impractical. This final rule is not subject List of Subjects to the requirements of section 12(d) of the NTTAA because application of those requirements would be inconsistent with SMCRA, and the requirements would not be applicable to this final rulemaking.

Q. Protection of Children From Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks (Executive Order 13045)

Executive Order 13045 requires that environmental and related rules separately evaluate the potential impact to children. However, Executive Order 13045 is inapplicable to this rulemaking because this is not a substantive rulemaking and a notice of proposed rulemaking was neither required nor prepared. See section 2–202 and 5–501 of Executive Order 13045.

30 CFR Part 870

Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund, Fee collection and coal production reporting, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Surface mining.

30 CFR Part 872

Indians-land, Moneys available to eligible States and Indian tribes.

Delegation of Signing Authority

The action taken herein is pursuant to an existing delegation of authority.

Laura Daniel-Davis,

Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary, Land and Minerals Management.

For the reasons given in the preamble, the Department of the Interior adopts

the interim rule amending 30 CFR parts 870 and 872, which was published at 87 FR 2341 on January 14, 2022, as final with the following changes:

PART 870—ABANDONED MINE **RECLAMATION FUND—FEE COLLECTION AND COAL PRODUCTION REPORTING**

■ 1. The authority citation at part 870 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 28 U.S.C. 1746, 30 U.S.C. 1201 et seq., and Pub. L. 105-277, 112 Stat. 2681.

■ 2. Amend § 870.13 by revising paragraph (a)(4) and (5) and (b)(4) and (5) to read as follows:

§870.13 Fee rates.

(a) * * *

Type of fee	Type of coal	Amount of fee
* *	* *	* * *
(4) In situ coal mining fee	All types other than lignite	12 cents per ton based on Btus per ton in place equated to the gas produced at the site as certified through analysis by an independent laboratory.
(5) In situ coal mining fee	Lignite	8 cents per ton based on the Btus per ton of coal in place equated to the gas produced at the site as certified through analysis by an independent laboratory.
(b) * * *		
Type of fee	Type of coal	Amount of fee
* *	* *	* * *
(4) In situ coal mining fee	All types other than lignite	9.6 cents per ton based on Btus per ton in place equated to the gas produced at the site as certified through analysis by an independent laboratory.
(5) In situ coal mining fee	Lignite	6.4 cents per ton based on the Btus per ton of coal in place equated to the gas produced at the site as certified through analysis by an independent laboratory.

[FR Doc. 2022-17676 Filed 8-23-22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310-05-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 100

[Docket No. USCG-2022-0195]

Special Local Regulation; Marine Events Within the Eleventh Coast Guard District—Swim for Special **Operations Forces**

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DHS. **ACTION:** Notification of enforcement of regulation.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard will enforce the special local regulation on the waters of San Diego Bay, CA, during the Swim for Special Operations Forces on September 17, 2022. This special local regulation is necessary to provide for the safety of the participants, crew, sponsor vessels of the event, and general users of the waterway. During the enforcement period, persons and vessels are prohibited from entering into, transiting through, or anchoring within this regulated area unless authorized by the Captain of the Port, or his designated representative. DATES: The regulations in 33 CFR 100.1101 for the location described in Item 16 in table 1 to § 100.1101, will be enforced from 7:30 a.m. until 11:30 a.m. on September 17, 2022. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions about this

notification of enforcement, call or email Lieutenant Junior Grade Shera Kim, Waterways Management, U.S. Coast Guard Sector San Diego, CA; telephone (619) 278-7656, email MarineEventsSD@uscg.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Coast Guard will enforce the special local regulations in 33 CFR 100.1101 for the location identified in Item No. 16 in table 1 to § 100.1101, from 7:30 a.m. until 11:30 a.m. on September 17, 2022, for the Swim for Special Operations Forces in San Diego Bay, CA. This action is being taken to provide for the safety of life on the navigable waterways during the event. Our regulation for recurring marine events in the San Diego Captain of the Port Zone, § 100.1101, Item No. 16 in table 1 to § 100.1101, specifies the location of the regulated area for the Swim for Special

Operations Forces, which encompasses portions of San Diego Bay. Under the provisions of § 100.1101, persons and vessels are prohibited from entering into, transiting through, or anchoring within this regulated area unless authorized by the Captain of the Port, or his designated representative. The Coast Guard may be assisted by other Federal, State, or local law enforcement agencies in enforcing this regulation.

In addition to this document in the **Federal Register**, the Coast Guard will provide the maritime community with advance notification of this enforcement period via the Local Notice to Mariners and marine information broadcasts.

