

Form Number: N/A.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Respondents: Business or other for-profit, Not-for-profit institutions, State, local or Tribal governments.

Number of Respondents and Responses: 19,820 respondents and 19,920 responses.

Estimated Time per Response: 0.25 hours–1 hour.

Frequency of Response: On occasion reporting requirements; annual recordkeeping requirement.

Obligation to Respond: Required to obtain or retain benefits. Statutory authority for this information collection is contained in 47 U.S.C. 158 and 159.

Total Annual Burden: 10,030 hours.

Total Annual Cost: No Cost.

Privacy Act Impact Assessment: No impact(s).

Nature and Extent of Confidentiality: Licensees or regulatees concerned about disclosure of sensitive information in any submissions to the Commission may request confidential treatment pursuant to 47 CFR 0.459 of the Commission's rules.

Needs and Uses: The Commission will submit this information collection to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) after this 60-day comment period in order to obtain the full three-year clearance from them.

The Commission provides broadcast licensees and commercial mobile radio service (CMRS) licensees with a “true-up” opportunity to update or otherwise correct their assessed fee amounts well before the actual due date for payment of regulatory fees. Providing a “true-up” opportunity is necessary because the data sources that are used to generate the fee assessments are subject to change at time of transfer or assignment of the license. The “true-up” is also an opportunity for regulatees to correct inaccuracies. Per 47 CFR 1.1119 and 1.1166, the FCC may, upon a properly submitted written request, waive or defer collection of an application fee or waive, reduce, or defer payment of a regulatory fee in a specific instance for good cause shown where such action would promote the public interest. When submitting the request, no specific form is required.

FCC requires that when licensees or regulatees request exemption from regulatory fees based on their non-profit status, they must file a one-time documentation sufficient to establish their non-profit status. The documentation may take the form of an IRS Determination Letter, a state charter indicating non-profit status, proof of church affiliation indicating tax exempt status, etc.

Federal Communications Commission.

Marlene Dortch,

Secretary, Office of the Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2020–18901 Filed 8–26–20; 8:45 am]

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[OMB 3060–0805; FRS 17016]

Information Collection Being Reviewed by the Federal Communications Commission

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: As part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burdens, and as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), the Federal Communications Commission (FCC or Commission) invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collections. Comments are requested concerning: Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; the accuracy of the Commission's burden estimate; ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and ways to further reduce the information collection burden on small business concerns with fewer than 25 employees. The FCC may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the PRA that does not display a valid OMB control number.

DATES: Written PRA comments should be submitted on or before October 26, 2020. If you anticipate that you will be submitting comments, but find it difficult to do so within the period of time allowed by this notice, you should advise the contact listed below as soon as possible.

ADDRESSES: Direct all PRA comments to Nicole Ongele, FCC, via email PRA@fcc.gov and to Nicole.Ongele@fcc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For additional information about the information collection, contact Nicole Ongele, (202) 418–2991.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

OMB Control Number: 3060–0805.

Title: 700 MHz Eligibility, Regional Planning Requirements, and 4.9 GHz Guidelines (47 CFR 90.523, 90.527, and 90.1211).

Form No.: N/A.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Respondents: Business or other for profit; not-for-profit institutions; state, local or tribal government.

Number of Respondents and Responses: 1,161 respondents; 1,161 responses.

Estimated Time per Response: 1 hour–628 hours.

Frequency of Response: On occasion reporting and one-time reporting requirements; third party disclosure.

Obligation to Respond: Required to obtain or retain benefits (47 CFR 90.523, 90.527), and voluntary (47 CFR 90.1211). Statutory authority for this information collection is contained in 4(i), 11, 303(g), 303(r), 332(c)(7), and 337(f) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 154(i), 161, 303(g), 303(r), 332(c)(7), and 337(f), unless otherwise noted.

Total Annual Burden: 35,646 hours.

Total Annual Cost: None.

Privacy Act Impact Assessment: No impact.

Nature and Extent of Confidentiality: There is no need for confidentiality.

Needs and Uses: Section 90.523 requires that nongovernmental organizations that provide services which protect the safety of life or property obtain a written statement from an authorizing state or local government entity to support the nongovernmental organization's application for assignment of 700 MHz frequencies. Section 90.527 requires 700 MHz regional planning regions to submit an initial plan for use of the 700 MHz general use spectrum in the consolidated narrowband segment 769–775 MHz and 799–805 MHz. Regional planning committees may modify plans by written request, which must contain the full text of the modification and certification that the modification was successfully coordinated with adjacent regions. Regional planning promotes a fair and open process in developing allocation assignments by requiring input from eligible entities in the allocation decisions and the application technical review/approval process. Entities that seek inclusion in the plan to obtain future licenses are considered

third party respondents. *Section 90.1211* authorizes the fifty-five 700 MHz regional planning committees to develop and submit on a voluntary basis a plan on guidelines for coordination procedures to facilitate the shared use of the 4940–4990 MHz (4.9 GHz) band. The Commission has stayed this requirement indefinitely. Applicants are granted a geographic area license for the entire fifty MHz of 4.9 GHz spectrum over a geographical area defined by the boundaries of their jurisdiction—city, county or state. Accordingly, licensees are required to coordinate their operations in the shared band to avoid interference, a common practice when joint operations are conducted.

