

knowledge, practice, and student achievement in print knowledge, phonological awareness, oral language, and vocabulary. In addition, this study will identify factors that influence program effectiveness and the facilitators and barriers of effective implementation that inform scale-up initiatives across the state. This study will use a randomized controlled trial design to help ensure that—all else equal—this study will yield the strongest, most reliable evidence possible on which to base policy and practice. The study sample will include approximately 100 preschool centers across SC, 2,940 students, 226 preschool teachers, 25 PLC–EL Facilitators, center leaders, and a subset of district and state education leaders.

The study findings will help the Office of Early Learning & Literacy (OELL) at SCDE meet its goals of improving equitable access to high-quality PD for educators and equitable access to high-quality instruction for students by training facilitators to implement the PLC–EL in a large sample of preschool centers in four separate regions of the state. In addition, the study findings will provide the OELL at SCDE with actionable information about facilitators and barriers to implementation that can be used to inform scale-up initiatives across the state.

Dated: January 30, 2023.

Juliana Pearson,

PRA Coordinator, Strategic Collections and Clearance, Governance and Strategy Division, Office of Chief Data Officer, Office of Planning, Evaluation and Policy Development.

[FR Doc. 2023–02196 Filed 2–1–23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4000–01–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[FR ID: 124774]

Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Rescindment of a system of records notice.

SUMMARY: The FCC's Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau (CGB) Stakeholder Database stores the personally identifiable information of individuals who voluntarily submit contact information to CGB. FCC/CGB–5 covers the personally identifiable information (PII) contained in a database of CGB stakeholders which is

used to facilitate outreach about FCC public events and recent developments.

DATES: The rescindment will become effective 30 days after publication.

ADDRESSES: Comments can be submitted to Privacy@fcc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For further information please contact Brendan McTaggart, (202) 418–1738 or Privacy@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Privacy Act provides that an agency may collect or maintain in its records only information about individuals that is relevant and necessary to accomplish a purpose that is required by a statute or executive order. The FCC has determined that this system no longer meets this standard, because the only types of personally identifiable information currently being collected and maintained in this system is outreach information or business contact information and two new systems—FCC–1, Outreach and FCC–2, Business Contacts and Certification—were developed to maintain this type of outreach and business contact information. Therefore, the FCC proposes to rescind FCC/CGB–5 and expunge or transfer the outreach records it contains to FCC–1, and the business contact information it contains to FCC–2, in accordance with the requirements in the SORN and the applicable records retention or disposition schedule approved by the National Archives and Records Administration.

SYSTEM NAME AND NUMBER:

FCC/CGB–5, CGB Stakeholder Database.

HISTORY:

81 FR 46922 (July 19, 2016).

Marlene Dortch,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2023–02202 Filed 2–1–23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[FR ID: 124776]

Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Rescindment of a system of records notice.

SUMMARY: The FCC's Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau (PSHSB) Contacts Database stores the personally identifiable information of individuals

who voluntarily submit their contact information to the PSHSB.

DATES: The rescindment will become effective 30 days after publication.

ADDRESSES: Comments can be submitted to Privacy@fcc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For further information please contact Brendan McTaggart, (202) 418–1738 or Privacy@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Privacy Act provides that an agency may collect or maintain in its records only information about individuals that is relevant and necessary to accomplish a purpose that is required by a statute or executive order. The FCC has determined that this system no longer meets this standard, because the only type of personally identifiable information currently being collected and maintained in this system is business contact information and a new system—FCC–2—was developed to maintain this type of business contact information. Therefore, the FCC proposes to rescind FCC/PSHSB–2 and expunge or transfer the records it contains to FCC–2 in accordance with the requirements in the SORN and the applicable records retention or disposition schedule approved by the National Archives and Records Administration.

SYSTEM NAME AND NUMBER:

FCC/PSHSB–2, PSHSB Contact Database.

HISTORY:

77 FR 1487 (January 10, 2012).

Marlene Dortch,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2023–02203 Filed 2–1–23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

Sunshine Act Meetings

TIME AND DATE: Tuesday, February 7, 2023 at 10:30 a.m. and its continuation at the conclusion of the open meeting on February 9, 2023.

PLACE: 1050 First Street NE, Washington, DC and virtual. (This meeting will be a hybrid meeting.)

STATUS: This meeting will be closed to the public.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED: Compliance matters pursuant to 52 U.S.C. 30109.

Matters relating to internal personnel decisions, or internal rules and practices.

Information the premature disclosure of which would be likely to have a

considerable adverse effect on the implementation of a proposed Commission action.

Matters concerning participation in civil actions or proceedings or arbitration.

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CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION: Judith Ingram, Press Officer. Telephone: (202) 694–1220.

(Authority: Government in the Sunshine Act, 5 U.S.C. 552b.)

Vicktoria J. Allen,
Acting Deputy Secretary of the Commission.
[FR Doc. 2023–02333 Filed 1–31–23; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 6715–01–P

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

[NOTICE 2023–03]

Price Index Adjustments for Contribution and Expenditure Limitations and Lobbyist Bundling Disclosure Threshold

AGENCY: Federal Election Commission.

