parts 60, 61, and 63 as of June 1, 2021. On November 1, 2022, EPA sent West Virginia a letter acknowledging that effective April 1, 2022, West Virginia has the authority to implement and enforce the NESHAP and NSPS as specified by West Virginia in its notices to EPA, as provided for under previously approved automatic delegation mechanisms (49 FR 48692, 67 FR 15486, EPA delegation letters dated March 19, 2001 and January 8, 2002). All notifications, applications, reports, and other correspondence required pursuant to the delegated NESHAP and NSPS must be submitted to both EPA Region III and to the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, unless the delegated standard specifically provides that such submittals may be sent to EPA or a delegated State. In such cases, the submittals should be sent only to the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection. A copy of EPA's November 1, 2022 letter to West Virginia follows:

"Ms. Laura M. Crowder, Director, Division of Air Quality, West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, 601 57th Street SE,

Charleston, West Virginia 25304. Via email at *laura.m.crowder@wv.gov* Dear Ms. Crowder:

This letter acknowledges your letter dated July 1, 2022 in which the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection (WVDEP) Division of Air Quality (DAQ) informed the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that West Virginia had updated its incorporation by reference of federal National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) and New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) to include many such standards as found in 40 CFR parts 60, 61, and 63 as of June 1, 2021. WVDEP DAQ noted in the letter that it understood it was automatically delegated the authority to implement these standards. WVDEP DAQ stated its intent to enforce the standards in conformance with the terms of EPA's previous delegations of authority pursuant to the EPA final rules published at 49 FR 48692 and 67 FR 15486, and EPA delegation letters.

In two rulemakings, 49 FR 48692 (December 14, 1984) and 67 FR 15486 (April 2, 2002), EPA established the basis for delegation to West Virginia of specified federal standards at 40 CFR parts 60, 61, and 63. Subsequently, in a letter dated March 19, 2001 to WVDEP Director Michael Callaghan, EPA delegated to the State of West Virginia the authority to implement and enforce various federal NESHAP found in 40

CFR part 63. In another letter to Director Callaghan dated January 8, 2002, EPA delegated to the State of West Virginia the authority to implement and enforce various federal NESHAP found in 40 CFR part 61 and NSPS found in 40 CFR part 60. In those letters, EPA also established that future Part 60, Part 61, and Part 63 standards would be automatically delegated to West Virginia subject to the conditions set forth in those letters. Those rulemakings and letters continue to control the conditions of delegation of future standards and their terms should be consulted for the specific conditions that apply to each regulatory program. However, in general terms, for automatic delegation to take effect, the letters establish conditions that can be paraphrased as requiring: legal adoption of the standards; restrictions on the kinds of wording changes West Virginia may make to the federal standards when adopting them; and specific notification from West Virginia to EPA when a standard has been adopted.

WVDEP DAQ provided copies of the revised West Virginia Legislative Rules which specify the NESHAP and NSPS regulations West Virginia has adopted by reference. These revised Legislative Rules are entitled 45 CSR 34 "Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants," and 45 CSR 16-"Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources." These revised Rules have an effective date of April 1, 2022. EPA has reviewed the Revised rules and determined that they meet the conditions for automatic delegation as established by EPA in its prior letters and rulemakings.

Accordingly, EPA acknowledges that West Virginia now has the authority, as provided for under the terms of EPA's previous delegation actions, to implement and enforce the NESHAP and NSPS standards which West Virginia adopted by reference in West Virginia's revised Legislative Rules 45 CSR 34 and 45 CSR 16, effective on April 1, 2022.

Please note that on December 19, 2008 in *Sierra Club* vs. *EPA* (551 F.3rd 1019, D.C. Circuit 2008), the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit vacated certain provisions of the General Provisions of 40 CFR part 63 relating to exemptions for startup, shutdown, and malfunction (SSM). On October 16, 2009, the Court issued the mandate vacating these SSM exemption provisions, which are found at 40 CFR part 63, 63.6(f)(1), and (h)(1).

