

participants (see www.access-board.gov/the-board/policies/fragrance-free-environment) for more information.

On September 12, 2019 from 9:30 a.m. to 4 p.m. the Board will hold a public hearing on draft advisory guidelines for aircraft onboard wheelchairs. For further information, see the **Federal Register** notice on the draft advisory guidelines, 84 FR 43100 (Aug. 20, 2019) or <https://www.access-board.gov/onboard>.

David M. Capozzi,
Executive Director.

[FR Doc. 2019-18565 Filed 8-27-19; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[S-173-2019]

Foreign-Trade Zone 7—Mayaguez, Puerto Rico; Application for Subzone; Café Oro de Puerto Rico, Inc.; Lares, Puerto Rico

An application has been submitted to the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) by the Puerto Rico Industrial Development Company, grantee of FTZ 7, requesting subzone status for the facility of Café Oro de Puerto Rico, Inc., located in Lares, Puerto Rico. The application was submitted pursuant to the provisions of the Foreign-Trade Zones Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), and the regulations of the Board (15 CFR part 400). It was formally docketed on August 22, 2019.

The proposed subzone (1.8429 acres) is located at Road 129, Km. 25.4, Piletas Ward, Lares, Puerto Rico. No authorization for production activity has been requested at this time. The proposed subzone would be subject to the existing activation limit of FTZ 7.

In accordance with the Board's regulations, Camille Evans of the FTZ Staff is designated examiner to review the application and make recommendations to the Executive Secretary.

Public comment is invited from interested parties. Submissions shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary and sent to: ftz@trade.gov. The closing period for their receipt is October 7, 2019. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period to October 22, 2019.

A copy of the application will be available for public inspection in the "Reading Room" section of the Board's

website, which is accessible via www.trade.gov/ftz.

For further information, contact Camille Evans at Camille.Evans@trade.gov or (202) 482-2350.

Dated: August 23, 2019.

Andrew McGilvray,
Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019-18554 Filed 8-27-19; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-847]

Persulfates From the People's Republic of China: Continuation of Antidumping Duty Order

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: As a result of the determinations by the Department of Commerce (Commerce) and the International Trade Commission (ITC) that revocation of the antidumping duty (AD) order on persulfates from the People's Republic of China (China) would likely lead to a continuation or recurrence of dumping and material injury to an industry in the United States, Commerce is publishing a notice of continuation of the AD duty order.

DATES: Applicable August 28, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Thomas Hanna or Howard Smith, AD/CVD Operations, Office IV, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-0835 or (202) 482-5193, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On July 7, 1997, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the AD order on persulfates from China.¹ On February 5, 2019, Commerce published the notice of initiation of this sunset review of the AD order on persulfates from China pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).² Commerce conducted this sunset review

¹ See *Notice of Antidumping Duty Order and Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Persulfates from the People's Republic of China*, 62 FR 36259 (July 7, 1997) (*Order*), amended by *Notice of Amended Antidumping Duty Order: Persulfates from the People's Republic of China*, 62 FR 39212 (July 22, 1997).

² See *Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Review*, 84 FR 1704 (February 5, 2019).

on an expedited basis, pursuant to section 751(c)(3)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(C)(2) because it received a complete timely and adequate response from a domestic interested party³ but no substantive responses from respondent interested parties. As a result of its review, Commerce determined pursuant to sections 751(c)(1) and 752(c) of the Act, that revocation of the *Order* would likely lead to a continuation or recurrence of dumping. Commerce also notified the ITC of the magnitude of the dumping margins likely to prevail should the *Order* be revoked.⁴ On August 21, 2019, the ITC published its determination, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, that revocation of the AD duty order on persulfates from China would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time.⁵

Scope of the Order

The products covered by the order are persulfates, including ammonium, potassium, and sodium persulfates. The chemical formulas for these persulfates are, respectively, (NH₄)₂S₂O₈, K₂S₂O₈, and Na₂S₂O₈. Potassium persulfates are currently classifiable under subheading 2833.40.10 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). Sodium persulfates are classifiable under HTSUS subheading 2833.40.20. Ammonium and other persulfates are classifiable under HTSUS subheadings 2833.40.50 and 2833.40.60. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of the order is dispositive.

Continuation of the Order

As a result of the determinations by Commerce and the ITC that revocation of the *Order* would likely lead to a continuation or recurrence of dumping and material injury to an industry in the United States, pursuant to section 751(d)(2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(a), Commerce hereby orders the continuation of the AD order on persulfates from China. U.S. Customs

³ See PeroxyChem's Letter, "Persulfates from the People's Republic of China—Five-Year (4th Sunset) Review of Antidumping Duty Order—Notice of Intention to Participate," dated February 19; see also PeroxyChem's Letter, "Persulfates from the People's Republic of China—Domestic Industry's Substantive Response," dated March 6, 2019.

⁴ See Persulfates from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of the Expedited Fourth Sunset Review of the Antidumping Duty Order, 84 FR 27087 (June 11, 2019).

⁵ See *Persulfates from China*, Investigation No. 731-TA-749, 84 FR 43615 (August 21, 2019).

and Border Protection will continue to collect AD cash deposits at the rates in effect at the time of entry for all imports of subject merchandise. The effective date of the continuation of the *Order* will be the date of publication in the **Federal Register** of this notice of continuation. Pursuant to section 751(c)(2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(c)(2), Commerce intends to initiate the next sunset review of the *Order* not later than 30 days prior to the fifth anniversary of the effective date of continuation.

