Procedural Regulations for Registration Review at 40 CFR part 155, subpart C. Section 3(g) of FIFRA provides, among other things, that the registrations of pesticides are to be reviewed every 15 years. Under FIFRA, a pesticide product may be registered or remain registered only if it meets the statutory standard for registration given in FIFRA section 3(c)(5) (7 U.S.C. 136a(c)(5)). When used in accordance with widespread and commonly recognized practice, the

pesticide product must perform its intended function without unreasonable adverse effects on the environment; that is, without any unreasonable risk to man or the environment, or a human dietary risk from residues that result from the use of a pesticide in or on food.

IV. What action is the Agency taking?

Pursuant to 40 CFR 155.58, this notice announces the availability of EPA's proposed interim registration review decisions for the pesticides shown in Table 1 and opens a 60-day public comment period on the proposed interim registration review decisions. In addition, the human health and ecological risk assessments for fenazaquin and monosodium methanearsonate (MSMA) and the preliminary work plan for citric acid and salts are also being published for comment at this time.

TABLE 1—PROPOSED INTERIM DECISIONS

Registration review case name and No.	Docket ID No.	Chemical review manager and contact information
10, 10'-Oxybisphenoxarsine (OBPA), Case Number 0044.	EPA-HQ-OPP-2009-0618	Megan Snyderman, snyderman.megan@epa.gov, (703) 347-0671.
4-Aminopyridine, Case Number 0015	EPA-HQ-OPP-2016-0030	Samantha Thomas, thomas.samantha@epa.gov, (703) 347-0514.
Acetochlor, Case Number 7230	EPA-HQ-OPP-2016-0298	Anna Romanovsky, romanovsky.anna@epa.gov, (703) 347-0203.
Citric Acid and Salts, Case Number 4024 Dimethenamid/Dimethenamid-p, Case Number 7223	EPA-HQ-OPP-2020-0558 EPA-HQ-OPP-2015-0803	Jessie Bailey, bailey.jessica@epa.gov, (703) 347–0148. Lauren Weissenborn, weissenborn.lauren@epa.gov, (703) 347–8601.
Ethofumesate, Case Number 2265	EPA-HQ-OPP-2015-0406	James Douglass, douglass.james@epa.gov, (703) 347–8630.
Fenazaquin, Case Number 7447	EPA-HQ-OPP-2020-0081	Katherine Atha, atha.katherine@epa.gov, (703) 347–0183.
Forchlorfenuron, Case Number 7057	EPA-HQ-OPP-2014-0641	Srijana Shrestha, shrestha.srijana@epa.gov, (703) 305-6471.
Monosodium Methanearsonate (MSMA), Case Number 2395.	EPA-HQ-OPP-2013-0107	Lauren Weissenborn, weissenborn.lauren@epa.gov, (703) 347–8601.
Novaluron, Case Number 7615	EPA-HQ-OPP-2015-0171 EPA-HQ-OPP-2011-0694	Robert Little, <i>little.robert@epa.gov</i> , (703) 347–8156. Joseph Mabon, <i>mabon.joseph@epa.gov</i> , (703) 347–0177.
Picloram, Case Number 0096	EPA-HQ-OPP-2013-0740	Andy Muench, muench.andrew@epa.gov, (703) 347–8263.
Polixetonium Chloride (Busan 77), Case Number 3034	EPA-HQ-OPP-2015-0256	Peter Bergquist, bergquist.peter@epa.gov, (703) 347–8563.
Rotenone, Case Number 0255	EPA-HQ-OPP-2015-0572	R. David Jones, jones.rdavid@epa.gov, (703) 305–6725.

The registration review docket for a pesticide includes earlier documents related to the registration review case. For example, the review opened with a Preliminary Work Plan, for public comment. A Final Work Plan was placed in the docket following public comment on the Preliminary Work Plan.

The documents in the dockets describe EPA's rationales for conducting additional risk assessments for the registration review of the pesticides included in the tables in Unit IV, as well as the Agency's subsequent risk findings and consideration of possible risk mitigation measures. These proposed interim registration review decisions are supported by the rationales included in those documents. Following public comment, the Agency will issue interim or final registration review decisions for the pesticides listed in Table 1 in Unit IV.

The registration review final rule at 40 CFR 155.58(a) provides for a minimum 60-day public comment period on all

proposed interim registration review decisions. This comment period is intended to provide an opportunity for public input and a mechanism for initiating any necessary amendments to the proposed interim decision. All comments should be submitted using the methods in **ADDRESSES**, and must be received by EPA on or before the closing date. These comments will become part of the docket for the pesticides included in the Tables in Unit IV. Comments received after the close of the comment period will be marked "late." EPA is not required to consider these late comments.

The Agency will carefully consider all comments received by the closing date and may provide a "Response to Comments Memorandum" in the docket. The interim registration review decision will explain the effect that any comments had on the interim decision and provide the Agency's response to significant comments.

Background on the registration review program is provided at: http://www.epa.gov/pesticide-reevaluation.

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.

Dated: January 11, 2021.

