**ACTION:** Notification of enforcement of regulation.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard will enforce the safety zone in the navigable waters of Richardson Bay, off Sausalito, CA, in support of the Sausalito Lighted Boat Parade Fireworks Display. This safety zone is necessary to protect personnel, vessels, and the marine environment from the dangers associated with pyrotechnics. During the enforcement period, unauthorized persons or vessels are prohibited from entering into, transiting through, or remaining in the safety zone, unless authorized by the designated Patrol Commander (PATCOM) or other federal, state, or local agencies on scene to assist the Coast Guard in enforcing the regulated area.

**DATES:** The regulation in 33 CFR 165.1191, will be enforced for the location in Table 1 to § 165.1191, Item number 30, from 11 a.m. through 8:35 p.m. on December 10, 2022.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** If you have questions about this notification of enforcement, call or email MST1 Shannon Curtaz-Milian, Sector San Francisco Waterways Management, U.S. Coast Guard; telephone 415–399–3585, email *SFWaterways@uscg.mil.* 

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Coast Guard will enforce the safety zone established in 33 CFR 165.1191. Table 1. Item number 30, for the Sausalito Lighted Boat Parade Fireworks on December 10, 2022. The Coast Guard will enforce a 100-foot safety zone around the fireworks barge during the loading, transit, and setup of the fireworks barge from the loading location to the display location and until the commencement of the fireworks display. From 11 a.m. until 2 p.m. on December 10, 2022, the fireworks barge will be loading pyrotechnics at Pier 50 in San Francisco, CA. The fireworks barge will remain at the loading location until its transit to the display location. From 6:30 p.m. to 7:30 p.m. on December 10, 2022 the loaded fireworks barge will transit from Pier 50 to the launch site near Sausalito Point in approximate position 37°51'11.88" N, 122°28'25.67" W (NAD 83), where it will remain until the conclusion of the fireworks display. Starting at 7:30 p.m. on December 10, 2022, 30 minutes prior to the commencement of the 5-minute fireworks display, the safety zone will encompass the navigable waters, from surface to bottom, surrounding the fireworks barge near Spinnaker Point in Sausalito, CA within a radius of 1,000

feet from approximate position 37°51'11.88" N, 122°28'25.67" W (NAD 83) for the Sausalito Lighted Boat Parade Fireworks Display as set forth in 33 CFR 165.1191, Table 1, Item number 30. The safety zone will be enforced through 8:35 p.m. on December 10, 2022.

In addition to this notification of enforcement in the **Federal Register**, the Coast Guard plans to provide notification of this enforcement period via the Local Notice to Mariners.

Under the provisions of 33 CFR 165.1191, unauthorized persons or vessels are prohibited from entering into, transiting through, or anchoring in the safety zone during all applicable effective dates and times, unless authorized to do so by the PATCOM or other Official Patrol defined as a federal, state, or local law enforcement agency on scene to assist the Coast Guard in enforcing the regulated area. Additionally, each person who receives notice of a lawful order or direction issued by the PATCOM or Official Patrol shall obey the order or direction. The PATCOM or Official Patrol may, upon request, allow the transit of commercial vessels through regulated areas when it is safe to do so.

If the Captain of the Port determines that the regulated area need not be enforced for the full duration stated in this notice, a Marine Information Broadcast, the Local Notice to Mariners, and/or actual notice may be used to grant general permission to enter the regulated area.

Dated: November 23, 2022.

#### Taylor Q. Lam,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port San Francisco.

[FR Doc. 2022–26257 Filed 12–1–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 9110–04–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

#### **Coast Guard**

#### 33 CFR Part 165

[Docket Number USCG-2022-0931]

RIN 1625-AA00

# Safety Zone; Gulf Intracoastal Waterway, Lake Charles, LA

**AGENCY:** Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security (DHS). **ACTION:** Temporary final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Coast Guard is establishing a temporary safety zone for navigable waters of the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway between the Calcasieu Lock at Mile Marker 238.2 and Mile Marker 240 at the Lake Charles Industrial Canal. The safety zone is needed to protect personnel, vessels, and the marine environment from hazards created by a large spill of heavy crude oil. Entry of vessels or persons into this zone is prohibited unless specifically authorized by the Captain of the Port Port Arthur.

