

8OK6M at Florida State University, according to currently available information, it is the same site as 8OK6 listed in state files. (The M suffix was requested by Yulee Lazarus in 1968 to distinguish the large Fort Walton Temple Mound, from the nearby shell middens.) Based on several types of sherds discovered during the excavation by Fairbanks, it was deduced that the site contained occupations from the Fort Walton period through Deptford, Santa-Rosa, Swift Creek, and Weeden Island phases. The majority of the human remains belong to adult-aged individuals. A single subadult—likely late teens—is also present. No known individuals have been identified. The 33 associated funerary objects include 23 plain, two stamped, and eight incised ceramic sherds.

Between 1956 and 1958, human remains representing, at minimum, nine individuals were removed from the Bell Site (8OK19), in Okaloosa County, FL. In 1956, part of this collection was brought to Florida State University after erosion exposure from Hurricane Flossie washed “thousands of sherds” into Choctawhatchee Bay (according to the State of Florida Master Site File). In 1958, this site was excavated by Charles Fairbanks and W.C. Lazarus and was determined to be of Fort Walton, Santa-Rosa, Swift Creek, and Weeden Island cultural complexes. Two of the individuals are sub-adults, and the other seven are adults; all are of indeterminate sex. No known individuals have been identified. No associated funerary objects present.

In 1959, human remains representing, at minimum, three individuals were recovered from the Chambless Site (8OK35), in Okaloosa County, FL, and donated to The Florida State University by the property owner. As the recovered materials came from disturbed backfill soil, their context is unknown among the human remains. According to the State of Florida Master Site File, broken vessels recovered by the landowner were retained by W.C. Lazarus for preservation and restoration at the Fort Walton Temple Museum, Destin, FL. Those ceramic vessels are classified as Fort Walton phase. The human remains belong to one male most likely 30–35 years old, one female most likely 30–35 years old, and one individual of unknown age and sex. No known individuals have been identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

In the 1960s, human remains representing, at minimum, eight individuals were removed from the Johnson Site (8WL30), in Walton County, FL, by W.C. Lazarus and J.M. Johnson. Most of the materials collected

were brought to FSU at that time. (A vessel reportedly recovered during the investigation of the site remains in the possession of J.M. Johnson.) Of the eight individuals, one is probably female 35–50 years old, and at least two are sub-adults. No known individuals were identified. No associated funerary objects are present. Cultural phase determined to be Fort Walton based on a ceramic analysis.

Determinations Made by the Department of Anthropology, Florida State University

Officials of the Department of Anthropology, Florida State University have determined that:

- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(9), the human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of 74 individuals of Native American ancestry.
- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(3)(A), the 33 objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(2), there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and The Tribes.

Additional Requestors and Disposition

Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains and associated funerary objects should submit a written request with information in support of the request to Dr. Geoffrey Thomas, Florida State University, Department of Anthropology, 60 North Woodward Avenue, Tallahassee, FL 32306, telephone (850) 644–8156, email gpthomas@fsu.edu, by December 23, 2021. After that date, if no additional requestors have come forward, transfer of control of the human remains and associated funerary objects to The Tribes may proceed.

The Department of Anthropology, Florida State University is responsible for notifying The Tribes that this notice has been published.

Dated: November 17, 2021.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS–WASO–NAGPRA–NPS0033015; PPWOCRADNO–PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Intent To Repatriate Cultural Items: McClure Archives and University Museum, University of Central Missouri, Warrensburg, MO

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The McClure Archives and University Museum, University of Central Missouri, in consultation with the appropriate Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations, has determined that the cultural items listed in this notice meet the definition of objects of cultural patrimony. Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to claim these cultural items should submit a written request to the McClure Archives and University Museum. If no additional claimants come forward, transfer of control of the cultural items to the lineal descendants, Indian Tribes, or Native Hawaiian organizations stated in this notice may proceed.

DATES: Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to claim these cultural items should submit a written request with information in support of the claim to the McClure Archives and University Museum, University of Central Missouri, at the address in this notice by December 23, 2021.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Olivia Thomsen, NAGPRA Preparator, McClure Archives and University Museum of JCKL 1470, 601 Missouri Street, Warrensburg, MO 64093, telephone (660) 543–4649, email thomsen@ucmo.edu.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is here given in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3005, of the intent to repatriate cultural items under the control of the McClure Archives and University Museum, University of Central Missouri, Warrensburg MO, that meet the definition of objects of cultural patrimony under 25 U.S.C. 3001.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service’s administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 25 U.S.C. 3003(d)(3). The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal

agency that has control of the Native American cultural items. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

History and Description of the Cultural Items

Between 1950 and 1980, three cultural items were removed from an unidentified region of Northern California. Anthropologist Robert Spier collected or bought three basket hats while doing research on the Hupa Tribe. The basket hats remained in Spier's personal collection until 2017, when his widow donated them, along with many other objects, to the McClure Archives and University Museum. The three objects of cultural patrimony are woven basket hats.