Accordingly, EPA no longer allows sources to use the SSM exemption as provided for in the vacated provisions at 40 CFR 63.6(f)(1), and (h)(1), even though EPA has not yet formally removed the SSM exemption provisions from the General Provisions of 40 CFR part 63. Because West Virginia incorporated 40 CFR part 63 by reference, West Virginia should also no longer allow sources to use the former SSM exemption from the General Provisions of 40 CFR part 63 due to the Court's ruling in *Sierra Club* vs.*EPA* (551 F.3rd 1019, D.C. Circuit 2008). If you have any questions, please contact me or Ms. Arlin Galarza-Hernandez, Chief, Permits Branch, at 215–814–2041.

Sincerely,

Cristina Fernández,

Director, Air and Radiation Division

Enclosures

- cc: Renu Chakrabarty (via email at *renu.m.chakrabarty@wv.gov*) Mike Egnor (via email at
- michael.egnor@wv.gov)

This notice acknowledges the updates of West Virginia's delegation of authority to implement and enforce NESHAP and NSPS.

Cristina Fernández,

Director, Air and Radiation Division, Region III.

[FR Doc. 2022–24669 Filed 11–10–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

EXPORT IMPORT BANK

Privacy Act of 1974; Narrative Statement & System of Records Notice

AGENCY: Export Import Bank of the United States.

ACTION: Notice of new system of records.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to the Privacy Act of 1974, the Export Import Bank of the United States ("EXIM Bank") is proposing a new system of records notice ("SORN"). EXIM Bank is proposing a new system of records— EXIM Bank Watch List ("Watch List"). This new SORN will include the authorities for maintenance of the system, the purposes of the system, and the categories of entities and individuals covered by the system.

DATES: The modified system of records described herein will become applicable November 14, 2022.

ADDRESSES: You may submit written comments to EXIM Bank by any of the following methods:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: http:// www.regulations.gov. Follow the website instructions for submitting comments.

• *Email: reg.comments@exim.gov.* Refer to SORN in the subject line.

• *Mail or Hand Delivery:* Office of Information and Privacy, Export Import

Bank of the United States, 811 Vermont Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20571.

Commenters are strongly encouraged to submit public comments electronically. EXIM Bank expects to have limited personnel available to process public comments that are submitted on paper through mail. Until further notice, any comments submitted on paper will be considered to the extent practicable.

All submissions must include the agency's name (Export Import Bank of the United States, or EXIM Bank) and reference this notice. Comments received will be posted without change to EXIM Bank's website, http:// www.exim.gov, including any personal information provided. Do not submit comments that include any personally identifiable information or confidential business information. Copies of comments may also be obtained by writing to Office of Information and Privacy, Export Import Bank of the United States, 811 Vermont Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20571.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Marina Braginskaya, Senior Counsel for Litigation, Fraud & Compliance, Export Import Bank of the United States, 811 Vermont Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20571, 202–235–4687. For access to any of the EXIM Bank's systems of records, contact Dana Jackson Jr., Office of the General Counsel, 811 Vermont Avenue NW, Washington DC, 20571, or by calling 202–565–3168, or go to Privacy Act System of Records Notice (exim.gov).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Narrative Statement

1. What is the purpose for establishing EXIM Watch List?

EXIM Watch List will provide a central repository of names of parties that have given rise to concerns by EXIM Bank personnel with a purpose:

(1) to allow EXIM Bank to collect and maintain records of entities and individuals who participate in, or may be anticipated to participate in, EXIM Bank programs or activities who for one reason or another have given rise to reasonable concerns by EXIM Bank personnel;

(2) to communicate, across EXIM Bank Divisions, any concerns EXIM Bank personnel might have about any entities/individuals; and

(3) to address concerns by EXIM Bank and mitigate such concerns on a transaction-by-transaction basis.

2. What is the authority for maintaining EXIM Watch List?

Authority of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, as amended (12 U.S.C. 635 *et seq.*), Executive Order 9397 as Amended by Executive Order 13478 signed by President George W. Bush on November 18, 2008, Relating to Federal Agency Use of Social Security Numbers.

