DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Tuna Tariff-Rate Quota for Calendar Year 2023 for Tuna Classifiable Under Subheading 1604.14.22, Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS)


ACTION: Announcement of the quota quantity for tuna in airtight containers for Calendar Year 2023.

SUMMARY: Each year, the tariff-rate quota for tuna described in subheading 1604.14.22, Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS), is calculated as a percentage of the tuna in airtight containers entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption during the preceding calendar year. This document sets forth the tariff-rate quota for Calendar Year 2023.

DATES: The 2023 tariff-rate quota is applicable to tuna in airtight containers entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption during the period January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Julia Peterson, Chief, Quota and Agricultural Branch, Interagency Collaboration Division, Trade Policy and Programs, Office of Trade, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Washington, DC 20229–1155, at (202) 384–8905 or by email at HQQUOTA@cbp.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

It has been determined that 13,377,875 kilograms of tuna in airtight containers may be entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption during Calendar Year 2023, at the rate of 6.0 percent ad valorem, under subheading 1604.14.22, Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). Any such tuna which is entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption during the current calendar year in excess of this quota will be dutiable at the rate of 12.5 percent ad valorem, under subheading 1604.14.30, HTSUS.


Melanie J. Pantoja,
Program Analyst, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: CBP invites the general public and other Federal agencies to comment on the proposed and/or continuing information collections pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.). This process is conducted in accordance with 5 CFR 1320.8. Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies should address one or more of the following four points: (1) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) suggestions to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) suggestions to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses. The comments that are submitted will be summarized and included in the request for approval. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Overview of This Information Collection

**Title:** Visitor Request Processing System.

**OMB Number:** 1651–0NEW.

**Form Number:** N/A.

**Current Actions:** New collection of information.

**Type of Review:** New collection of information.

**Affected Public:** Individuals.

**Abstract:** The Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) is required to protect property owned, occupied, or secured by the Federal Government. See 40 U.S.C. 1315 and 41 CFR 102–81.25, which require Federal agencies to be responsible for maintaining security at their own or leased facilities. Part of adhering to this responsibility is vetting and accounting for visitors to government facilities. U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) is establishing visitor request processing systems to facilitate the vetting and approval workflows for visitor requests to enter various CBP-controlled locations.

This generic clearance would allow CBP to collect visitor data from and on behalf of individuals requesting access to CBP-controlled facilities. Visitor request processing systems are intended to collect information and maintain records on both domestic and foreign national visitors to CBP facilities to protect agency facilities and personnel, as well as facilitating visitor vetting and documenting vetting results and approvals, according to DHS requirements.

Individuals subject to proposed collection are primarily:

- Members of the public, in many instances, with specific business at the facility (i.e., deliveries, repair/maintenance, drivers transporting other visitors, etc.)
- Contractor personnel
- Non-DHS/CBP federal, state, local and tribal government employees, or officials
- Foreign nationals, individually or as part of international delegations, requesting access to conduct a range of official business with DHS/CBP counterparts
- DHS/CBP personnel not assigned to the facility

Those individuals approved for access, are further evaluated for the type of access granted, escorted, unescorted, or staff-like access to CBP-controlled facilities. Information collected by CBP and entered into visitor request processing systems can include some data necessary for the adjudication of eligibility for facility access; however, only vetting/adjudication results may be contained in the visitor request processing system.

**Type of Information Collection:** Visitor Request Processing Systems.

**Estimated Number of Respondents:** 1,000,000.

**Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent:** 1.

**Estimated Number of Total Annual Responses:** 1,000,000.

**Estimated Time per Response:** 10 minutes.

**Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours:** 166,667.


Seth D. Renkema,
Branch Chief, Economic Impact Analysis Branch, U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

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DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Docket ID FEMA–2014–0022]

Technical Mapping Advisory Council


**ACTION:** Request for applicants for appointment to the Federal Emergency Management Agency’s Technical Mapping Advisory Council.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) is requesting qualified individuals interested in serving on the Technical Mapping Advisory Council (TMAC) to apply for appointment. The TMAC, as established in the Biggert-Waters Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2012, makes recommendations to the FEMA Administrator on how to improve, in a cost-effective manner, the accuracy, general quality, ease of use, distribution, and dissemination of Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) and risk data; and to define performance metrics and milestones required to effectively and efficiently map flood risk areas in the United States. The appointments are for 3 years each and applicants will be considered for three vacancies on the TMAC.

**DATES:** Applications will be accepted until 11:59 p.m. ET on August 28, 2023.

**ADDRESSES:** Applications for membership should be submitted by one of the following methods:

- **Email:** FEMA-TMAC@fema.dhs.gov.
- **Mail:** FEMA, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, Risk Management Directorate, Attn: Brian Koper, 400 C St. SW, Ste. 6NW–1412, Washington, DC 20472–3020.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Brian Koper, Designated Federal Officer for the TMAC, FEMA, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, Risk Management Directorate, Attn: Brian Koper, 400 C St. SW, Ste. 6NW–1412, Washington, DC 20472–3020, (202) 733–7850, FEMA-TMAC@fema.dhs.gov. The TMAC website is: http://www.fema.gov/TMAC.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The TMAC is an advisory committee established by the Biggert-Waters Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2012, 42 U.S.C. 4101a, in accordance with provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA), 5 U.S.C. Ch. 10 (Pub. L. 117–286). The TMAC makes recommendations to FEMA on mapping-related issues and activities,