Authority No. 523 of December 22, 2021.

#### Stacy E. White,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Professional and Cultural Exchanges, Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs, Department of State.

[FR Doc. 2022-18524 Filed 8-26-22; 8:45 am]

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# **DEPARTMENT OF STATE**

[Public Notice: 11838]

Notice of Determinations; Culturally Significant Objects Being Imported for Exhibition—Determinations: "Modigliani Up Close" Exhibition

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given of the following determinations: I hereby determine that certain objects being imported from abroad pursuant to agreements with their foreign owners or custodians for temporary display in the exhibition "Modigliani Up Close" at The Barnes Foundation, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and at possible additional exhibitions or venues yet to be determined, are of cultural significance, and, further, that their temporary exhibition or display within the United States as aforementioned is in the national interest. I have ordered that Public Notice of these determinations be published in the Federal Register.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Chi D. Tran, Program Administrator, Office of the Legal Adviser, U.S. Department of State (telephone: 202–632–6471; email: section2459@state.gov). The mailing address is U.S. Department of State, L/PD, 2200 C Street NW (SA–5), Suite 5H03, Washington, DC 20522–0505.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The foregoing determinations were made pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Act of October 19, 1965 (79 Stat. 985; 22 U.S.C. 2459), E.O. 12047 of March 27, 1978, the Foreign Affairs Reform and Restructuring Act of 1998 (112 Stat. 2681, et seq.; 22 U.S.C. 6501 note, et seq.), Delegation of Authority No. 234 of October 1, 1999, Delegation of Authority No. 236–3 of August 28, 2000, and Delegation of Authority No. 523 of December 22, 2021.

### Stacy E. White,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Professional and Cultural Exchanges, Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs, Department of State.

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#### **DEPARTMENT OF STATE**

[Public Notice: 11839]

International Joint Commission Invites Public Comment on Lake Champlain-Richelieu River Flood Study Final Report

**ACTION:** Notice of public hearing on Lake Champlain-Richelieu River Flood Study Final Report.

SUMMARY: The International Joint Commission (IJC) announced today that it is inviting public comment on the final report of its International Lake Champlain-Richelieu River Study Board's (LCRRSB) Flood Study Final Report. The study explores the causes, impacts, risks, and solutions for flooding in Lake Champlain and the Richelieu River. Comments will be accepted at public hearings, webinars, and by mail, email and on-line through September 30, 2022. The LCRRSB's full report can be found on the IJC website at: www.ijc.org/lcrr.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christina Chiasson (Ottawa) (613) 293– 1031 at *christina.chiasson@ijc.org* or Kevin Bunch (Washington, DC) (202)

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

632-2014 at kevin.bunch@ijc.org.

# September 7–8, 2022, Public Hearings on LCRRSB's Flood Study Final Report

Date: September 7, 2022.
Time: 6:00 p.m.–8:00 p.m. EST.
Location: Royal Military College
Saint-Jean, Auditorium Vanier, 15 Rue
Jacques-Cartier Nord, Saint-Jean-sur-Richelieu, Quebec.

Date: September 8, 2022.
Time: 6:00 p.m.–8:00 p.m. EST.
Location: Hotel Vermont, Juniper
Room, 41 Cherry St. Burlington,
Vermont.

The International Joint Commission will receive comments in person at the public hearings. Public input is essential to the Commission's consideration of potential recommendations to the Governments of the United States and Canada.

For more information on the upcoming virtual webinars, visit www.ijc.org/lcrr.

The LCRRSB study findings and recommendations cover four key themes:

- Reduction in water levels via structural mitigation measures
- Effects on impeding flows during floods of existing and additional wetlands in the basin
- Enhancements to flood forecasting and flood response in the basin

 Floodplain management best practices and lessons learned in other watersheds

The LCRRSB was established by the IJC in 2016 to assist in responding to a reference by the governments of the United States and Canada under Article IX of the Boundary Waters Treaty. The reference was precipitated by major flooding in the Lake Champlain-Richelieu River basin in 2011. The basin forms in the United States between New York and Vermont, with much of Lake Champlain forming a border between the two states. The northern part of Lake Champlain crosses into Quebec, where it flows into the Richelieu River. The Richelieu River in turn joins with the St. Lawrence River near Montréal and continues flowing east to the Atlantic

The governments requested the IJC to coordinate the full completion of Option B under the under the 2013 IJC Plan of Study. As part of this reference, the IJC was asked to evaluate the causes and impacts of the 2011 flooding, and to make recommendations to mitigate future flood risks in the basin.

IJC recommendations to the two federal governments under Article IX of the Boundary Waters Treaty are not binding and not to be considered decisions of the two governments.

The main study recommendations include:

- 1. That selective excavation of the riverbed near Saint-Jean-sur-Richelieu, Quebec combined with the construction of a submerged weir would reduce high water levels during floods and would have the added benefit of raising water levels on Lake Champlain during dry years. A moderate diversion of high flows through the Chambly Canal could also be considered for additional flood-reduction benefits.
- 2. The preservation of existing wetland areas, which can minimize water levels during floods while also stabilizing water levels during droughts in the basin.
- 3. The governments are encouraged to operationalize the improved modeling and forecasting tools and coherent risk assessment systems and support/maintain them after the Study. The agencies responsible for flood forecasting in the basin should continue collaboration and make available forecasting data so that forecasts on both sides of the border are of the highest possible quality and are accompanied by a concerted and consistent crossborder interpretation.
- 4. Improving floodplain mapping for the use of emergency managers and enhancing communication campaigns