

**§ 39.13 [Amended]**

■ 2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

**2021–26–12 Stemme AG:** Amendment 39–21871; Docket No. FAA–2021–0842; Project Identifier 2019–CE–032–AD.

**(a) Effective Date**

This airworthiness directive (AD) is effective February 24, 2022.

**(b) Affected ADs**

None.

**(c) Applicability**

This AD applies to Stemme AG Model Stemme S 12 gliders, serial numbers 12–002 through 12–026, inclusive, certificated in any category.

**(d) Subject**

Joint Aircraft System Component (JASC) Code 3200, Landing Gear System.

**(e) Unsafe Condition**

This AD was prompted by mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) issued by the aviation authority of another country to identify and correct an unsafe condition on an aviation product. The MCAI describes the unsafe condition as incorrect installation of an axle connecting the main landing gear (MLG) to the center steel frame of the glider. The FAA is issuing this AD to prevent failure of the MLG. The unsafe condition, if not addressed, could result in damage to the glider and possible injury to occupants.

**(f) Compliance**

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

**(g) Required Actions**

(1) Before further flight after the effective date of this AD, visually inspect the MLG left-hand and right-hand legs for proper installation as depicted in Figure 3 of Stemme Service Bulletin No. P062–980037, Revision 00, dated June 5, 2019 (SB P062–980037).

(2) If the MLG installation is not as depicted in Figure 3 of SB P062–980037, before further flight, inspect the MLG installation for damage in accordance with the Actions section, Action 2, in SB P062–980037, except you are not required to contact Stemme if there is damage. Instead, repair any damage using a method approved by the FAA or the European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA).

**(h) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)**

(1) The Manager, International Validation Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the manager of the certification office, send it to the attention of the person

identified in paragraph (i)(1) of this AD and email to: [9-AVS-AIR-730-AMOC@faa.gov](mailto:9-AVS-AIR-730-AMOC@faa.gov).

(2) Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office/certificate holding district office.

**(i) Related Information**

(1) For more information about this AD, contact Jim Rutherford, Aviation Safety Engineer, General Aviation & Rotorcraft Section, International Validation Branch, FAA, 901 Locust, Room 301, Kansas City, MO 64106; phone: (816) 329–4165; fax: (816) 329–4090; email: [jim.rutherford@faa.gov](mailto:jim.rutherford@faa.gov).

(2) Refer to EASA AD 2019–0130–E, dated June 7, 2019, for more information. You may examine the EASA AD in the AD docket at <https://www.regulations.gov> by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA–2021–0842.

**(j) Material Incorporated by Reference**

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of the service information listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) You must use this service information as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.

(i) Stemme Service Bulletin No. P062–980037, Revision 00, dated June 5, 2019.

**Note 1 to paragraph (j)(2)(i):** This service information has Feb-29 and July 14, 2017, in the footer of the document. Feb-29 refers to the form number and July 14, 2017, is the revision date of the form used to write the service information. For enforceability purposes, the FAA will cite the Stemme AG service information using the release date of June 5, 2019, that is located in the footer on the bottom of page 1 and used in EASA AD 2019–0130–E, dated June 7, 2019.

**Note 2 to paragraph (j)(2)(i):** This service information contains German to English translation. EASA used the English translation in referencing the document from Stemme AG. For enforceability purposes, the FAA will cite the Stemme AG service information in English as it appears on the document.

(ii) [Reserved]

(3) For service information identified in this AD, contact STEMME AG, Flugplatzstrasse F2, Nr. 6–7, D–15344 Strausberg, Germany; phone: +49 (0) 3341 3612–0; fax: +49 (0) 3341 3612–30; email: [airworthiness@stemme.de](mailto:airworthiness@stemme.de); website: <https://www.stemme.com>.

(4) You may view this service information at FAA, Airworthiness Products Section, Operational Safety Branch, 901 Locust, Kansas City, MO 64106. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222–5110.

(5) You may view this service information that is incorporated by reference at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, email: [fr.inspection@nara.gov](mailto:fr.inspection@nara.gov), or go to: <https://www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations.html>.

