

available on the Conference's website shortly after the conclusion of the event: <https://livestream.com/ACUS>.

**Written Comments:** Persons who wish to comment on any of the proposed recommendations or official statement may do so by submitting a written statement either online by clicking "Submit a comment" on the 73rd Plenary Session web page shown above or by mail addressed to: December 2020 Plenary Session Comments, Administrative Conference of the United States, Suite 706 South, 1120 20th Street NW, Washington, DC 20036. Written submissions must be received no later than 10 a.m. (EDT), Monday, December 14, to ensure consideration by the Assembly.

Dated: November 24, 2020.

**Shawne McGibbon,**

*General Counsel.*

[FR Doc. 2020-26438 Filed 11-30-20; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6110-01-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

### Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

November 24, 2020.

The Department of Agriculture has submitted the following information collection requirement(s) to OMB for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13. Comments are requested regarding; whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; the accuracy of the agency's estimate of burden including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Comments regarding this information collection received by December 31, 2020 will be considered. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be submitted within 30 days of the publication of this notice on the following website [www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain](http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain). Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day

Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a currently valid OMB control number and the agency informs potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information that such persons are not required to respond to the collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

### Animal Plant and Health Inspection Service

**Title:** Export Health Certificate for Animal Products.

**OMB Control Number:** 0579-0256.

**Summary of Collection:** The Animal Health Protection Act (AHPA) of 2002 is the primary Federal law governing the protection of animal health. The law gives the Secretary of Agriculture board authority to detect, control, or eradicate pests or diseases of livestock or poultry. The export of agricultural commodities, including animals and animal products, is a major business in the United States and contributes to a favorable balance of trade. To facilitate the export of U.S. animals and products, the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), Veterinary Services maintains information regarding the import health requirements of other countries for animals and animal products exported from the United States. Many countries that import animal products from the United States require a certification from APHIS that the United States is free of certain diseases. These countries may also require that our certification statement contain additional declarations regarding the U.S. animal products being exported. Regulations pertaining to export certification of animals and animal products are contained in 9 CFR part 91. VS forms 16-4 and VS 16-4A, Export Certificate for Animal Products and Export Certificate for Animal Products Continuation Sheet; a hearing request to appeal VS' decision to refuse to grant a certificate; a notification of tampered certificate; and letterhead certification can be used to meet these requirements.

**Need and Use of the Information:** VS forms 16-4 and 16-4A serve as the official certification that the United States is free of rinderpest, foot-and-mouth disease, classical swine fever, swine vesicular disease, African swine fever, bovine fever, bovine spongiform encephalopathy, and contagious bovine pleuropneumonia. APHIS will collect the exporter's name, address, the name and address of the consignee, the quantity,

and unit of measure, type of product being exported, the exporter's identification, and type of conveyance (ship, train, and truck) that will transport the products. The form also asks for any declarations the receiving country might require such as statements concerning where the product originated and how it was processed. Without the information, many countries would not accept animal products from the United States, creating a serious trade imbalance and adversely affecting U.S. exporters.

**Description of Respondents:** Business or other-for-profit.

**Number of Respondents:** 42,000.

**Frequency of Responses:** Reporting: On occasion.

**Total Burden Hours:** 51,771.

**Ruth Brown,**

*Departmental Information Collection Clearance Officer.*

[FR Doc. 2020-26391 Filed 11-30-20; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3410-34-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

### Food and Nutrition Service

#### Agency Information Collection Activities: Recordkeeping of D-SNAP Benefit Issuance and Commodity Distribution for Disaster Relief

**AGENCY:** Food and Nutrition Service (FNS), USDA.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, this notice invites the general public and other public agencies to comment on this proposed information collection. This collection is a revision of a currently approved collection. This information collection addresses the recordkeeping burden associated with forms FNS-292A (*Report of Commodity Distribution for Disaster Relief*) and FNS-292B (*Report of Disaster Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Benefit Issuance*). The reporting burden for these forms, which we are not seeking in this request, are already approved under OMB Control Number: 0584-0594; Expiration Date: 07/31/2023.

**DATES:** Written comments must be received on or before February 1, 2021.

**ADDRESSES:** The Food and Nutrition Services, USDA, invites interested persons to submit written comments.

• Preferred Method: Go to <http://www.regulations.gov>, and follow the online instructions for submitting comments electronically.

- Regarding recordkeeping for form FNS–292A may be sent to Amanda Tucker, Program Analyst, Policy Branch, Food Distribution Division, Braddock Metro Center II, 1320 Braddock Place, Alexandria, VA 22314, U.S. Department of Agriculture, or via email to [Amanda.Tucker@usda.gov](mailto:Amanda.Tucker@usda.gov).

- Regarding recordkeeping for form FNS–292B may be sent to Certification Policy Branch, Program Development Division, Braddock Metro Center II, 1320 Braddock Place, Alexandria, VA 22314.

All responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval. All comments will be a matter of public record.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Requests for additional information or copies of this information collection should be directed to:

Regarding recordkeeping for form FNS–292A may be sent to Amanda Tucker, Program Analyst, Food Distribution Division, Food and Nutrition Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, via email to [Amanda.Tucker@usda.gov](mailto:Amanda.Tucker@usda.gov), or phone 202–720–6051.

Regarding recordkeeping for form FNS–292B may be sent to Certification Policy Branch, Program Development Division, Braddock Metro Center II, 1320 Braddock Place, Alexandria, VA 22314, or via email to [SNAPCBPRules@usda.gov](mailto:SNAPCBPRules@usda.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

*Comments are invited on:* (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions that were used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

*Title:* Report of Disaster Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Benefit Issuances and Report of Commodity Distribution for Disaster Relief.

*Form Number:* FNS–292A and FNS–292B.

*OMB Number:* 0584–0037.

*Expiration Date:* 2/28/2021.

*Type of Request:* Revision of a currently approved collection.

*Abstract:* This information collection pertains only to the recordkeeping burden associated with forms FNS–292A and FNS–292B. The reporting burden associated with these forms is approved under OMB No. 0584–0594 (Food Program Reporting System; expiration date: 7/31/2023). The Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) utilizes forms FNS–292A and FNS–292B to collect information not otherwise available on the extent of FNS-funded disaster relief operations.

The total number of respondents who could utilize commodities for disaster relief is approximately 190 State agencies and Indian Tribal Organizations administering the Commodity Supplemental Food Program (CSFP), the Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP), the Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR), or the USDA Foods in Schools program. However, the total number of State agencies potentially using this form in a given year is 108 (55 Food Distribution State agencies for Form FNS–292A; and, 53 State SNAP agencies will maintain the Form FNS–292B).

Form FNS–292A, *Report of Commodity Distribution for Disaster Relief*, is used by State distributing agencies, including Indian Tribal Organizations administering FDPIR or CSFP, to provide a summary report to FNS following termination of disaster commodity assistance and to request replacement of donated foods distributed during the disaster or situation of distress. Donated food distribution in disaster situations is authorized under Section 32 of the Act of August 24, 1935 (7 U.S.C. 612c); Section 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1431); Section 709 of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1965 (7 U.S.C. 1446a–1); Section 4(a) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note); and by Sections 412 and 413 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5179, 5180). Program implementing regulations are contained in Part 250 of Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). In accordance with 7 CFR 250.69(f) and 7 CFR 250.70(f), State distributing agencies shall provide a summary report to FNS within 45 days following termination of the disaster assistance, and maintain records of these reports and other information relating to disasters. The number of disasters that will result in a State distributing agency requesting to operate a disaster commodity assistance in a given year is impossible to predict. However, 55 is the maximum number of State

distributing agencies that have ever utilized disaster commodity assistance in a given year. Accordingly, FNS is estimating this burden by assuming that, at maximum, 55 State distributing agency will distribute donated foods during a disaster or situation of distress once per year.

Form FNS–292B, *Report of Disaster Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Benefit Issuance*, is used by 53 State SNAP agencies to report to FNS the number of households and persons certified for Disaster Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (D–SNAP) benefits as well as the value of benefits issued. D–SNAP is a separate program from the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) and is authorized by Sections 402 and 502 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 *et seq.*) and the temporary emergency provisions contained in Section 5 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, and in 7 CFR part 280 of the SNAP regulations. State agencies may request FNS approval to operate a D–SNAP to address the temporary food needs of certain households in affected areas following a disaster after certain criteria is met. If approved to operate D–SNAP by FNS, a State agency must submit its final FNS–292B to FNS within 45 days of terminating D–SNAP operations, and maintain records of this report. Similarly, the number of disasters that result in a State SNAP agency requesting to operate D–SNAP in a given year is impossible to predict. However, FNS is estimating this burden assuming that, at maximum, each of the 53 State SNAP agencies will request and be approved to operate D–SNAP once per year.

*Affected Public:* State agencies that administer FNS disaster food relief activities.

*Estimated Number of Respondents:* 108 State agencies: 55 Food Distribution State agencies for Form FNS–292A; 53 State SNAP agencies for Form FNS–292B.

*Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent:* 1 recordkeeping response per State distributing agency; 1 recordkeeping responses per State SNAP agency.

*Estimated Total Annual Responses:* 108.

*Estimated Time per Response:* Recordkeeping burden for the State agencies is estimated to be 5 minutes (.0835 hours) per form FNS–292A per State distributing agency respondent, and 5 minutes (.0835 hours) per form FNS–292B per State SNAP agency respondent.

*Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents:* Recordkeeping burden for the State agencies is estimated to be 4.59

total annual hours for respondents using FNS–292A, and 4.426 total annual burden estimates for respondents using

FNS–292B, for a combined total of 9.02 total annual burden hours rounded down to 9 total annual burden hours.

