

certain fluorinated compounds, including hydrochlorofluorocarbon (HCFC)-22.<sup>2</sup> Unless sold for a consumptive use, controlled, or captured and destroyed, such creation of HFC-23 is ultimately vented to the atmosphere where it contributes to climate change. HFC-23 is not an air toxic and does not pose a direct risk to local communities, but, as described in sections III and IV of a rulemaking published last year, climate change threatens the public health of the U.S. population and especially those that may be vulnerable based on their characteristics or circumstances (86 FR 55116, October 5, 2021).

HFC-23 is a regulated substance under the American Innovation and Manufacturing Act of 2020 (AIM Act) enacted December 27, 2020, as section 103 in Division S, Innovation for the Environment, of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (42 U.S.C. 7675). Under the implementing regulations at 40 CFR part 84, subpart A, EPA established, among other things, HFC-23 emission control requirements and a process for chemical producers to request limited extensions of the compliance date. These provisions were intended to ensure that high-GWP emissions of HFC-23 are promptly controlled, while allowing limited discretion to account for individual circumstances where that timeline may not be practicable. EPA estimates that from 2022 through 2050 these HFC-23 emission control requirements will have abated cumulative emissions from the Chemours Louisville Works facility of more than 7,000 metric tons of HFC-23, or more than 3.7 million metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent annually, and result in net present cumulative benefits of \$6.4 billion in 2020 dollars at a three percent discount rate (see *Regulatory Impact Analysis for Phasing Down Production and Consumption of Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)* available at <https://www.epa.gov/climate-hfcs-reduction/final-rule-phasedown-hydrofluorocarbons-establishing-allowance-allocation>).

To reduce emissions of this potent greenhouse gas, the Agency requires in 40 CFR 84.27(a) that “[n]o later than October 1, 2022, as compared to the

amount of chemical intentionally produced on a facility line, no more than 0.1 percent of HFC-23 created on the line may be emitted.” After such point, emissions of HFC-23 byproduct that exceed the 0.1 percent will be treated as violations of an applicable emissions limitation in violation of federal law and subject to any appropriate enforcement action. In 40 CFR 84.27(b), EPA further specifies that if captured HFC-23 is destroyed at a different facility than where it was produced, then HFC-23 emissions during the transportation to and destruction at the different facility are calculated into whether the producer meets the 0.1 percent HFC-23 limit.

EPA recognized that individual circumstances could arise that may warrant a six-month deferral of the compliance date, subject to a one-time additional six-month extension. Requests for an extension of the HFC-23 emission control requirements were due to EPA by August 1, 2022, and requests had to contain information including a description of the specific actions the facility has taken to improve their HFC-23 control, capture, and destruction and the facility’s plans to meet the 0.1 percent HFC-23 limit.

## II. What action was taken?

By August 1, 2022, one company, Chemours Company FC, LLC, submitted a request for a six-month extension of the HFC-23 control requirements for its Chemours Louisville Works facility in Louisville, Kentucky. It is EPA’s understanding that the delays in installing new emission control technology were due in part to supply chain issues which prevented Chemours Louisville Works from physically taking possession of all necessary parts until July 2022. However, Chemours reported that the facility intends to have the new control technology operational and effective by October 1, 2022, such that the facility should be able to meet the emissions limit on the required timeline. The primary purpose of Chemours requesting the extension is to allow time to measure, validate, and optimize the effectiveness of the process change at the facility. Chemours expects to complete this validation by the end of the year, three months in advance of the extended compliance deadline.

EPA determined that the requestor submitted a timely and complete request with a credible rationale for an extension and a reasonable plan to meet compliance requirements. The Agency granted this extension with the understanding that Chemours will have all necessary equipment onsite, operational, and effective by October 1,

2022, and will be running that equipment from that date onwards. With this understanding and EPA’s review of the submitted information, the Agency granted the request in a letter dated September 13, 2022.

EPA will monitor the facility’s progress on meeting the emission control requirements and intends to post status updates to its website at <https://www.epa.gov/climate-hfcs-reduction/control-HFC-23-emissions> as information becomes available for public release. This will help ensure interested stakeholders are aware of the facility’s current status and progress toward meeting the HFC-23 emission limit.

**Cynthia A. Newberg,**

*Director, Stratospheric Protection Division.*

[FR Doc. 2022–20473 Filed 9–21–22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6560–50–P**

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[OMB 3060–0698; FR ID 105278]

### Information Collection Being Reviewed by the Federal Communications Commission Under Delegated Authority

**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice and request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** As part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burdens, and as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC or the Commission) invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collection. Comments are requested concerning: whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; the accuracy of the Commission’s burden estimate; ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and ways to further reduce the information collection burden on small business concerns with fewer than 25 employees. The FCC may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control

<sup>2</sup> HCFC-22 is an ozone-depleting substance that has been phased out domestically under the Clean Air Act in line with the international phase out occurring under the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. While HCFC-22 has been phased out of production and consumption, the chemical can still be produced for use as a feedstock to make other chemicals, such as low-GWP hydrofluoroolefins (HFOs). HFOs can be used in many of the same applications as high-GWP HFCs, so transitioning to them from HFCs can reduce emissions of greenhouse gases.

number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the PRA that does not display a valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number.

