Notices

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This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The Department of Agriculture has submitted the following information collection requirement(s) to OMB for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104–13. Comments are requested regarding: whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; the accuracy of the agency's estimate of burden including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Comments regarding these information collections are best assured of having their full effect if received by April 24, 2023. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be submitted within 30 days of the publication of this notice on the following website www.reginfo.gov/ public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a currently valid OMB control number and the agency informs potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information that such persons are not required to respond to the collection of information unless it

displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Agricultural Marketing Service

Title: Regulations Governing Inspection Certification of Fresh and Processed Fruits, Vegetables and Other Products—7 CFR part 51 and 52.

OMB Control Number: 0581-0125. Summary of Collection: Office of Management and Budget (OMB) 0581-0125 is authorized under, The Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (AMA), as amended, (7 U.S.C. 1621-1627) and ". . . directs and authorizes the Secretary of Agriculture to inspect, certify, and identify the class, quantity, quality, and condition of agricultural products when shipped or received in interstate commerce, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, etc. (7 U.S.C. 1622)". The AMA provides for audit based inspection services so that agricultural products may be marketed to their best advantage, that trade may be facilitated, and that consumers may be able to ascertain characteristics involved in the production and processing of products and obtain the quality of product they desire (7 U.S.C. 1622(h)).

The present Regulations (7 CFR part 51) Governing Inspection, Certification and Standards for Fresh Fruits, Vegetables, and Other Products, and Regulations Governing Inspection and Certification of Processed Fruits and Vegetables and Related Products (7 CFR part 52) are promulgated under the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946. The Secretary has delegated this authority to the Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS), Specialty Crops Program (SCP), Specialty Crops Inspection (SCI) Division.

Need and Use of the Information: The information is utilized by USDA, AMS, SCP, SCI Division, for inspection, grading, and certification purposes. SCI Division's grading and inspection services address food safety concerns, while simultaneously measuring and evaluating a multitude of quality parameters that are necessary for the procurement of nutritious foods.

SCI Division's grade standards also serve to bring fresh and processed fruits and vegetables in line with present quality levels being marketed today. This helps the fresh and processed food industries by providing an objective grade-based market stratification system for fresh and processed food products.

Fresh and processed food businesses often use the SCI Divisions' quality criteria as the basis for selling fresh and processed food commodities.

Description of Respondents: Business or other for profit.

Number of Respondents: 60,000. Frequency of Responses: Reporting: Annually.

Total Burden Hours: 25,282.

Agricultural Marketing Service

Title: Mandatory Country of Origin Labeling of All Covered Commodities. OMB Control Number: 0581-0250. Summary of Collection: The 2002 (Pub. L. 107-171) and 2008 (Pub. L. 110-234), Farm Bills and the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016 (Pub. L. 114-113) amended the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 to require retailers to notify their customers of the country of origin of muscle cuts and ground lamb, chicken, and goat meat; wild and farm-raised fish and shellfish; perishable agricultural commodities; peanuts, pecans, and macadamia nuts; and ginseng. An interim final rule for mandatory Country of Origin Labeling (COOL) for fish and shellfish became effective on April 4, 2005. An interim final rule for the remaining covered commodities became effective on September 30, 2008. On January 15, 2009, a final rule was published for all covered commodities which became effective March 16, 2009. On May 23, 2013, a final rule was published to amend the definition of retailer and labeling requirements for meat muscle cut commodities derived from animals slaughtered in the United States

With the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016, Congress amended the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 to remove muscle cut beef and pork, and ground beef and pork commodities from COOL requirements. On March 2, 2016, AMS issued a final rule to remove mandatory COOL requirements for beef, pork, ground beef and ground pork to conform with the statute. Mandatory COOL requirements remain in full force and effect for all remaining covered commodities. Enforcement activities have been conducted since 2006 utilizing cooperative agreements established with State agencies as authorized by the statute. The previously approved information collection request expires on March 31, 2023.

Need and Use of the Information:
Producers, handlers, manufacturers,
wholesalers, importers, and retailers of
covered commodities are affected. This
public reporting burden is necessary to
ensure accuracy of country of origin and
method of production declarations
relied upon at the point of sale at retail.
The public reporting burden also
assures that all parties involved in
supplying covered commodities to retail
stores maintain and convey accurate
information as required.