**DATES:** This rule is effective without actual notice from December 2, 2022, through December 4, 2022. For the purposes of enforcement, actual notice will be used from November 28, 2022, until December 2, 2022.

ADDRESSES: To view documents mentioned in this preamble as being available in the docket, go to *https:// www.regulations.gov*, type USCG–2022– 0931 in the search box and click "Search." Next, in the Document Type column, select "Supporting & Related Material."

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions on this rule, call or email Mr. Scott Whalen, Marine Safety Unit Port Arthur, TX, U.S. Coast Guard; telephone 409–719–5086, email *scott.k.whalen@uscg.mil.* 

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### I. Table of Abbreviations

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

- DHS Department of Homeland Security
- COTP Captain of the Port, Marine Safety Unit Port Arthur
- FR Federal Register
- NPRM Notice of proposed rulemaking § Section
- U.S.C. United States Code

#### II. Background Information and Regulatory History

The Coast Guard is issuing this temporary rule without prior notice and opportunity to comment pursuant to authority under section 4(a) of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) (5 U.S.C. 553(b)). This provision authorizes an agency to issue a rule without prior notice and opportunity to comment when the agency for good cause finds that those procedures are "impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest." Under 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for not publishing a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) with respect to this rule because an approximately 95 barrel spill of heavy oil occurred on the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway west of the Calcasieu Lock in Lake Charles, LA, and immediate action is needed to respond to the spill and protect persons, vessels, and the environment from hazards associated with the spill and response effors. It is impracticable to publish an NPRM

because we must establish this safety zone by immediately.

Under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for making this rule effective less than 30 days after publication in the **Federal Register**. Delaying the effective date of this rule would be impracticable because immediate action is needed to respond to the spill and protect persons, vessels, and the environment from hazards associated with the spill and response effors.

# III. Legal Authority and Need for Rule

The Coast Guard is issuing this rule under authority in 46 U.S.C. 70034 (previously 33 U.S.C. 1231). The Captain of the Port Port Arthur (COTP) has determined that potential hazards associated with a 95 barrel spill of heavy oil into the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway is a safety concern for the environment and persons or vessels transiting through the area. This rule is needed to protect personnel, vessels, and the marine environment from the hazards of the spill and associated response efforts.

# IV. Discussion of the Rule

This rule establishes a safety zone from 6 p.m. on November 28, 2022, through 6 p.m. on December 4, 2022. The safety zone will cover all navigable waters, shoreline to shoreline, of the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway between the Calcasieu Lock at Mile Marker 238.2 west to Mile Marker 240 near the Lake Charles Industrial Canal. The duration of the zone is intended to protect personnel, vessels, and the marine environment in these navigable waters while spill response operations are ongoing. No vessel or person will be permitted to enter the safety zone without obtaining permission from the COTP or a designated representative.

# V. Regulatory Analyses

We developed this rule after considering numerous statutes and Executive orders related to rulemaking. Below we summarize our analyses based on a number of these statutes and Executive orders, and we discuss First Amendment rights of protestors.

# A. Regulatory Planning and Review

Executive Orders 12866 and 13563 direct agencies to assess the costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits. This rule has not been designated a "significant regulatory action," under Executive Order 12866. Accordingly, this rule has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).

This regulatory action determination is based on the limited size and duration of the rule.

## B. Impact on Small Entities

The Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980, 5 U.S.C. 601–612, as amended, requires Federal agencies to consider the potential impact of regulations on small entities during rulemaking. The term "small entities" comprises small businesses, not-for-profit organizations that are independently owned and operated and are not dominant in their fields, and governmental jurisdictions with populations of less than 50,000. The Coast Guard certifies under 5 U.S.C. 605(b) that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

While some owners or operators of vessels intending to transit the safety zone may be small entities, for the reasons stated in section V.A above, this rule will not have a significant economic impact on any vessel owner or operator.

