preliminary safety evaluation report are available in ADAMS under Accession No. ML18351A180. The final amendment to the certificate, final changes to the technical specifications, and final safety evaluation report can also be viewed in ADAMS under Accession No. ML19099A294.

• NRC's PDR: You may examine and purchase copies of public documents at the NRC's PDR, Room O1–F21, One White Flint North, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland 20852.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Christian Jacobs, Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards; telephone: 301–415–6825; email: Christian.Jacobs@nrc.gov or Gregory R. Trussell, Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards; telephone: 301–415–6244; email: Gregory.Trussell@nrc.gov. Both are staff of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555–0001.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On February 26, 2019 (84 FR 6055), the NRC published a direct final rule amending its regulations in part 72 of title 10 of the *Code of Federal Regulations* to the HI–STORM 100 System listing within § 72.214, "List of approved spent fuel storage casks," to include Amendment No. 13 to Certificate of Compliance No. 1014. Amendment No. 13 revises Appendix B of the technical specifications to update the initial uranium weight for the 16x16B and 16x16C assembly classes to match the value for 16x16A.

In the direct final rule, the NRC stated that if no significant adverse comments were received, the direct final rule would become effective on May 13, 2019. As described more fully in the direct final rule, a significant adverse comment is a comment where the commenter explains why the rule would be inappropriate, including challenges to the rule's underlying premise or approach, or would be ineffective or unacceptable without a change.

The NRC received one comment and has determined that it is not a significant adverse comment. The comment requested that small entities suffering from dishonor and long term endangerment inflicted by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 be awarded relief immediately at fair market value. As this rulemaking only addressed changes to the technical specifications for dry shielded canisters used to store nuclear waste on-site, the NRC determined this comment to be out of scope of this direct final rule.

Because no significant adverse comments were received, this direct

final rule will become effective as scheduled.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 10th day of April 2019.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

#### Cindy K. Bladey,

Chief, Regulatory Analysis and Rulemaking Support Branch, Division of Rulemaking, Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards.

[FR Doc. 2019–07835 Filed 4–17–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-P

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

## 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA-2018-0771; Product Identifier 2018-CE-029-AD; Amendment 39-19619; AD 2019-07-08]

#### RIN 2120-AA64

# Airworthiness Directives; GA 8 Airvan (Pty) Ltd Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** We are adopting a new airworthiness directive (AD) for GA 8 Airvan (Pty) Ltd Model GA8 and Model GA8-TC320 airplanes. This AD results from mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) issued by an aviation authority of another country to identify and correct an unsafe condition on an aviation product. The MCAI describes the unsafe condition as certain wing strut fittings manufactured with incorrect grain orientation, which has an unknown effect on fatigue related concerns. We are issuing this AD to require actions to address the unsafe condition on these products.

**DATES:** This AD is effective May 23, 2019.

The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of a certain publication listed in the AD as of May 23, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may examine the AD docket on the internet at http://www.regulations.gov by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA–2018–0771; or in person at Docket Operations, U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M–30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590.

For service information identified in this AD, contact GA 8 Airvan (Pty) Ltd, c/o GippsAero Pty Ltd, Attn: Technical Services, P.O. Box 881, Morwell Victoria 3840, Australia; telephone: + 61 03 5172 1200; fax: +61 03 5172 1201; email: aircraft.techpubs@ mahindraaerospace.com. You may view this referenced service information at the FAA, Policy and Innovation Division, 901 Locust, Kansas City, Missouri 64106. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (816) 329–4148. It is also available on the internet at http://www.regulations.gov by searching for Docket No. FAA-2018-0771.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Doug Rudolph, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Small Airplane Standards Branch, 901 Locust, Room 301, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; telephone: (816) 329–4059; fax: (816) 329–4090; email: doug.rudolph@faa.gov.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Discussion

We issued a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) to amend 14 CFR part 39 by adding an AD that would apply to GA 8 Airvan (Pty) Ltd Model GA8 and Model GA8-TC320 airplanes. The NPRM was published in the Federal Register on September 17, 2018 (83 FR 46900). The NPRM proposed to correct an unsafe condition for the specified products and was based on mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) originated by the Civil Aviation Safety Authority (CASA), which is the aviation authority of the Commonwealth of Australia. The MCAI states:

Amendment 1 of this [CASA] AD is issued to amend the replacement times as Service Bulletin GA8–2017–174 Issue 2 changed the mandatory replacement times for part number GA8–570026–035 strut from 6000 hours time in service or 3 calendar years to 9000 hours time in service or 5 calendar years, whichever occurs first.