3. What is the probable or potential effect of EXIM Watch List?

The probable or potential effect on the privacy of individuals is limited; access to records are restricted to individuals who have the appropriate clearance.

4. What steps will we take to minimize the risk of unauthorized access to EXIM Watch List?

EXIM Bank has established security and privacy protocols that meet the required security and privacy standards issued by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). Records are maintained in a secure, password protected electronic system that utilizes security hardware and software to include multiple firewalls, active intruder detection, and role-based access controls. EXIM Bank has adopted appropriate administrative, technical, and physical controls in accordance with EXIM Bank's security program to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the information, and to ensure that records are not disclosed to or accessed by unauthorized individuals.

5. Are the routine uses for EXIM Watch List compatible with the purpose for which they are collected?

The routine uses for this system of records are compatible with the purpose for which these records are collected. The proposed routine use is necessary and proper for the efficient and effective conduct of the Federal Government and to protect EXIM interests.

6. Are there any OMB Control Numbers, expiration dates, and titles of any information collection requests (*e.g.*, forms, surveys, etc.) contained in EXIM Watch List and approved by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act? None.

EXIM Bank is establishing a new system of records, the Watch List. The Watch List is a due diligence and risk mitigation tool which acts as a central repository of names of parties that have given rise to concerns by EXIM Bank personnel. Parties are added to the Watch List when there is a reasonable basis to believe that the party had engaged in, or is associated with persons that have engaged in, either criminal conduct or conduct that could affect EXIM Bank adversely. The Watch List will be imbedded into the EXIM Online application system ("EOL") and/ or other application or screening systems. The Watch List is not an exclusion or debarment list.

SYSTEM NAME AND NUMBER: EXIM Online (EOL)

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION:

Unclassified

SYSTEM LOCATION:

Export Import Bank of the United States, 811 Vermont Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20571. (Records may be kept at an additional location as backup for continuity of operations.)

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Marina Braginskaya, Senior Counsel for Litigation, Fraud & Compliance, EXIM Bank, 811 Vermont Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20571.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

EXIM Bank requests the information in this application under the following authorizations:

Authority of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, as amended (12 U.S.C. 635 *et seq.*), Executive Order 9397 as Amended by Executive Order 13478 signed by President George W. Bush on November 18, 2008, Relating to Federal Agency Use of Social Security Numbers.

PURPOSE(S) OF THE SYSTEM:

(1) To allow EXIM Bank to collect and maintain records of entities and individuals who participate in, or may be anticipated to participate in, EXIM Bank programs or activities who for one reason or another have given rise to reasonable concerns by EXIM Bank personnel;

(2) to communicate, across EXIM Bank Divisions, any concerns EXIM Bank personnel might have about any entities/individuals; and

(3) to address concerns by EXIM Bank and mitigate such concerns on a transaction-by-transaction basis.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Covered entities and individuals are: • suspicious EXIM Bank applicants, or their owners, officers, directors or representatives,

• suspicious EXIM Bank participants, or their owners, officers, directors or representatives,

• those who raise reasonable suspicion that the party had engaged in, or is associated with persons that have engaged in, either criminal conduct or conduct that could affect EXIM Bank or the U.S. Government adversely.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Individual records in the Watch List include full name, company name, address.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

The primary source of information is from referrals by EXIM Bank personnel

and EXIM Bank's Office of Inspector General.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

Information about covered individuals may be disclosed without consent as permitted by the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. *552*a(b), and:

1. General Routine Uses G1 through G14 apply to this system of records (see Prefatory Statement of General Routine Uses).

2. A record from this system may be disclosed to appropriate third-parties contracted by the Agency to facilitate mediation or other dispute resolution procedures or programs.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORAGE OF RECORDS:

Records are maintained manually in electronic form.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETRIEVAL OF RECORDS:

Records are retrieved by any one or more of the following: individual name or business entity name.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETENTION AND DISPOSAL OF RECORDS:

Records are maintained and destroyed in accordance with the National Archives and Record Administration's ("NARA") Basic Laws and Authorities (44 U.S.C. 3301, *et seq.*) or an EXIM Bank records disposition schedule approved by NARA.