Under section 213(a) of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (Pub. L. 104–121), we want to assist small entities in understanding this rule. If the rule would affect your small business, organization, or governmental jurisdiction and you have questions concerning its provisions or options for compliance, please call or email the person listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section.

Small businesses may send comments on the actions of Federal employees who enforce, or otherwise determine compliance with, Federal regulations to the Small Business and Agriculture Regulatory Enforcement Ombudsman and the Regional Small Business **Regulatory Fairness Boards.** The Ombudsman evaluates these actions annually and rates each agency's responsiveness to small business. If you wish to comment on actions by employees of the Coast Guard, call 1– 888-REG-FAIR (1-888-734-3247). The Coast Guard will not retaliate against small entities that question or complain about this rule or any policy or action of the Coast Guard.

# C. Collection of Information

This rule will not call for a new collection of information under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520).

## D. Federalism and Indian Tribal Governments

A rule has implications for federalism under Executive Order 13132, Federalism, if it has a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the National Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. We have analyzed this rule under that order and have determined that it is consistent with the fundamental federalism principles and preemption requirements described in Executive Order 13132.

Also, this rule does not have tribal implications under Executive Order 13175, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments, because it does not have a substantial direct effect on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes.

# E. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538) requires Federal agencies to assess the effects of their discretionary regulatory actions. In particular, the Act addresses actions that may result in the expenditure by a State, local, or tribal government, in the aggregate, or by the private sector of \$100,000,000 (adjusted for inflation) or more in any one year. Though this rule will not result in such an expenditure, we do discuss the effects of this rule elsewhere in this preamble.

#### F. Environment

We have analyzed this rule under Department of Homeland Security Directive 023-01, Rev. 1, associated implementing instructions, and Environmental Planning COMDTINST 5090.1 (series), which guide the Coast Guard in complying with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321-4370f), and have determined that this action is one of a category of actions that do not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. This rule involves a safety zone lasting only 6-days that will prohibit entry into the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway, shoreline to shoreline, between the Calcasieu Lock at Mile Marker 238.2 west to Mile Marker 240. It is categorically excluded from further review under paragraph L60(c) of Appendix A, Table 1 of DHS Instruction Manual 023-01-001-01, Rev. 1.

## G. Protest Activities

The Coast Guard respects the First Amendment rights of protesters. Protesters are asked to call or email the person listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section to coordinate protest activities so that your message can be received without jeopardizing the safety or security of people, places or vessels.

# List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures, Waterways.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR part 165 as follows:

# PART 165—REGULATED NAVIGATION AREAS AND LIMITED ACCESS AREAS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 165 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 46 U.S.C. 70034, 70051; 33 CFR 1.05–1, 6.04–1, 6.04–6, and 160.5; Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 00170.1, Revision No. 01.2.

■ 2. Add § 165.T08–0931 to read as follows:

#### § 165.T08–0931 Safety Zone; Gulf Intracoastal Waterway, Lake Charles, LA.

(a) *Location.* The following area is a safety zone: All waters of the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway, shoreline to shoreline, from the Calcasieu Lock at Mile Marker 238.2 west to Mile Marker 240 at the Lake Charles Industrial Canal.

(b) *Regulations.* (1) Under the general safety zone regulations in subpart C of this part, you may not enter the safety zone described in paragraph (a) of this section unless authorized by the Captain of the Port Port Arthur (COTP) or the COTP's designated representative.

(2) To seek permission to enter, contact the COTP or the COTP's representative by calling the Command Duty Officer at (337) 912–0073. Those in the safety zone must comply with all lawful orders or directions given to them by the COTP or the COTP's designated representative.

Dated: November 28, 2022.

