

time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.*, within 90 days of publication).

Cash Deposit Instructions

In accordance with section 751(a)(1) of the Act, Commerce intends to instruct CBP to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties in the amounts shown for the company listed above based on shipments of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of the final results of this administrative review.⁷ For all non-reviewed firms subject to the *Order*, we will instruct CBP to continue to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties at the most recent company-specific rate or the all-others rate (3.72 percent), as appropriate.⁸ These cash deposit requirements, effective upon publication of these final results, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Administrative Protective Order

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to an administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing these final results in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i) of the Act.

Dated: November 30, 2022.

Lisa W. Wang,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the *Order*
- IV. Subsidies Valuation Information
- V. Analysis of Programs
- VI. Discussion of Comments

Comment 1: Whether Electricity Is Subsidized by the Government of Korea (GOK)

Comment 2: Whether Commerce Is Required by Law to Conduct Verification of the GOK's Questionnaire Responses

⁷ See, e.g., *Honey from Argentina: Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review*, 69 FR 29518 (May 24, 2004), and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum at Issue 4.

⁸ See *Order*, 82 FR at 24103.

- Comment 3: Whether the Provision of Korea Emissions Trading System (K-ETS) Permits Is Countervailable
- a. Whether the Provision of K-ETS Permits Provides a Financial Contribution and Benefit
 - b. Whether the Provision of K-ETS Permits Is Specific
- Comment 4: Whether Commerce Should Correct Errors in its Calculation of the Benefit under the Provision of K-ETS Permits
- Comment 5: Whether Local Tax Exemptions under RSLTA Article 57-2 Are Countervailable
- Comment 6: Whether Certain of POSCO Chemical Co., Ltd.'s (POSCO Chemical) Local Tax Exemptions under Restriction of Special Local Taxation Act (RSLTA) Article 78 Are Tied to Non-Subject Merchandise
- Comment 7: Whether Certain Quota Tariff Import Duty Exemptions under Article 71 of the Customs Act Are Tied to Non-Subject Merchandise

VII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2022-26460 Filed 12-5-22; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-533-823]

Silicomanganese From India: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Changed Circumstances Review

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: On October 21, 2022, the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) published the notice of initiation and preliminary results of changed circumstances reviews (CCR) of the antidumping duty (AD) order on silicomanganese from India. For these final results, Commerce continues to find that NAVA Limited (NAVA) is the successor-in-interest to Nava Bharat Ventures Limited (NBVL) in the context of the AD order on silicomanganese from India. Furthermore, NAVA is entitled to NBVL's AD cash deposit rate with respect to entries of subject merchandise in the above-referenced proceeding.

DATES: Applicable December 6, 2022.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Daniel Alexander, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-4313.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On October 21, 2022, Commerce published the *Initiation and Preliminary Results*, finding that NAVA is the successor-in-interest to NBVL, and that it should be assigned the same AD cash deposit rate assigned to NBVL in the above-referenced proceeding.¹ In the *Initiation and Preliminary Results*, interested parties were provided an opportunity to comment regarding our preliminary findings. Commerce received no comments from interested parties.

Scope of the Order²

The merchandise covered by the *Order* is all forms, sizes, and compositions of silicomanganese, except low-carbon silicomanganese, including silicomanganese briquettes, fines and slag. For a full description of the scope of the *Order*, see the *Initiation and Preliminary Results*.

Final Results of Changed Circumstances Review

For the reasons stated in the *Initiation and Preliminary Results*, and because we received no comments from interested parties to the contrary, Commerce continues to find that NAVA is the successor-in-interest to NBVL for AD purposes. As a result of this determination, NAVA is entitled to the same AD cash deposit rate as NBVL with respect to entries of subject merchandise in the above-noted proceeding.³

Commerce will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection to suspend liquidation of all shipments of subject merchandise produced and/or exported by NAVA and entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of this notice in the **Federal Register** at the current AD cash deposit rate on silicomanganese in effect for NBVL. These cash deposit requirements shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Interested Parties

This notice is published in accordance with sections 751(b)(1) and 777(i)(1) and (2) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, and 19 CFR

¹ See *Silicomanganese from India: Notice of Initiation and Preliminary Results of Changed Circumstances Review*, 87 FR 64006 (October 21, 2022) (*Initiation and Preliminary Results*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

² See *Notice of Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less than Fair Value and Antidumping Duty Orders: Silicomanganese from India, Kazakhstan, and Venezuela*, 67 FR 36149 (May 23, 2002) (*Order*).

³ In accordance with this **Federal Register** notice, NAVA will receive the AD cash deposit rate assigned to NBVL under the *Order*.

351.216(e), 351.221(b), and 351.221(c)(3).

Dated: November 28, 2022.

Abdelali Elouaradia,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2022-26448 Filed 12-5-22; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-560-826]

Monosodium Glutamate From the Republic of Indonesia: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2020-2021

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) preliminarily determines that sales of monosodium glutamate (MSG) from the Republic of Indonesia (Indonesia) have been made below normal value during the period of review (POR), November 1, 2020, through October 31, 2021. We invite interested parties to comment on these preliminary results.

