("INA"), and in consultation with the Attorney General and the Secretary of the Treasury, I conclude that the circumstances that were the basis for the designation of the aforementioned organization (and other aliases) as a Foreign Terrorist Organization have not changed in such a manner as to warrant revocation of the designation and that the national security of the United States does not warrant a revocation of the designation. I also conclude that there is a sufficient factual basis to find that the following are additional aliases of the aforementioned organization (and other aliases): The Islamic State of Iraq and ash-Sham—Khorasan Province, The Islamic State of Iraq and Syria— Khorasan, Islamic State of Iraq and Levant in Khorasan Province, Islamic State Khurasan, ISISK, ISIS-K, and IS-Khorasan.

Therefore, I hereby determine that the designation of the aforementioned organization as a Foreign Terrorist Organization, pursuant to Section 219 of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1189), shall be maintained. Additionally, pursuant to Section 219(b) of the INA, as amended (8 U.S.C. 1189(b)), I hereby amend the designation of the aforementioned organization (and other aliases) as a Foreign Terrorist Organization to include the following new aliases: The Islamic State of Iraq and ash-Sham— Khorasan Province, The Islamic State of Iraq and Syria—Khorasan, Islamic State of Iraq and Levant in Khorasan Province, Islamic State Khurasan, ISISK, ISIS-K, and IS-Khorasan.

This determination shall be published in the **Federal Register**.

Dated: August 9, 2021. Antony J. Blinken, Secretary of State. [FR Doc. 2021–26095 Filed 11–30–21; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4710–AD–P

## DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice: 11591]

# Revocation of the Designation of the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia (FARC) (and Other Aliases) as a Specially Designated Global Terrorist

I hereby revoke the designation of the following person as a Specially Designated Global Terrorist, pursuant to section 1(a)(ii) of E.O. 13224: Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia (FARC) (and other aliases).

This determination shall be published in the **Federal Register**.

*Authority:* E.O. 13224, 66 FR 49079, 3 CFR, 2001 Comp., p. 786. Dated: November 18, 2021. **Antony J. Blinken,**  *Secretary of State.* [FR Doc. 2021–26087 Filed 11–30–21; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4710–AD–P** 

# DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Delegation of Authority No. 520]

# Delegation by the Secretary of State to the Assistant Secretary of State for Population, Refugees, and Migration; Facilitating USCIS VTC Interviews of Refugee Applicants

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of State by the laws of the United States, including 22 U.S.C. 2651a, pursuant to authority delegated by the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) on August 6, 2021 (DHS Delegation Number 00117), and subject to the DHS Secretary's oversight, direction, and guidance, I hereby delegate to the assistant secretary for Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration, to the extent authorized by law, the authority to designate Department employees as immigration officers to facilitate U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) video teleconference interviews of overseas refugee applicants, pursuant to section 103(a)(6) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1103(a)(6)) and 8 CFR 2.1.

Nothing in this delegation shall be construed as superseding or circumventing any authorities delegated within DHS, or as superseding or circumventing the restriction in the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1998, title I, Public Law No 105–119 (8 U.S.C. 1103 note) with respect to the acceptance of fingerprints.

The authority delegated herein may be exercised by the Secretary, Deputy Secretary, Deputy Secretary for Management and Resources, and the Under Secretary for Civilian Security, Democracy, and Human Rights.

This delegation of authority shall be published in the **Federal Register**.

Dated: November 15, 2021.

#### Antony J. Blinken,

Secretary of State. [FR Doc. 2021–26100 Filed 11–30–21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710-33-P

# DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice: 11599]

Review of the Designations as Foreign Terrorist Organizations of Asbat al-Ansar (and Other Aliases); Harkat al-Mujahideen (and Other Aliases); The Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (and Other Aliases); The Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine—General Command (and Other Aliases); Kata'ib Hizballah (and Other Aliases)

Based upon a review of the Administrative Records assembled pursuant to Section 219(a)(4)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended (8 U.S.C. 1189(a)(4)(C)) ("INA"), and in consultation with the Attorney General and the Secretary of the Treasury, I conclude that the circumstances that were the bases for the designations of the aforementioned organizations as Foreign Terrorist Organizations have not changed in such a manner as to warrant revocation of the designations and that the national security of the United States does not warrant a revocation of the designations.