A manufacturing quality escape has resulted in wing strut fittings in the effective serial number range to be manufactured with incorrect grain orientation. The fatigue implications of the incorrect grain are not well understood. Therefore, CASA has mandated a conservative factored fatigue life limit based on the known fleet data of the affected aircraft. CASA will continue to gather data for the purposes of managing the fleet removal of these fittings from service.

The MCAI can be found in the AD docket on the internet at: https://www.regulations.gov/document?D=FAA-2018-0771-0002.

## Comments

We gave the public the opportunity to participate in developing this AD. We received no comments on the NPRM or on the determination of the cost to the public.

#### Conclusion

We reviewed the relevant data and determined that air safety and the public interest require adopting the AD as proposed except for minor editorial changes. We have determined that these minor changes:

- Are consistent with the intent that was proposed in the NPRM for correcting the unsafe condition; and
- Do not add any additional burden upon the public than was already proposed in the NPRM.

## **Related Service Information Under 1 CFR Part 51**

We reviewed GippsAero Service Bulletin SB–GA8–2017–174, Issue 2, dated May 23, 2018. The service information describes procedures for wing strut and strut fitting inspection and replacement. This service information is reasonably available because the interested parties have access to it through their normal course of business or by the means identified in the ADDRESSES section.

#### **Costs of Compliance**

We estimate that this AD would affect 50 airplanes of U.S. registry. The average labor rate is \$85 per work-hour.

We estimate that it would take about 8 work-hours and \$200 for parts to do the initial inspections of this AD, for a cost of \$880 per airplane and \$44,000 for the U.S. operator fleet. We estimate that it would take about 5 work-hours and \$200 for parts to do the repetitive inspections, for a cost of \$625 per airplane and \$31,250 for the U.S. operator fleet per inspection cycle.

In addition, we estimate that replacing the struts and strut fittings would take about 10 work-hours and require parts costing \$7,000, for a cost of \$7,850 per airplane and \$392,500 for the U.S. operator fleet.

Reporting the inspection findings would require about 1 work-hour, for a cost of \$85 per airplane and \$4,250 for the U.S. operator fleet per inspection cycle.

According to the manufacturer, some of the costs of this AD may be covered under warranty, thereby reducing the cost impact on affected individuals. We do not control warranty coverage for affected individuals. As a result, we have included all costs in our cost estimate.

## **Paperwork Reduction Act**

A federal agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, nor shall a person be subject

to a penalty for failure to comply with a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. The OMB Control Number for this information collection is 2120–0056. Public reporting for this collection of information is estimated to be approximately 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, completing and reviewing the collection of information. All responses to this collection of information are mandatory as required by this AD; the nature and extent of confidentiality to be provided, if any. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to: Information Collection Clearance Officer, Federal Aviation Administration, 10101 Hillwood Parkway, Fort Worth, TX 76177–1524.

## **Authority for This Rulemaking**

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. "Subtitle VII: Aviation Programs," describes in more detail the scope of the Agency's authority.

We are issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in "Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, section 44701: General requirements." Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

This AD is issued in accordance with authority delegated by the Executive Director, Aircraft Certification Service, as authorized by FAA Order 8000.51C. In accordance with that order, issuance of ADs is normally a function of the Compliance and Airworthiness Division, but during this transition period, the Executive Director has delegated the authority to issue ADs applicable to small airplanes, gliders, balloons, airships, domestic business jet transport airplanes, and associated appliances to the Director of the Policy and Innovation Division.

## **Regulatory Findings**

We determined that this AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify this AD:

- (1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866,
- (2) Is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979).
- (3) Will not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska, and
- (4) Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

## **Examining the AD Docket**

You may examine the AD docket on the internet at http://www.regulations.gov by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA-2018-0771; or in person at Docket Operations between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains the NPRM, the regulatory evaluation, any comments received, and other information. The street address for Docket Operations (telephone (800) 647-5527) is in the ADDRESSES section. Comments will be available in the AD docket shortly after receipt.

