Accordingly, Commerce will issue questionnaires to Co May requesting, *inter alia*, information regarding its export activities for the purpose of determining whether it is eligible for a separate rate. The review of the exporter will proceed if the response provides sufficient indication that the exporter is not subject to either *de jure* or *de facto* government control with respect to its exports of certain frozen fish fillets.

We intend to conduct this NSR in accordance with section 751(a)(2)(B) of the Act.¹⁷ Because Co May certified that it exported subject merchandise, the sale of which is the basis for its NSR request, Commerce will instruct CBP to suspend or continue to suspend liquidation of all entries of subject merchandise produced and exported by Co May. To assist in its analysis of the *bona fide* nature of Co May's sale(s), upon initiation of this NSR, Commerce will require Co May to submit, on an ongoing basis, complete transaction information concerning any sales of subject merchandise to the United States that were made subsequent to the POR. Further, in accordance with section 751(a)(2)(B)(iv)(VII) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.214(k), Co May will be required to provide information regarding the following factors for Commerce's consideration in determining whether the sale(s) made by Co May during the POR are bona fide: (1) whether the producer, exporter, or customer was established for purposes of making the sale(s) in question after the imposition of the relevant antidumping duty order; (2) whether the producer, exporter, or customer has lines of business unrelated to the subject merchandise; (3) the quantity of sales; and (4) any other factor that Commerce determines to be relevant with respect to the future selling behavior of the producer or exporter, including any other indicia that the sale was not commercially viable.

Interested parties requiring access to proprietary information in this NSR should submit applications for disclosure under administrative protective order in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305 and 351.306. This initiation notice is published in accordance with section 751(a)(2)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.214 and 351.221(c)(1)(i).

Dated: March 23, 2023.

James Maeder,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations. [FR Doc. 2023–06468 Filed 3–28–23; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-914]

Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube From the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2020– 2021; Correction

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: On March 14, 2023, the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) published a notice in the **Federal Register**, in which it issued the final results of the 2020–2021 antidumping duty administrative review of lightwalled rectangular pipe and tube from the People's Republic of China (China). The notice inadvertently contained an incorrect rate for the China-wide entity. **DATES:** Applicable March 29, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Magd Zalok, AD/CVD Operations, Office IV, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4162. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Correction

In the **Federal Register** of March 14, 2023, in FR Doc. 2023–05208, pages 15671–72 in the third and first columns, respectively, Commerce included an incorrect China-wide rate of 264.64 percent. The correct China-wide rate is 255.07 percent.

Background

On March 14, 2023, Commerce inadvertently published an incorrect rate in the final results of the 2020–2021 antidumping duty administrative review of light-walled rectangular pipe and tube from China.¹ In the final results, Commerce incorrectly listed the Chinawide rate as 264.64 percent, while the correct China-wide rate is 255.07 percent. This notice serves as a notification of, and correction to, this inadvertent error. With the issuance of this notice of correction, we confirm that the China-wide rate is 255.07 percent.

Notification to Interested Parties

This notice is issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended.

Dated: March 24, 2023.

Lisa W. Wang,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance. [FR Doc. 2023–06632 Filed 3–28–23; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-042, C-570-043]

Stainless Steel Sheet and Strip From the People's Republic of China: Final Scope Ruling and Final Affirmative Determination of Circumvention for Exports From the Socialist Republic of Vietnam

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that certain stainless steel sheet and strip (SSSS) of Chinese-origin that has undergone further processing in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam (Vietnam) is merchandise covered by the scope of the antidumping duty (AD) and countervailing duty (CVD) orders on SSSS from the People's Republic of China (China). Additionally, Commerce determines that SSSS that is completed in Vietnam using certain non-subject stainless steel flat-rolled inputs sourced from China, is circumventing the AD/ CVD orders on SSSS from China. As a result, SSSS of Chinese-origin that has undergone further processing or completion in Vietnam will be subject to suspension of liquidation effective May 15, 2020.

DATES: Applicable March 29, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Blaine Wiltse, Office of the Deputy Assistant Secretary for AD/CVD Operations, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–6345.

Practice and Application of Combination Rates in Antidumping Investigations Involving Non-Market Economy Countries," dated April 15, 2005, available at https://access.trade.gov/Resources/ policy/bull05-1.pdf.

¹⁷ The Act was amended by the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Act of 2015, which removed from section 751(a)(2)(B) of the Act the provision directing Commerce to instruct CBP to allow an importer the option of posting a bond or security in lieu of a cash deposit during the pendency of an NSR. This was also codified in Commerce's regulations at 19 CFR 351.214(e).

¹ See Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2020– 2021, 88 FR 15671 (March 14, 2023).