Commission staff will use the information to assign licenses, determine regional spectrum requirements and to develop technical standards. The information will also be used to determine whether prospective licensees operate in compliance with the Commission's rules. Without such information, the Commission could not accommodate regional requirements or provide for the efficient use of the available frequencies. This information collection includes rules to govern the operation and licensing of the 700 MHz and 4.9 GHz bands rules and regulation to ensure that licensees continue to fulfill their statutory responsibilities in accordance with the Communications Act of 1934, as amended. Such information will continue to be used to verify that applicants are legally and technically qualified to hold licenses, and to determine compliance with Commission rules.

Federal Communications Commission.

Marlene Dortch,

Secretary, Office of the Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2020–18837 Filed 8–26–20; 8:45 am]

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[FRS 17006]

Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice of a modified system of records.

SUMMARY: The Federal Communications Commission (FCC or Commission or Agency) has transferred (within the FCC), renamed, and modified an existing system of records, FCC/OMD–31, Private or Civil Injury Claimants

(formerly FCC/OGC–6, Private or Civil Injury Claimants), subject to the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended. This action is necessary to meet the requirements of the Privacy Act to publish in the **Federal Register** notice of the existence and character of records maintained by the Agency. Staff in the Office of the Managing Director (OMD) and the Office of General Counsel (OGC) use the personally identifiable information (PII) in this system for purposes that include, but are not limited to, determining whether a damage claim filed against the FCC should be paid and for reference purposes when similar cases arise. As necessary, the records may be transferred to the appropriate Federal agency charged with the responsibility of disposition.

DATES: This action will become effective on September 28, 2020. Written comments on the system's routine uses are due by September 28, 2020. The routine uses in this action will become effective on September 28, 2020, unless written comments are received that require a contrary determination.

ADDRESSES: Send comments to Leslie F. Smith, Privacy Manager, Information Technology (IT), Federal Communications Commission (FCC), Washington, DC 20554, or to Leslie.Smith@fcc.gov or Privacy@fcc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Leslie F. Smith, (202) 418–0217, or Leslie.Smith@fcc.gov or Privacy@fcc.gov (and to obtain a copy of the Narrative Statement and the Supplementary Document, which includes details of the modifications to this system of records).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: FCC/OMD–31 helps the FCC to determine whether a damage claim filed against the FCC should be paid and for reference purposes when similar cases arise. This notice serves to update and modify FCC/OMD–31 to reflect various necessary changes and updates, including an increased use of information technology, the expansion of the system's coverage of issues related to torts, and format changes required by OMB Circular A–108, since its previous publication. The substantive changes and modifications to the previously published version of the FCC/OMD–31 (formerly: FCC/OGC–6, Private or Civil Injury Claimants) system of records include:

1. Changing the name of the system of records to FCC/OMD–31, Private or Civil Injury Claimants, to note that this system is being transferred to the FCC's Office of the Managing Director. Both

the Office of the Managing Director and the Office of General Counsel are the joint managers for this system of records. The joint management of this SORN is also reflected in the information in the System Manager's section.

2. Updating the Security Classification to follow OMB guidance and FCC guidance.

3. Adding 28 U.S.C. 1346(b), 1402(b), 2401(b), 2671 *et seq.*, 31 U.S.C. 3711; and Military Personnel and Civilian Employees' Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. 3721, to the Authorities for Maintenance of the System as part of the necessary updates to the system to add military and civilian employees to the groups who are private or civil injury claimants.

4. Modifying the Purposes, Categories of Individuals, and Categories of Records to add military and civilian employees to those individuals who are private or civil injury claimants.

5. Deleting routine use (1) Public Access, since releases under the FOIA are covered by 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(2), so a separate routine use for them is not needed.

6. Updating language and/or renumbering four routine uses: (1) Adjudication and Litigation; (2) Law Enforcement and Investigation; (3) Congressional Inquiries; and (4) Government-wide Program Management and Oversight.

7. Adding four new routine uses: (5) Breach Notification to address real or suspected data breach situations at the FCC; (6) Assistance to Federal Agencies and Entities to allow the FCC to provide assistance to other Federal agencies in their data breach situations; (7) For Non-Federal Personnel to allow contractors performing or working on a contract for the Federal Government access to this system's information; and (8) Non-FCC Individuals and Organizations to provide information to individuals and organizations as necessary to obtain information related to an investigation. Routine Uses (5) and (6) are required by OMB Memorandum 17–12.

8. Adding two new sections: Reporting to a Consumer Reporting Agency to address valid and overdue debts owed by individuals to the FCC under the Debt Collection Act, as recommended by OMB; and History to reference the previous publication of this SORN in the **Federal Register**, as required by OMB Circular A–108.