

TABLE 1 TO § 165.1191—Continued

Regulated Area ..... The navigable waters of the Sacramento River within 700 feet of the two shore-based launch locations near the Tower Bridge in Sacramento, CA and the bridge-based launch location on the Tower Bridge in Sacramento, CA.

\* \* \* \* \*

**27. Feast of Lanterns Fireworks**

Sponsor ..... Feast of Lanterns, Inc.  
 Event Description ..... Fireworks Display.  
 Date ..... A Saturday or Sunday in July.  
 Location ..... Near Lover's Point Park in Pacific Grove, CA.  
 Regulated Area ..... The area of navigable waters within a 1,000-foot radius of the launch platform located on the beach near Lover's Point Park.

\* \* \* \* \*

**31. Benicia Fourth of July Fireworks**

Sponsor ..... City of Benicia, CA.  
 Event Description ..... Fireworks Display.  
 Date ..... July 4th.  
 Location ..... Carquinez Strait, Benicia, CA.  
 Regulated Area ..... 1,000-foot radius around the fireworks launch site located on the Benicia First Street Pier.

**32. Vallejo Fourth of July Fireworks**

Sponsor ..... City of Vallejo, CA.  
 Event Description ..... Fireworks Display.  
 Date ..... July 4th.  
 Location ..... Mare Island Strait, Vallejo, CA.  
 Regulated Area ..... 100-foot radius around the fireworks barge during the loading, transit, setup, and until the commencement of the scheduled display. Increases to a 1,000-foot radius upon commencement of the fireworks display.

**33. Berkeley Winter on the Waterfront Fireworks**

Sponsor ..... City of Berkeley, CA.  
 Event Description ..... Two Fireworks Displays.  
 Date ..... Second Saturday or Sunday in December.  
 Location ..... Near the entrance to the Berkeley Marina in Berkeley, CA.  
 Regulated Area ..... 100-foot radius around the fireworks barge during the loading, transit, setup, and until the commencement of the scheduled display. Increases to a 500-foot radius upon commencement of the first fireworks display and remains in effect until after the conclusion of the second fireworks display.

Dated: June 23, 2020.

**Marie B. Byrd,**

*Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port, San Francisco.*

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**ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**

**40 CFR Parts 52 and 81**

[EPA-R07-OAR-2020-0155; FRL-10010-76-Region 7]

**Air Plan Approval; Missouri and Kansas; Determination of Attainment for the Jackson County, Missouri 1-Hour Sulfur Dioxide Nonattainment Area and Redesignation of the Wyandotte County, Kansas Unclassifiable Area to Attainment/Unclassifiable**

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is taking final action to determine that the Jackson County, Missouri 1-hour (1-hr) Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) Nonattainment Area has attained the NAAQS and to redesignate the Wyandotte County, Kansas 1-hr SO<sub>2</sub> NAAQS Unclassifiable Area as Attainment/Unclassifiable. Both final action decisions are based on air quality monitoring and modeling data.

**DATES:** This final rule is effective on July 9, 2020.

**ADDRESSES:** The EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket ID No. EPA-R07-OAR-2020-0155. All documents in the docket are listed on the <https://www.regulations.gov> website. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, *i.e.*, CBI or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as

copyrighted material, is not placed on the internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available through <https://www.regulations.gov> or please contact the person identified in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section for additional information.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Steven Brown, Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7 Office, Air Quality Planning Branch, 11201 Renner Boulevard, Lenexa, Kansas 66219; telephone number (913) 551-7718; email address [brown.steven@epa.gov](mailto:brown.steven@epa.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Throughout this document “we,” “us,” and “our” refer to EPA.

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## I. What is being addressed in this document?

This document takes final action on the Missouri Department of Natural Resources' (MoDNR) May 4, 2018 request asking the EPA to make a determination that the Jackson County, Missouri (hereby referred to as the "Jackson County area") Nonattainment Area has attained the 2010 1-hr primary SO<sub>2</sub> NAAQS.