Therefore, I hereby determine that the designations of the aforementioned organizations as Foreign Terrorist Organizations, pursuant to Section 219 of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1189), shall be maintained.

This determination shall be published in the **Federal Register**.

Dated: August 25, 2021.

Antony J. Blinken,

Secretary of State.

[FR Doc. 2021–26099 Filed 11–30–21; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4710–AD–P

# OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

# Termination of Action in the Section 301 Digital Services Tax Investigation of Turkey and Further Monitoring

**AGENCY:** Office of the United States Trade Representative (USTR). **ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** On October 8, 2021, Turkey joined the United States and 134 other jurisdictions participating in the OECD/ G20 Inclusive Framework on Base Erosion and Profit Shifting in reaching a political agreement on a two-pillar solution to address tax challenges arising from the digitalization of the world economy. As part of Pillar 1, all parties agreed to remove existing digital services taxes and other relevant similar measures, and to coordinate the withdrawal of these taxes. On November 22, 2021, the U.S. Department of the Treasury (Treasury) issued a joint statement with Turkey regarding a transitional approach to Turkey's Digital Service Tax (DST) prior to entry into force of Pillar 1. The joint statement reflects a political agreement that DST liabilities accrued during the transitional period will be creditable in defined circumstances against future taxes due under Pillar 1. Based on the commitment of Turkey to remove its DST pursuant to Pillar 1 and on Turkey's political agreement to the transitional approach prior to Pillar 1's entry into force, the U.S. Trade Representative has determined to terminate the section 301 action taken in the investigation of Turkey's DST. In coordination with Treasury, USTR will monitor implementation of the removal of Turkey's DST as provided for under Pillar 1 and the transitional approach as provided in the joint statement. DATES: The additional duties on

products of Turkey are terminated as of November 28, 2021.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For questions concerning this notice, please contact Benjamin Allen, Thomas Au, Patrick Childress, or Kate Hadley, Assistant General Counsels at (202) 395–9439, (202) 395–0380, (202) 395– 9531, and (202) 395–3911, respectively, Robert Tanner, Director, Services and Investment at (202) 395–6125, or Michael Rogers, Director for Europe at (202) 395–2684.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# I. Proceedings in the Investigation

For background on the proceedings in the section 301 investigation of Turkey's DST, please see prior notices including: 85 FR 34709 (June 5, 2020); 86 FR 2480 (January 12, 2021); 86 FR 16822 (March 31, 2021); and 86 FR 30353 (June 7, 2021).

On June 2, 2021, the U.S. Trade Representative determined to take action in the form of additional duties on certain products of Turkey and to immediately suspend those additional duties for up to 180 days. 86 FR 30353 (June 7, 2021).

# II. OECD/G20 Negotiations

One-hundred forty-one jurisdictions are engaged in international tax negotiations under the OECD/G20 Inclusive Framework on Base Erosion and Profit Shifting. On October 8, 2021, Turkey joined the United States and 134 other participants in reaching political agreement on a Statement on a Two-Pillar Solution to Address the Tax Challenges Arising from the Digitalisation of the Economy. OECD/ G20 Base Erosion and Profit Shifting Project, Statement on a Two-Pillar Solution to Address the Tax Challenges Arising from the Digitalisation of the Economy (Oct. 8, 2021) at https:// www.oecd.org/tax/beps/statement-on-atwo-pillar-solution-to-address-the-taxchallenges-arising-from-thedigitalisation-of-the-economy-october-2021.pdf (the OECD/G20 Two-Pillar Solution). The statement provides that Pillar 1 will be implemented through a multilateral convention. With respect to DSTs, the statement provides:

The Multilateral Convention (MLC) will require all parties to remove all Digital Services Taxes and other relevant similar measures with respect to all companies, and to commit not to introduce such measures in the future. No newly enacted Digital Services Taxes or other relevant similar measures will be imposed on any company from 8 October 2021 and until the earlier of 31 December 2023 or the coming into force of the MLC. The modality for the removal of existing Digital Services Taxes and other relevant similar measures will be appropriately coordinated.