ACTION: Notice of adjustments to contribution and expenditure limitations and lobbyist bundling disclosure threshold.

SUMMARY: As mandated by provisions of the Federal Election Campaign Act (“the Act”), the Federal Election Commission (“the Commission”) is adjusting certain contribution and expenditure limitations and the lobbyist bundling disclosure threshold set forth in the Act, to index the amounts for inflation. Additional details appear in the supplemental information that follows.

DATES: The new limitation at 52 U.S.C. 30116(a)(1)(A) applies beginning on November 9, 2022. The new limitations at 52 U.S.C. 30104(i)(3)(A), 30116(a)(1)(B), 30116(d) and 30116(h) apply beginning on January 1, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Elizabeth S. Kurland, Information Division, 1050 First Street NE,

Washington, DC 20463; (202) 694–1100 or (800) 424–9530.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Federal Election Campaign Act, 52 U.S.C. 30101–45, coordinated party expenditure limits (52 U.S.C. 30116(d)(2) and (3)), certain contribution limits (52 U.S.C. 30116(a)(1)(A) and (B), and (h)), and the disclosure threshold for contributions bundled by lobbyists (52 U.S.C. 30104(i)(3)(A)) are adjusted periodically to reflect changes in the consumer price index. See 52 U.S.C. 30104(i)(3)(B), 30116(c); 11 CFR 109.32(a)(2), (b)(3), 110.17(a) and (f). The Commission is publishing this notice to announce the adjusted limits and disclosure threshold.

Coordinated Party Expenditure Limits for 2023

Under 52 U.S.C. 30116(c), the Commission must adjust the expenditure limitations established by 52 U.S.C. 30116(d) (the limits on expenditures by national party committees, state party committees, or their subordinate committees in connection with the general election campaign of candidates for Federal office) annually to account for inflation. This expenditure limitation is increased by the percent difference between the price index, as certified to the Commission by the Secretary of Labor, for the 12 months preceding the beginning of the calendar year and the price index for the base period (calendar year 1974). 52 U.S.C. 30116(c)(1)(B)(i) and (2)(B)(i).

1. Expenditure Limitation for House of Representatives in States With More Than One Congressional District

Both the national and state party committees have an expenditure limitation for each general election held to fill a seat in the House of Representatives in states with more than one congressional district. See 52 U.S.C. 30116(d)(3)(B). This limitation also applies to the District of Columbia and

territories that elect individuals to the office of Delegate or Resident Commissioner.¹ *Id.* The formula used to calculate the expenditure limitation in such states and territories multiplies the base figure of \$10,000 by the difference in the price index (5.93544), rounding to the nearest \$100. See 52 U.S.C. 30116(c)(1)(B) and (d)(3)(B); 11 CFR 109.32(b) and 110.17. Based upon this formula, the expenditure limitation for 2023 general elections for House candidates in these states, districts, and territories is \$59,400.

2. Expenditure Limitation for Senate and for House of Representatives in States With Only One Congressional District

Both the national and state party committees have an expenditure limitation for a general election held to fill a seat in the Senate or in the House of Representatives in states with only one congressional district. See 52 U.S.C. 30116(d)(3)(A). The formula used to calculate this expenditure limitation considers not only the price index but also the voting age population (“VAP”) of the state. *Id.* The VAP figures used to calculate the expenditure limitations were certified by the U.S. Census Bureau. The VAP of each state is also published annually in the **Federal Register** by the U.S. Department of Commerce. 11 CFR 110.18. The general election expenditure limitation is the greater of: The base figure (\$20,000) multiplied by the difference in the price index, 5.93544 (which totals \$118,700); or \$0.02 multiplied by the VAP of the state, multiplied by 5.93544. See 52 U.S.C. 30116(c)(1)(B) and (d)(3)(A); 11 CFR 109.32(b) and 110.17. Amounts are rounded to the nearest \$100. 52 U.S.C. 30116(c)(1)(B)(iii); 11 CFR 109.32(b)(3) and 110.17(c). The chart below provides the state-by-state breakdown of the 2023 general election expenditure limitations for Senate elections. The expenditure limitation for 2023 House elections in states with only one congressional district² is \$118,700.

SENATE GENERAL ELECTION COORDINATED EXPENDITURE LIMITS—2023 ELECTIONS³

State	Voting age population (VAP)	VAP × .02 × the price index (5.93544)	Senate expenditure limit (the greater of the amount in column 3 or \$118,700)
Alabama	3,962,734	\$470,400	\$470,400
Alaska	557,060	66,100	118,700

¹ Currently, these are Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, the United States Virgin Islands and the Northern Mariana Islands. See <http://www.house.gov/representatives>.

² Currently, these states are: Alaska, Delaware, North Dakota, South Dakota, Vermont and Wyoming. See <http://www.house.gov/representatives/>.