Issued on December 9, 2021.

**Lance T. Gant,**

*Director, Compliance & Airworthiness Division, Aircraft Certification Service.*

[FR Doc. 2022–00968 Filed 1–19–22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4910–13–P**

**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION****Federal Aviation Administration****14 CFR Part 39**

[Docket No. FAA–2021–0878; Project Identifier MCAI–2020–01460–G; Amendment 39–21884; AD 2021–26–25]

**RIN 2120–AA64**

**Airworthiness Directives; Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH Gliders**

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The FAA is adopting a new airworthiness directive (AD) for certain Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH Model Duo Discus and Duo Discus T gliders. This AD was prompted by mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) originated by an aviation authority of another country to identify and correct an unsafe condition on an aviation product. The MCAI describes the unsafe condition as jerky extension of the air brakes at very high air speeds, including cases where the air brake blades interlock. This AD requires replacing certain air brake end stop bushings, inspecting certain other air brake end stops, and repairing if necessary. The FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.

**DATES:** This AD is effective February 24, 2022.

The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in this AD as of February 24, 2022.

**ADDRESSES:** For service information identified in this final rule, contact Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH, Kребенstrasse 25, 73230 Kirchheim/Teck, Germany; phone: +49 7021 7298–0; fax: +49 7021 7298–199; email: [info@schempp-hirth.com](mailto:info@schempp-hirth.com); website: <https://www.schempp-hirth.com>. You may view this service information at the FAA, Airworthiness Products Section, Operational Safety Branch, 901 Locust, Kansas City, MO 64106. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222–5110. It is also available at <https://www.regulations.gov> by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA–2021–0878.

**Examining the AD Docket**

You may examine the AD docket at <https://www.regulations.gov> by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA-2021-0878; or in person at Docket Operations between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this final rule, the MCAI, any comments received, and other information. The address for Docket Operations is U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M-30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12-140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Jim Rutherford, Aviation Safety Engineer, General Aviation & Rotorcraft Section, International Validation Branch, FAA, 901 Locust, Room 301, Kansas City, MO 64106; phone: (816) 329-4165; fax: (816) 329-4090; email: [jim.rutherford@faa.gov](mailto:jim.rutherford@faa.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Discussion**

The FAA issued a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) to amend 14 CFR part 39 by adding an AD that would apply to certain serial-numbered (S/N) Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH Model Duo Discus and Duo Discus T gliders. The NPRM published in the **Federal Register** on October 21, 2021 (86 FR 58228). The NPRM was prompted by MCAI originated by the European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA), which is the Technical Agent for the Member States of the European Union. EASA issued AD 2020-0233, dated October 27, 2020 (referred to after this as “the MCAI”), to address the unsafe condition on certain S/N Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH Model Duo Discus, Duo Discus C, and Duo Discus T gliders. The MCAI states:

Occurrences were reported of experiencing jerky extension of the airbrakes at very high air speeds, in some cases of which the airbrake blades interlocked. An increasing number of age-related damage was observed

on a specific version (22 mm plastic bushes) of the airbrake end-stops.

This condition, if not corrected, could lead to blockage of the airbrakes, possibly resulting in reduced control of the (powered) sailplane.

To address this potential unsafe condition, Schempp-Hirth issued the applicable [technical note] TN (original issue) to provide instructions to replace the affected parts with a new version bushing, made of better material.

Since [EASA planned AD] PAD 20-119 was issued, it was discovered that early s/n sailplanes were equipped with a single metal end stop per airbrake. The applicable TN was revised accordingly. The PAD was revised to include those metal end stops in the definition of ‘affected part’ to ensure these are inspected.

For the reasons described above, this [EASA] AD requires replacement of certain affected parts with serviceable parts. For other affected parts, this [EASA] AD requires a one-time inspection for sufficient overlap and, depending on findings, accomplishment of applicable corrective action(s). This [EASA] AD also prohibits (re)installation of affected parts.

You may examine the MCAI in the AD docket at <https://www.regulations.gov> by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA-2021-0878.