## **III. Joint Statement**

On November 22, 2021, the United States and Turkey issued a joint statement that describes a political compromise reached on a transitional approach to existing Unilateral Measures while implementing Pillar 1. Joint Statement from the United States and Turkey Regarding a Compromise on a Transitional Approach to Existing Unilateral Measures During the Interim Period Before Pillar 1 Is in Effect, U.S. Dep't of the Treas. (Nov. 22, 2021) at https://home.treasury.gov/news/pressreleases/jy0500. Under the transitional approach in the joint statement, DST liability that accrues during the transitional period prior to implementation of Pillar 1 will be creditable in defined circumstances against future taxes due under Pillar 1. *See id.* (citing *Joint Statement from the* United States, Austria, France, Italy, Spain, and the United Kingdom Regarding a Compromise on a Transitional Approach to Existing Unilateral Measures During the Interim Period Before Pillar 1 is in Effect, U.S. Dep't of the Treas. (Oct. 21, 2021) at https://home.treasury.gov/news/pressreleases/jy0419). In return, the United States commits to terminating the existing section 301 trade action on goods of Turkey, and not to impose further trade actions against Turkey with respect to its existing DST until the earlier of the date the Pillar 1 multilateral convention comes into force or December 31, 2023. Id.

## **IV. Termination of Action**

Section 307 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (Trade Act) (19 U.S.C. 2417), provides that "[t]he Trade Representative may modify or terminate any action, subject to the specific direction, if any, of the President with respect to such action, that is being taken under section [301] of this title if . . . such action is being taken under section [301(b)] of this title and is no longer appropriate." The U.S. Trade Representative has found that that the political agreement of Turkey to the OECD/G20 Two-Pillar Solution, which provides for the removal of DSTs upon entry into force of Pillar 1, and the transitional approach in the joint statement provide a satisfactory resolution of the matters covered by the section 301 investigation of Turkey's DST. Accordingly, pursuant to section 307 of the Trade Act, the U.S. Trade Representative has determined that the suspended trade action in this investigation is no longer appropriate and that the action should be terminated.

The U.S. Trade Representative's determination was made in consultation with Treasury and considers the advice of the interagency Section 301 Committee, consultations with representatives of the domestic industry concerned, and public comments and advisory committee advice received during the investigation.

In order to implement the termination of the section 301 action in the investigation of Turkey's DST, subchapter III of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) is modified by the Annex to this notice.

## V. Ongoing Monitoring

Section 306(a) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2416(a)) provides that "[t]he Trade Representative shall monitor the implementation of each measure undertaken, or agreement that is entered into, by a foreign country to provide a satisfactory resolution of a matter subject to investigation. . . ." Section 306(b) (19 U.S.C. 2416(b)) provides that "[i]f, on the basis of the monitoring carried out under subsection (a), the Trade Representative considers that a foreign country is not satisfactorily implementing a measure or agreement referred to in subsection (a), the Trade Representative shall determine what further action the Trade Representative shall take under section [301(a)]." Pursuant to section 306(a) of the Trade Act, the U.S. Trade Representative, in coordination with Treasury, will monitor the implementation of the

political agreement on an OECD/G20 Two-Pillar Solution as pertaining to DSTs, the commitments under the joint statement, and associated measures. Pursuant to section 306(b) of the Trade Act, if the U.S. Trade Representative, in consultation with Treasury, subsequently considers that Turkey is not satisfactorily implementing these political agreements or associated measures, then the U.S. Trade Representative will consider further action under section 301.

#### Annex

The U.S. Trade Representative has decided to terminate the additional duties under heading 9903.90.06 of the HTSUS on articles the product of Turkey, as provided for in U.S. notes 27(a) and 27(b) to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS. The termination of these additional duties is effective on November 28, 2021.

In accordance with this determination, the U.S. Trade Representative has determined to modify the HTSUS by: (1) Deleting U.S. notes 27(a) and 27(b) to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS; and (2) by deleting HTSUS heading 9903.90.06. The modifications of the HTSUS are effective on November 28, 2021. Any provisions of previous notices issued in this investigation that are inconsistent with this notice are superseded to the extent of such inconsistency.

### Greta Peisch,

General Counsel, Office of the United States Trade Representative.