This document also takes final action to redesignate the Wyandotte County, Kansas 1-hr SO<sub>2</sub> NAAQS unclassifiable area (hereinafter referred to as the "Wyandotte County area") to attainment/unclassifiable based on a January 10, 2017 request from the Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE). Detailed information regarding these actions can be found in the proposed rule, 85 FR 20896, published April 15, 2020 in the **Federal Register** and in this docket.

## II. The EPA's Response to Comments

The public comment period on the EPA's proposed rule opened April 15, 2020, the date of its publication in the **Federal Register** and closed on May 15, 2020. During this period, the EPA received one comment. This comment is not substantive and does not require a response from the EPA.

## III. What action is the EPA taking?

The EPA is taking final action to determine that the Jackson County 2010 1-hr primary SO<sub>2</sub> nonattainment area, in Missouri, has attained the 2010 1-hr primary SO<sub>2</sub> NAAQS. This final determination of attainment is based on a May 2018 request from the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MoDNR) asking the EPA to consider complete, quality assured, and certified ambient air monitoring data from the 2015–2017 monitoring period and make a determination that the area has attained the 2010 1-hr primary SO<sub>2</sub> NAAQS.

The EPA is also taking final action to a January 2017 request from the Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) to redesignate the Wyandotte County, Kansas 1-hr SO<sub>2</sub> NAAQS unclassifiable area to attainment/unclassifiable. The EPA's redesignation of the Wyandotte County area is based on air quality dispersion modeling submitted by the KDHE and supplemented by modeling analysis from the MoDNR for the Jackson County area. The relationship between the MoDNR's modeling analysis and the Wyandotte County area is explained in more detail in the "What is the EPA's Analysis of the Information Submitted

by the States?" and "Connection to the Jackson County Clean Data Modeling" sections of the proposed rule, 85 FR 20896, published April 15, 2020. The EPA has made the monitoring and modeling data available in the docket to this rulemaking through [www.regulations.gov](http://www.regulations.gov).

## IV. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

This action makes a determination based on air quality monitoring data and modeling and results in the suspension of certain Federal requirements and does not impose any additional requirements.

With regard to the redesignation portion of this action, under the Clean Air Act (CAA), redesignation of an area to attainment/unclassifiable is an action that affects the air quality designation status of geographical areas and does not impose any regulatory requirements. For these reasons, this final action:

- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011);
- Is not an Executive Order 13771 (82 FR 9339, February 2, 2017) regulatory action because it is not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866.
- Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*);
- Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*);
- Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4);
- Does not have federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);
- Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);
- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);
- Is not subject to requirements of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act (NTTA) because this rulemaking does not involve technical standards; and
- Does not provide EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human

health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

This action does not apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the action does not have tribal implications and will not impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000).

## List of Subjects

### 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Clean data determination, Determination of attainment, Incorporation by reference, Redesignation, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur dioxide.

### 40 CFR Part 81

Environmental protection, Air pollution control.

Dated: June 16, 2020.

**James Gulliford,**

*Regional Administrator, Region 7.*

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the EPA amends 40 CFR parts 52 and 81 as set forth below:

## PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

- 1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*

### Subpart—AA Missouri

- 2. In § 52.1343, revise paragraph (b) to read as follows:

#### § 52.1343 Control strategy: Sulfur dioxide.

\* \* \* \* \*

(b) *Determination of attainment.* EPA has determined, as of July 9, 2020, that the Jackson County 2010 SO<sub>2</sub> nonattainment has attained the 2010 SO<sub>2</sub> 1-hr NAAQS. This determination suspends the requirements for this area to submit an attainment demonstration, associated reasonably available control measures, reasonable further progress, contingency measures, and other plan elements related to attainment of the standards for as long as the area continues to meet the 2010 SO<sub>2</sub> 1-hr NAAQS.