# James B. Suffern,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Acting Captain of the Port, Marine Safety Unit Port Arthur. [FR Doc. 2022–26298 Filed 12–1–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-04-P

# LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

**Copyright Royalty Board** 

#### 37 CFR Part 380

[Docket No. 19–CRB–0005–WR (2021–2025) COLA (2023)

## Cost of Living Adjustment to Royalty Rates for Webcaster Statutory License

**AGENCY:** Copyright Royalty Board (CRB), Library of Congress. **ACTION:** Final rule; cost of living adjustment.

**SUMMARY:** The Copyright Royalty Judges announce a cost of living adjustment (COLA) in the royalty rates that commercial and noncommercial noninteractive webcasters pay for eligible transmissions pursuant to the statutory licenses for the public performance of and for the making of ephemeral reproductions of sound recordings.

## DATES:

*Effective date:* December 2, 2022. *Applicability date:* These rates are applicable to the period January 1, 2023, through December 31, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Anita Brown, (202) 707–7658, *crb@ loc.gov.* 

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Sections 112(e) and 114(f) of the Copyright Act, title 17 of the United States Code, create statutory licenses for certain digital performances of sound recordings and the making of ephemeral reproductions to facilitate transmission of those sound recordings. On October 27, 2021, the Copyright Royalty Judges (Judges) adopted final regulations governing the rates and terms of copyright royalty payments under those licenses for the license period 2021–2025 for performances of sound recordings via eligible transmissions by commercial and noncommercial noninteractive webcasters. See 86 FR 59452.

Pursuant to those regulations, at least 25 days before January 1 of each year from 2022 to 2025, the Judges shall publish in the **Federal Register** notice of a COLA applicable to the royalty fees for performances of sound recordings via eligible transmissions by commercial and noncommercial noninteractive webcasters. 37 CFR 380.10.

The adjustment in the royalty fee shall be based on a calculation of the percentage increase in the CPI–U from the CPI–U published in November 2020 (260.229), according to the formula: for subscription performances,  $(1 + (C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times \$0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times 0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times 0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times 0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times 0.0026$ ; for nonsubscription performances,  $(1 + C_$ 

 $(C_v - 260.229)/260.229) \times$ \$0.0021; for performances by a noncommercial webcaster in excess of 159,140 ATH per month,  $(1 + (C_y - 260.229)/260.229) \times$ \$0.0021; where C<sub>v</sub> is the CPI–U published by the Secretary of Labor before December 1 of the preceding year. The adjusted rate shall be rounded to the nearest fourth decimal place. 37 CFR 380.10(c). The CPI–U published by the Secretary of Labor from the most recent index published before December 1, 2022, is 298.012.1 Applying the formula in 37 CFR 380.10(c) and rounding to the nearest fourth decimal place results in an increase in the rates for 2023.

The 2023 rate for eligible transmissions of sound recordings by commercial webcasters is \$0.0030 per subscription performance and \$0.0024 per nonsubscription performance.

Application of the increase to rates for noncommercial webcasters results in a 2023 rate of \$0.0024 per performance for all digital audio transmissions in excess of 159,140 ATH in a month on a channel or station.

As provided in 37 CFR 380.10(d), the royalty fee for making ephemeral recordings under section 112 of the Copyright Act to facilitate digital transmission of sound recordings under section 114 of the Copyright Act is included in the section 114 royalty fee and comprises 5% of the total fee.

#### List of Subjects in 37 CFR Part 380

Copyright; sound recordings.

#### **Final Regulations**

In consideration of the foregoing, the Judges amend part 380 of title 37 of the Code of Federal Regulations as follows:

# PART 380—RATES AND TERMS FOR TRANSMISSIONS BY ELIGIBLE NONSUBSCRIPTION SERVICES AND NEW SUBSCRIPTION SERVICES AND FOR THE MAKING OF EPHEMERAL REPRODUCTIONS TO FACILITATE THOSE TRANSMISSIONS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 380 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 17 U.S.C. 112(e), 114(f), 804(b)(3).

■ 2. Section 380.10 is amended by revising paragraph (a) to read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This CPI–U was announced on November 10, 2022, by the Bureau of Labor Statistics in its *Consumer Price Index News Release—Consumer Price Index*, available at *https://www.bls.gov/ news.release/cpi.htm* at Table 1.