Primary Counties (Physical Damage and Economic Injury Loans): Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community Contiguous Counties (Economic Injury Loans Only): Arizona: Maricopa

The Interest Rates are:

	Percent
For Physical Damage:	
Homeowners with Credit Available Elsewhere	3.375
Homeowners without Credit Avail- able Elsewhere	1.688
Businesses with Credit Available Elsewhere	5.870
Businesses without Credit Avail- able Elsewhere	2.935
Non-Profit Organizations with Credit Available Elsewhere	1.875
Non-Profit Organizations without Credit Available Elsewhere	1.875
For Economic Injury: Businesses & Small Agricultural Cooperatives without Credit	
Available Elsewhere Non-Profit Organizations without	2.935
Credit Available Elsewhere	1.875

The number assigned to this disaster for physical damage is 17614 B and for economic injury is 176150.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number 59008)

### Rafaela Monchek,

Acting Associate Administrator for Disaster Assistance.

[FR Doc. 2022–19592 Filed 9–9–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8026–09–P

## SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Disaster Declaration #17440 and #17441; NEW MEXICO Disaster Number NM-00080]

# Presidential Declaration Amendment of a Major Disaster for the State of New Mexico

AGENCY: U.S. Small Business Administration. ACTION: Amendment 4.

**SUMMARY:** This is an amendment of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for the State of New Mexico (FEMA-4652-DR), dated 05/04/2022.

*Incident:* Wildfires, Straight-line Winds, Flooding, Mudflows, and Debris Flows directly related to the Wildfires.

*Incident Period:* 04/05/2022 through 07/23/2022.

DATES: Issued on 09/06/2022.

*Physical Loan Application Deadline Date:* 10/07/2022.

*Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date:* 02/06/2023. **ADDRESSES:** Submit completed loan applications to: U.S. Small Business Administration, Processing and Disbursement Center, 14925 Kingsport Road, Fort Worth, TX 76155.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: A. Escobar, Office of Disaster Assistance, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street SW, Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416, (202) 205–6734.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The notice of the President's major disaster declaration for the State of New Mexico, dated 05/04/2022, is hereby amended to extend the deadline for filing applications for physical damages as a

result of this disaster to 10/07/2022. All other information in the original

declaration remains unchanged.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number 59008)

## Rafaela Monchek,

Acting Associate Administrator for Disaster Assistance. [FR Doc. 2022–19591 Filed 9–9–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8026–09–P

# SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Disaster Declaration #17546 and #17547; KENTUCKY Disaster Number KY-00093]

## Presidential Declaration Amendment of a Major Disaster for the State of Kentucky

AGENCY: U.S. Small Business Administration. ACTION: Amendment 5.

**SUMMARY:** This is an amendment of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for the State of Kentucky (FEMA–4663–DR), dated 07/30/2022.

*Incident:* Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, and Mudslides.

Incident Period: 07/26/2022 through 08/11/2022.

DATES: Issued on 09/06/2022. Physical Loan Application Deadline Date: 09/28/2022.

Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date: 05/01/2023. ADDRESSES: Submit completed loan

applications to: U.S. Small Business Administration, Processing and Disbursement Center, 14925 Kingsport Road, Fort Worth, TX 76155.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: A. Escobar, Office of Disaster Assistance, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street SW, Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416, (202) 205–6734.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The notice of the President's major disaster declaration for the State of Kentucky, dated 07/30/2022, is hereby amended to include the following areas as adversely affected by the disaster:

Primary Counties (Physical Damage and Economic Injury Loans): Lee

Contiguous Counties (Economic Injury Loans Only):

Kentucky: Estill, Powell

All other information in the original declaration remains unchanged.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number 59008.)

#### Rafaela Monchek,

Acting Associate Administrator for Disaster Assistance.

[FR Doc. 2022–19588 Filed 9–9–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8026–09–P

# SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Disaster Declaration #17561 and #17562; KENTUCKY Disaster Number KY–00095]

# Presidential Declaration Amendment of a Major Disaster for Public Assistance Only for the State of Kentucky

**AGENCY:** U.S. Small Business Administration.

**ACTION:** Amendment 4.

**SUMMARY:** This is an amendment of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for Public Assistance Only for the State of Kentucky (FEMA–4663–DR), dated 07/29/2022.

*Incident:* Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, and Mudslides.

Incident Period: 07/26/2022 through 08/11/2022.

DATES: Issued on 09/06/2022.

*Physical Loan Application Deadline Date:* 09/27/2022.

*Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date:* 05/01/2023.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit completed loan applications to: U.S. Small Business Administration, Processing and Disbursement Center, 14925 Kingsport Road, Fort Worth, TX 76155.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Alan Escobar, Office of Disaster Assistance, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street SW, Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416, (202) 205–6734.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The notice of the President's major disaster declaration for Private Non-Profit organizations in the State of Kentucky, dated 07/29/2022, is hereby amended to include the following areas as adversely affected by the disaster.

Primary Counties: Casey, Harlan.

