media. Exposure to lead is one of the country's most pressing environmental and human health concerns. Americans can be exposed to lead via lead-based paint, drinking water, soil, and air emissions. Ongoing exposures to lead in the environment present a health risk to many people nationwide, especially in communities overburdened by pollution, which are disproportionately communities of color and low-income communities. Some of these exposures result from non-compliance with laws designed to reduce or eliminate exposure and enforcement can play a key role in addressing this noncompliance. EPA's Lead Strategy (https://www.epa.gov/lead/finalstrategy-reduce-lead-exposures-anddisparities-us-communities, at Objective E) sets forth a comprehensive strategy to implement its wide range of authorities to address noncompliance, obtain cleanups, deter future violations, and mitigate harm using available resources. EPA seeks comment on whether, in addition to the existing Lead strategy, we should identify our lead enforcement commitments as a new

2. Addressing Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR). EPA has on-going efforts to address noncompliance with RCRA regulations for the safe disposal of CCRs, commonly known as coal ash, from coal-fired power plants. There are approximately 300 CCR facilities nationwide, comprised of 772 CCR units (239 CCR landfills and 533 CCR surface impoundments). However, these facilities are not evenly distributed throughout the country; approximately 45% are located in eight states (IA, IL, KY, MI, MO, NC, and TX). Most CCR impoundments and landfills are unlined, allowing metals and other contaminants to leach into groundwater. The impact or harm to human health and environment from CCR noncompliance is significant and can occur through direct exposure to impoundment wastewater or consumption of contaminated drinking water. EPA seeks comment on the idea of a CCR-focused NECI to reduce noncompliance in this sector.

C. Public Comments

The EPA will consider all comments to these proposals as it moves forward in the decision-making process. Additionally, the public is invited to propose any other areas for consideration as NECIs. Information in support of this Notice of Public Comment is available online at: http://www.epa.gov/enforcement/national-compliance-initiatives.

VI. Can the deadline for comments be extended?

EPA must receive public comments on potential NECIs by March 13, 2023 in order to complete consideration of public comment, issue a selection memo, and begin development of implementation strategies prior to the beginning of the FY 2023–2027 cycle.

Lawrence E. Starfield,

Acting Assistant Administrator, Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

[FR Doc. 2023–00500 Filed 1–11–23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

EXPORT-IMPORT BANK

[Public Notice: EIB-2023-0001]

Application for Final Commitment for a Long-Term Loan or Financial Guarantee in Excess of \$100 Million: AP089454XX

AGENCY: Export-Import Bank of the United States.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This Notice is to inform the public the Export-Import Bank of the United States ("EXIM") has received an application for final commitment for a long-term loan or financial guarantee in excess of \$100 million. Comments received within the comment period specified below will be presented to the EXIM Board of Directors prior to final action on this Transaction.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before February 6, 2023 to be assured of consideration before final consideration of the transaction by the Board of Directors of EXIM.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be submitted through *Regulations.gov* at *WWW.REGULATIONS.GOV*. To submit a comment, enter EIB–2023–0001 under the heading "Enter Keyword or ID" and select Search. Follow the instructions provided at the Submit a Comment screen. Please include your name, company name (if any) and EIB–2023–0001 on any attached document.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Reference: AP089454XX. Purpose and Use:

Brief description of the purpose of the transaction: To support the export of U.S.-manufactured commercial aircraft to Turkiye.

Brief non-proprietary description of the anticipated use of the items being exported: To be used for passenger and cargo air transport between Turkiye and Africa, America, Europe, and Asia.

To the extent that EXIM is reasonably aware, the item(s) being exported may

be used to produce exports or provide services in competition with the exportation of goods or provision of services by a United States industry.

Parties:

Principal Supplier: The Boeing Company.

Obligor: Turk Hava Yollari A.O. Guarantor(s): N/A.

Description of Items Being Exported: Boeing 787 aircraft.

Information on Decision: Information on the final decision for this transaction will be available in the "Summary Minutes of Meetings of Board of Directors" on http://exim.gov/newsandevents/boardmeetings/board/.

Confidential Information: Please note that this notice does not include confidential or proprietary business information; information which, if disclosed, would violate the Trade Secrets Act; or information which would jeopardize jobs in the United States by supplying information that competitors could use to compete with companies in the United States.

Authority: Section 3(c)(10) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, as amended (12 U.S.C. 635a(c)(10)).

Joyce B. Stone,

Assistant Corporate Secretary.
[FR Doc. 2023–00481 Filed 1–11–23; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6690–01–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[OMB 3060-1229; FR ID 122441]

Information Collection Being Reviewed by the Federal Communications Commission Under Delegated Authority

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: As part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burdens, and as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC or the Commission) invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collection. Comments are requested concerning: whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; the accuracy of the Commission's burden estimate; ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the