Dated: August 18, 2022.

J.W. Spitler,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port San Diego.

[FR Doc. 2022–18197 Filed 8–23–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 9110–04–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 165

[Docket Number USCG-2022-0601]

RIN 1625-AA00

Safety Zone; Sunset Point, San Juan Island, WA

AGENCY: Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security (DHS). **ACTION:** Temporary final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is establishing a temporary safety zone for navigable waters within a 1000-yard radius of Sunset Point on San Juan Island, WA. The safety zone is needed to protect personnel, vessels, and the marine environment from potential hazards associated with the emergency response efforts and the product recovery of a sunken vessel. Entry of vessels or persons into this zone is prohibited unless specifically authorized by the Captain of the Port Sector Puget Sound.

DATES: This rule is effective without actual notice from August 24, 2022, through August 29, 2022, at 10 p.m. For the purposes of enforcement, actual notice will be used from August 18, 2022, at 10 p.m., until August 24, 2022. ADDRESSES: To view documents mentioned in this preamble as being available in the docket, go to *https:// www.regulations.gov*, type USCG–2022– 0601 in the search box and click "Search." Next, in the Document Type column, select "Supporting & Related Material."

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions on this rule, call or email Lieutenant Commander Samud I. Looney, Sector Puget Sound, Waterways Management Division, U.S. Coast Guard; telephone 206–217–6051, email SectorPugetSoundWWM@uscg.mil. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Table of Abbreviations

CFR Code of Federal Regulations COTP Captain of the Port DHS Department of Homeland Security FR Federal Register NPRM Notice of proposed rulemaking § Section U.S.C. United States Code

II. Background Information and Regulatory History

On August 16, 2022, the Coast Guard created a rulemaking that created a temporary safety zone. The safety zone was effective August 16, 2022, to August 18, 2022. A copy of the rulemaking that ended on August 18, 2022, is available in the docket USCG-2022-0600. However, additional time is needed to maintain safe navigation around response equipment and responders while additional damage assessments and salvage operations occurs, and, as a result, the Coast Guard is establishing through temporary regulations a safety zone that will be in effect through August 29, 2022. The Coast Guard is issuing this temporary rule without prior notice and opportunity to comment pursuant to authority under section 4(a) of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) (5 U.S.C. 553(b)). This provision authorizes an agency to issue a rule without prior notice and opportunity to comment when the agency for good cause finds that those procedures are "impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest." Under 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for not publishing a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) with respect to this rule because immediate action is needed to respond to the safety hazards associated with the emergency response measures in product recovery of a sunken vessel. It is impracticable to publish an NPRM and hold a reasonable comment period for this rulemaking due to the emergent nature of the ongoing response and product recovery operations.

Under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for making this rule effective less than 30 days after publication in the **Federal Register**. Delaying the effective date of this rule would be impracticable because immediate action is needed to respond to the safety hazards associated with the emergency response and salvage operations.

III. Legal Authority and Need for Rule

The Coast Guard is issuing this rule under authority in 46 U.S.C. 70034 (previously 33 U.S.C. 1231). The Captain of the Port Sector Puget Sound (COTP) has determined that potential hazards associated with the emergency response and recovery operations will be a safety concern for anyone within a 1000-yard radius of Sunset Point, San Juan Island, WA. This rule is needed to protect personnel, vessels, and the marine environment in the navigable waters within the safety zone while the emergency response is ongoing and during the pollution mitigation measures and product recovery of the sunken vessel.

IV. Discussion of the Rule

This rule establishes a temporary safety zone that will is subject to enforcement from August 18, 2022, at 10 p.m. through August 29, 2022, at 10 p.m. The safety zone will cover all navigable waters within 1000-yard radius of Sunset Point. San Juan Island. WA. The duration of the zone is intended to protect personnel, vessels, and the marine environment in these navigable waters while the emergency response of the sunken vessel are ongoing. No vessel or person will be permitted to enter the safety zone without obtaining permission from the COTP or a designated representative. The safety zone may be suspended early at the discretion of COTP Sector Puget Sound.

V. Regulatory Analyses

We developed this rule after considering numerous statutes and Executive orders related to rulemaking. Below we summarize our analyses based on a number of these statutes and Executive orders, and we discuss First Amendment rights of protestors.

A. Regulatory Planning and Review

Executive Orders 12866 and 13563 direct agencies to assess the costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits. This rule has not been designated a "significant regulatory action," under Executive Order 12866. Accordingly, this rule has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).

This regulatory action determination is based on the size, location, duration,