**Discussion of Final Airworthiness Directive**

**Comments**

The FAA received no comments on the NPRM or on the determination of the costs.

**Conclusion**

This product has been approved by the aviation authority of another country and is approved for operation in the United States. Pursuant to the FAA’s bilateral agreement with this State of Design Authority, it has notified the FAA of the unsafe condition described in the MCAI referenced above. The FAA reviewed the relevant data and determined that air safety requires adopting this AD as proposed. Accordingly, the FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these

products. This AD is adopted as proposed in the NPRM.

**Related Service Information Under 1 CFR Part 51**

The FAA reviewed Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH Working Instructions for Technical Note 890-16 rev1 and Technical Note 396-20 rev1 action 1, dated September 18, 2020. The service information contains procedures for replacing each air brake end stop plastic bushing (22 mm) with an air brake end stop plastic bushing (32 mm). The FAA also reviewed Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH Working Instructions for Technical Note 396-20 rev1 action 2, dated September 18, 2020. The service information contains procedures for inspecting each single air brake metal end stop for overlap. This service information is reasonably available because the interested parties have access to it through their normal course of business or by the means identified in the **ADDRESSES** section.

**Differences Between This AD and the MCAI**

The MCAI applies to Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH Model Duo Discus C gliders, and this AD does not because this model does not have an FAA type certificate.

The MCAI allows credit for modifications done prior to the effective date of the EASA AD in accordance with the original issue of Schempp-Hirth TN 396-20/TN 890-16, but this AD does not provide such credit.

The MCAI prohibits installation of air brake end stop plastic bushings (22 mm) after a glider has been modified with an air brake end stop plastic bushing (32 mm). This AD prohibits installation of air brake end stop plastic bushings (22 mm) as of the effective date of this AD.

**Costs of Compliance**

The FAA estimates that this AD affects 27 gliders of U.S. registry.

The FAA estimates the following costs to comply with this AD:

**ESTIMATED COSTS**

Action	Labor cost	Parts cost	Cost per glider	Cost on U.S. operators
Replace plastic end stop bushings.	4 work-hours × \$85 per hour = \$340.	\$150	\$490	Up to \$13,230 (depending on number of gliders with plastic end stop bushings) Up to \$2,295 (depending on number of gliders with metal end stops)
Inspect metal end stops .....	1 work-hour × \$85 per hour = \$85.	\$0	\$85	

The FAA estimates the following costs to do any necessary repairs that

would be required based on the results of the inspection. The FAA has no way

of determining the number of gliders that might need these repairs:

## ON-CONDITION COSTS

Action	Labor cost	Parts cost	Cost per glider
Repair metal end stops .....	4 work-hours × \$85 per hour = \$340 .....	\$150	\$490

**Authority for This Rulemaking**

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII: Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency's authority.

The FAA is issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701: General requirements. Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

**Regulatory Findings**

This AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify this AD:

- (1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866,
- (2) Will not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska, and
- (3) Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

**List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39**

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

**The Amendment**

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA amends 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

**PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES**

■ 1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

**§ 39.13 [Amended]**

■ 2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

**2021–26–25 Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH:** Amendment 39–21884; Docket No. FAA–2021–0878; Project Identifier MCAI–2020–01460–G.

**(a) Effective Date**

This airworthiness directive (AD) is effective February 24, 2022.

**(b) Affected ADs**

None.

**(c) Applicability**

This AD applies to the Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH gliders identified in paragraphs (c)(1) and (2) of this AD, certificated in any category.

- (1) Model Duo Discus gliders, serial number (S/N) 1 through 541 inclusive, except S/N 534.
- (2) Model Duo Discus T gliders, S/N 1 through 174 inclusive.

**(d) Subject**

Joint Aircraft System Component (JASC) Code 2760, Drag Control System.

**(e) Unsafe Condition**

This AD was prompted by mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) originated by an aviation authority of another country to identify and correct an unsafe condition on an aviation product. The MCAI describes the unsafe condition as jerky extension of the air brakes at very high air speeds, including cases where the air brake blades interlock. The FAA is issuing this AD to prevent and correct damage of the airbrake end-stops. The unsafe condition, if not addressed, could result in blockage of the air brakes and reduced control of the glider.