All other information in the original declaration remains unchanged.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number 59008)

## Rafaela Monchek,

Acting Associate Administrator for Disaster Assistance. [FR Doc. 2022–19589 Filed 9–9–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8026–09–P

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# Federal Aviation Administration

[Docket No.: FAA-2021-0710]

# Noise Certification Standards: Matternet Model M2 Aircraft

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule; rule of particular applicability.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) is promulgating noise certification standards that apply only to the Matternet Model M2 quadcopter unmanned aircraft (UA) because no generally applicable noise standards were available for this aircraft at the time the aircraft was presented for certification. Therefore, to complete the Matternet Model M2's type certification process for noise, the FAA adopts the standards in this rule for the Matternet Model M2.

**DATES:** This rule of particular applicability is effective September 9, 2022.

**ADDRESSES:** For information on where to obtain copies of rulemaking documents and other information related to this final rule, see "How To Obtain Additional Information" in the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section of this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For technical questions concerning this action, contact Hua (Bill) He, Federal Aviation Administration, Office of Environment and Energy, 800 Independence Ave. SW, Room 900 West, Washington, DC 20591; telephone (202) 267–3565; email *hua.he@faa.gov.* SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## I. Authority for This Rulemaking

The FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety is found in Title 49 of the United States Code. Subtitle I, section 106 describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the agency's authority.

This rulemaking is promulgated under the authority described in subtitle VII, part 447, and section 44715. Section 44715(a)(3) states that an original type certificate for an aircraft may be issued only after the Administrator of the FAA prescribes noise standards and regulations under that section that apply to the aircraft. This regulation is within the scope of that authority.

## II. Good Cause

The Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 551 et seq.) requires the publication or service of any substantive rule not less than 30 days before its effective date, except as otherwise provided by the agency for good cause found and published with the rule. (5 U.S.C. 553(d)). The FAA finds good cause exists to make this rule immediately effective because delaying the effective date is unnecessary. This rule applies to a single certification applicant (Matternet), and no other person will be affected by the requirements. FAA understands that Matternet likely is able to meet the standards when they become effective. The notice that would be provided by delaying the effective date is unnecessary. Moreover, delaying the effective date would negatively impact Matternet, the only party impacted by this rule, by delaying its ability to type certificate the Matternet Model M2, due to the lack of effective noise certification standards. Accordingly, the FAA finds that good cause exists to make this rule effective in less than 30 days.

# **III. Background**

## A. Need for This Rulemaking

Section 44704 of Title 49 of the United States Code requires that the FAA issue a type certificate to an applicant that presents a qualified design. Section 44715(a)(3) requires the FAA to prescribe noise standards for an aircraft before a type certificate may be issued.

Matternet applied for type certification of its aircraft on May 18, 2018. The aircraft is a quadcopter design unmanned aircraft (UA) with a maximum takeoff weight of 29 pounds, including a 4-pound payload, and a proposed operating altitude of 400 feet or lower. To fulfill the statutory requirement of section 44715(a)(3), the FAA is adopting the set of noise certification standards described in this rule of particular applicability that will apply only to the Matternet Model M2, as the current noise certification standards cannot be applied effectively to this aircraft.

## B. Related Actions

This is the first rule of particular applicability establishing a noise certification basis for a single model of

aircraft. At present, the FAA does not have a sufficient database of information about the noise generated by most UA models to establish generally applicable noise standards due to their novelty and variety. The FAA will continue to receive information about noise characteristics as it engages with certification applicants, and expects to use data collected through this rule to inform future rules of particular applicability and generally applicable standards. The FAA will consider similar rulemaking actions for other noise certification applicants while it develops the generally applicable standards for UA.

## C. Summary of the NPRM

On August 27, 2021, the FAA published a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) setting out the noise certification test standards and noise limit that would apply to the Matternet Model M2 (86 FR 48281). The NPRM proposed that the requirements of 14 CFR 36.3 and 36.6 would apply to the Matternet Model M2 except as described in the rule, and proposed specific noise limits and testing procedures to be applied to the Matternet Model M2 aircraft. The comment period for the NPRM closed September 27, 2021.

The NPRM was not intended to affect the airworthiness certification of this aircraft model or any operational approvals.<sup>1</sup> The FAA, in accordance with the applicable airworthiness standards and operating rules, makes those findings separately.

# IV. Discussion of Comments and Final Rule

The FAA received submissions from 14 commenters. The commenters included five individuals, two engineering firms, four aircraft manufacturers and operators (Bell Textron, Inc., Zipline International, Inc., Ameriflight, LLC, and UPS Flight Forward, Inc.), and three aviation industry trade groups (Commercial Drone Alliance (CDA), Robotic Skies, and the Small UAV Coalition).

The aircraft manufacturers, aircraft operators, and aviation industry trade groups supported the proposed certification standards as being appropriate for the Matternet Model M2. Three individual commenters found the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As is true for all noise certification, this rule neither assesses the environmental impacts of any eventual operation of the subject aircraft, nor constitutes any environmental review that may be required by the FAA before granting operational approval. Any such environmental review would be completed in advance of granting operational approval(s).