(2) Should the EPA consider going through a notice and comment process for the extension?

(3) How should the EPA evaluate any future treatment technique variance requests to the LCR? Specifically, because the term is not currently defined in statute or regulation, how should the EPA interpret "at least as efficient" to satisfy the statutory requirements for a variance to be granted under the SDWA Section 1415(a)(3)? Beyond the criteria the EPA has evaluated in issuing the variance order, are there other criteria relevant to the meaning of "at least as efficient" that the EPA should consider for future requests? How should the Agency evaluate the combined overall efficiency of a proposed alternative treatment technique, including whether or how to:

a. Prepare an LSL inventory to identify and track LSLRs;

b. distribute filters certified for lead removal to homes at risk of elevated lead levels;

c. accelerate LSLRs;

d. achieve near optimal corrosion control treatment; and

e. conduct outreach and education with consumers?

(4) The EPA also requests comment on other actions that water systems could take to ensure equally efficient reductions in drinking water lead exposure.

The variance order and its terms and conditions are available online as part of docket number EPA–R08–OW–2019– 0404 at *www.regulations.gov.*

After consideration of public comments received, the EPA may modify the terms and conditions of the variance order to change the criteria by which the EPA will assess the effectiveness of Denver Water's alternative program in order to determine whether the variance should be extended.

Dated: December 16, 2019.

Gregory Sopkin,

Regional Administrator, Region 8. [FR Doc. 2019–27487 Filed 12–19–19; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-10002-55-OW]

Notice of Availability of the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill Louisiana Trustee Implementation Group Draft Restoration Plan and Environmental Assessment #6: Wetlands, Coastal, and Nearshore Habitats

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of availability; request for public comments.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA) and the

National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), the Federal and State natural resource trustee agencies for the Louisiana Trustee Implementation Group (Louisiana TIG) prepared a Draft **Restoration Plan and Environmental** Assessment #6: Wetlands, Coastal, and Nearshore Habitats (Draft RP/EA). The Draft RP/EA describes and proposes restoration project alternatives considered by the Louisiana TIG to restore and conserve wetlands, coastal, and nearshore habitats injured as a result of the Deepwater Horizon oil spill. The Louisiana TIG evaluated these alternatives under criteria set forth in the OPA natural resource damage assessment (NRDA) regulations, and also evaluated the environmental consequences of the restoration alternatives in accordance with the NEPA. The proposed projects are consistent with the restoration alternatives selected in the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill Final Programmatic Damage Assessment and Restoration Plan/Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement (PDARP/PEIS). This notice informs the public of the availability of the Draft RP/EA and provides an opportunity for the public to submit comments on the document.

DATES: The Louisiana TIG will consider public comments received on or before January 21, 2020.

Public Webinar: The Louisiana TIG will conduct a public webinar on January 8, 2020, at 12 p.m. Central Standard Time to facilitate public review and comment on the Draft RP/ EA. The public webinar will include a presentation on the Draft RP/EA. Public comments will be taken during the public webinar. The public may register for the webinar at *https://* attendee.gotowebinar.com/register/ 8527752114619805195. After registering, participants will receive a confirmation email with instructions for joining the webinar. The presentation will be posted on the web shortly after the webinar is conducted.

ADDRESSES:

Obtaining Documents: You may download the Draft RP/EA at any of the following sites:

• http://www.gulfspillrestoration. noaa.gov;

• http://www.la-dwh.com. Alternatively, you may request a CD of the Draft RP/EA (see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT). You may also view the document at any of the public facilities listed at http://www.gulfspill restoration.noaa.gov.

Submitting Comments: You may submit comments on the Draft RP/EA by one of the following methods: Via the Web: http://www.gulfspill restoration.noaa.gov/restoration-areas/ louisiana.

• *Via U.S. Mail:* U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, P.O. Box 29649, Atlanta, GA 30345.

• During the Public Webinar: Comments may be provided by the public during the webinar on January 8, 2020.

Once submitted, comments cannot be edited or withdrawn. The Louisiana TIG may publish any comment received on the document. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Multimedia submissions (audio, video, etc.) must be accompanied by a written comment. The written comment is considered the official comment and should include discussion of all points you wish to make. The Louisiana TIG will generally not consider comments or comment contents located outside of the primary submission (*i.e.* on the web, cloud, or other file sharing system). Please be aware that your entire comment, including your personal identifying information, will become part of the public record. Please note that mailed comments must be postmarked on or before the comment deadline of 30 days following publication of this notice to be considered.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

- Louisiana—Joann Hicks, 225–342– 5477
- EPA—Douglas Jacobson, 214–665– 6692

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Introduction

On April 20, 2010, the mobile offshore drilling unit Deepwater Horizon, which was being used to drill a well for BP Exploration and Production, Inc. (BP), in the Macondo prospect (Mississippi Canyon 252-MC252), experienced a significant explosion, fire, and subsequent sinking in the Gulf of Mexico, resulting in the release of an unprecedented volume of oil and other discharges from the rig and from the wellhead on the seabed. The Deepwater Horizon oil spill is the largest offshore oil spill in U.S. history, discharging millions of barrels of oil over a period of 87 days. The Trustees conducted the natural resource damage assessment for the Deepwater Horizon oil spill under the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (33 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.). Under the OPA, Federal and State agencies act as trustees on behalf of the public to assess natural resource injuries and losses and

to determine the actions required to compensate the public for those injuries and losses. The OPA further instructs the designated trustees to develop and implement a plan for the restoration, rehabilitation, replacement, or acquisition of the equivalent of the injured natural resources under their trusteeship, including the loss of use and services from those resources from the time of injury until the time restoration to baseline (the resource quality and conditions that would exist if the spill had not occurred) is complete.

