- Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);
- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);
- Is not subject to requirements of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act (NTTA) because this rulemaking does not involve technical standards; and
- Does not provide EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

In addition, the SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where the EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the rule does not have tribal implications and will not impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000).

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*, as added by the Small

**Business Regulatory Enforcement** Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this action and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the Federal Register. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the Federal Register. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the CAA, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by June 12, 2020. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this action for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to

enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2)).

## List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Incorporation by reference, Nitrogen oxide, Portland cement kilns.

Dated: March 31, 2020.

#### James Gulliford,

Regional Administrator, Region 7.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the EPA amends 40 CFR part 52 as set forth below:

# PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

### Subpart AA—Missouri

■ 2. In § 52.1320, the table in paragraph (c) is amended by revising the entry "10–6.380" to read as follows:

#### § 52.1320 Identification of plan.

(c) \* \* \*

#### **EPA-APPROVED MISSOURI REGULATIONS**

Missouri citation		Title		State ctive date	EPA approval date	Explanation
		Missouri D	epartment of Nat	ural Resources		
*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Chapter 6—Air Qua	ality Standards	, Definitions, Sampling a	and Reference M Missouri	ethods, and Air Po	Ilution Control Reg	ulations for the State of
*	*	*	*	*	*	*
10–6.380		Control of NO <sub>X</sub> Emissi Portland Cement Kilns			20, [insert <b>Federal</b> citation].	Reg-
*	*	*	*	*	*	*

[FR Doc. 2020–07141 Filed 4–10–20; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

# 40 CFR Part 52

[EPA-R07-OAR-2020-0040; FRL-10007-44-Region 7]

Air Plan Approval; Missouri; Control of Emissions From Batch Process Operations

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is taking final action to approve a revision to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for the State of Missouri for a regulation which limits the volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from batch process operations by incorporating reasonably available control technology (RACT) as required by the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990. This final action will amend the SIP to include adding incorporations by reference, including definitions specific to the rule, revising unnecessarily restrictive language, and making other administrative wording changes. The

EPA's approval of these rule revisions is being done in accordance with the requirements of the Clean Air Act (CAA).

**DATES:** This final rule is effective on May 13, 2020.

ADDRESSES: The EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket ID No. EPA-R07-OAR-2020-0040. All documents in the docket are listed on the https://www.regulations.gov website. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, i.e., CBI or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available through https:// www.regulations.gov or please contact the person identified in the FOR FURTHER **INFORMATION CONTACT** section for additional information.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Will

Stone, Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7 Office, Air Quality Planning Branch, 11201 Renner Boulevard, Lenexa, Kansas 66219; telephone number (913) 551–7714; email address stone.william@epa.gov.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Throughout this document "we," "us," and "our" refer to EPA.

# **Table of Contents**

I. What is being addressed in this document?
II. Have the requirements for approval of a SIP revision been met?
III. The EPA's Response to Comments
IV. What action is the EPA taking?
V. Incorporation by Reference
VI. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

# I. What is being addressed in this document?

The EPA is approving revisions to 10 Code of State Regulation (CSR) 10–5.540, Control of Emissions from Batch Process Operations in the Missouri SIP. Missouri made several revisions to the rule. These revisions are described in detail in the technical support document (TSD) included in the docket for this action. The EPA is finalizing this action because the revisions to these rules will not have a negative impact on air quality.

# II. Have the requirements for approval of a SIP revision been met?

The State submission has met the public notice requirements for SIP submissions in accordance with 40 CFR 51.102. The submission also satisfied the completeness criteria of 40 CFR part 51, appendix V. The State provided public notice on this SIP revision from

June 15, 2018, to September 6, 2018, and received four comments. The State revised the rule based on the comments submitted. In addition, as explained in more detail in the TSD included in the docket for this action, the revision meets the substantive SIP requirements of the CAA, including section 110 and implementing regulations.

# III. The EPA's Response to Comments

The public comment period on the EPA's proposed rule opened February 13, 2020, the date of its publication in the **Federal Register**, and closed on March 16, 2020 (85 FR 8227). During this period, EPA received one comment. The comment was not substantive or adverse. The comment can be found in the docket for this action.

# IV. What action is the EPA taking?

The EPA is taking final action to approve revisions to 10 CSR 10–5.540, Control of Emissions from Batch Process Operations in the Missouri SIP. Approval of these revisions will ensure consistency between State and federally approved rules. The EPA has determined that these changes will not adversely impact air quality.