**DATES:** Written PRA comments should be submitted on or before November 21, 2022. If you anticipate that you will be submitting comments, but find it difficult to do so within the period of time allowed by this notice, you should advise the contact listed below as soon as possible.

**ADDRESSES:** Direct all PRA comments to Nicole Ongele, FCC, via email [PRA@fcc.gov](mailto:PRA@fcc.gov) and to [nicole.ongele@fcc.gov](mailto:nicole.ongele@fcc.gov).

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** For additional information about the information collection, contact Nicole Ongele, (202) 418-2991.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

*OMB Control Number:* 3060-0698.

*Title:* Section 25.203(i) and

73.1030(a)(2), Radio Astronomy Coordination Zone in Puerto Rico.

*Form No:* N/A.

*Type of Review:* Extension of a currently approved collection.

*Respondents:* Business or other for-profit, Not-for-profit institutions, and State, Local, or Tribal Government.

*Number of Respondents and Responses:* 1,200 respondents; 10,500 responses.

*Estimated Time per Response:* 20 minutes (.0333 hours).

*Frequency of Response:* On occasion reporting requirement and third party disclosure requirement.

*Obligation to Respond:* Required to obtain or retain benefits. Statutory authority for this information collection is contained in 47 U.S.C. 154(i), 303(f), 303(r), and 309(j)(13).

*Total Annual Burden:* 3,500 hours.

*Total Annual Costs:* No cost.

*Privacy Act Impact Assessment:* No impact(s).

*Nature and Extent of Confidentiality:* There is no need for confidentiality.

*Needs and Uses:* The Commission will submit this expiring information collection to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) after this 60 day comment period to obtain the three-year clearance from them.

On October 15, 1997, the FCC released a Report and Order, ET Docket No. 96-2, RM-8165, FCC 97-347, that established a Coordination Zone for new and modified radio facilities in various communications services that cover the islands of Puerto Rico, Desecheo, Mona, Vieques, and Culebra within the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. The coordination zone and notification procedures enable the Arecibo Radio

Astronomy Observatory to receive information needed to assess whether an applicant's proposed operations will cause harmful interference to the Arecibo Observatory's operations, which also promotes efficient resolution of coordination problems between the applicants and the Arecibo Observatory. Federal Communications Commission.

**Marlene Dortch,**

*Secretary, Office of the Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 2022-20550 Filed 9-21-22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6712-01-P**

**FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION**

**Sunshine Act Meeting**

**TIME AND DATE:** 10:03 a.m. on Tuesday, September 20, 2022.

**PLACE:** The meeting was held in the Board Room located on the sixth floor of the FDIC Building located at 550 17th Street NW, Washington, DC.

**STATUS:** Closed.

**MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:** The Board of Directors of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation met to consider matters related to the Corporation's supervision, corporate, and resolution activities. In calling the meeting, the Board determined, on motion of Director Michael J. Hsu (Acting Comptroller of the Currency), seconded by Director Rohit Chopra (Director, Consumer Financial Protection Bureau), and concurred in by Acting Chairman Martin J. Gruenberg, that the public interest did not require consideration of the matters in a meeting open to public observation; and that the matters could be considered in a closed meeting by authority of subsections (c)(2), (c)(4), (c)(6), (c)(8), (c)(9)(A)(ii), (c)(9)(B), and (c)(10) of the "Government in the Sunshine Act" (5 U.S.C. 552b (c)(2), (c)(4), (c)(6), (c)(8), (c)(9)(A)(ii), (c)(9)(B), and (c)(10)).

**CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION:** Requests for further information concerning the meeting may be directed to Debra A. Decker, Executive Secretary of the Corporation, at 202-898-8748.

Dated this the 20th day of September, 2022.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

**James P. Sheesley,**

*Assistant Executive Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 2022-20676 Filed 9-20-22; 4:15 pm]

**BILLING CODE 6714-01-P**

**FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM**

**Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records**

**Correction**

In notice document 2022-17379 appearing on pages 49836 through 49838 in the issue of Friday, August 12, 2022, make the following corrections:

1. On page 49836, in the second column, first full paragraph, lines ten and eleven, under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**, change "582aishvid.b.husband@frb.gov" to read "david.b.husband@frb.gov."

2. On page 49837, in the second column, fifth paragraph, line twenty-nine, under "System Manager(s)," change "586586aishaliali.d.sack@frb.gov" to read "vaishali.d.sack@frb.gov."

3. On page 49838, in the third column, first paragraph, lines six and seven, under "Notification Procedures," change "5 U.S.C. 51(c)." to read "5 U.S.C. 552a(c)."

4. On page 49838, in the third column, second paragraph, lines ten through thirteen, under "Exemptions Promulgated for the System," change the last three lines to read "5 U.S.C. 552a(c)(3), (d), (e)(1), (e)(4)(G), (H), and (I), and (f) of the Privacy Act pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(k)(2)."

[FR Doc. C1-2022-17379 Filed 9-21-22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 0099-10-P**

**FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM**

**Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Savings and Loan Holding Companies**

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Home Owners' Loan Act (12 U.S.C. 1461 *et seq.*) (HOLA), Regulation LL (12 CFR part 238), and Regulation MM (12 CFR part 239), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a savings and loan holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a savings association.

The public portions of the applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, if any, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank(s) indicated below and at the offices of the Board of Governors. This information may also be obtained on an expedited basis, upon request, by contacting the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank and from the Board's Freedom of Information Office at