[FR Doc. 2021–26116 Filed 11–30–21; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3290–F2–P

### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### Federal Highway Administration

[Docket No. FHWA-2021-0021]

## Infrastructure and Investment Jobs Act Request for Information

**AGENCY:** Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT). **ACTION:** Notice; request for information (RFI).

**SUMMARY:** FHWA seeks public input on the implementation of the Infrastructure and Investment Jobs Act.

**ADDRESSES:** To ensure that you do not duplicate your docket submissions, please submit all comments by only one of the following ways:

 Federal eRulemaking Portal: Go to https://www.regulations.gov and follow the online instructions for submitting comments.

• *Mail:* Docket Management Facility, U.S. Department of Transportation, 1200 New Jersey Ave. SE, W12–140, Washington, DC 20590–0001.

• *Hand Delivery:* West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, 1200 New Jersey Ave. SE, Washington, DC 20590–0001, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. e.t., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The telephone number is 202–366–9329.

• *Instructions:* You must include the agency name and the docket number, FHWA–2021–0021, at the beginning of your comments. All comments received will be posted without change to *https://www.regulations.gov*, including any personal information provided.

• *Privacy Act:* Except as provided below, all comments received into the docket will be searchable by the name of the individual submitting the comment (or signing the comment, if submitted on behalf of an association, business, labor union, etc.). You may review DOT's complete Privacy Act Statement in the **Federal Register** published on April 11, 2000 (65 FR 19477) or at *http://www.regulations.gov/ privacy.* 

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For questions about this RFI, please contact Dan Stillson, FHWA Office of Policy, 202–366–9202, or via email at Dan.Stillson@dot.gov or email FHWA.BIL@dot.gov. Office hours for FHWA are from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., E.T., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# **Electronic Access**

A copy of this Notice, all comments received on this Notice, and all background material may be viewed online at *https://www.regulations.gov* using the docket number listed above. Electronic retrieval help and guidelines are also available at *https:// www.regulations.gov*. An electronic copy of this document may be downloaded from the Office of the Federal Register's website at: *www.FederalRegister.gov* and the Government Publishing Office's database at: *www.GovInfo.gov*.

#### Background

On November 15, 2021, President Joseph R. Biden, Jr. signed the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL), enacted as the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, Public Law 117–58 (Nov. 15, 2021). The BIL is a once-in-ageneration investment in infrastructure, which will grow the economy, enhance

U.S. competitiveness in the world, create good jobs, and make the U.S. economy more sustainable, resilient, and equitable. It includes the largest dedicated bridge investment since the construction of the Interstate System, and the largest investment in electric vehicle charging infrastructure in history. Specific to FHWA, the BIL provides more than \$350 billion over 5 fiscal years (FY 22-26) for surface transportation programs. This represents, on an average annual basis, nearly 29 percent more Federal-aid funding for highway programs and activities than under prior law, and it also establishes more than a dozen new highway programs.

The BIL focuses on investing in safety, bridges, equity and reconnecting communities, addressing climate change, and promoting resilience. In addition, there are several new programs offering new opportunities for local governments and other nontraditional entities to receive highway funding. More information on the BIL can be located at www.whitehouse.gov or at www.congress.gov/bill/117thcongress/house-bill/3684.

In order to make the most of the BIL's historic investment and opportunities, FHWA is seeking your input on the FHWA-related sections of the BIL. Most of those provisions are contained in Title I of Division A and in Title VIII of Division J. Through this RFI, FHWA is soliciting information and suggestions from the public and a broad array of stakeholders across public and private sectors on how best to facilitate FHWA's implementation of the BIL.

#### **Request for Information**

This RFI is intended to solicit information on: (i) Potential opportunities and challenges for implementing new BIL programs; (ii) potential opportunities and challenges for implementing existing programs modified by the BIL; (iii) solutions or suggestions as to how FHWA might implement the BIL; (iv) necessity for additional guidance, FAQs, or program changes; and (v) areas requiring new and continued research.

## Content of Comments

The Department will review all comments submitted to the docket associated with this Notice, FHWA– 2021–0021. To maximize useful comments, FHWA encourages commenters to provide the following information:

1. Specific Reference. A specific reference to the section number of the BIL that the comment discusses (and the associated section of the U.S. Code that