**(f) Compliance**

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

**(g) Required Actions**

(1) For gliders with air brake end stop plastic bushings (22 mm) installed: Within 3 months after the effective date of this AD, replace each air brake end stop plastic bushing (22 mm) with an air brake end stop plastic bushing (32 mm) in accordance with Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH Working Instructions for Technical Note 890–16 rev1

and Technical Note 396–20 rev1 action 1, dated September 18, 2020.

(2) For gliders with single air brake metal end stops installed: Within 3 months after the effective date of this AD, inspect each single air brake metal end stop for overlap in accordance with Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH Working Instructions for Technical Note 396–20 rev1 action 2, dated September 18, 2020. If there is insufficient overlap, before further flight, repair using a method approved by the FAA or the European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA).

**(h) Parts Installation Provision**

As of the effective date of this AD, do not install an air brake end stop plastic bushing (22 mm) on any glider.

**(i) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)**

(1) The Manager, International Validation Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the manager of the International Validation Branch, send it to the attention of the person identified in paragraph (j)(1) of this AD and email to: [9-AVS-AIR-730-AMOC@faa.gov](mailto:9-AVS-AIR-730-AMOC@faa.gov).

(2) Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office/certificate holding district office.

**(j) Related Information**

(1) For more information about this AD, contact Jim Rutherford, Aviation Safety Engineer, General Aviation & Rotorcraft Section, International Validation Branch, FAA, 901 Locust, Room 301, Kansas City, MO 64106; phone: (816) 329–4165; fax: (816) 329–4090; email: [jim.rutherford@faa.gov](mailto:jim.rutherford@faa.gov).

(2) Refer to EASA 2020–0233, dated October 27, 2020, for more information. You may examine the EASA AD in the AD docket at <https://www.regulations.gov> by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA–2021–0878.

**(k) Material Incorporated by Reference**

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of the service information listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) You must use this service information as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.

(i) Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH Working Instructions for Technical Note 396–20 rev1 action 2, dated September 18, 2020.

**Note 1 to paragraph (k)(2)(i):** The service information listed in paragraphs (k)(2)(i) of

this AD contains German to English translation. EASA used the English translation in referencing the document from Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH. For enforceability purposes, the FAA will cite the service information in English as it appears on the document

(ii) Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH Working Instructions for Technical Note 890-16 rev1 and Technical Note 396-20 rev1 action 1, dated September 18, 2020.

(3) For service information identified in this AD, contact Schempp-Hirth Flugzeugbau GmbH, Kребенstrasse 25, 73230 Kirchheim/Teck, Germany; phone: +49 7021 7298-0; fax: +49 7021 7298-199; email: [info@schempp-hirth.com](mailto:info@schempp-hirth.com); website: <https://www.schempp-hirth.com>.

(4) You may view this service information at the FAA, Airworthiness Products Section, Operational Safety Branch, 901 Locust, Kansas City, MO 64106. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222-5110.

(5) You may view this service information that is incorporated by reference at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, email: [fr.inspection@nara.gov](mailto:fr.inspection@nara.gov), or go to: <https://www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations.html>.

Issued on December 16, 2021.

**Lance T. Gant,**

*Director, Compliance & Airworthiness Division, Aircraft Certification Service.*

[FR Doc. 2022-00973 Filed 1-19-22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4910-13-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

### Coast Guard

#### 33 CFR Part 100

[Docket No. USCG-2021-0863]

#### Special Local Regulations; Recurring Marine Events, Sector St. Petersburg

**AGENCY:** Coast Guard, DHS.

**ACTION:** Notification of enforcement of regulation.

**SUMMARY:** On January 29, 2022, the Coast Guard will enforce a special local regulation for the Gasparilla Invasion and Parade to provide for the safety of life on navigable waterways during this event. Our regulation for recurring marine events within Sector St. Petersburg identifies the regulated area for this event in Tampa, FL. During the enforcement periods, the operator of any vessel in the regulated area must comply with directions from the Patrol Commander or any designated representative.