Based on an analysis by McClure Archive and University Museum staff, these baskets hats are related to the Wiyot Tribe, California. According to Robert Spier, the hats were collected from Northern California, where the traditional Wiyot Tribe lands are located. In consultation, a representative for the Wiyot Tribe described the traditional and ceremonial importance of basket hats within the Wiyot culture.

Determinations Made by the McClure Archives and University Museum, University of Central Missouri

Officials of the McClure Archives and University Museum, University of Central Missouri have determined that:

- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(3)(D), the three cultural items described above have ongoing historical, traditional, or cultural importance central to the Native American group or culture itself, rather than property owned by an individual.

- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(2), there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the objects of cultural patrimony and the Wiyot Tribe, California [previously listed as Table Bluff Reservation—Wiyot Tribe].

Additional Requestors and Disposition

Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to claim these cultural items should submit a written request with information in support of the claim to Olivia Thomsen, NAGPRA Preparator, McClure Archives and University Museum of JCKL 1470, 601 Missouri Street, Warrensburg, MO 64093, telephone (660) 543-4649, email thomsen@ucmo.edu, by December 23, 2021. After that date, if no additional claimants have come forward, transfer of control of the objects of cultural

patrimony to the Wiyot Tribe, California [previously listed as Table Bluff Reservation—Wiyot Tribe] may proceed. The McClure Archives and University Museum, University of Central Missouri, is responsible for notifying the Wiyot Tribe, California [previously listed as Table Bluff Reservation—Wiyot Tribe] that this notice has been published.

Dated: November 17, 2021.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS-WASO-NRNL-DTS#-33035; PPWOCRADIO, PCU00RP14.R50000]

National Register of Historic Places; Notification of Pending Nominations and Related Actions

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The National Park Service is soliciting electronic comments on the significance of properties nominated before November 13, 2021, for listing or related actions in the National Register of Historic Places.

DATES: Comments should be submitted electronically by December 8, 2021.

ADDRESSES: Comments are encouraged to be submitted electronically to National_Register_Submissions@nps.gov with the subject line "Public Comment on <property or proposed district name, (County) State>." If you have no access to email you may send them via U.S. Postal Service and all other carriers to the National Register of Historic Places, National Park Service, 1849 C Street NW, MS 7228, Washington, DC 20240.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sherry A. Frear, Chief, National Register of Historic Places/National Historic Landmarks Program, 1849 C Street NW, MS 7228, Washington, DC 20240, sherry_frear@nps.gov, 202-913-3763.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The properties listed in this notice are being considered for listing or related actions in the National Register of Historic Places. Nominations for their consideration were received by the National Park Service before November 13, 2021. Pursuant to Section 60.13 of 36 CFR part 60, comments are being accepted concerning the significance of the nominated properties under the National Register criteria for evaluation.

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Nominations submitted by State or Tribal Historic Preservation Officers:

FLORIDA

Santa Rosa County

Fidelis School, 13786 FL 87, Jay vicinity, SG100007241

LOUISIANA

Orleans Parish

Touro-Shakspeare Home, 2621 General Meyer Ave., New Orleans, SG100007235

MAINE

Hancock County

Moonspring Hermitage, 532 Morgan Bay Rd., Surry, SG100007256

York County

Kezar Falls Circulating Library, (Maine Public Libraries MPS), 2 Wadleigh St., Parsonsfield, MP100007254
Rendezvous Point Burying Ground, South side of Ferry Rd., between Meadow and Lewis Lns., Saco, SG100007255

MASSACHUSETTS

Worcester County

Worcester County Courthouse, 2 Main St., Worcester, SG100007236

NEW MEXICO

Bernalillo County

Heights Community Center, 823 Buena Vista Ave. SE, Albuquerque, SG100007238
Barelas Community Center, (New Deal in New Mexico MPS), 801 Barelas Rd. SW, Albuquerque, MP100007239

NORTH CAROLINA

Alleghany County

Downtown Sparta Historic District, First blks. of North and South Main, and East and West Whitehead Sts., Sparta, SG100007244

Avery County

Guy, Edwin Cochran, House, 320 Wanteska St., Newland, SG100007245

Buncombe County

High Top Colony Historic District, 143-225 High Top Colony, 14-42 Hoot Owl, and 10-21 Grey Eagle Rd., Black Mountain vicinity, SG100007246

Cabarrus County

Norcott Mill-Cannon Mills Company Plant No. 10, 580, 594, 598 Cabarrus Ave. West; 569-581 Flora Ave. NW, Concord, SG100007248