Description of Respondents: Business or other for-profit; Farms.

Number of Respondents: 349,598. Frequency of Responses: Recordkeeping.

Total Burden Hours: 19,879,947.

Levi S. Harrell,

Departmental Information Collection Clearance Officer.

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Comments regarding this information collection received by April 24, 2023 will be considered. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be submitted within 30 days of the publication of this notice on the following website www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function.

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Foreign Agricultural Service

Title: Borlaug Fellowship Program. OMB Control Number: 0551-New.

Summary of Collection: The primary purpose for this information collection is for the Borlaug Fellowship Program implemented by USDA's Foreign Agricultural Service, Global Programs, Fellowship Programs. Since 2004, U.S. Congress has made funds available to USDA's Borlaug Fellowship Program to provide training to Fellows from middle-income and emerging market countries. The Borlaug Programs provide U.S.-based scientific training and collaborative research opportunities to early- and mid-career scientists, researchers, and policymakers, and can act as market development tools to assist in opening markets and decreasing/eliminating trade barriers. Authority for the program falls under 7 U.S. Code § 3319j: Borlaug International Agricultural Science and Technology Fellowship Program.

Need and Use of the Information: The information collected by Fellowship Programs is used to implement the USDA FAS Borlaug Fellowship Program. The information is collected through the Borlaug Fellowship Application that candidates submit to FAS staff through an electronic application. The Borlaug Fellowship Program applications are collected by Borlaug Fellowship Program staff and are used by fellows to explain their proposed research plans, set a timeframe to achieve goals during and after their program, and exhibit their qualifications as a candidate for the program.

The mid- and post-program evaluation forms are used by Borlaug Fellowship staff to assess the success of each training program. Fellowship staff use the evaluation forms to assess whether programs goals were achieved and receive feedback from participants on how to improve future programming. Without the Fellows applications and evaluations, the Foreign Agricultural Service would not be able execute the Borlaug Fellowship Program and FAS staff would not be able to identify if FAS objectives and goals are being met.

Description of Respondents: Individuals or households.

Number of Respondents: 227.

Frequency of Responses: Reporting: On occasion.

Total Burden Hours: 715.

Title: Certificate for Quota Eligibility (CQE).

OMB Control Number: 0551-0014.

Summary of Collection: Imports of raw cane sugar are subject to a tariff-rate import quota (TRQ) that is allocated on a country-by-country basis to foreign countries or areas. A U.S. certificate for quota eligibility (CQE) issued by USDA and authenticated by a certifying authority in the foreign country permits entry of raw cane sugar under the TRQ. U.S. Note 5 (a)(i) of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United State requires the Secretary to establish a TRQ for raw-cane sugar (entered under HTS 1701.12.10 and 1701.14.10) during each fiscal year with a minimum TRQ amount of 1,117,195 metric tons, raw value. In Addition 5 (b)(1) authorizes the U.S. Trade Representative to allocate the raw-cane sugar tariff-rate quota among supplying countries. CQEs are issued to the 40 countries that receive TRQ allocations to export sugar to the United State. The CQE is completed by the certifying authority in the foreign country that certifies that the sugar being exported to the United States was produced in the foreign country that has the TRQ allocation. The Foreign Agriculture will collect information using form FAS-961 and other collection activities.

Need and Use of the Information: FAS will collect the following information: (1) country of origin or area of the eligible raw cane sugar; (2) quota period; (3) quantity of raw cane sugar to be exported; (4) details of the shipment (shipper, vessel, port of loading); and (5) additional details if available at the time of shipment (consignee, address of consignee, expected date of departure, expected date of arrival in the U.S., expected port of arrival). The information will help determine if the quantity to be imported is eligible to be entered under the TRQ. Without the CQEs, USDA/FAS and CBP could not administer the raw cane sugar TRQs authorized under U.S. law.

Description of Respondents: Business or other for-profit.

Number of Respondents: 24.

Frequency of Responses: Reporting: Annually.