the calls. The total amount of time for such feedback will be limited to ensure pertinent Committee business is completed. Further, the amount of time allotted to each individual commenter will be limited and will be allocated on a first-come first-served basis by HUD. If the number of commenters exceeds the available time, HUD may ask for the submission of comments via email.

The public is invited to join the October 14th meeting by clicking: https://ems8.intellor.com/login/840677. Follow the prompts to connect audio by computer or telephone. If you are unable to join the web conference, attendees may dial 1–888–251–2949; Access Code: 5190893#.

The public is invited to join the October 28th meeting by clicking https://ems8.intellor.com/login/840685. Follow the prompts to connect audio by computer or telephone. If you are unable to join the web conference, attendees may dial 1–888–251–2949; Access Code: 1252894#.

Persons with hearing impairments may also follow the discussion by first calling the Federal Relay Service (FRS) at 1–800–877–8339 and providing the FRS operator with the Conference Call Toll-Free Number: 1–888–251–2949.

Records and documents discussed during the meetings, as well as other information about the work of this Committee, will be available for public viewing as they become available at: https://www.facadatabase.gov/FACA/FACAPublicPage by clicking on "Agencies/Committees" at the top of the tool bar. These materials will also be available on the MTW Demonstration's expansion web page at: https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/public_indian_housing/programs/ph/mtw/expansion/rac.

Records generated from these meetings may also be inspected and reproduced at the U.S. Department of Housing Development Headquarters in Washington, DC as they are available and when HUD is able to, both before and after the meetings.

Outside of the work of this Committee, information about HUD's broader implementation of the MTW expansion, as well as additional opportunities for public input, can be found on the MTW Demonstration's expansion web page at: https:// www.hud.gov/program_offices/public_ indian_housing/programs/ph/mtw/
expansion.

Dominique Blom,

General Deputy Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing.

Todd Richardson.

General Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy Development and Research.

[FR Doc. 2021–19765 Filed 9–13–21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210-67-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Geological Survey

November 15, 2021.

[GX21MR00G74E400; OMB Control Number 1028–NEW]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Nonindigenous Aquatic Species eDNA Data Submission Forms

AGENCY: U.S. Geological Survey, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of information collection; request for comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, we, the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) are proposing a new information collection. **DATES:** Interested persons are invited to submit comments on or before

ADDRESSES: Send your comments on this information collection request (ICR) by mail to U.S. Geological Survey, Information Collections Officer, 12201 Sunrise Valley Drive MS 159, Reston, VA 20192; or by email to gs-info_collections@usgs.gov. Please reference OMB Control Number 1028—NEW in the subject line of your comments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request additional information about this ICR, contact Matthew Neilson by email at *mneilson@usgs.gov*, or by telephone at (352) 264–3519. Individuals who are hearing or speech impaired may call the Federal Relay Service at 1–800–877–8339 for TTY assistance

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, we provide the general public and other Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on new, proposed, revised, and continuing collections of information. This helps us assess the impact of our information collection requirements and minimize the public's reporting burden. It also helps the public understand our information collection requirements and provide the requested data in the desired format.

We are soliciting comments on the proposed ICR that is described below.

We are especially interested in public comment addressing the following issues: (1) Is the collection necessary to the proper functions of the USGS; (2) will this information be processed and used in a timely manner; (3) is the estimate of burden accurate; (4) how might the USGS enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (5) how might the USGS minimize the burden of this collection on the respondents, including through the use of information technology.

Comments that you submit in response to this notice are a matter of public record. We will include or summarize each comment in our request to OMB to approve this ICR. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Abstract: America is under siege by many harmful non-native species of plants, animals, and microorganisms. More than 6,500 nonindigenous species are now established in the United States, posing risks to native species, valued ecosystems, and human and wildlife health. These invaders extract a huge cost, an estimated \$120 billion per year, to mitigate their harmful impacts. The current annual environmental, economic, and health-related costs of invasive species exceed those of all other natural disasters combined.

Through its Invasive Species Program (http://www.usgs.gov/ecosystems/ invasive species/), the USGS plays an important role in federal efforts to combat invasive species in natural and semi-natural areas through early detection and assessment of newly established invaders; monitoring of invading populations; and improving understanding of the ecology of invaders and factors in the resistance of habitats to invasion. The USGS provides the tools, technology, and information supporting efforts to prevent, contain, control, and manage invasive species nationwide. To meet user needs, the USGS also develops methods for compiling and synthesizing accurate and reliable data and information on invasive species for inclusion in a distributed and integrated web-based information system.