Respondent category	Type of respondents (optional)	Instruments	Form	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Total annual responses	Hours per response	Annual burden (hours)
State Government .....	Food Distribution State Agencies Staff.	Commodity Distribution Form FNS–292A.	FNS–292A	55	1	55	0.0835	4.59
State Government .....	SNAP State Agencies Staff.	D–SNAP Benefit Issuance Form FNS 292–B.	FNS–292B	53	1	53	0.0835	4.426
Total .....	.....	.....	.....	108	1.000	108	0.084	9.02

**Pamilyn Miller,**  
*Administrator, Food and Nutrition Service.*  
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**DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

**Forest Service**

**Jefferson National Forest; Monroe County, West Virginia; Giles and Montgomery County, Virginia. Mountain Valley Pipeline and Equitrans Expansion Project Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement**

**AGENCY:** Forest Service, USDA.

**ACTION:** Notice of intent to prepare a supplemental environmental impact statement; revised.

**SUMMARY:** The USDA, Forest Service (FS) published a notice of intent to prepare a Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS) to the 2017 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS) for the Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP) and Equitrans Expansion Project in the **Federal Register** on July 30, 2020. The Notice of Intent (NOI) informed the public of the MVP project proposed action: To construct and operate a buried 42-inch natural gas pipeline across approximately 3.5 miles of the Jefferson National Forest (JNF). The NOI identified the FS as the lead agency and the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) as the Federal cooperating agency. A corrected NOI has been prepared to update the responsible official for the FS, to update the applicability of the FS predecisional administrative review process, and to update contacts for both parties.

**DATES:** The Draft SEIS was available on September 25, 2020 and the Final SEIS is anticipated in December, 2020.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** For further information on this project, please contact Ken Arney, the Regional Forester for the Southern Region, by

leaving a voicemail at: 1–888–603–0261. Individuals who use telecommunication devices for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1–800–877–8339 between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m., Eastern Time, Monday through Friday. For inquiries for the BLM, contact Victoria Craft, U.S. Bureau of Land Management Realty Specialist, at: (888) 603–0261.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Background and History**

The MVP is a proposed 303.5 mile interstate natural gas pipeline that crosses about 3.5 miles of the JNF, in Monroe County, West Virginia and Giles and Montgomery County, Virginia. The FS and the BLM participated as cooperating agencies with the FERC in the preparation of the MVP EIS. On June 29, 2017, the Notice of Availability for the FERC FEIS and the FS Draft Record of Decision (ROD) for the Mountain Valley Project Land and Resource Management Plan Amendment was published in the **Federal Register**.

On December 1, 2017, the FS adopted the FEIS and a ROD was signed by the JNF Forest Supervisor. The ROD amended the JNF Land and Resource Management Plan (Forest Plan) to allow the project to be consistent with the Forest Plan. The ROD included resource protection terms and conditions for the BLM to include should their decision be to grant a right-of-way (ROW). Therefore, both BLM and the FS have overlapping jurisdiction concerning the issuance of the terms and conditions, or stipulations included within the ROW grant.

Under the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 185 *et seq.*) (MLA), the BLM is the Federal agency responsible for issuing ROW grants for natural gas pipeline across Federal lands under the jurisdiction of two or more Federal agencies. The BLM is, therefore, responsible for considering the issuance of a ROW grant for the MVP for pipeline construction and operation across the lands under the jurisdiction of the FS and the United States Army Corps of

Engineers (USACE). In 2017, the BLM received written concurrence to proceed from both Federal agencies and on December 20, 2017 issued a ROD approving the MLA ROW grant to construct and operate the MVP pipeline across Federal lands. The BLM ROD included a temporary use authorization.

Project implementation began in December 2017 and continued until July 27, 2018 when the Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals vacated and remanded the FS’s decision approving the JNF plan amendment and BLM’s MLA ROW decision. However, the Court vacated the BLM’s MLA ROW decision only as it related to the portion through FS lands; the ROW across USACE lands was not affected and that decision remains in place. The Fourth Circuit concluded that aspects of the FS decision failed to comply with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and the National Forest Management Act (NFMA). The Court upheld the BLM’s adoption of and reliance on FERC’s FEIS as satisfying the requirements of NEPA in support of the MLA ROW decision across Federal lands. The Court, however, vacated BLM’s decision approving the MLA ROW across the JNF, concluding that the BLM did not analyze and determine whether the proposed route utilized rights-of-way in common to the extent practical, as required by the MLA, 30 U.S.C. 185(p).

On May 1, 2020, Mountain Valley Pipeline, LLC (Mountain Valley) submitted a revised MLA ROW application to the BLM seeking to construct and operate the natural gas pipeline across the JNF. Mountain Valley also requested that the FS amend the JNF Forest Plan consistent with the issues identified by the Fourth Circuit Court. On May 28, 2020, the BLM deemed Mountain Valley’s revised application complete. For more detailed information on the background and history of the MVP project, see the project website at: <https://www.fs.usda.gov/detail/gwj/>