

proceedings by first calling the Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339 and providing the Federal Relay Service operator with the conference call-in numbers: 1-800-667-5617 and conference call ID number: 7386659.

Each panel presentation will run for approximately two-hours. At the conclusion of each panel presentation, interested members of the public will be invited to make brief statements during the Public Comment section of each meeting or to submit written comments. The comments must be received in the regional office approximately 30 days after each scheduled meeting via email to Ivy Davis at [ero@usccr.gov](mailto:ero@usccr.gov).

Records and documents discussed during the meeting will be available for public viewing, as they become available, at [www.facadatabase.gov](http://www.facadatabase.gov). Persons interested in the work of this advisory committee may go to the Commission's website, [www.usccr.gov](http://www.usccr.gov), or to contact the Eastern Regional Office at the above email address.

*Agenda for:* Thursday, November 12 at 3:15 p.m. (ET); Tuesday, November 17 at 2:15 p.m. (ET); Wednesday, November 18 at 2:15 p.m. (ET); and Thursday, November 19, 2020 at 2:15 p.m. (ET)

I. Roll Call

II. Welcome

III. Briefing on Collateral Consequences that a Criminal Record has on either Asset Forfeiture or access to Employment-Occupational Licensing in New Jersey.

IV. Public Comments. Immediately following the conclusion of each meeting.

V. Adjourn

Dated: October 23, 2020.

**David Mussatt,**

*Supervisory Chief, Regional Programs Unit.*

[FR Doc. 2020-23931 Filed 10-28-20; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[B-52-2020]

#### Foreign-Trade Zone 38—Spartanburg County, South Carolina; Application for Production Authority; Teijin Carbon Fibers, Inc.; Extension of Rebuttal Comment Period

The rebuttal period for the application for production authority within FTZ 38 on behalf of Teijin Carbon Fibers, Inc. in Greenwood, South Carolina, submitted by the South Carolina Ports Authority (85 FR 49359, August 13, 2020), is being extended based on a

request from the applicant to November 10, 2020, to allow additional time for the submission of rebuttal comments. Submissions shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary and sent to: [ftz@trade.gov](mailto:ftz@trade.gov).

For further information, contact Diane Finver at [Diane.Finver@trade.gov](mailto:Diane.Finver@trade.gov) or (202) 482-1367.

Dated: October 26, 2020.

**Andrew McGilvray,**

*Executive Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 2020-23989 Filed 10-28-20; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### Bureau of Industry and Security

#### Order Denying Export Privileges; In the Matter of: Junior Joel Joseph, 5808 Turkey Lake Road, Orlando, FL 32819

On April 12, 2019, in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida, Junior Joel Joseph ("Junior Joseph") was convicted of violating 18 U.S.C. 371, Section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act, 22 U.S.C.A. 2778 (2012) ("AECA"), the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C 1701, *et seq.* (2012)) ("IEEPA") and 18 U.S.C. 554(a). Specifically, Junior Joseph was convicted of conspiring to illegally export and send firearms and ammunition from the United States to Haiti without having obtained the required authorization, license, or approval, in violation of 18 U.S.C. 371; of knowingly and willfully exporting and causing to be exported from the United States to Haiti, defense articles, AR-15 Type Rifles, Glock semi-automatic pistols, and ammunition, without first having obtained the required authorization from the U.S. Department of State, in violation of Section 38 of the AECA; of knowingly and willfully exporting and causing to be exported from the United States to Haiti, Standard Manufacturing Model DP-12 shotguns and Rossi Model ST12 shotguns with a barrel length in excess of eighteen (18) inches, without first having obtained the required authorization from the U.S. Department of Commerce, in violation of IEEPA; and of fraudulently and knowingly exporting, sending, and attempting to export AR-15 Type Rifles, Glock semi-automatic pistols, and ammunition from the United States to Haiti, in violation of 18 U.S.C. 554. Junior Joseph was sentenced to 16 months in prison, three years of supervised release, and a \$500 assessment.

Pursuant to Section 1760(e) of the Export Control Reform Act ("ECRA"),<sup>1</sup> the export privileges of any person who has been convicted of certain offenses, including, but not limited to, violations of 18 U.S.C. 371, Section 38 of the AECA, IEEPA and 18 U.S.C. 554(a), may be denied for a period of up to ten (10) years from the date of his/her conviction. 50 U.S.C. 4819(e) (Prior Convictions). In addition, any Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) licenses or other authorizations issued under ECRA in which the person had an interest at the time of the conviction may be revoked. *Id.*

BIS received notice of Junior Joseph's conviction for violating 18 U.S.C. 371, Section 38 of the AECA, IEEPA and 18 U.S.C. 554(a), and has provided notice and opportunity for Junior Joseph to make a written submission to BIS, as provided in Section 766.25 of the Export Administration Regulations ("EAR" or the "Regulations"). 15 CFR 766.25.<sup>2</sup> BIS has not received a written submission from Junior Joseph.

Based upon my review of the record and consultations with BIS's Office of Export Enforcement, including its Director, and the facts available to BIS, I have decided to deny Junior Joseph's export privileges under the Regulations for a period of seven years from the date of Junior Joseph's conviction. I have also decided to revoke any BIS-issued licenses in which Junior Joseph had an interest at the time of his conviction.

Accordingly, it is hereby *ordered*:

*First*, from the date of this Order until April 12, 2026, Junior Joseph, with a last known address of 5808 Turkey Lake Road, Orlando, FL 32819, and when acting for or on his behalf, his successors, assigns, employees, agents or representatives ("the Denied

<sup>1</sup> ECRA was enacted as part of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019, and as amended is codified at 50 U.S.C. 4801-4852. Junior Joseph's conviction post-dates ECRA's enactment on August 13, 2018.

<sup>2</sup> The Regulations are currently codified in the Code of Federal Regulations at 15 CFR parts 730-774 (2020). The Regulations originally issued under the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended, 50 U.S.C. 4601-4623 (Supp. III 2015) ("EAA"), which lapsed on August 21, 2001. The President, through Executive Order 13,222 of August 17, 2001 (3 CFR, 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), which was extended by successive Presidential Notices, continued the Regulations in full force and effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C. 1701, *et seq.* (2012) ("IEEPA"). Section 1768 of ECRA, 50 U.S.C. 4826, provides in pertinent part that all rules and regulations that were made or issued under the EAA, including as continued in effect pursuant to IEEPA, and were in effect as of ECRA's date of enactment (August 13, 2018), shall continue in effect according to their terms until modified, superseded, set aside, or revoked through action undertaken pursuant to the authority provided under ECRA. *See* note 1, *supra*.