- (iv) Personnel directly engaged in construction, maintenance, or operation of nuclear reactors;
- (v) Personnel directly engaged in production, use, storage, transportation, or disposal of hazardous materials sufficient to cause significant harm to the environment or public health and safety; or
- (vi) All other personnel in positions that require an access authorization (security clearance), other than those identified in paragraphs (b)(1) and (c) of this section.

■ 3. Section 707.14 is amended by revising paragraph (e) to read as follows:

§ 707.14 Action pursuant to a determination of illegal drug use.

* * * * *

(e) If a DOE access authorization is involved, DOE must be notified of a contractor's intent to return to a testing designated position an employee removed from such duty for use of illegal drugs. Positions identified in § 707.7(b)(1) of this part will require DOE approval prior to return to a testing designated position.

* * * * * * * [FR Doc. 2022–17451 Filed 8–12–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6450–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA-2021-0803; Airspace Docket No. 19-AAL-58]

RIN 2120-AA66

Amendment of United States Area Navigation Route (RNAV) T–222; Bethel. AK

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: This action corrects a final rule published by the FAA in the Federal Register on June 30, 2022, that amends United States Area Navigation (RNAV) route T-222 in the vicinity of Bethel, AK, in support of a large and comprehensive T-route modernization project for the state of Alaska. The final rule identified the CABOT, AK, and IKUFU, AK, route points as waypoints (WPs), in error. This action makes editorial corrections to all references of the CABOT, AK, and IKUFU, AK, WPs to change them to be reflected as Fixes and match the FAA's aeronautical database information.

DATES: Effective date 0901 UTC, September 8, 2022. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference action under 1 CFR part 51, subject to the annual revision of FAA Order 7400.11 and publication of conforming amendments.

ADDRESSES: FAA Order 7400.11F,
Airspace Designations and Reporting
Points, and subsequent amendments can
be viewed online at www.faa.gov/air_
traffic/publications/. For further
information, you can contact the Rules
and Regulations Group, Federal
Aviation Administration, 800
Independence Avenue SW, Washington,
DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–8783.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Colby Abbott, Rules and Regulations Group, Office of Policy, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–8783.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

The FAA published a final rule in the Federal Register (87 FR 38915; June 30, 2022), amending T-222 in support of a large and comprehensive T-route modernization project for the state of Alaska. Subsequent to publication, the FAA determined that the CABOT, AK, and IKUFU, AK, route points were inadvertently identified as WPs, in error. This rule corrects those errors by changing all references of the CABOT, AK, and IKUFU, AK, WPs to the CABOT, AK, and IKUFU, AK, Fixes, respectively. These are editorial changes only to match the FAA's aeronautical database information and does not alter the alignment of the affected T-222

United States Area Navigation Routes are published in paragraph 6011 of FAA Order JO 7400.11F, dated August 10, 2021, and effective September 15, 2021, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The RNAV T-route listed in this document will be published subsequently in FAA Order JO 7400.11.

Correction to Final Rule

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, all references to the CABOT, AK, and IKUFU, AK, WPs reflected in Docket No. FAA–2021–0803, as published in the **Federal Register** of June 30, 2022 (87 FR 38915), FR Doc. 2022–13879, are corrected as follows:

1. In FR Doc. 2022–13879, appearing on page 38915, in the second column, at lines 54–56, correct "adding five additional WPs (CABOT, WOGAX, IKUFU, JILSI, and CYCAS) in the" to read "adding three additional WPs

(WOGAX, JILSI, and CYCAS) and two Fixes (CABOT and IKUFU) in the".

- 2. In FR Doc. 2022–13879, appearing on page 38916, in the third column, at line 17, correct "CABOT, AK WP (lat. 61°12′01.32″ N, long. 160°45′20.93″ W)" to read "CABOT, AK FIX (lat. 61°12′01.32″ N, long. 160°45′20.93″ W)".
- 3. In FR Doc. 2022–13879, appearing on page 38916, in the third column, at line 19, correct "IKUFU, AK WP (lat. 61°40′34.53″ N, long. 159°52′35.43″ W)" to read "IKUFU, AK FIX (lat. 61°40′34.53″ N, long. 159°52′35.43″ W)".

Issued in Washington, DC, on August 3, 2022.

Scott M. Rosenbloom,

Manager, Airspace Rules and Regulations. [FR Doc. 2022–17211 Filed 8–12–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Industry and Security

15 CFR Parts 772 and 774

[Docket No. 220802-0168]

RIN 0694-AH91

Implementation of Certain 2021 Wassenaar Arrangement Decisions on Four Section 1758 Technologies

AGENCY: Bureau of Industry and Security, Department of Commerce. **ACTION:** Interim final rule, with request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) maintains, as part of its **Export Administration Regulations** (EAR), the Commerce Control List (CCL), which identifies certain items subject to Department of Commerce (Commerce) jurisdiction. Commerce is revising the CCL, as well as corresponding parts of the EAR, to implement controls on four technologies. These changes reflect certain controls decided by governments participating in the Wassenaar Arrangement on Export Controls for Conventional Arms and Dual-Use Goods and Technologies (WA) at the December 2021 WA Plenary meeting. These four technologies meet the criteria of Section 1758 of the Export Control Reform Act (ECRA) pertaining to emerging and foundational technologies. Accordingly, BIS is accelerating their publication in this interim final rule and will publish the remaining WA-agreed controls in a later rule. These technologies are two substrates of ultra-wide bandgap semiconductors (Gallium Oxide (Ga₂O₃)