1 We invited interested parties to comment on the Preliminary Results. On April 3, 2023, Impol filed a case brief.2 For a complete description of the events that occurred

1 See Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet From Slovenia: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2020–2022; 88 FR 13090 (March 2, 2023) (Preliminary Results), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

after the Preliminary Results, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum. Commerce conducted this review in accordance with section 751(a)(1)(B) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

Scope of the Order

The product covered by this Order is CAAS from Slovenia. A full description of the scope of the Order is contained in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Analysis of Comments Received

The issue raised in the Impol’s case brief is addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum and is listed in the appendix to this notice. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on-file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at https://access.trade.gov. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly on the internet at https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNNoticesListLayout.aspx.

Changes Since the Preliminary Results

Based on our further examination of the record information, we made changes to our preliminary dumping margin calculation for Impol. For a discussion of these changes, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Final Results of Review

As a result of this review, we determine the following weighted-average dumping margin exists for the POR:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exporter or producer</th>
<th>Weighted average dumping margin (percent)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Impol d.o.o./Impol FT, d.o.o.</td>
<td>5.43</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Commerce intends to disclose the calculations performed for these final results of review within five days of the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register, in accordance with section 751(a)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Assessment Rates

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(A) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), Commerce has determined, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise in accordance with the final results of this review.

Impol’s weighted-average dumping margin is not de minimis (i.e., less than 0.50 percent). Therefore, Commerce has calculated importer-specific assessment rates on the basis of the ratio of the total amount of dumping calculated for each importer’s examined sales to the total entered value of those sales. Where we did not have entered values for all U.S. sales to a particular importer, we have calculated an importer-specific, per-unit assessment rate on the basis of the ratio of the total amount of dumping calculated for the importer’s examined sales to the total quantity of those sales.

To determine whether an importer-specific, per-unit assessment rate is de minimis, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.106(c)(1), we have calculated an importer-specific ad valorem ratio based on estimated entered values. Where an importer-specific ad valorem assessment rate is zero or de minimis, we will instruct CBP to liquidate appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.

Commerce’s “reseller policy” will apply to entries of subject merchandise during the POR produced by the company included in these final results of review for which the reviewed company did not know that the merchandise it sold to the intermediary (e.g., a reseller, trading company, or exporter) was destined for the United States. In such instance, we will instruct CBP to liquidate reopening investigation.9 These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers Regarding the Reimbursement of Duties

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during the POR. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce’s presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Order

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective orders (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with the Federal Register.
with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials, or conversion to judicial protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(b)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5).

Dated: June 29, 2023.

Lisa W. Wang,
Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum
I. Summary
II. Background
III. Scope of the Order
IV. Changes Since the Preliminary Results
V. Discussion of the Issues
Comment: Whether Commerce Appropriately Limited Its Comparison
Market Analysis
VI. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2023–14369 Filed 7–6–23; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration
[A–570–979]

Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Cells, Whether or Not Assembled Into Modules, From the People’s Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and Final Determination of No Shipments; 2020–2021

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) has determined that companies in the People’s Republic of China (China) sold subject merchandise at less than normal value (NV) during the period of review (POR), December 1, 2020, through November 30, 2021. Commerce has also determined that one company did not sell subject merchandise below NV and that 18 companies subject to this review are part of the China-wide entity.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dakota Potts or Paola Aleman Ordaz, AD/CVD Operations, Office IV, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0223 or (202) 482–4031, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On January 6, 2023, Commerce published the Preliminary Results of this review in the Federal Register. For details regarding the events that occurred since the Preliminary Results, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum. Commerce conducted this administrative review in accordance with section 751 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

Scope of the Order

The merchandise covered by the Order is crystalline silicon photovoltaic cells, and modules, laminates, and panels, consisting of crystalline silicon photovoltaic cells, whether or not partially or fully assembled into other products, integrated materials, and modules, laminates, panels and building integrated materials. Merchandise covered by this order is currently classified under subheadings 8501.71.00, 8501.72.00, 8501.80.00, 8501.90.00, 8501.90.00, 8507.20.8010, 8507.20.8031, 8507.20.8041, 8507.20.8061, 8507.20.8091, 8509.42.00, and 8541.43.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of the Order is dispositive.

Analysis of Comments Received

We addressed all issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs filed in this administrative review in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. A list of the issues raised in parties’ briefs is included in the appendix to this notice. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at https://access.trade.gov. In addition, the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNNoticesListLayout.aspx.

Changes Since the Preliminary Results

Based on our analysis of the comments received, and for the reasons explained in the Issues and Decision Memorandum, we made certain changes to the Preliminary Results. Specifically, we changed (1) the calculations of the weighted-average dumping margins for Chint Solar and Shenzhen Glory Industries Co., Ltd. (Shenzhen Glory) (the mandatory respondents), including changing certain surrogate values used in those calculations; (2) granted Shenzhen Sungold Solar Co., Ltd. a separate rate; and (3) updated the dumping margin assigned to the non-individually examined companies that demonstrated their eligibility for a separate rate.

Final Determination of No Shipments

In the Preliminary Results, Commerce determined that nine companies/company groupings did not export or sell subject merchandise, nor did they have knowledge that their subject merchandise was entered into the United States during the POR. No parties commented on Commerce’s preliminary no shipments determination. For these final results of review, we have continued to determine that these nine companies/company

* * *

We have continued to treat the following companies as a single entity: Chint New Energy Technology Co., Ltd. (collectively, Chint Solar) (Hong Kong) Company Limited; Chint Solar (Jiuquan) Co., Ltd.; Chint Solar (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.; Chint New Energy Technology (Yancheng) Co., Ltd.; Chint Solar (Yancheng) Co., Ltd.; Haining Chint Solar Energy Technology Co., Ltd.; Zhejiang Taiheng New Energy Co., Ltd.; Hangzhou Taifu New Energy Co., Ltd. (collectively, Chint Solar).