**PART 81—DESIGNATION OF AREAS FOR AIR QUALITY PLANNING PURPOSES**

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401, *et seq.*

is amended by revising the entry “Wyandotte County, KS” to read as follows:

■ 3. The authority citation for part 81 continues to read as follows:

**Subpart C—Section 107 Attainment Status Designations**

■ 4. In § 81.317, the table titled “Kansas-2010 Sulfur Dioxide NAAQS [Primary]”

**§ 81.317 Kansas.**

\* \* \* \* \*

**KANSAS—2010 SULFUR DIOXIDE NAAQS [Primary]**

Designated area <sup>1</sup>	Designation	
	Date <sup>2</sup>	Type
Wyandotte County, KS	July 9, 2020	Attainment/Unclassifiable.

<sup>1</sup> Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified. EPA is not determining the boundaries of any area of Indian country in this table, including any area of Indian country located in the larger designation area. The inclusion of any Indian country in the designation area is not a determination that the state has regulatory authority under the Clean Air Act for such Indian country.

<sup>2</sup> This date is April 9, 2018, unless otherwise noted.

\* \* \* \* \*  
[FR Doc. 2020–13376 Filed 7–8–20; 8:45 am]  
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**DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY**

**Federal Emergency Management Agency**

**44 CFR Part 64**

[Docket ID FEMA–2020–0005; Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA–8635]

**Suspension of Community Eligibility**

**AGENCY:** Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This rule identifies communities where the sale of flood insurance has been authorized under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) that are scheduled for suspension on the effective dates listed within this rule because of noncompliance with the floodplain management requirements of the program. If the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) receives documentation that the community has adopted the required floodplain management measures prior to the effective suspension date given in this rule, the suspension will not occur and a notice of this will be provided by publication in the **Federal Register** on a subsequent date. Also, information identifying the current participation status of a community can be obtained from FEMA’s Community Status Book (CSB). The CSB is available at <https://www.fema.gov/national-flood->

*insurance-program-community-status-book.*

**DATES:** The effective date of each community’s scheduled suspension is the third date (“Susp.”) listed in the third column of the following tables.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** If you want to determine whether a particular community was suspended on the suspension date or for further information, contact Adrienne L. Sheldon, PE, CFM, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 400 C Street SW, Washington, DC 20472, (202) 674–1087.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The NFIP enables property owners to purchase Federal flood insurance that is not otherwise generally available from private insurers. In return, communities agree to adopt and administer local floodplain management measures aimed at protecting lives and new construction from future flooding. Section 1315 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4022, prohibits the sale of NFIP flood insurance unless an appropriate public body adopts adequate floodplain management measures with effective enforcement measures. The communities listed in this document no longer meet that statutory requirement for compliance with program regulations, 44 CFR part 59. Accordingly, the communities will be suspended on the effective date in the third column. As of that date, flood insurance will no longer be available in the community. We recognize that some of these communities may adopt and submit the required documentation of legally enforceable floodplain

management measures after this rule is published but prior to the actual suspension date. These communities will not be suspended and will continue to be eligible for the sale of NFIP flood insurance. A notice withdrawing the suspension of such communities will be published in the **Federal Register**.

In addition, FEMA publishes a Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) that identifies the Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs) in these communities. The date of the FIRM, if one has been published, is indicated in the fourth column of the table. No direct Federal financial assistance (except assistance pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act not in connection with a flood) may be provided for construction or acquisition of buildings in identified SFHAs for communities not participating in the NFIP and identified for more than a year on FEMA’s initial FIRM for the community as having flood-prone areas (section 202(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4106(a), as amended). This prohibition against certain types of Federal assistance becomes effective for the communities listed on the date shown in the last column. The Administrator finds that notice and public comment procedures under 5 U.S.C. 553(b), are impracticable and unnecessary because communities listed in this final rule have been adequately notified.

Each community receives 6-month, 90-day, and 30-day notification letters addressed to the Chief Executive Officer stating that the community will be suspended unless the required floodplain management measures are