## List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

## Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA amends 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

## § 39.13 [Amended]

■ 2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by adding the following new airworthiness directive (AD):

## 2019-07-08 GA 8 Airvan (Pty) Ltd:

Amendment 39–19619; Docket No. FAA–2018–0771; Product Identifier 2018–CE–029–AD.

#### (a) Effective Date

This AD becomes effective May 23, 2019.

#### (b) Affected ADs

None.

## (c) Applicability

This AD applies to GA 8 Airvan (Pty) Ltd Model GA8 and Model GA8–TC320 airplanes, certificated in any category, with a strut or strut fitting installed that has a part number and serial number listed in table 1 of GippsAero Service Bulletin SB–GA8–2017–174, Issue 2, dated May 23, 2018 (GippsAero SB–GA8–2017–174, Issue 2).

#### (d) Subject

Air Transport Association of America (ATA) Code 57: Wings.

#### (e) Reason

This AD was prompted by mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) issued by the aviation authority of another country to identify and correct an unsafe condition on an aviation product. The MCAI describes the unsafe condition as certain wing strut fittings manufactured with incorrect grain orientation, which has an unknown effect on fatigue-related concerns. We are issuing this AD to detect and address fatigue-related damage to the wing strut fittings, which could lead to failure of the wing with consequent loss of control of the airplane.

#### (f) Actions and Compliance

Unless already done, do the following actions in paragraphs (f)(1) through (7) of this AD:

- (1) Within 3 months after May 23, 2019 (the effective date of this AD) or within 100 hours time-in-service (TIS) after May 23, 2019 (the effective date of this AD), whichever occurs first, with the wing struts removed, visually inspect each forward and aft wing strut fitting and fuselage attachment point for cracks, corrosion, and damage. If there is a crack, any corrosion, or any damage, before further flight, do the applicable corrective actions (including checking torque, restoring surface protection, reworking areas with fouling, and replacing any part with a crack, corrosion, or damage). Follow the procedures in Parts C1, C2, and D or E, as applicable, in the Accomplishment Instructions in GippsAero SB-GA8-2017-174, Issue 2.
- (2) Within 3 months after May 23, 2019 (the effective date of this AD) or within 100 hours TIS after May 23, 2019 (the effective date of this AD), whichever occurs first, and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 100 hours TIS, visually inspect each strut and strut fitting for cracks, corrosion, and damage. If there is a crack, any corrosion, or any damage, before further flight, do the applicable corrective actions (including checking torque, restoring surface protection, and replacing any part with a crack, corrosion, or damage). Follow the procedures in Parts B and D or E, as applicable, in the Accomplishment Instructions of GippsAero SB-GA8-2017-174, Issue 2.
- (3) Within 1,000 hours TIS after doing the inspections required in paragraph (f)(1) of