Notification to Interested Parties

This five-year sunset review and this notice are in accordance with section 751(c) and 751(d)(2) of the Act and published pursuant to section 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(f)(4).

Dated: August 22, 2019.

Christian Marsh,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2019-18558 Filed 8-27-19; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-580-839]

Certain Polyester Staple Fiber From the Republic of Korea: Notice of Final Results of Antidumping Duty Changed Circumstances Review

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: On July 12, 2019, the Department of Commerce (Commerce) initiated, and published the preliminary results of, the changed circumstances review (CCR) of the antidumping duty (AD) order on certain polyester staple fiber (PSF) from the Republic of Korea (Korea). For these final results, Commerce continues to find that Toray Advanced Materials Korea, Inc. (TAK) is the successor-in-interest to Toray Chemical Korea, Inc. (TCK).

DATES: Applicable August 28, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nicholas Czajkowski, AD/CVD Operations, Office II, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-1395.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On May 23, 2019, TAK requested that, pursuant to section 751(b) of the Tariff

Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.216(b), Commerce conduct a CCR of the AD order on PSF from Korea.¹ In its request, TAK argued that it is the successor-in-interest to its wholly-owned subsidiary TCK and, accordingly, Commerce should assign it the cash deposit rate established for TCK.² TAK stated that, in April 2019, TAK merged with TCK and, as a result of the merger, TAK assumed all of TCK's assets, rights, and liabilities.³

On July 12, 2019, Commerce initiated this CCR and concurrently published the notice of preliminary results, determining that TAK is the successor-in-interest to TCK.⁴ In the *Initiation and Preliminary Results*, we provided all interested parties an opportunity to comment and to request a public hearing regarding our preliminary finding that TAK is the successor-in-interest to TCK.⁵ We received no comments or requests for a public hearing from interested parties within the time period set forth in the *Initiation and Preliminary Results*.⁶

Scope of the Order

The product covered by the order is certain polyester staple fiber (PSF). PSF is defined as synthetic staple fibers, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, of polyesters measuring 3.3 decitex (3 denier, inclusive) or more in diameter. This merchandise is cut to lengths varying from one inch (25 mm) to five inches (127 mm). The merchandise subject to these orders may be coated, usually with a silicon or other finish, or not coated. PSF is generally used as stuffing in sleeping bags, mattresses, ski jackets, comforters, cushions, pillows, and furniture. Merchandise of less than 3.3 decitex (less than 3 denier) currently classifiable under the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) at subheading 5503.20.00.25 is specifically excluded from these orders. Also, specifically excluded from these orders are polyester staple fibers of 10 to 18 denier that are cut to lengths of 6 to 8 inches (fibers used in the manufacture of carpeting). In addition, low-melt PSF is excluded from these orders. Low-melt PSF is defined as a bi-component fiber

with an outer sheath that melts at a significantly lower temperature than its inner core.

The merchandise subject to these orders is currently classifiable in the HTSUS at subheadings 5503.20.00.45 and 5503.20.00.65.⁷ Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the merchandise under the orders is dispositive.

Final Results of Changed Circumstances Review

For the reasons stated in the *Initiation and Preliminary Results*, and because we received no comments from interested parties to the contrary, Commerce continues to find that TAK is the successor-in-interest to TCK. As a result of this determination and consistent with established practice, we find that TAK should receive the cash deposit rate assigned to TCK. Consequently, Commerce will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection to suspend entries of subject merchandise produced or exported by TAK at TCK's current cash deposit rate of 2.13 percent.⁸ This cash deposit requirement will be effective on the publication date of our final results and shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing this determination and publishing these final results and notice in accordance with sections 751(b)(1) and 777(i)(1) and (2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.216(e), 351.221(b), and 351.221(c)(3).

Dated: August 22, 2019.

Christian Marsh,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

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⁷ These HTSUS numbers have been revised to reflect changes in the HTSUS numbers at the suffix level.

⁸ See *Notice of Amended Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: Certain Polyester Staple Fiber from Korea*, 69 FR 67891, 67891 (November 22, 2004) (providing weighted-average dumping margin for Saehan Industries, Inc. (Saehan). Commerce determined that Woongjin Chemical Co., Ltd. was the successor-in-interest to Saehan. See *Notice of Final Results of Changed Circumstances Antidumping Duty Review: Certain Polyester Staple Fiber from the Republic of Korea*, 73 FR 49168 (August 20, 2008). Commerce determined that TCK was the successor-in-interest to Woongjin Chemical Co., Ltd. See *Certain Polyester Staple Fiber from the Republic of Korea: Final Results of Changed Circumstances Review*, 79 FR 76301 (December 22, 2014).

¹ See TAK's Letter, "Certain Polyester Staple Fiber from the Republic of Korea: Changed Circumstances Review Request," May 23, 2019, at 1-2.

² *Id.*

³ *Id.* at 2.

⁴ See *Certain Polyester Staple Fiber from the Republic of Korea: Initiation and Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Changed Circumstances Review*, 84 FR 33230 (July 12, 2019) (*Initiation and Preliminary Results*).

⁵ *Id.*, 84 FR at 33232.

⁶ *Id.*