DATES: Applicable December 6, 2022.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Andrew Huston, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-4261.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Commerce is conducting an administrative review of the antidumping duty order on MSG from Indonesia covering two respondents: PT. Cheil Jedang Indonesia (CJ Indonesia) and PT. Miwon Indonesia (PT. Miwon).¹ For a complete description of the events that followed the initiation of this review, see the

¹ See *Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews*, 86 FR 73734 (December 28, 2021). On August 26, 2022, Commerce published the final results of a changed circumstances review of MSG from Indonesia. Commerce found that PT. Daesang Ingredients Indonesia (PT. Daesang) is the successor-in-interest to PT. Miwon. See *Monosodium Glutamate from the Republic of Indonesia: Final Results of Changed Circumstances Review*, 87 FR 52506 (August 26, 2022) (*MSG from Indonesia CCR*). Because the effective date of this decision was after the POR, we continue to reference the respondent here as PT. Miwon.

Preliminary Decision Memorandum.² On July 11, 2022, we extended the deadline for these preliminary results until no later than November 30, 2022.³

Scope of the Order⁴

The merchandise covered by this *Order* is MSG, whether or not blended or in solution with other products. Specifically, MSG that has been blended or is in solution with other product(s) is included in the *Order* when the resulting mix contains 15 percent or more of MSG by dry weight. Products with which MSG may be blended include, but are not limited to, salts, sugars, starches, maltodextrins, and various seasonings. Further, MSG is included in the *Order* regardless of physical form (including, but not limited to, in monohydrate or anhydrous form, or as substrates, solutions, dry powders of any particle size, or unfinished forms such as MSG slurry), end-use application, or packaging. For a full description of the scope of the *Order*, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

Methodology

Commerce is conducting this review in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). Export price and constructed export price are calculated in accordance with section 772 of the Act. Normal value is calculated in accordance with section 773 of the Act. Further, because CJ Indonesia failed to cooperate to the best of its ability in responding to our requests for information, we relied on facts available, with adverse inferences, in determining this company's dumping margin, consistent with section 776 of the Act.

For a full description of the methodology underlying our conclusions, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum. A list of topics included in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum is included as an appendix to this notice. The Preliminary Decision Memorandum is on file electronically via Enforcement and

² See Memorandum, "Decision Memorandum for the Preliminary Results of the Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: Monosodium Glutamate from the Republic of Indonesia; 2020-2021" dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Preliminary Decision Memorandum).

³ See Memorandum, "Monosodium Glutamate from Indonesia: Extension of Deadline for Preliminary Results of Review," dated July 16, 2021.

⁴ See *Monosodium Glutamate from the People's Republic of China, and the Republic of Indonesia: Antidumping Duty Orders; and Monosodium Glutamate from the People's Republic of China: Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*, 79 FR 70505 (November 26, 2014) (*Order*).

Commerce's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Preliminary Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.⁵

Preliminary Results of Review

As a result of our review, we preliminarily determine the following weighted-average dumping margins for the period November 1, 2020, through October 31, 2021:

Manufacturer/exporter	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)
PT. Cheil Jedang Indonesia	* 58.67
PT. Daesang Ingredients Indonesia and PT. Miwon Indonesia ⁵	14.61

* Rate based on adverse facts available.

Disclosure and Public Comment

Commerce intends to disclose the calculations used in our analysis to parties in this review within five days of the date of publication of this notice in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b). Interested parties are invited to comment on the preliminary results of this review. Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.309(c)(1)(ii), interested parties may submit case briefs not later than 30 days after the date of publication of this notice. Rebuttal briefs, limited to issues raised in the case briefs, may be filed later than seven days after the date for filing case briefs.⁶ Parties who submit case briefs or rebuttal briefs in this review are requested to submit with each brief: (1) a statement of the issue; (2) a brief summary of the argument; and (3) a table of authorities.⁷ Case and rebuttal briefs should be filed using ACCESS and must be served on

⁵ As noted above, on August 26, 2022, Commerce published the final results of a changed circumstances review of MSG from Indonesia. Commerce found that PT. Daesang is the successor-in-interest to PT. Miwon. See *MSG from Indonesia CCR*. Cash deposits of estimated antidumping duties required pursuant to the final results of this review will be applied to PT. Daesang. Liquidation instructions for the POR will be issued for PT. Miwon.

⁶ See 19 CFR 351.309(d); see also *Temporary Rule Modifying AD/CVD Service Requirements Due to COVID-19*, 85 FR 17006, 17007 (March 26, 2020) ("To provide adequate time for release of case briefs via ACCESS, E&C intends to schedule the due date for all rebuttal briefs to be 7 days after case briefs are filed (while these modifications remain in effect)").

⁷ See 19 CFR 351.309(c)(2), (d)(2).