- this AD and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 1,000 hours TIS, with the wing struts installed, visually inspect each forward and aft wing strut, strut fitting, and strut fitting lug hole for cracks, corrosion, and damage. If there is a crack, any corrosion, or any damage, before further flight, do the applicable corrective actions (including additional inspections, replacing hardware, and replacing any part with a crack, corrosion, or damage). Follow the procedures in Parts C3 and D or E, as applicable, in the Accomplishment Instructions of GippsAero SB–GA8–2017–174, Issue 2.
- (4) To use an eddy current or fluorescent liquid penetrant inspection method instead of a visual inspection for the requirements in paragraph (f)(1) of this AD, the Manager, Small Airplane Standards Branch, FAA must approve your inspection method, and the Manager's approval letter must specifically refer to this AD. Send your approval request to the contact information found in paragraph (g)(1) of this AD.
- (5) As of May 23, 2019 (the effective date of this AD), remove from service each part on or before exceeding its replacement time listed in Parts D and E of table 3 of GippsAero SB–GA8–2017–174, Issue 2, and replace with an airworthy part by following the procedures in Part D or Part E, as applicable, in the Accomplishment Instructions of GippsAero SB–GA8–2017–174, Issue 2.
- (6) For each part that has, on May 23, 2019 (the effective date of this AD), exceeded its replacement time listed in Parts D and E of table 3 of GippsAero SB–GA8–2017–174, Issue 2, you may comply with the requirements in paragraph (f)(5) of this AD within 100 hours TIS after May 23, 2019 (the effective date of this AD) or within 12 months after May 23, 2019 (the effective date of this AD), whichever occurs first.
- (7) Within 24 hours after each inspection required in paragraphs (f)(1) and (2) of this AD, submit a report of the inspection results as specified in the Document Compliance Notice of GippsAero SB–GA8–2017–174, Issue 2, even if no damage is found, to the Civil Aviation Safety Authority (CASA) and GA 8 Airvan (Pty) Ltd. Also include in the report the total hours TIS on the airplane and the type of operation. You may use the contact information found in paragraph (i)(3) of this AD to contact GA 8 Airvan (Pty) Ltd. To contact CASA, use the online CASA Defect Reporting Service at the following internet address: https://drs.casa.gov.au/.

## (g) Other FAA AD Provisions

The following provisions also apply to this AD:

(1) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs): The Manager, Small Airplane Standards Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. Send information to ATTN: Doug Rudolph, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Small Airplane Standards Branch, 901 Locust, Room 301, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; telephone: (816) 329–4059; fax: (816) 329–4090; email: doug.rudolph@faa.gov. Before using any approved AMOC on any airplane to which the AMOC applies, notify your appropriate

- principal inspector (PI) in the FAA Flight Standards District Office (FSDO), or lacking a PI, your local FSDO.
- (2) Contacting the Manufacturer: For any requirement in this AD to obtain corrective actions from a manufacturer, the action must instead be accomplished using a method approved by the Manager, Small Airplane Standards Branch, FAA; or CASA.
- (3) Reporting Requirements: A federal agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, nor shall a person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. The OMB Control Number for this information collection is 2120-0731. Public reporting for this collection of information is estimated to be approximately 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, completing and reviewing the collection of information. All responses to this collection of information are voluntary; the nature and extent of confidentiality to be provided, if any. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to: Information Collection Clearance Officer, Federal Aviation Administration, 10101 Hillwood Parkway, Fort Worth, TX 76177-1524.

#### (h) Related Information

Refer to MCAI issued by CASA, AD No. AD/GA8/9, Amendment 1, dated May 29, 2018. You may examine the MCAI on the internet at http://www.regulations.gov by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA–2018–0771.

## (i) Material Incorporated by Reference

- (1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference (IBR) of the service information listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.
- (2) You must use this service information as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.
- (i) GippsAero Service Bulletin SB-GA8-2017-174, Issue 2, dated May 23, 2018 (ii) [Reserved]
- (3) For service information identified in this AD, contact GA 8 Airvan (Pty) Ltd, c/o GippsAero Pty Ltd, Attn: Technical Services, P.O. Box 881, Morwell Victoria 3840, Australia; telephone: + 61 03 5172 1200; fax: +61 03 5172 1201; email: aircraft.techpubs@mahindraaerospace.com.
- (4) You may view this service information at the FAA, Policy and Innovation Division, 901 Locust, Kansas City, Missouri 64106. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (816) 329–4148. In addition, you can access this service information on the internet at http://www.regulations.gov by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA–2018–0771.
- (5) You may view this service information that is incorporated by reference at the National Archives and Records

Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202–741–6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibrlocations.html.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on April 5, 2019.

### Melvin J. Johnson,

Deputy Director, Policy & Innovation Division, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 2019–07702 Filed 4–17–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

### 14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA-2018-0787; Airspace Docket No. 18-ASW-12]

RIN 2120-AA66

## Establishment of Class E Airspace; Coushatta, LA

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule, correction.

**SUMMARY:** This action corrects a final rule published in the **Federal Register** of March 1, 2019, that establishes Class E airspace at The Red River Airport, Coushatta, LA. The geographic coordinates of the airport will be amended to be in concert with the FAA's aeronautical database.

