confidential form is required and allows government officials to determine whether there is a statutory conflict between a person’s public responsibilities (which include membership on an EPA federal advisory committee) and private interests and activities, or the appearance of a loss of impartiality, as defined by federal regulation. The form may be viewed and downloaded through the “Ethics Requirements for Advisors” link on the SAB website at https://sab.epa.gov. This form should not be submitted as part of a nomination.

V. Khanna Johnston,
Deputy Director, Science Advisory Board Staff Office.

[FR Doc. 2022–25170 Filed 11–21–22; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
Sunshine Act Meeting

FEDERAL REGISTER CITATION NOTICE OF PREVIOUS ANNOUNCEMENT: 87 FR 69271.
PREVIOUSLY ANNOUNCED TIME, DATE, AND PLACE OF THE MEETING: Thursday, November 17, 2022 at 10:00 a.m.
Hybrid meeting: 1050 First Street NE, Washington, DC (12th Floor) and virtual.

CHANGES IN THE MEETING: The Open Meeting of Thursday, November 17, 2022 was canceled.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION: Judith Ingram, Press Officer, Telephone: (202) 694–1220.
(Authority: Government in the Sunshine Act, 5 U.S.C. 552b)
Laura E. Sinram,
Secretary and Clerk of the Commission.

[FDoc. 2022–25360 Filed 11–18–22; 11:15 am]
BILLING CODE 6715–01–P

GULF COAST ECOSYSTEM RESTORATION COUNCIL
[Docket No. 111162022–111–01]
Senior Executive Service Performance Review Board Membership

AGENCY: Gulf Coast Ecosystem Restoration Council (GCERC).

ACTION: Notice of Performance Review Board (PRB) appointments.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the members of the Senior Executive Service (SES) Performance Review Board. The PRB is comprised of a Chairperson and a mix of state representatives and career senior executives that meet annually to review and evaluate performance appraisal documents and provide a written recommendation to the Chairperson of the Council for final approval of each executive’s performance rating, performance-based pay adjustment, and performance award.

DATES: The board membership is applicable beginning on 12/01/2021 and ending on 12/31/22.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mary S. Walker, Executive Director, Gulf Coast Ecosystem Restoration Council, telephone 504–210–9982.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 4314(c)(4), the persons named below have been selected to serve on the PRB:

Department of Commerce

State of Louisiana
Chris Barnes, Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority, Legal Advisor, Coastal Activities, Chris.Barnes@la.gov, 225–342–9036

State of Mississippi
Wells, Chris, Executive Director, Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality, cwells@mdqg.ms.gov, 601–961–5545

Environmental Protection Agency
Wyatt, Marc, Director, Gulf of Mexico Division, Wyatt.marc@epa.gov, 228–679–5915

Keala Hughes,
Director of External Affairs and Tribal Relations.

[FR Doc. 2022–25360 Filed 11–21–22; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6560–58–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
[60Day–23–23AX; Docket No. CDC–2022–0132]
Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), within the Department of Health and Human Services, as part of its continuing effort to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of government information, invites the general public and other federal agencies the opportunity to comment on a proposed information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This notice invites comment on a proposed information collection project titled Assessing Knowledge, Attitudes, and Practices (KAPs) of Hispanic/Latina Women of Reproductive Age about Folic Acid Fortification and Supplementation. The data collection will involve focus groups of Hispanic/Latina populations to understand knowledge, awareness, and practices about use of folic acid and fortified food for neural tube defect (NTD) prevention.

DATES: CDC must receive written comments on or before January 23, 2023.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. CDC–2022–0132 by either of the following methods:
• Federal eRulemaking Portal: www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.
  • Mail: Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS H21–8, Atlanta, Georgia 30329.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket Number. CDC will post, without change, all relevant comments to www.regulations.gov.

Please note: Submit all comments through the Federal eRulemaking portal (www.regulations.gov) or by U.S. mail to the address listed above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, contact Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS H21–8, Atlanta, Georgia 30329; Telephone: 404–639–7570; Email: omb@cdc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520), federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also requires federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the Federal Register concerning each proposed collection of information, including each new
propose a proposed collection, each proposed extension of an existing collection of information, and each reinstatement of a previously approved information collection before submitting the collection to the OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, we are publishing this notice of a proposed data collection as described below. 

The OMB is particularly interested in comments that will help:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected;
4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses; and
5. Assess information collection costs.

Proposed Project

Assessing Knowledge, Attitudes, and Practices (KAPs) of Hispanic/Latina Women of Reproductive Age (WRA) about Folic Acid Fortification and Supplementation—New—National Center on Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities (NCBDDD), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

A contemporary understanding of cultural factors in the decision-making process and how certain populations of women obtain information is needed for Hispanic/Latina women of reproductive age (WRA) to increase their knowledge and intake of folic acid to prevent neural tube defects (NTD).

Previous research highlighted important nuances in potential cultural beliefs regarding folic acid. A study of Spanish-speaking, Hispanic/Latina women in the southwest United States found no cultural barriers to incorporating folic-acid rich foods into their diets; however, focus groups of Mexican-American women within the study found several cultural barriers. These included: misperception of the term folic acid as an illegal substance (as the word “acid” is sometimes used to describe the drug LSD); the importance of folic acid in preventing NTDs since their healthcare providers did not talk to them about folic acid; the absence of folic acid in injectable form at the pharmacy; and mistaken beliefs that birth defects are not preventable (resulting from an act of God). Other studies also present contradictory findings suggesting that Spanish-speaking, Mexican-American women have increased awareness of the association between folate and birth defects compared to English-speaking, Mexican-American women. Although several studies have examined beliefs and best practices for promoting folic acid consumption, more research is needed to determine cultural factors in the decision-making process around folic acid intake for Hispanic/Latina WRA.

The objective of this project is to conduct formative research with Hispanic/Latina WRA and leadership from key organizations that serve Hispanic/Latina populations to understand the following: (1) knowledge and awareness about folic acid and fortified food for NTD prevention; (2) practices around consumption of fortified foods as well as traditional food items that may or may not be fortified and supplement use; and (3) appropriate messages and dissemination channels to improve folic acid intake from supplements and folic acid fortified foods among Hispanic/Latina WRA.

This information collection will involve focus groups with Hispanic/Latina WRA. CDC requests OMB approval for an estimated 63 annual burden hours. There are no costs to respondents other than their time to participate.

### ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

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<th>Type of respondents</th>
<th>Form name</th>
<th>Number of respondents</th>
<th>Number of responses per respondent</th>
<th>Average burden per response (in hours)</th>
<th>Total burden (in hours)</th>
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Jeffrey M. Zirger,

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), in the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), announces the opening of a docket to obtain comment on proposed new recommendations for perinatal hepatitis C virus (HCV), infection testing to identify infants who may go on to develop chronic hepatitis C. Recommendations include: HCV testing of all perinatally exposed infants at age 2–6 months with a Nucleic Acid Test (NAT) for detection of HCV ribonucleic acid (RNA); and referral of infants with detectable HCV RNA to a healthcare provider with expertise in pediatric hepatitis C management. CDC

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), in the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), announces the opening of a docket to obtain comment on proposed new recommendations for perinatal hepatitis C virus (HCV), infection testing to identify infants who may go on to develop chronic hepatitis C. Recommendations include: HCV testing of all perinatally exposed infants at age 2–6 months with a Nucleic Acid Test (NAT) for detection of HCV ribonucleic acid (RNA); and referral of infants with detectable HCV RNA to a healthcare provider with expertise in pediatric hepatitis C management. CDC