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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day-20-20EN; Docket No. CDC-2019-0116]

Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of its continuing effort to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of government information, invites the general public and other Federal agencies the opportunity to comment on a proposed and/or continuing information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This notice invites comment on a proposed information collection project titled "Identifying Information Needs and Communication Channels for Reaching At-Risk Populations During Emergencies". This information collections aims to understand the preferences, needs, and challenges of persons with limited English proficiency (LEP) in accessing and understanding health protection information during an infectious disease emergency as well as persons who will likely help them navigate and understand health information during an outbreak: Family, physicians, staff at community-based organizations, and staff at local public health agencies.

DATES: CDC must receive written comments on or before March 23, 2020.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. CDC-2019-0116 by any of the following methods:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: Regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

• Mail: Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS–D74, Atlanta, Georgia 30329.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket Number. CDC will post, without change, all relevant comments to *Regulations.gov*.

Please note: Submit all comments through the Federal eRulemaking portal (regulations.gov) or by U.S. mail to the address listed above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, contact Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS—D74, Atlanta, Georgia 30329; phone: 404—639—7570; Email: omb@cdc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501-3520), Federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also requires Federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the Federal Register concerning each proposed collection of information, including each new proposed collection, each proposed extension of existing collection of information, and each reinstatement of previously approved information collection before submitting the collection to the OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, we are publishing this notice of a proposed data collection as described below.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments that will help:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.

5. Assess information collection costs.

Proposed Project

Identifying Information Needs and Communication Channels for Reaching At-Risk Populations During Emergencies—New—Center for Preparedness and Response (CPR), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

Nearly one tenth of the United States population over age five, or more than 25.9 million people, have limited English proficiency (LEP). Persons with LEP are disproportionately vulnerable to negative health outcomes, particularly in infectious disease emergencies. Communicating with such persons quickly and effectively in an emergency is essential, as it can encourage them to take protective personal actions like hand-washing or vaccination. These actions can protect persons with LEP and their friends and family members while reducing the spread and scale of the outbreak.

Despite widespread recognition of risks for persons with LEP in outbreaks and the importance of effective emergency risk communication, current guidelines are insufficient. Further, the empirical evidence to develop such guidelines is extremely limited. There is little understanding of persons with LEP's communication needs in emergencies, particularly from their own perspective and in their own voice. There is little data about preferences for and trust in information sources, communication channels, or formats particularly social media—nor data fully describing barriers in accessing information. There is also little discussion of how the sociocultural context or social determinants play a role. Without evidence-based guidelines that address such central issues, it can be extremely challenging to create a communication or behavior change strategy, drive related programming, or develop messages and materials. This is especially true in the high-pressure moments of infectious disease emergencies, where time is limited, the science is evolving, and organizations have competing priorities.

This research effort will provide CDC with information about the preferences, needs, and challenges of persons with LEP in accessing and understanding health protection information during an infectious disease emergency. The findings will be used to develop evidence-based emergency risk communication recommendations for CDC and state, local and territorial public health agencies. The results will be used to help ensure LEP-focused communications are effective, prevent delays, reduce inequities in health outcomes, and help contain infectious disease outbreaks that affect LEP communities and the broader public. The proposed study utilizes a rigorous

mixed methods design. It incorporates views of persons with LEP through a survey (via mail, online, telephone, or in-person, depending on respondent preference) and qualitative, in-depth interviews (IDIs) (via telephone). It also incorporates the views of persons who

will likely help persons with LEP navigate and understand health protection information during an infectious disease emergency: Family, physicians, and staff at communitybased organizations and local public health agencies. IDIs will be conducted with each group (via telephone).

CDC is requesting a two-year approval for this information collection. The total annualized burden hour estimate is 369 burden hours. There is no cost to respondents other than their time.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondents	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)	Total burden (in hours)
Persons with LEP	Persons with LEP—Survey	637	1	20/60	212
Persons with LEP	Persons with LEP—IDIs	44	1	1	44
Family members	Family members—IDIs	44	1	1	44
Physicians	Physicians—IDIs	33	1	1	33
CBO staff	CBO staff—IDIs	18	1	1	18
LPHA staff	LPHA staff—IDIs	18	1	1	18
Total					369

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30Day-20-1156]

Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has submitted the information collection request titled Performance Monitoring of "Working with Publicly Funded Health Centers to Reduce Teen Pregnancy among Youth from Vulnerable Populations" (OMB# 0920– 1156, Exp. 01/31/2020) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval. A revision is requested to reduce burden hours and extend data collection through the end of the funding period (09/30/2020). CDC previously published a "Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations" notice on September 5, 2019 to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. CDC received three comments related to the previous notice. This notice serves to allow an additional 30 days for public and affected agency comments.

CDC will accept all comments for this proposed information collection project.

The Office of Management and Budget is particularly interested in comments that:

- (a) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- (b) Evaluate the accuracy of the agencies estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- (c) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected;
- (d) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including, through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses; and
- (e) Assess information collection

To request additional information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, call (404) 639–7570 or send an email to <code>omb@cdc.gov</code>. Direct written comments and/or suggestions regarding the items contained in this notice to the Attention: CDC Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, 725 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20503 or by fax to (202) 395–5806. Provide written comments within 30 days of notice publication.

Proposed Project

Performance Monitoring of "Working with Publicly Funded Health Centers to

Reduce Teen Pregnancy among Youth from Vulnerable Populations"—
Revision—National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

Although the 2017 U.S. rate of 18.8 births per 1,000 female teens aged 15-19 years represents a continued decline, the United States has one of the highest teen birth rates of all Western industrialized countries. Access to reproductive health services and the most effective types of contraception has been shown to reduce the likelihood that teens become pregnant. Nevertheless, recent research and lessons learned through a previous teen pregnancy prevention project implemented through CDC in partnership with the Office of Adolescent Health (2010–2015; OMB No. 0920-0952, Exp. 12/31/2015) demonstrate that many health centers serving teens do not engage in youthfriendly best practices that may enhance access to care and to the most effective types of contraception. Furthermore, youth at highest risk of experiencing a teen pregnancy are often not connected to the reproductive health care that they need, even when they are part of a population that is known to be at high risk for a teen pregnancy. Significant racial, ethnic and geographic disparities in teen birth rates persist and continue to be a focus of public health efforts.

To address these challenges, CDC has provided funding to three organizations to strengthen partnerships and processes that improve reproductive health services for teens. These awardees are working with 25 publicly