The *Deepwater Horizon* oil spill Trustees are:

• U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA);

• U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), as represented by the National Park Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and Bureau of Land Management;

• National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), on behalf of the U.S. Department of Commerce;

• U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA);

• State of Louisiana Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority (CPRA), Oil Spill Coordinator's Office (LOSCO), Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ), Department of Wildlife and Fisheries (LDWF), and Department of Natural Resources (LDNR);

• State of Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality;

 State of Alabama Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and Geological Survey of Alabama;

• State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection and Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission; and

• State of Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, General Land Office, and Commission on Environmental Quality.

On April 4, 2016, the Trustees reached and finalized a settlement of their natural resource damage claims with BP in a Consent Decree approved by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana. Pursuant to that Consent Decree, restoration projects in the Louisiana Restoration Area are chosen and managed by the Louisiana TIG. The Louisiana TIG is composed of the following Trustees: CPRA, LOSCO, LDEQ, LDWF, LDNR, EPA, DOI, NOAA, USDA.

Background

In a June 2019 notice posted at *http://www.gulfspillrestoration.noaa.gov*, the Louisiana TIG requested public input on restoration project ideas in Louisiana within the Wetlands, Coastal, and Nearshore Habitats restoration type. The

Louisiana TIG reviewed and considered these restoration project ideas.

Overview of the Draft RP/EA

The Draft RP/EA is being released in accordance with the OPA, NRDA implementing regulations, and the NEPA. In the Draft RP/EA, the Louisiana TIG presents to the public their plan to restore and conserve wetlands, coastal, and nearshore habitats injured by the *Deepwater Horizon* oil spill. The Draft RP/EA evaluates a total of four restoration project alternatives within the Wetlands, Coastal, and Nearshore Habitats restoration type. Of those, three are identified as preferred alternatives.

The Draft RP/EA proposes the following preferred project alternatives:

• West Grand Terre Beach Nourishment and Stabilization;

• Golden Triangle Marsh Creation; and

• Biloxi Marsh Living Shoreline.

The Draft RP/EA also evaluates a no action alternative. One or more alternatives may be selected for implementation by the Louisiana TIG. The proposed projects are intended to continue the process of using restoration funding to restore and conserve wetlands, coastal, and nearshore habitats injured by the *Deepwater Horizon* oil spill. The total estimated cost of the preferred alternatives is approximately \$209 million. Additional restoration planning for the Louisiana Restoration Area will continue.

Next Steps

The public is encouraged to review and comment on the Draft RP/EA. A public webinar is scheduled to help facilitate the public review and comment process. After the public comment period ends, the Louisiana TIG will consider the comments received before issuing a Final RP/EA. A summary of comments received and the Louisiana TIG's responses and any revisions to the document, as appropriate, will be included in the final document.

Administrative Record

The documents comprising the Administrative Record for the Draft RP/ EA can be viewed electronically at https://www.doi.gov/deepwaterhorizon/ adminrecord.

Authority

The authority for this action is the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (33 U.S.C. 2701 *et seq.*), its implementing NRDA regulations found at 15 CFR part 990, and the NEPA (42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*). Dated: December 2, 2019. Benita Best-Wong, Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Water. [FR Doc. 2019–26588 Filed 12–19–19; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[ER-FRL-9048-5]

Environmental Impact Statements; Notice of Availability

Responsible Agency: Office of Federal Activities, General Information 202–564–5632 or *https://www.epa.gov/nepa/.*

- Weekly receipt of Environmental Impact Statements
- Filed 12/09/2019 10 a.m. ET Through 12/16/2019 10 a.m. ET
- Pursuant to 40 CFR 1506.9.

Notice

Section 309(a) of the Clean Air Act requires that EPA make public its comments on EISs issued by other Federal agencies. EPA's comment letters on EISs are available at: *https:// cdxnodengn.epa.gov/cdx-enepa-public/ action/eis/search.*

- EIS No. 20190294, Draft, BLM, ID, Blackrock Land Exchange, Comment Period Ends: 02/03/2020, Contact: Brvce Anderson 208–478–6353
- EIS No. 20190295, Draft, USFS, ID, Land Management Plan Revision for the Nez Perce-Clearwater National Forests, Comment Period Ends: 03/19/ 2020, Contact: Zachary Peterson 208– 935–4239
- EIS No. 20190297, Final Supplement, USACE, NM, Middle Rio Grande Flood Protection Bernalillo to Belen, New Mexico: Mountain View, Isleta and Belen Units Integrated General Reevaluation Report and Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement, *Review Period Ends*: 01/ 21/2020, *Contact:* Michael D. Porter 505–342–3264
- *EIS No. 20190298, Final, FDOT, FL,* Gulf Coast Parkway, *Review Period Ends:* 01/21/2020, *Contact:* Alan Vann 850– 330–1523
- EIS No. 20190299, Final, BR, CA, Reinitiation of Consultation on the Coordinated Long-Term Operation of the Central Valley Project and State Water Project, *Review Period Ends:* 01/21/2020, *Contact:* Cynthia Meyer 916–537–7060
- EIS No. 20190300, Final, BIA, NV, Eagle Shadow Mountain Solar Project, *Review Period Ends:* 01/21/2020, *Contact:* Chip Lewis 602–379–6750