**DATES:** Effective date 0901 UTC, April 25, 2019. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference action under Title 1 Code of Federal Regulations part 51, subject to the annual revision of FAA Order 7400.11 and publication of conforming amendments.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Rebecca Shelby, Federal Aviation Administration, Operations Support Group, Central Service Center, 10101 Hillwood Parkway, Fort Worth, TX 76177; telephone (817) 222–5857.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## History

The FAA published a final rule in the Federal Register for Docket No. FAA—2018—0787 (84 FR 6965, March 1, 2019), establishing Class E airspace at The Red River Airport, Coushatta, LA. Subsequent to publication, the FAA identified an error that the geographic coordinates of the airport need to be amended to be in concert with the FAA's aeronautical database. This correction changes the coordinates from "(lat. 31°59′25″ N, long. 093°18′40″ W)" to read "(lat. 31°59′25″ N, long. 093°18′27″ W)"

#### **Correction to Final Rule**

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, in the **Federal Register** of March 1, 2019 (84 FR 6965) FR Doc. 2019–03615, Establishment of Class E Airspace; Coushatta, LA, is corrected as follows:

## §71.1 [Amended]

## ASW LA E5 Coushatta, LA [Corrected]

■ On page 6966, column 1, line 37; remove "(lat. 31°59′25″ N, long. 093°18′40″ W)" and add in its place "(lat. 31°59′25″ N, long. 093°18′27″ W)".

Issued in Fort Worth, Texas, on April 4, 2019.

## John Witucki,

Acting Manager, Operations Support Group, Central Service Center.

[FR Doc. 2019–07600 Filed 4–17–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

## **Food and Drug Administration**

## 21 CFR Part 73

[Docket No. FDA-2017-C-6238]

Listing of Color Additives Exempt From Certification; Synthetic Iron Oxide; Confirmation of Effective Date

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Final rule; confirmation of effective date.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA or we) is confirming the effective date of December 4, 2018, for the final rule that appeared in the Federal Register of November 1, 2018, and that amended the color additive regulations to provide for the expanded safe use of synthetic iron oxides as color additives to include use in dietary supplement tablets and capsules.

**DATES:** Effective date of final rule published in the **Federal Register** of November 1, 2018 (83 FR 54869) confirmed: December 4, 2018.

ADDRESSES: For access to the docket to read background documents or comments received, go to https://www.regulations.gov and insert the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this final rule into the "Search" box and follow the prompts, and/or go to the Dockets Management Staff, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Molly A. Harry, Center for Food Safety

and Applied Nutrition, Food and Drug Administration, 5001 Campus Dr., College Park, MD 20740, 240–402–1075.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the Federal Register of November 1, 2018 (83 FR 54869), we amended the color additive regulations in § 73.200, "Synthetic iron oxide" (21 CFR 73.200), to provide for the expanded safe use of synthetic iron oxides as color additives in dietary supplement tablets and capsules, including coatings and printing inks, such that the total amount of elemental iron per day for labeled dosages does not exceed 5 milligrams.

We gave interested persons until December 3, 2018, to file objections or requests for a hearing. We received no objections or requests for a hearing on the final rule. Therefore, we find that the effective date of the final rule that published in the **Federal Register** of November 1, 2018, should be confirmed.

## List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 73

Color additives, Cosmetics, Drugs, Foods, Medical devices.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321, 341, 342, 343, 348, 351, 352, 355, 361, 362, 371, 379e) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, we are giving notice that no objections or requests for a hearing were filed in response to the November 1, 2018, final rule. Accordingly, the amendments issued in the final rule became effective December 4, 2018.

Dated: April 15, 2019.

#### Lowell J. Schiller,

Principal Associate Commissioner for Policy. [FR Doc. 2019–07829 Filed 4–17–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4164-01-P

## FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE

## 29 CFR Part 1404

RIN 3076-AA14

#### **Arbitration Services**

**AGENCY:** Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This final rule amends the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service (FMCS) rules pertaining to arbitration services. It clarifies existing provisions; eliminates redundancies and provisions that were never used in practice; consolidates sections; updates contact information; reduces award submission requirements and references an apprenticeship alternative for joining the Roster after completion of specified