Mary Reaves,

Director, Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 2021-05606 Filed 3-17-21; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-10021-32-Region 9]

Public Water System Supervision Program Revisions for the Navajo Nation

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of tentative approval.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the Navajo Nation revised its approved

Public Water System Supervision (PWSS) Program under the federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) by adopting the Radionuclides Rule. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has determined that these revisions by the Navajo Nation are no less stringent than the corresponding Federal regulations and otherwise meet applicable SDWA primacy requirements. Therefore, the EPA intends to approve the stated revisions to the Navajo Nation's PWSS Program. **DATES:** A request for a public hearing must be received or postmarked before April 19, 2021.

ADDRESSES: All documents relating to this determination are available online at http://www.navajoepa.org. Should you have difficulty accessing the website, please contact Yolanda Barney, Navajo PWSS Program, at (928) 871–7715; or via email at ybarney@navajopublicwater.org.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Adam Ramos, EPA Region 9, Drinking Water Section (WTR-4-1), 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105; via telephone at (415) 972–3450; or via email address at ramos.adam@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background. The EPA approved the Navajo Nation's initial application for PWSS Program primary enforcement authority ("primacy") on October 23, 2000 (65 FR 66541). Since initial approval, EPA has approved various revisions to Navajo Nation's PWSS Program. For the revisions covered by this action, the EPA revised the Radionuclides Rule on December 7, 2000 (66 Fed. Reg 76708). The revisions set new monitoring provisions for community water systems (CWS), retain the existing MCLs for combined radium-226 and radium-228, gross alpha particle radioactivity, beta particle and photon activity, and regulate uranium for the first time. EPA has determined that the Radionuclides Rule requirements were incorporated by reference into the Navajo Nation Primary Drinking Water Regulations, Part II Maximum Contaminant Levels, Part IV Sampling and Analytical Requirements and Appendix B—Public Notification of Drinking Water Violations and Appendix F—Consumer Confidence Report, in a manner that Navajo Nation's regulations are comparable to and no less stringent than the federal requirements. Therefore, EPA intends to approve these revisions as part of Navajo Nation's PWSS Program.

Public Process. Any interested party may request a public hearing on this

determination. A request for a public hearing must be received or postmarked by April 19, 2021, and addressed to the Regional Administrator of EPA Region 9, via the following email address: R9dw-program@epa.gov. The Regional Administrator (RA) may deny frivolous or insubstantial requests for a hearing. If a substantial request for a public hearing is made by April 19, 2021, EPA Region 9 will hold a public hearing. Any request for a public hearing shall include the following information: 1. The name, address, and telephone number of the individual, organization, or other entity requesting a hearing; 2. A brief statement of the requesting person's or organization's interest in the RA's determination and a brief statement of the information that the requesting person intends to submit at such hearing; and 3. The signature of the individual making the request, or, if the request is made on behalf of an organization or other entity, the signature of a responsible official of the organization or other entity.

If EPA Region 9 does not receive a timely and substantive request for a hearing and the Regional Administrator does not elect to hold a hearing on her own motion, the determination at issue in this notice, the EPA's approval shall become final and effective on April 19, 2021, and no further public notice will be issued.

Authority: Section 1413 of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300g–2 (1996), and 40 CFR part 142 of the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations.

Dated: March 11, 2021.

Deborah Jordan,

Acting Regional Administrator, EPA Region

[FR Doc. 2021–05569 Filed 3–17–21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA-HQ-OPP-2017-0751; FRL-10019-48]

Pesticide Registration Review; Interim Decisions and Case Closures for Several Pesticides; Notice of Availability

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the availability of EPA's interim registration review decisions for the following chemicals: 1,4-DMN and 2,6-DIPN, acequinocyl, clopyralid, dithiopyr, etridiazole, fenpropimorph, fenpyroximate, flonicamid, flumetralin,

formetanate HCl, hypochlorous acid, mandipropamid, MCPB, Metarhizium anisopliae, metolachlor/S-metolachlor, naphthalene, para-dichlorobenzene (PDCB), propanil, terbacil, and triclopyr. It also announces the posting of the amended interim decision for buprofezin. In addition, it announces the closure of the registration review case for Bacillus cereus strain BP01, Pantoea agglomerans strain C9–1, and Pantoea agglomerans strain E325 because the last U.S. registrations for these pesticides have been canceled.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. Does this action apply to me?

This action is directed to the public in general, and may be of interest to a wide range of stakeholders including environmental, human health, farm worker, and agricultural advocates; the chemical industry; pesticide users; and members of the public interested in the sale, distribution, or use of pesticides. Since others also may be interested, the Agency has not attempted to describe all the specific entities that may be affected by this action. If you have any questions regarding the applicability of this action to a particular entity, consult the pesticide specific contact person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION **CONTACT**: For pesticide specific information, contact: The Chemical Review Manager for the pesticide of

information, contact: The Chemical Review Manager for the pesticide of interest identified in the Table in Unit IV.

For general information on the

For general information on the registration review program, contact: Melanie Biscoe, Pesticide Re-evaluation Division (7508P), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460–0001; telephone number: (703) 305–7106; email address: biscoe.melanie@epa.gov.

II. Background

Registration review is EPA's periodic review of pesticide registrations to ensure that each pesticide continues to satisfy the statutory standard for registration, that is, the pesticide can perform its intended function without unreasonable adverse effects on human health or the environment. As part of the registration review process, the Agency has completed interim decisions for all pesticides listed in the Table in Unit IV. Through this program, EPA is ensuring that each pesticide's registration is based on current scientific and other knowledge, including its effects on human health and the environment.