**DATES:** The regulations in 33 CFR 100.703, Table 1 to § 100.703, Line No.

1, will be enforced from 11:30 a.m. through 2 p.m., on January 29, 2022.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** If you have questions about this notice of enforcement, call or email Marine Science Technician First Class Michael Shackelford, Sector St. Petersburg Prevention Department, Coast Guard; telephone (813) 228-2191, email: [Michael.d.shackelford@uscg.mil](mailto:Michael.d.shackelford@uscg.mil).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Coast Guard will enforce the special local regulation in 33 CFR 100.703, Table 1 to § 100.703, Line No. 1, for the Gasparilla Invasion and Parade on January 29, 2022 from 11:30 a.m. until 2 p.m. This action is being taken to provide for the safety of life on navigable waterways during this event. Our regulation for recurring marine events, Sector St. Petersburg, § 100.703, Table 1 to § 100.703, Line No. 1, specifies the location of the regulated area for the Gasparilla Invasion and Parade which encompasses portions of Hillsborough Bay, Seddon Channel, Sparkman Channel and Hillsborough River near Tampa, FL. During the enforcement periods, as reflected in § 100.703(c), if you are the operator of a vessel in the regulated area you must comply with directions from the Patrol Commander or any designated representative.

In addition to this notice of enforcement in the **Federal Register**, the Coast Guard plans to provide notification of this enforcement period via the Local Notice to Mariners and/or marine information broadcasts.

Dated: January 10, 2022.

**Matthew A. Thompson,**

*Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port St. Petersburg.*

[FR Doc. 2022-01003 Filed 1-19-22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 9110-04-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

### Coast Guard

#### 33 CFR Part 165

[Docket Number USCG-2021-0139]

**RIN 1625-AA00**

#### Safety Zone; Atlantic Ocean, Cape Canaveral, FL

**AGENCY:** Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security (DHS).

**ACTION:** Temporary final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Coast Guard is establishing a temporary safety zone for navigable waters within the points defined below during a series of rocket launches out of Cape Canaveral, FL. The

safety zone is needed to protect personnel, vessels, and the marine environment from potential hazards created by space vehicles being launched in a direction resulting in a southerly or polar orbit trajectory. Entry of vessels or persons into this zone is prohibited unless specifically authorized by the Captain of the Port Jacksonville.

**DATES:** This rule is effective without actual notice from January 20, 2022, through January 31, 2022. For purposes of enforcement, actual notice will be used from January 10, 2022, until January 20, 2022.

**ADDRESSES:** To view documents mentioned in this preamble as being available in the docket, go to <https://www.regulations.gov>, type USCG-2021-0139 in the search box and click "Search." Next, in the Document Type column, select "Supporting & Related Material."

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** If you have questions on this rule, call or email LTJG Griffin Terpstra, Sector Jacksonville, Waterways Management Division, U.S. Coast Guard; telephone 904-714-7616, email [Griffin.D.Terpstra@uscg.mil](mailto:Griffin.D.Terpstra@uscg.mil).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

#### I. Table of Abbreviations

CFR Code of Federal Regulations  
DHS Department of Homeland Security  
FR Federal Register  
NPRM Notice of proposed rulemaking  
§ Section  
U.S.C. United States Code

#### II. Background Information and Regulatory History

The Coast Guard is issuing this temporary rule without prior notice and opportunity to comment pursuant to authority under section 4(a) of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) (5 U.S.C. 553(b)). This provision authorizes an agency to issue a rule without prior notice and opportunity to comment when the agency for good cause finds that those procedures are "impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest." Under 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for not publishing a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) with respect to this rule because the Coast Guard was notified of this series of missions on December 20, 2021, and the first launch, scheduled for January 13, 2022, leaves insufficient time to initiate a full rulemaking before the need for the safety zone beginnings on January 13, 2022. Publishing an NPRM would be impracticable and contrary to the public interest since the mission