ADMINISTRATIVE, TECHNICAL, AND PHYSICAL SAFEGUARDS:

EXIM Bank has established security and privacy protocols that meet the required security and privacy standards issued by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). Records are maintained in a secure, password protected electronic system that utilizes security hardware and software to include multiple firewalls, active intruder detection, and role-based access controls. EXIM Bank has adopted appropriate administrative, technical, and physical controls in accordance with EXIM Bank's security program to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the information, and to ensure that records are not disclosed to or accessed by unauthorized individuals.

Electronic records are stored on computer networks, which may include cloud-based systems, and protected by controlled access with Personal Identity Verification (PIV) cards, assigning user accounts to individuals needing access to the records and by passwords set by authorized users that must be changed periodically.

Information will be stored in electronic format within EOL. EOL has configurable, layered data sharing and permissions features to ensure users have proper access. Access to EOL is restricted to EXIM Bank personnel who need it for their job. Authorized users are limited to the Office of the General Counsel staff and they have access to the data and functions required to perform their job functions. Based on user role assignment, it is determined whether a specific user is provided "view-only" or "read-write" access to the data. These privileges are managed via EOL's System Administration, user, and security functions.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Requests to access records under the Privacy Act must be submitted in writing and must be signed by the requestor. Requests should be addressed to the Freedom of Information and Privacy Office, Export Import Bank of the United States, 811 Vermont Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20571. The request must comply with the requirements of 12 CFR 404.14.

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking to contest and/or amend records under the Privacy Act must submit a request in writing. The request must be signed by the requestor and should be addressed to the Freedom of Information and Privacy Office, Export Import Bank of the United States, 811 Vermont Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20571. The request must comply with the requirements of 12 CFR 404.14.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking to be notified if this system contains a record pertaining to himself or herself must submit a request in writing. The request must be signed by the requestor and should be addressed to the Freedom of Information and Privacy Office, Export Import Bank of the United States, 811 Vermont Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20571. The request must comply with the requirements of 12 CFR 404.14.

EXEMPTIONS PROMULGATED FOR THE SYSTEM:

None.

HISTORY:

None.

Joyce B. Stone,

Assistant Corporate Secretary. [FR Doc. 2022–24726 Filed 11–10–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6690–01–P

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Revision of Information Collection; FDIC National Survey of Unbanked and Underbanked Households; Comment Request (3064– 0215)

AGENCY: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

ACTION: Notice and request for comment.

SUMMARY: The FDIC, as part of its obligations under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the survey collection instrument for its eighth biennial survey of households, which has been renamed the FDIC National Survey of Unbanked and Underbanked Households (Household Survey). This survey was previously named the Survey of Household Use of Banking and Financial Services and is assigned OMB Control No. 3064-0215. The 2023 Household Survey is scheduled to be conducted in partnership with the U.S. Census Bureau as a supplement to its June 2023 Current Population Survey (CPS). The survey collects information on U.S. households' use of bank accounts, prepaid cards, nonbank online payment services and other nonbank financial transaction services, and bank and nonbank credit. The results of these biennial surveys will be published by the FDIC, and help inform policymakers, bankers, and researchers about bank account ownership and household use of the banking system and nonbank financial products and services to meet their financial needs.

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before January 13, 2023.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties are invited to submit written comments to the FDIC by any of the following methods:

Agency Website: https://
www.fdic.gov/resources/regulations/
federal-register-publications/.

• *Email: comments@fdic.gov.* Include the name and number of the collection in the subject line of the message.

• *Mail:* Manny Cabeza (202–898– 3767), Regulatory Counsel, MB–3128, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, 550 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20429.

• *Hand Delivery:* Comments may be hand-delivered to the guard station at the rear of the 17th Street NW building (located on F Street NW) on business days between 7:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.