

Include Docket No. ARV-221214A-JA in the subject line of the message.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gabriel Mounce or Melissa Ortiz, AFRL/RV ORTA, 3550 Aberdeen Ave SE, Kirtland AFB, NM 87117-5776; or Email: AFRL.RDOX.OrgBox@us.af.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Abstract of Patent Application(s)

A reversible electrochemical mirror is disclosed. The reversible electrochemical mirror includes a layer of transparent conducting oxide (TCO), a cation exchange membrane disposed on the layer of TCO, and a mesh layer which may include silver disposed on the cation exchange membrane. The mirror also includes a voltage source connected to the TCO layer and the mesh layer, the voltage source being configured to electrochemically deposit and dissolve silver on the TCO. A method of reversibly controlling reflectance and transmission of a mirror and a method for forming a reversible electrochemical mirror are disclosed.

Intellectual Property

International Application No. PCT/US22/77021, filed 26 September 2022 and entitled *Reversible Electrochemical Mirror using Catio Conducting Membrane*.

The Department of the Air Force may grant the prospective license unless a timely objection is received that sufficiently shows the grant of the license would be inconsistent with the Bayh-Dole Act or implementing regulations. A competing application for a patent license agreement, completed in compliance with 37 CFR 404.8 and received by the Air Force within the period for timely objections, will be treated as an objection and may be considered as an alternative to the proposed license.

Authority: 35 U.S.C. 209; 37 CFR 404.

Tommy W. Lee,

Acting Air Force Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 2023-01910 Filed 1-30-23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 5001-10-P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Office of the Secretary

Publication of Housing Price Inflation Adjustment

AGENCY: Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness (USD(P&R)), Department of Defense (DoD).

ACTION: Notice of housing price inflation adjustment.

SUMMARY: The DoD is announcing the 2023 rent threshold under the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act. Applying the inflation adjustment, the maximum monthly rental amount as of January 1, 2023, is \$9,106.46.

DATES: This housing price inflation adjustment is effective January 1, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Colonel Patrick Schwomeyer, Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, (703) 692-8170.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, as codified at 50 U.S.C. app. 3951, prohibits a landlord from evicting a Service member (or the Service member's family) from a residence during a period of military service, except by court order. The law as originally passed by Congress applied to dwellings with monthly rents of \$2,400 or less. The law requires the DoD to adjust this amount annually to reflect inflation and to publish the new amount in the **Federal Register**. Applying the inflation adjustment for the calendar year 2023, the maximum monthly rental amount for 50 U.S.C. app. 3951 (a)(1)(A)(ii) as of January 1, 2023, will be \$9,106.46.

Dated: January 26, 2023.

Aaron T. Siegel,

Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

[FR Doc. 2023-01992 Filed 1-30-23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 5001-06-P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Amended Record of Decision for Offsite Secondary Waste Treatment and Disposal From the Hanford Site, Washington

AGENCY: Office of Environmental Management, Department of Energy.

ACTION: Amended record of decision.

SUMMARY: This is an amendment to the U.S. Department of Energy's (DOE) 2013 Record of Decision (ROD) for the *Final Tank Closure and Waste Management Environmental Impact Statement for the Hanford Site, Richland, Washington* (DOE/EIS-0391, December 2012) (TC&WM EIS). In accordance with DOE's implementing procedures for the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), DOE prepared a supplement analysis (DOE/EIS-0391-SA-03; SA), which evaluated DOE's proposal to transport and treat certain solid and

liquid secondary wastes at licensed and permitted commercial treatment facilities off the Hanford Site. DOE also proposes to potentially dispose of some of these secondary wastes (after treatment) offsite at a licensed and permitted commercial disposal facility. This action would be implemented on an interim basis until such time as an enhanced onsite treatment capability is available for Direct-Feed Low-Activity Waste (DFLAW) operations (estimated to be approximately 10 years). This amended ROD addresses the differences in the planned management of secondary wastes from that addressed by the 2013 TC&WM EIS ROD document.

ADDRESSES: For copies of this amended ROD, the original ROD, subsequent amended RODs, the SA (DOE/EIS-0391-SA-03), the TC&WM EIS, or any related NEPA documents, please contact Mr. Douglas Chapin, Hanford Site NEPA Compliance Officer, U.S. Department of Energy, P.O. Box 550, MSIN H5-30, Richland, Washington 99352; telephone: (509) 373-9396; or email, Douglas.Chapin@rl.doe.gov. This amended ROD, the original ROD, subsequent amended RODs, the SA, and the TC&WM EIS are also available on DOE's NEPA website at <https://www.energy.gov/nepa> and the Hanford website at <https://www.hanford.gov/index.cfm?page=1117&>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For further information about the TC&WM EIS, contact Mr. Chapin, as listed above. For general information on DOE's Office of Environmental Management (EM) NEPA process, contact Mr. William Ostrum, NEPA Compliance Officer, U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Environmental Management, 1000 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20585-0103; telephone: (202) 586-2513; or email, William.Ostrum@hq.doe.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

In the TC&WM EIS, DOE analyzed 11 alternatives for the retrieval, treatment, storage, and disposal of tank wastes, followed by the closure of the single-shell waste storage tanks (SSTs) at the Hanford Site and three alternatives for waste management.¹ In the 2013 TC&WM EIS ROD, DOE selected Tank Closure Alternative 2B, which would, among other things: (1) retrieve 99 percent of the waste from the SSTs; (2)

¹ The three other alternatives analyzed in the TC&WM EIS concerned Fast Flux Test Facility decommissioning, which is not the subject of this ROD.