# V. Incorporation by Reference

In this document, the EPA is finalizing regulatory text that includes incorporation by reference. In accordance with requirements of 1 CFR 51.5, the EPA is finalizing the incorporation by reference of the Missouri Regulations described in the amendments to 40 CFR part 52 set forth below. The EPA has made, and will continue to make, these materials generally available through www.regulations.gov and at the EPA Region 7 Office (please contact the person identified in the FOR FURTHER **INFORMATION CONTACT** section of this preamble for more information).

Therefore, these materials have been approved by the EPA for inclusion in the State Implementation Plan, have been incorporated by reference by EPA into that plan, are fully federally enforceable under sections 110 and 113 of the CAA as of the effective date of the final rulemaking of the EPA's approval, and will be incorporated by reference in the next update to the SIP compilation.<sup>1</sup>

## VI. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the CAA, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the Act and applicable Federal regulations. 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a).

Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, EPA's role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the CAA. Accordingly, this action merely approves state law as meeting Federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this action:

- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011);
- Is not an Executive Order 13771 (82 FR 9339, February 2, 2017) regulatory action because SIP approvals are exempted under Executive Order 12866.
- Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*);
- Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*);
- Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4);
- Does not have federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);
- Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);
- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);
- Is not subject to requirements of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act (NTTA) because this rulemaking does not involve technical standards; and
- Does not provide EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

In addition, the SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where the EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the rule does not have tribal implications and will not impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000).

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*, as added by the Small

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 62 FR 27968 (May 22, 1997).

**Business Regulatory Enforcement** Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this action and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the **Federal Register**. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the **Federal Register**. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the CAA, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by June 12, 2020. Filing a

petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this action for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2)).

## List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Ozone, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Volatile organic compounds.

Dated: March 31, 2020.

## James Gulliford,

Regional Administrator, Region 7.
For the reasons stated in the preamble, the EPA amends 40 CFR part 52 as set forth below:

# PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

## Subpart AA—Missouri

■ 2. In § 52.1320, the table in paragraph (c) is amended by revising the entry "10–5.540" to read as follows:

#### §52.1320 Identification of plan.

(c) \* \* \* \* \* \*

## **EPA-APPROVED MISSOURI REGULATIONS**

Missouri citation Title		State effective date		EPA approval date	Ехр	Explanation	
		Missour	i Department of Na	atural Resources			
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Ch	napter 5—Air Quality Stand	ards and A	ir Pollution Contro	I Regulations for the St.	Louis Metropolitan A	Area	
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
* 10–5.540			2/28/2019 4/13	* 2/2020, [insert <b>Federal I</b> ter citation].	* Reg-	*	

[FR Doc. 2020–07139 Filed 4–10–20; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

## 47 CFR Part 54

[WC Docket Nos. 18–213, 20–89; FCC 20–44; FRS 16657]

# Promoting Telehealth for Low-Income Consumers; COVID-19 Telehealth Program; Correction

**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.

**ACTION:** Final order; correction; clarification of effective date.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Communications Commission (Commission) corrects the **DATES** section of a document published on April 9, 2020 to provide clarification

as it pertains to the effective date of the COVID–19 Telehealth Program.

**DATES:** This correction is effective April 9, 2020.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Rashann Duvall, *Rashann.Duvall@* fcc.gov, Telecommunications Access Policy Division, Wireline Competition Bureau, (202) 418–7400 or TTY: (202) 418–0484.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Correction

In the **Federal Register** of April 9, 2020, in FR Doc. 2020–07587, on page 19892, correct the "**DATES**" caption to read as follows:

DATES: The Report and Order is effective May 11, 2020, except for the portions of the Report and Order discussing the COVID–19 Telehealth Program, which are effective April 9, 2020, and the information collections requiring Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval. The Commission received

OMB approval of the COVID–19
Telehealth Program information
collection requirements on April 6,
2020, and those requirements are
effective April 9, 2020. The Pilot
Program information collection
requirements will not become effective
until approved by OMB. The Federal
Communications Commission will
publish a document in the Federal
Register announcing the effective date
of OMB approval of the Pilot Program
requirements.

Dated: April 9, 2020.

Federal Communications Commission.

## Cecilia Sigmund,

Federal Register Liaison Officer, Office of the Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2020–07823 Filed 4–9–20; 1:00 pm]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-P