As part of the USGS Invasive Species Program, the Nonindigenous Aquatic Species (NAS) database (http:// nas.er.usgs.gov/) functions as a repository and clearinghouse for occurrence information on nonindigenous aquatic species from across the United States. It contains locality information on approximately 1,300 species of vertebrates, invertebrates, and vascular plants introduced since 1850. Taxa include foreign species as well as those native to North America that have been transported outside of their natural range. The NAS website provides immediate access to new occurrence records through a real-time interface with the NAS database. Visitors to the website can use a set of predefined queries to obtain lists of species according to state or hydrologic basin of interest. Fact sheets, distribution maps, and information on new occurrences are continually posted and updated. Dynamically generated species distribution maps show the spatial accuracy of the locations reported, population status, and links to more information about each report.

Environmental DNA (eDNA) comprises genetic material that has been sloughed, excreted, or otherwise released into the environment and can be detected in water, soil, and air. For aquatic organisms, this includes skin, excrement, mucus, saliva, blood, and gametes. Collection of environmental samples can be screened for the presence of eDNA, allowing for the detection of low-density organisms before detectability by traditional sampling methods. The combination of traditional specimen sightings and eDNA detections can provide more complete species distribution records and significantly improve the ability to respond quickly to new invasions as part of an early detection rapid response (EDRR) system. Working with interagency eDNA experts, the NAS database has used a consensus method to identify and develop community data standards for integrating eDNA detection data.

Title of Collection: Nonindigenous Aquatic Species eDNA Data and Metadata Submission Forms.

OMB Control Number: 1028–NEW. Form Number: None.

Type of Review: New.

Respondents/Affected Public: Federal, state, and local government employees; university research personnel.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Respondents: We estimate approximately 25 total respondents per year.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses: We estimate a total of 35 responses per year.

Estimated Completion Time per Response: We estimate a total of 90 minutes (1.5 hours) per response.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours: We estimate a total of 52.5 annual hours.

Respondent's Obligation: Voluntary. Frequency of Collection: On occasion. Total Estimated Annual Nonhour Burden Cost: None.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The authority for this action is the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

Dionne Duncan-Hughes,

USGS Information Collection Clearance Officer.

[FR Doc. 2021–19794 Filed 9–13–21; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4338–11–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[LLNM931000.L14400000.BJ0000 212L1109AF]

Notice of Filing of Plats of Survey; Oklahoma

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of Filing of Plats of Survey; Oklahoma.

SUMMARY: On September 29, 2020, the BLM published a notice in the Federal Register entitled, "Notice of Filing of Plats of Survey; New Mexico; Oklahoma." The official filing of the four Oklahoma supplemental plats listed below is hereby stayed, pending consideration of all protests.

DATES: Upon publication of this **Federal Register** Notice, the plats described below will be stayed.

ADDRESSES: These plats will be available for inspection in the New Mexico Office, Bureau of Land Management, 301 Dinosaur Trail, Santa Fe, New Mexico, 85004–4427. Protests of a survey should be sent to the New Mexico Director at the above address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Michael J. Purtee, Chief Cadastral Surveyor; (505) 761–8903; mpurtee@ blm.gov. Persons who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Relay Service (FRS) at 1–800–877–8339 to contact Mr. Purtee during normal business hours. The FRS is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, to leave a message or question with the above individual. You will receive a reply during normal business hours.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Indian Meridian, Oklahoma

The supplemental plat, within Township 10 North, Range 27 East, section 4, accepted July 8, 2020, for Group 224, Oklahoma.

The supplemental plat, within Township 10 North, Range 27 East, section 5, accepted July 8, 2020, for Group 224, Oklahoma.

The supplemental plat, in two sheets, within Township 10 North, Range 27 East, section 19, accepted August 13, 2020, for Group 223, Oklahoma.

The supplemental plat, within Township 11 North, Range 27 East, section 33, accepted July 8, 2020, for Group 224, Oklahoma.

The official filing of these supplemental plats is hereby stayed, pending consideration of all protests. *Authority:* 43 U.S.C. Chap. 3.

Michael J. Purtee,

Chief Cadastral Surveyor, BLM New Mexico. [FR Doc. 2021–19802 Filed 9–13–21; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–FB–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337-TA-1281]

Certain Video Security Equipment and Systems, Related Software, Components Thereof, and Products Containing Same; Institution of Investigation

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that a complaint was filed with the U.S. International Trade Commission on August 9, 2021, under section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, on behalf of Motorola Solutions, Inc. of Chicago, Illinois; Avigilon Corporation of Canada; Avigilon Fortress Corporation of Canada; Avigilon Patent Holding 1 Corporation of Canada; and Avigilon Technologies Corporation of Canada. The complaint alleges violations of section 337 based upon the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, and the sale within the United States after importation of certain video security equipment and systems, related software, components thereof, and products containing same by reason of infringement of certain claims of U.S. Patent No. 7,868,912 ("the '912 patent"); U.S. Patent No. 10,726,312 ("the '312 patent"); and U.S.